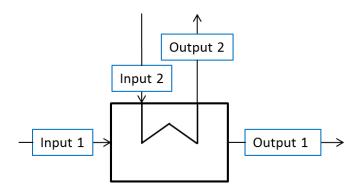


## **Heat exchanger**

## **General description**



This unit represents the simplified steady-state model of a heat exchanger. The unit calculates the maximum heat that may be transferred between two streams and multiplies this heat with a parameter – the efficiency  $\varepsilon$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \dot{Q} \right| &= \varepsilon \left| \dot{Q}_{\text{ideal}} \right| = \\ &= \varepsilon \left| \int_{T_1}^{T_{\text{mix}}} \dot{m}_1 c_{\text{p},1}(\theta) \ d\theta \right| = \varepsilon \left| \int_{T_2}^{T_{\text{mix}}} \dot{m}_2 c_{\text{p},2}(\theta) \ d\theta \right| \end{aligned}$$

### **Application example**

### Model parameters:

**Efficiency** 

Input Stream 1:	
dm	1 kg/s
T	300 K
x_N2,g	1

### Input Stream 2:

Efficiency	1kg/s
T	400 K
x_N2,g	1

#### Results:

#### Output Stream 1:

1	
dm	1 kg/s



T	325.036 K
x_N2,g	1

# Output Stream 2:

Efficiency	1kg/s
T	375.044 K
x_N2,g	1