(1)
$$Jq + kq + mqq \cos(q) = \tau \quad a = \frac{L}{2}$$
 $J = \frac{4}{3} ma^2 \cdot "\tau" - inf$

"q" - output

$$x_1 = y = q$$

$$x_2 = \dot{y} = \dot{q}$$
equivalencias y derivadas

$$x_1 = q$$
 \therefore $\dot{x}_1 = \dot{q}$ \therefore $\dot{x}_1 = x_2$

$$\dot{x}_{2} = (T - kx_{2} - mg a cos(x_{1})) \frac{1}{J} \qquad \dot{x}_{1} = x_{2}$$

$$\dot{X}_{1} = 0x_{1} + x_{2} + 0t$$

$$\dot{X}_{2} = -\frac{mga \cos(x_{1})}{J} - \frac{k}{J}x_{2} + \frac{T}{J}$$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{mg\alpha}{J} \cos^{(1)} & -\frac{K}{J} \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{J} \end{bmatrix} \tau.$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x + 0 T$$

$$y = q$$
. $x_1 = q$. $x_1 = q$. $x_2 = y = q$. $x_2 = y = q$. $x_2 = q$.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} + \Re x_2 + \frac{x_1}{c} = E$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -\frac{\dot{x}_1}{cL} - \frac{\dot{R}}{L}\dot{x}_2 + \frac{1}{LE}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
X = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{1}{cL} & -\frac{R}{L} \end{bmatrix} \times + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \end{bmatrix} \overline{\epsilon}.$$

· y1= y2

$$y_1 = y$$

 $y_1 = y = y_2$
 $y_2 = y$

$$\dot{y}_{2} = \frac{1}{\tau} \left(x - 2 \epsilon \tau y_{2} - y_{1} \right)$$

$$y_{2} = -\frac{y_{1}}{\tau} - 2\epsilon y_{2} + \frac{x}{\tau}$$