

REFLOW

Workshop

2019

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Main content

- How is a web page rendered ?
- My animation is lag. Why ?
- Similar animation is smooth. How ?

Check [this](#) out for some experiments
(github.com/DancingPhoenix88/reflow-workshop)

A "simple" loop



“Code first, think later !”

- Your fingers -

TOOLS

- Google Chrome (version 73)
- Sublime Text 3 or any text editor with syntax highlighting
- Git or Fork / SourceTree

PART 1

index.html

Animate as many balls as possible @ 60 FPS

Version 0

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v0](#)
- Key technique: Update ball positions by 'setInterval'

```
function update_v0 (timestamp) {  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        movers[m].style.left = topToLeft(movers[m].offsetTop, timestamp) + 'px';  
    }  
}
```

Chrome Devtools

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Reflow workshop". The address bar indicates the file is located at "/Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html". The browser's developer tools are open, specifically the Performance tab.

The Performance tab displays a timeline from 1800 ms to 3200 ms. A red arrow points from the text "unstable frame rate" to the FPS meter in the top right corner, which shows values like 4.5 fps and 1.60 ms. Below the timeline, the CPU and GPU tabs are visible.

The Bottom-Up call tree in the Performance panel highlights the "Rendering" activity, which is consuming 888.9 ms (60.6%). A red arrow points from the text "'Rendering' takes too much time" to this row in the call tree.

The main content area of the browser shows a large, complex 3D-like structure composed of many blue spheres, representing a simulation of 200 balls. A "Play / Pause" button is located at the bottom center of this visualization.

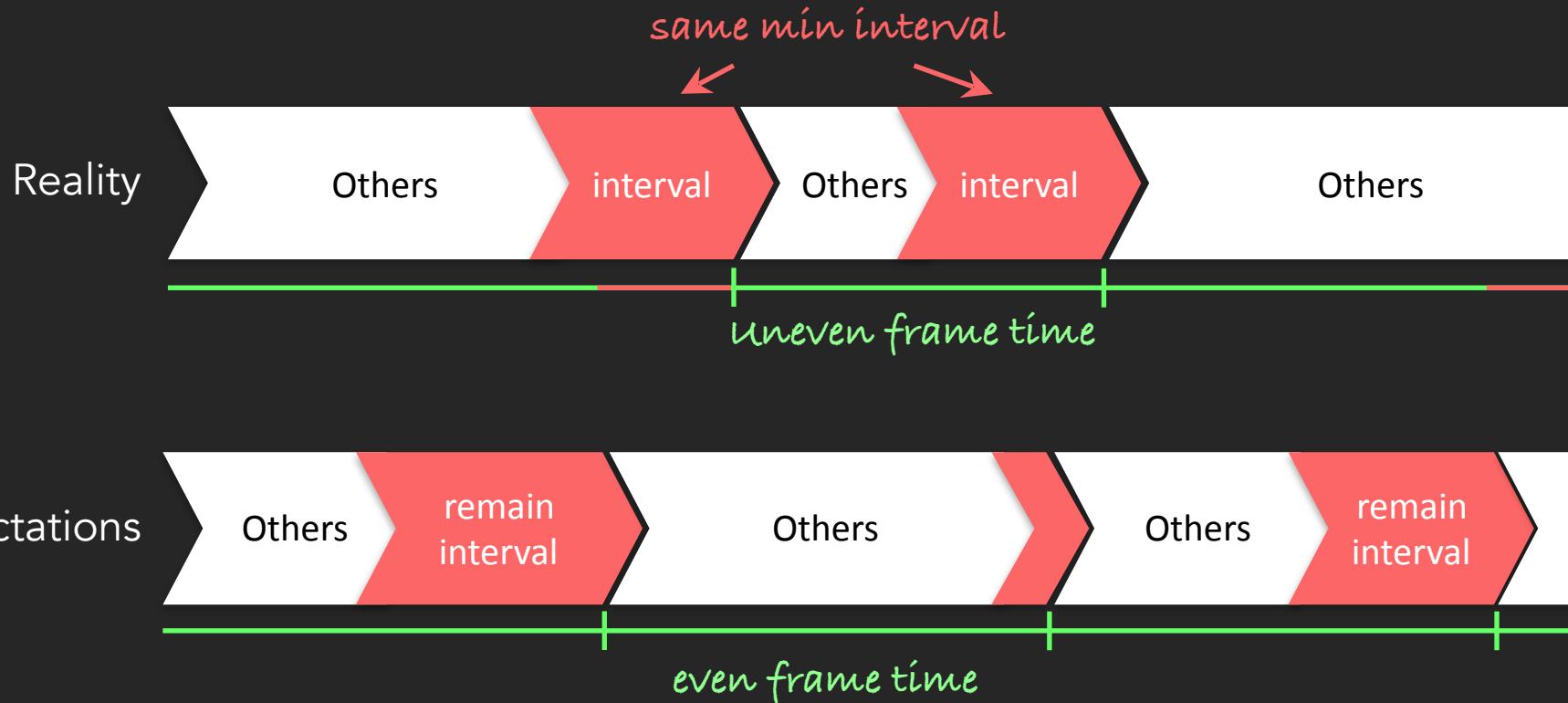
At the bottom of the developer tools, there is a "Console" tab and a "Rendering" tab. The "Rendering" tab has several checkboxes:

- Paint flashing: Highlights areas of the page (green) that need to be repainted.
- Layer borders: Shows layer borders (orange/olive) and tiles (cyan).
- FPS meter: Plots frames per second, frame rate distribution, and GPU memory.

Version 0

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v0](#)
- Key technique: Update ball positions by '`setInterval`'
- Problems:
 - Unstable frame rate
 - Rendering activities (Recalculate style, Layout) take too much time
 - Can't reach 60FPS with just 100-200 balls

Unstable frame rate ?



requestAnimationFrame

Version 1

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v1](#)
- Key technique: Update ball positions by '`requestAnimationFrame`'

```
function update_v1 (timestamp) {  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        movers[m].style.left = topToLeft(movers[m].offsetTop, timestamp) + 'px';  
    }  
    //if (window.running) setTimeout( onInterval, 1000.0 / 60 );  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

Replace 'setInterval'
by 'setTimeout'
in v.0b

The screenshot shows a browser developer tools Performance tab with a timeline visualization. A specific frame at 42.5 ms is highlighted with a red box, and a tooltip indicates "41 µs Recalculate Style(index.html:112) Forced reflow is a likely performance bottleneck." Handwritten text "Forced reflow ????" is overlaid on the timeline area.

Handwritten text "Rendering takes too much time" is overlaid on the bottom-left of the image, pointing towards the Performance Profiler table.

Performance Profiler table (Bottom-Up view):

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
24.1 ms 57.3 %	24.1 ms 57.3 %	Rendering
13.4 ms 31.9 %	13.4 ms 31.9 %	Layout
9.6 ms 22.9 %	9.6 ms 22.9 %	Recalculate Style
1.0 ms 2.4 %	1.0 ms 2.4 %	Update Layer Tree
14.1 ms 33.6 %	14.1 ms 33.6 %	Scripting
3.8 ms 9.1 %	3.8 ms 9.1 %	Painting

GPU Raster and GPU Memory metrics are also visible in the top right of the developer tools interface.

The main content area displays a large, complex geometric pattern composed of numerous blue spheres, representing the rendered output of the application.

Version 1

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v1](#)
- Key technique: Update ball positions by '`requestAnimationFrame`'
- Problems:
 - ~~Unstable frame rate~~
 - Rendering activities (Recalculate style, Layout) take too much time
 - Can't reach 60FPS with just 100-200 balls

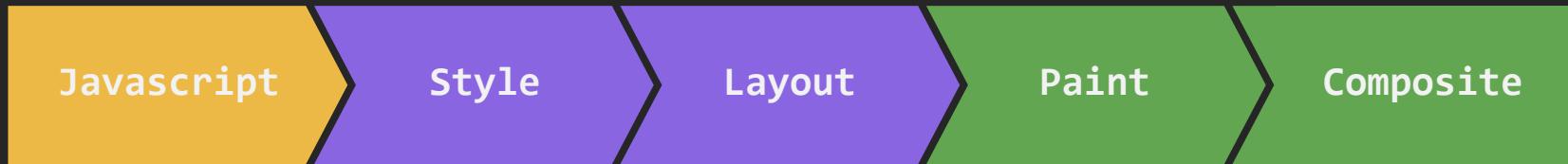
~~“Code first, think later!”~~

DON'T



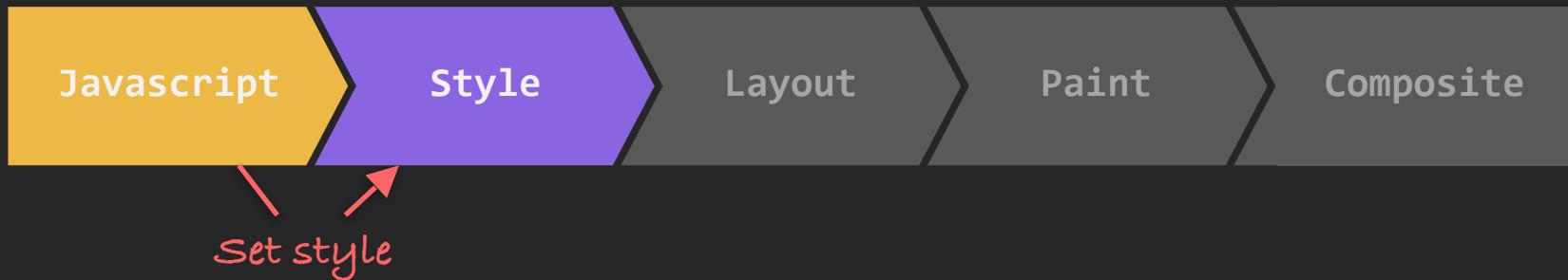
- Your fingers -

Web Rendering Pipeline



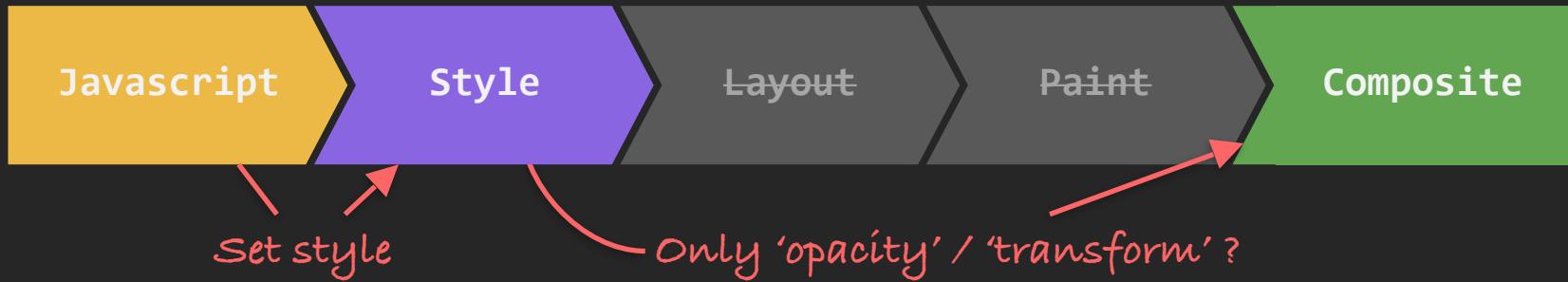
- Javascript: Execute JS code to interact with DOM tree
- Style: Calculate style in CSSOM tree to apply to DOM tree
- Layout: Calculate position & size to arrange elements in the web page
- Paint: Draw elements into layers
- Composite: Apply final transformations to layers and draw to screen

Web Rendering Pipeline



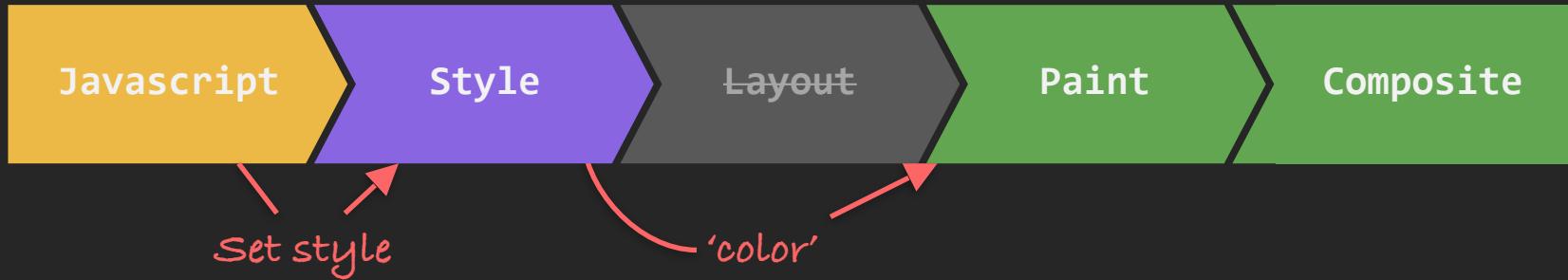
- First frame: Full pipeline to render
- Next frames: Depends on Javascript

Recomposite



If only 'opacity' & 'transform' were changed → re-composite only (BEST)

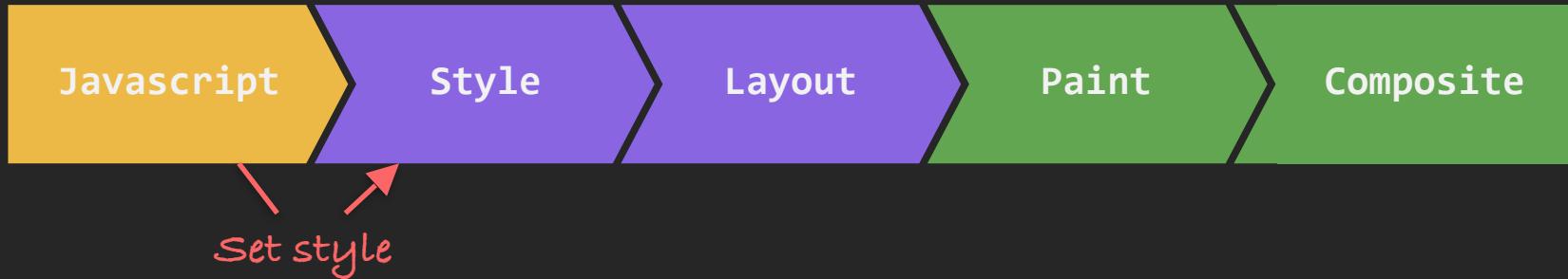
Repaint



If “paint” attributes (color, background-image, shadow ...) were changed → re-paint

- Re-paint can be heavy if too many changes
- Re-paint is slow on mobile devices

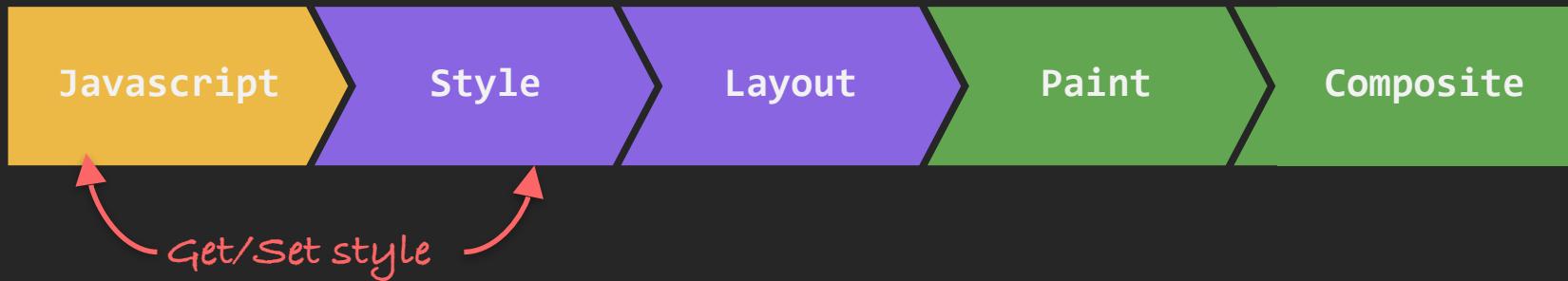
Reflow / Relayout



If “layout” attributes (margin, width, ...) were changed → re-layout (full pipeline)

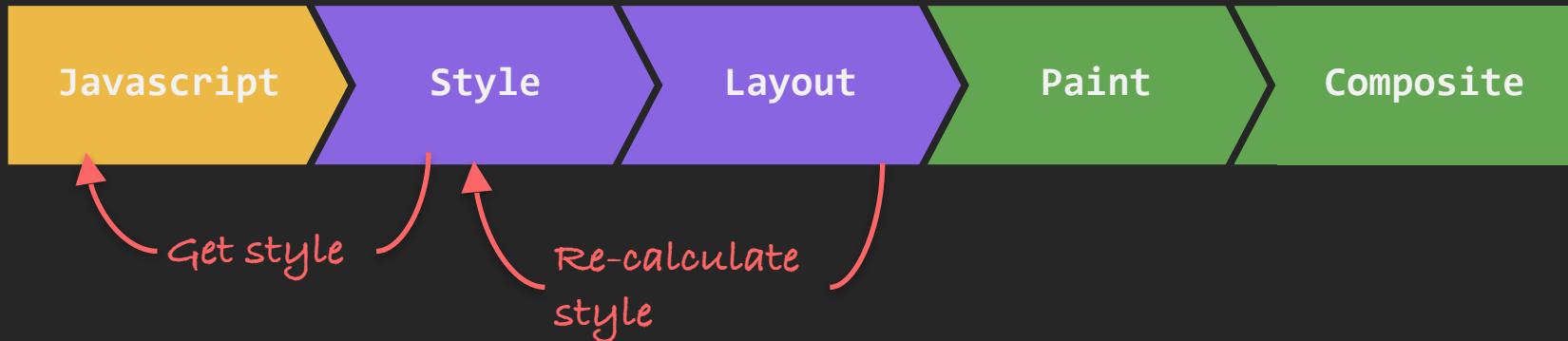
- Reflow leads to repaint & recomposite → Slow
- But browser will wait to perform reflow in batch → Great

Restyle



- When you update style → style needs to be re-calculated
- When you get style → style MIGHT need to be re-calculated due to reflow

Forced reflow / Layout thrashing



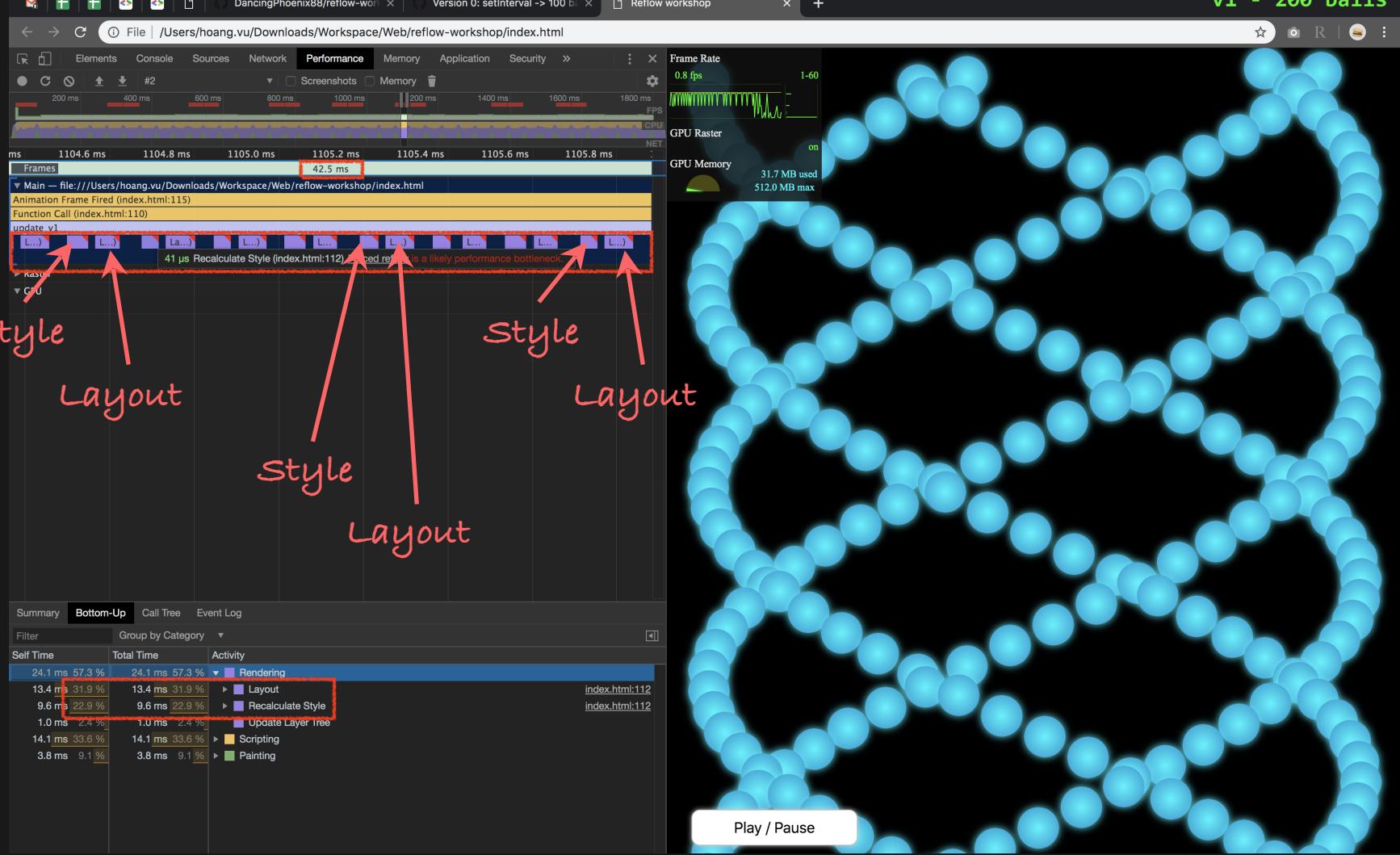
- Sometimes you force browser to reflow to get the latest attributes
- This is called “Forced reflow” → Very very bad
- Example: e0 changes layout, e1 get ‘offsetTop’

Version 1

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v1](#)
- Key technique: Update ball positions by 'requestAnimationFrame'

```
function update_v1 (timestamp) {  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        movers[m].style.left = topToLeft(movers[m].offsetTop, timestamp) + 'px';  
    }  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}  
Set layout attribute  
Get layout attribute
```

FORCED REFLWS !!!



Version 2

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v2](#)
- Key technique: Separate getting & setting style

```
function update_v2 (timestamp) {  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        lefts[m] = topToLeft(movers[m].offsetTop, timestamp);  
    }  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        movers[m].style.left = lefts[m] + 'px';  
    }  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

Get layout attribute

Set layout attribute

File /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html

Elements Console Sources Network **Performance** Memory Application Security >

Frame Rate 57.1 fps 30-60

GPU Raster on

GPU Memory 35.4 MB used 512.0 MB max

2005 ms 2010 ms 2015 ms 2020 ms 2025 ms

Frames 24.0 ms 24.0 ms

Main file:///Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html

Ani...27) Recalculate ...x.html:125 Upda...Tree Paint (887 x 3045)

[Fun...20] Upd...v2

Raster GPU GPU GPU

No forced reflows !

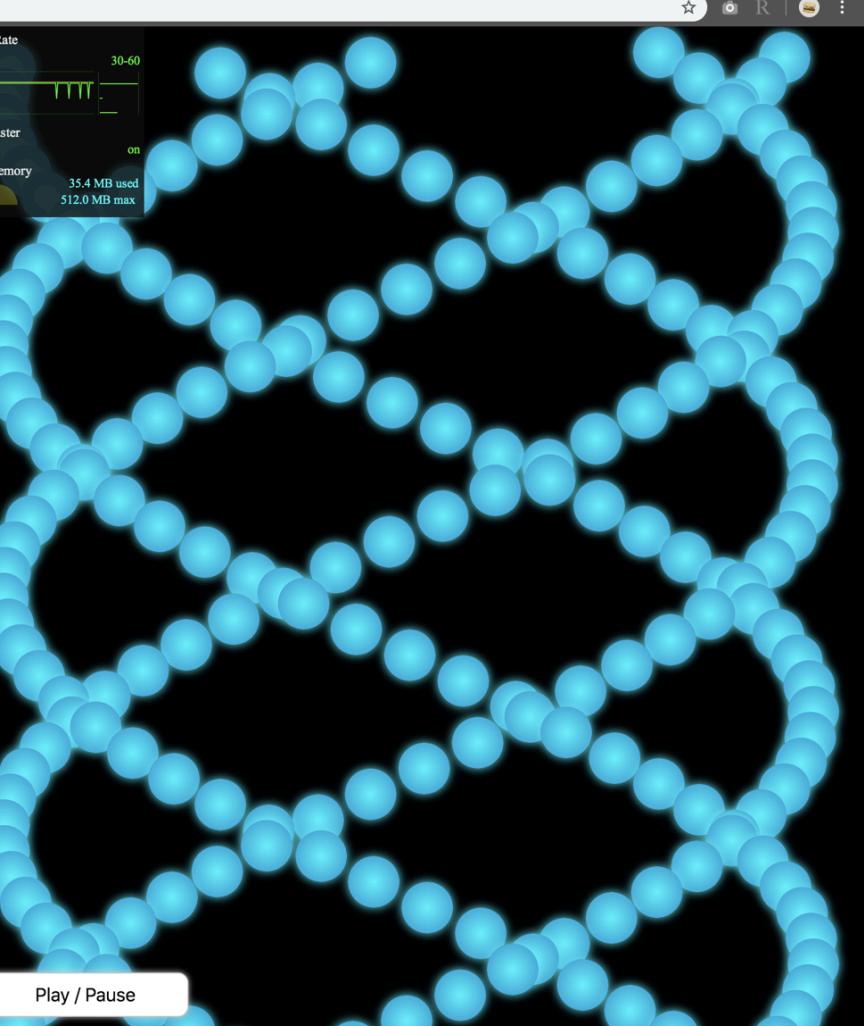
Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
14.0 ms 59.0 %	14.0 ms 59.0 %	Painting
13.7 ms 57.8 %	13.7 ms 57.8 %	Paint
0.3 ms 1.2 %	0.3 ms 1.2 %	Composite Layers
7.8 ms 32.9 %	7.8 ms 32.9 %	Rendering
4.7 ms 20.0 %	4.7 ms 20.0 %	Recalculate Style
2.4 ms 10.0 %	2.4 ms 10.0 %	Update Layer Tree
0.7 ms 2.9 %	0.7 ms 2.9 %	Layout
1.9 ms 8.1 %	1.9 ms 8.1 %	Scripting
1.8 ms 7.6 %	1.8 ms 7.6 %	update_v2
0.0 ms 0.2 %	1.9 ms 8.1 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.0 ms 0.2 %	0.0 ms 0.2 %	requestAnimationFrame
0.0 ms 0.1 %	1.9 ms 7.9 %	Function Call

index.html:125
index.html:125
index.html:120
index.html:120

Play / Pause



Version 2

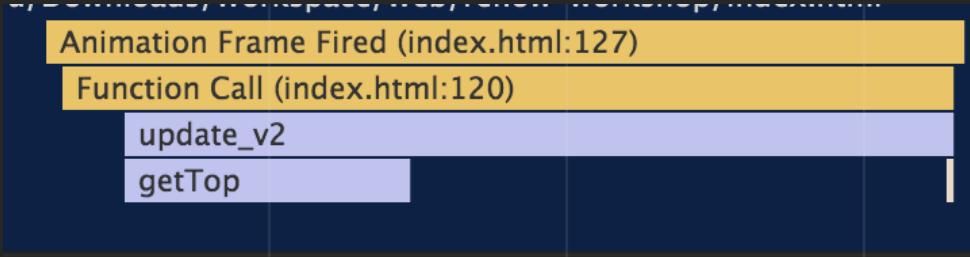
- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v2](#)
- Key technique: Separate getting & setting style
- Good:
 - No forced reflows
 - Animate 600 balls @ 60FPS

600 balls

Version 2

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v2](#)
- Key technique: Separate getting & setting style
- Just getting 'offsetTop' takes 20-30% time. And they are FIXED numbers !!!

```
function getTop(m) { return movers[m].offsetTop; }
```



Version 3

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v3](#)
- Key technique: Cache frequently-used values

```
function update_v3 (timestamp) {  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        movers[m].style.left = topToLeft(tops[m], timestamp) + 'px';  
    }  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

Store 'offsetTop' in 'tops' array

File | /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html

Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security

Frame Rate 60.0 fps GPU Raster on GPU Memory 35.2 MB used 512.0 MB max

1340 ms 1345 ms 1350 ms 1355 ms 1360 ms 1365 ms

Frames 28.5 ms 27.1 ms

Main - file:///Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html:138) [A...] Recalculate Style (index.html:138) [L...] Update Layer Tree (index.html:138) [P...] Paint (887 x 4045)

'getTop_v3' is ignored

Raster GPU

updateFunc is fast

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
15.7 ms 56.8 %	15.7 ms 56.8 %	Painting
15.5 ms 56.1 %	15.5 ms 56.1 %	Paint
0.2 ms 0.7 %	0.2 ms 0.7 %	Composite Layers
10.2 ms 36.9 %	10.2 ms 36.9 %	Rendering
5.7 ms 20.6 %	5.7 ms 20.6 %	Recalculate Style
3.0 ms 10.9 %	3.0 ms 10.9 %	Update Layer Tree
1.5 ms 5.5 %	1.5 ms 5.5 %	Layout
1.7 ms 6.3 %	1.7 ms 6.3 %	Scripting
1.5 ms 5.4 %	1.5 ms 5.6 %	update_v3
0.1 ms 0.4 %	1.7 ms 6.0 %	Function Call
0.1 ms 0.3 %	1.7 ms 6.3 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.0 ms 0.1 %	0.0 ms 0.1 %	requestAnimationFrame

Play / Pause

800 balls

Version 3

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v3](#)
- Key technique: Cache frequently-used values
- Good: Can handle 800 balls
- Bad:
 - Rendering (calculating style & layout) takes too much time (10.2ms)
 - Painting takes too much time (15.7ms)
 - *Budget: 16.7ms in total to get 60 FPS

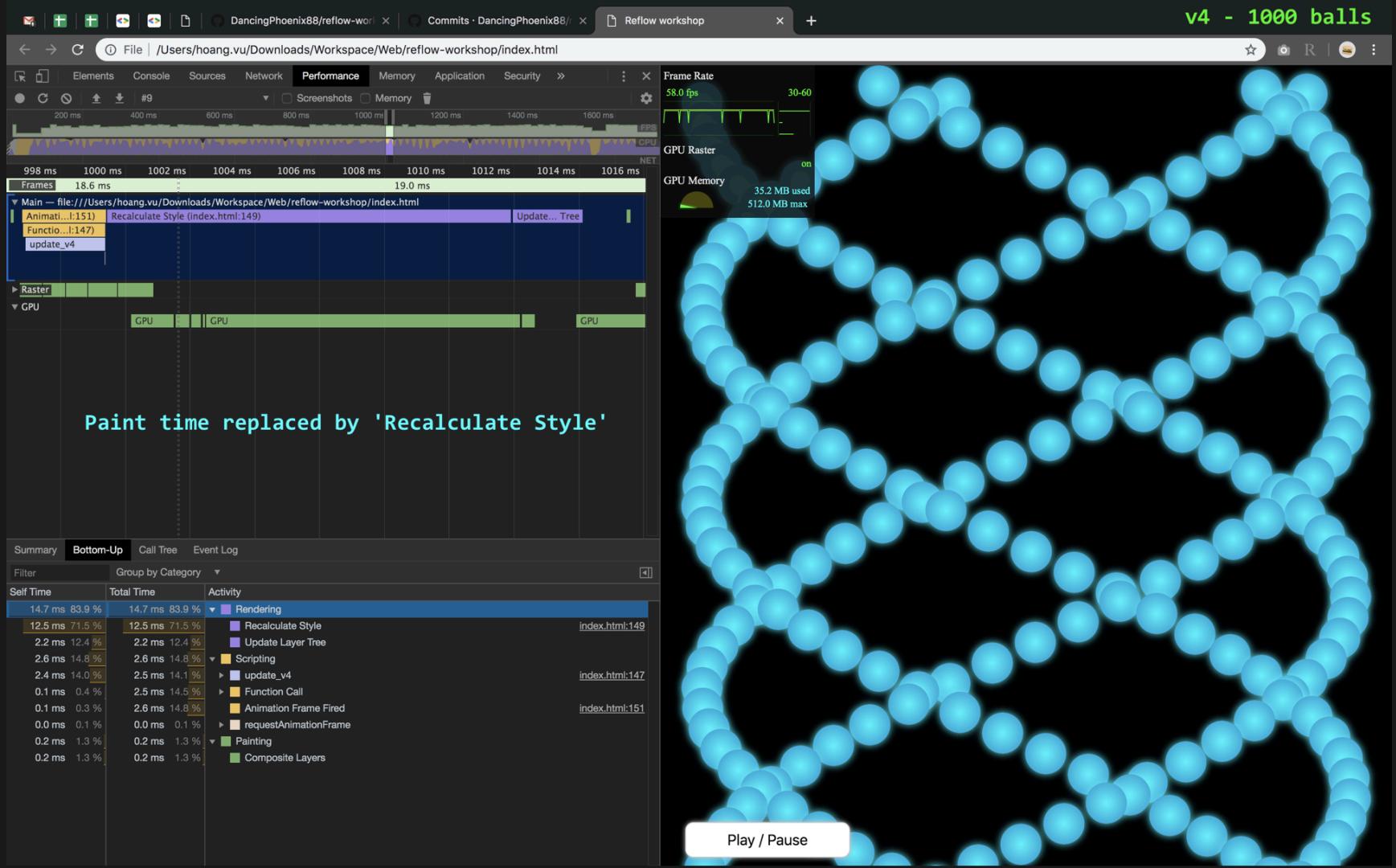
top & left cause reflow,

transform doesn't

Version 4

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v4](#)
- Key technique: Replace ('**top**' & '**left**') by '**transform(translate)**'

```
function update_v4 (timestamp) {  
  for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
    movers[m].style.transform = `translate(${topToLeft(tops[m], timestamp)}px, ${tops[m]}px)`;  
  }  
  if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```



1,000 balls

Version 4

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v4](#)
- Key technique: Replace ('`top`' & '`left`') by '`transform(translate)`'
- Good:
 - Can handle 1000 balls (not so much improved)
 - No re-paint
- Bad: Recalculating style still takes too much time

Version 3

- Re-calculate 'left' only
- Restyle & Reflow takes 33% time
- Re-paint takes 60% time
- 800 balls

I can deal with this
(version 5)

Version 4

- Calculate 'x' & 'y' in 'translate'
- Restyle & Reflow takes 84% time
- No re-paint
- 1000 balls

No idea to reduce yet
But no-repaint is attractive

Where are 1,000 balls ?

Oh, they're not in viewport

Why draw balls
we can't see ???

Version 5

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v5](#)
- Key technique: Frustum Culling (hide elements not in viewport / camera)

Version 5

```
function update_v5 (timestamp) {
  var scrollY = window.scrollY;
  for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {
    if (isInViewport(tops[m], scrollY)) {
      movers[m].style.left    = topToLeft(tops[m], timestamp) + 'px';
      movers[m].style.display = 'block';
    } else if (m != MOVERS_COUNT - 1) { // never hide the last mover to keep page size
      movers[m].style.display = 'none';
    }
  }
  if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );
}
```

Try to update style
when DOM node is invisible



12,000 balls

DancingPhoenix88/reflow-workshop | Commits · DancingPhoenix88/r... | Reflow workshop +

File | /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html

Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security > Screenshots Memory

Frame Rate 60.0 fps 30-60

GPU Raster on

GPU Memory 35.2 MB used 512.0 MB max

Paint time reduces

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
9.5 ms	45.0 %	Scripting
9.2 ms	43.6 %	update_v5
0.1 ms	0.6 %	Function Call
0.1 ms	0.5 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.1 ms	0.3 %	requestAnimationFrame
6.3 ms	29.7 %	Painting
6.0 ms	28.5 %	Paint
0.3 ms	1.2 %	Composite Layers
5.4 ms	25.3 %	Rendering
2.6 ms	12.1 %	Recalculate Style
2.1 ms	10.1 %	Update Layer Tree
0.7 ms	3.1 %	Layout

index.html:181
index.html:174
index.html:170
index.html:181
index.html:174
index.html:170

Play / Pause

The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Performance tab for a web application named 'Reflow workshop'. The main area displays a large, intricate pattern of blue glowing spheres forming a complex, winding shape against a black background. A 'Play / Pause' button is located at the bottom center of the visualization. To the left of the visualization is a detailed performance analysis. At the top left, there's a timeline showing frame times from 800 ms to 820 ms, with a red box highlighting the 'update_v5' function call. Below the timeline is a 'Bottom-Up' call tree table. The first row of the call tree is expanded, showing its children: 'Scripting' (9.5 ms), 'update_v5' (9.2 ms), 'Function Call' (0.1 ms), 'Animation Frame Fired' (0.1 ms), and 'requestAnimationFrame' (0.1 ms). The 'Scripting' node has three further children: 'Painting' (6.3 ms), 'Paint' (6.0 ms), and 'Composite Layers' (0.3 ms). The 'Painting' node has two children: 'Rendering' (5.4 ms) and 'Recalculate Style' (2.6 ms). The 'Rendering' node has two children: 'Update Layer Tree' (2.1 ms) and 'Layout' (0.7 ms). The total self time for the entire call tree is 45.0%, and the total time is 31.1%.

Chrome Devtools

Tab 'Layer'

Version 5

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v5](#)
- Key technique: Frustum Culling (hide elements not in viewport / camera)
- Good:
 - Can handle 12K balls
 - Painting time is mostly fixed no matter how many balls we have
- Bad: '`display:none`' causes reflow

Version 6

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v6](#)
- Key technique: Hiding elements by moving between parent nodes

Version 6

```
function update_v6 (timestamp) {
  var scrollY = window.scrollY;
  for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {
    if (isInViewport(tops[m], scrollY)) {
      movers[m].style.left = topToLeft(tops[m], timestamp) + 'px';
      if (isHidden(m)) showImmediately(m);
    } else if (m != MOVERS_COUNT - 1) { // never hide the last mover to keep page size
      if (isVisible(m)) hide(m);
    }
  }
  if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );
}
```

80,000 balls

The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Performance tab with a visualization of 80,000 blue spheres forming a spiral shape. The timeline at the top indicates a frame rate of 60.0 fps. The GPU Memory usage is shown as 42.2 MB used / 512.0 MB max. The GPU section of the timeline shows three main stages: Raster, GPU, and GPU.

**Moving DOM nodes is cheaper in this case
-> Scripting goes from 45% to 18%**

Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
8.8 ms	48.6 %	Painting
8.6 ms	47.8 %	Paint
0.1 ms	0.8 %	Composite Layers
6.0 ms	33.5 %	Rendering
4.6 ms	25.5 %	Recalculate Style
1.0 ms	5.7 %	Update Layer Tree
0.4 ms	2.3 %	Layout
3.2 ms	17.9 %	Scripting
2.0 ms	10.9 %	isVisible
0.9 ms	4.8 %	update_v6
0.3 ms	1.5 %	Function Call
0.1 ms	0.6 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.0 ms	0.2 %	requestAnimationFrame

Play / Pause

Version 6

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v6](#)
- Key technique: Hiding elements by moving between parent nodes
- Good:
 - Can handle 80K balls
 - Painting time is mostly fixed no matter how many balls we have
- Bad: '`isInViewport`' is slow

Version 6

```
function update_v6 (timestamp) {  
    var scrollY = window.scrollY;  
    for (var m = 0; m < MOVERS_COUNT; m++) {  
        if (isInViewport(tops[m], scrollY)) {  
            movers[m].style.left = topToLeft(tops[m], timestamp) + 'px';  
            if (isHidden(m)) showImmediately(m);  
        } else if (m != MOVERS_COUNT - 1) { // never hide the last mover to keep page size  
            if (isVisible(m)) hide(m);  
        }  
    }  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

check every balls

Version 7

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v7](#)
- Key technique: Pre-calculate visible index

```
function update_v7 (timestamp) {  
    var scrollY      = window.scrollY;  
    var minVisibleM = Math.floor(getMinVisibleY(scrollY) / OFFSET);  
    var maxVisibleM = Math.ceil(getMaxVisibleY(scrollY) / OFFSET);  
    batchHide(          0,  minVisibleM - 1           );  
    batchHide( maxVisibleM + 1,      MOVERS_COUNT       ); // hide ASAP before drawing  
    batchDraw(   minVisibleM,      maxVisibleM, timestamp );  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

140,000 balls

File /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html

Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security > Screenshots Memory

Frame Rate 60.0 fps 15-60

GPU Raster on

GPU Memory 42.4 MB used 512.0 MB max

batchHide & isVisible takes long time

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
3.9 ms	100.0 %	3.9 ms 100.0 % Scripting
2.7 ms	71.0 %	2.7 ms 71.0 % isVisible
0.6 ms	16.6 %	0.6 ms 16.6 % batchDraw
0.3 ms	6.5 %	0.3 ms 77.5 % batchHide
0.1 ms	3.4 %	0.1 ms 98.1 % Function Call
0.1 ms	1.9 %	0.1 ms 100.0 % Animation Frame Fired
0.0 ms	0.6 %	0.0 ms 0.6 % requestAnimationFrame

Play / Pause

Version 7

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v7](#)
- Key technique: Pre-calculate visible index

```
function update_v7 (timestamp) {  
    var scrollY      = window.scrollY;  
    var minVisibleM = Math.floor(getMinVisibleY(scrollY) / OFFSET);  
    var maxVisibleM = Math.ceil(getMaxVisibleY(scrollY) / OFFSET);  
    batchHide(          0,  minVisibleM - 1           );  
    batchHide( maxVisibleM + 1,      MOVERS_COUNT       ); // hide ASAP before drawing  
    batchDraw(   minVisibleM,      maxVisibleM, timestamp );  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

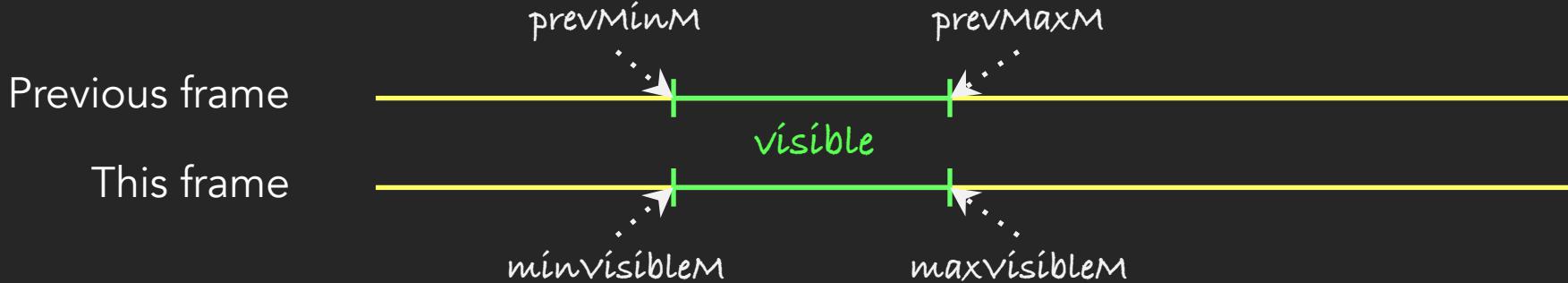
Keep hiding
invisible elements

Version 8

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v8](#)
- Key technique: Only touch changed balls (diff)

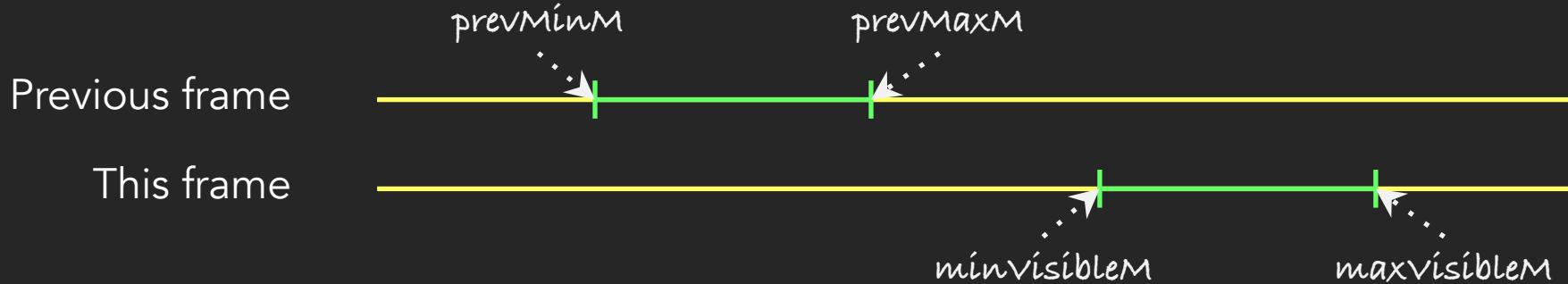
```
function update_v8 (timestamp) {  
    var scrollY      = window.scrollY;  
    var minVisibleM = Math.floor(getMinVisibleY(scrollY) / OFFSET);  
    var maxVisibleM = Math.ceil(getMaxVisibleY(scrollY) / OFFSET);  
  
    // Compare minVisibleM, maxVisibleM with prevMinM, prevMaxM ... (next slides)  
  
    prevMinM = minVisibleM;  
    prevMaxM = maxVisibleM;  
    if (window.running) rAF( updateFunc );  
}
```

Version 8 – case 1



```
if (prevMinM == minVisibleM) {  
    batchMove( minVisibleM, maxVisibleM, timestamp );  
}
```

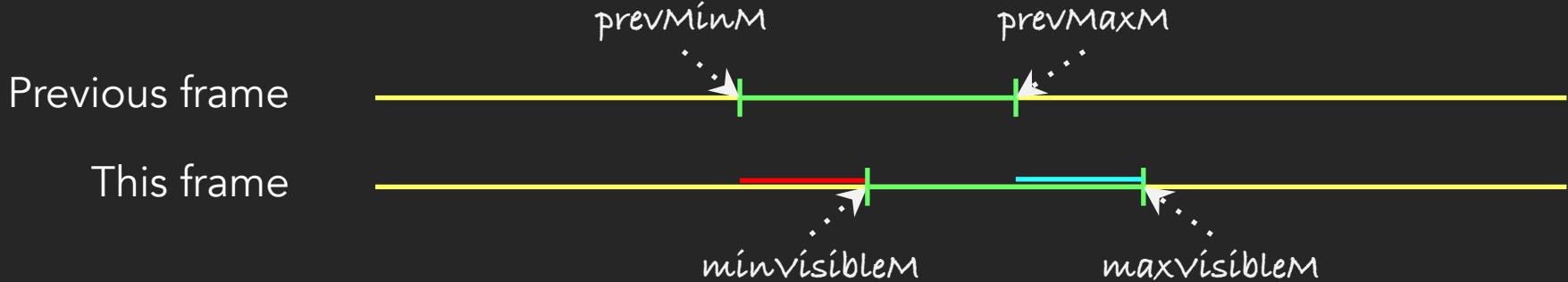
Version 8 – case 2



```
if (minVisibleM > prevMaxM || maxVisibleM < prevMinM) {  
    forceHide(    prevMinM,    prevMaxM            );  
    batchMove( minVisibleM, maxVisibleM, timestamp );  
    forceShow( minVisibleM, maxVisibleM            );  
}
```

No need to check
slow functions: isVisible / isHidden

Version 8 – case 3 (4 is similar)



```
if (minVisibleM > prevMaxM || maxVisibleM < prevMinM) {
    forceHide(    prevMinM, minVisibleM - 1      );
    batchMove(  minVisibleM,    maxVisibleM, timestamp );
    forceShow( prevMaxM + 1,      maxVisibleM      );
}
```

Version 8 – First frame

- First frame is special
 - Hide every balls
 - Move & draw only visible balls
 - Integrated to case #2

1,000,000 balls

(not max)

File /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index.html

Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security > +

Frame Rate 60.0 fps 5-60

GPU Raster on

GPU Memory 35.2 MB used 512.0 MB max

Play / Pause

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
7.1 ms 47.4 %	7.1 ms 47.4 %	Painting
6.5 ms 43.4 %	6.5 ms 43.4 %	Paint
0.6 ms 4.1 %	0.6 ms 4.1 %	Composite Layers
6.4 ms 42.8 %	6.4 ms 42.8 %	Rendering
3.7 ms 24.8 %	3.7 ms 24.8 %	Recalculate Style
2.1 ms 14.0 %	2.1 ms 14.0 %	Update Layer Tree
0.6 ms 4.0 %	0.6 ms 4.0 %	Layout
1.5 ms 9.8 %	1.5 ms 9.8 %	Scripting
1.0 ms 7.0 %	1.0 ms 7.0 %	batchMove
0.2 ms 1.1 %	1.5 ms 9.8 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.1 ms 1.0 %	1.2 ms 8.3 %	update_v8
0.1 ms 0.4 %	1.3 ms 8.7 %	Function Call
0.0 ms 0.3 %	0.0 ms 0.3 %	requestAnimationFrame

Frame Rate: 60.0 fps (5-60)

GPU Raster: on

GPU Memory: 35.2 MB used / 512.0 MB max

Play / Pause

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
7.1 ms 47.4 %	7.1 ms 47.4 %	Painting
6.5 ms 43.4 %	6.5 ms 43.4 %	Paint
0.6 ms 4.1 %	0.6 ms 4.1 %	Composite Layers
6.4 ms 42.8 %	6.4 ms 42.8 %	Rendering
3.7 ms 24.8 %	3.7 ms 24.8 %	Recalculate Style
2.1 ms 14.0 %	2.1 ms 14.0 %	Update Layer Tree
0.6 ms 4.0 %	0.6 ms 4.0 %	Layout
1.5 ms 9.8 %	1.5 ms 9.8 %	Scripting
1.0 ms 7.0 %	1.0 ms 7.0 %	batchMove
0.2 ms 1.1 %	1.5 ms 9.8 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.1 ms 1.0 %	1.2 ms 8.3 %	update_v8
0.1 ms 0.4 %	1.3 ms 8.7 %	Function Call
0.0 ms 0.3 %	0.0 ms 0.3 %	requestAnimationFrame

Version 8

- Branch: [feature/animate-position/v8](#)
- Key technique: Only touch changed balls (diff)
- Good:
 - Tested with 1M balls
 - Worst case: Process $2 \times$ visible balls
 - → No need to improve more

WORKSHOP

Part 1

Lessons:

- Use '`requestAnimationFrame`'
- Forced reflow is performance killer
- Grouped getting & setting styles help
- Culling reduces paint time
- Find & remove repeated calculations
- Only update changed elements
- Batch changes by `DocumentFragment`
- Use `cloneNode` to generate elements

WORKSHOP

Part 1

More:

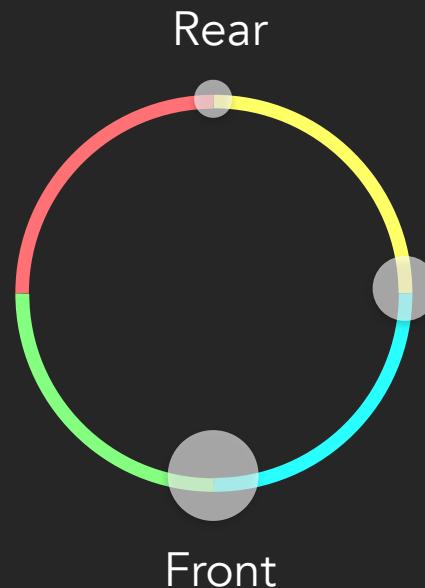
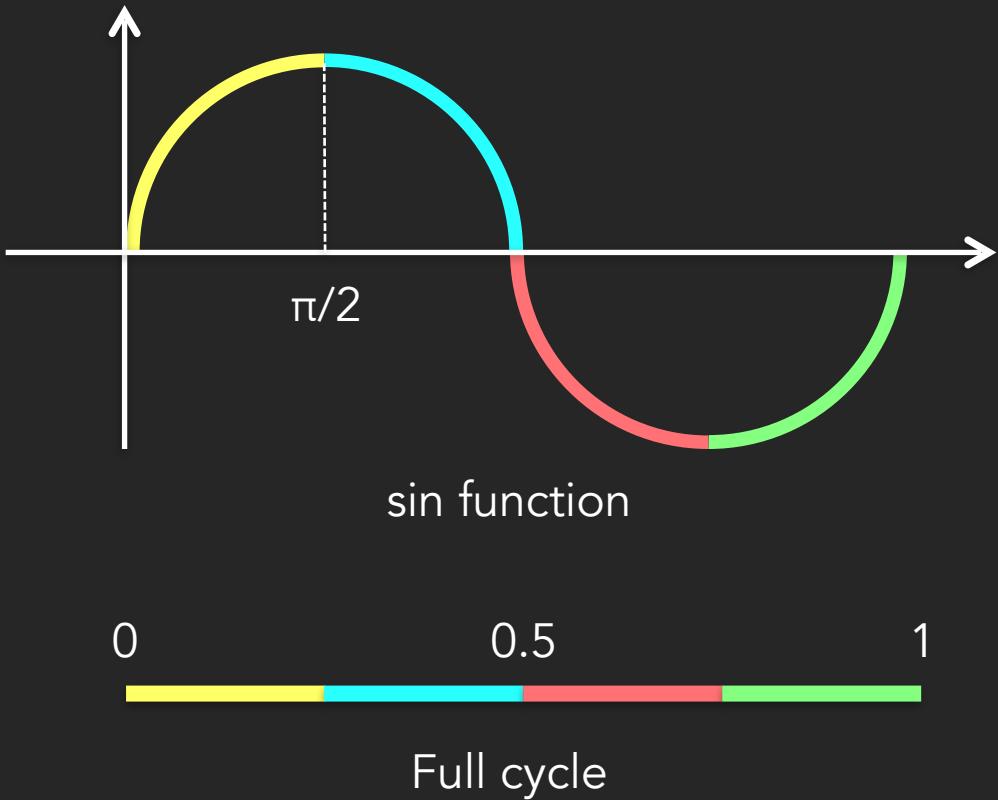
- Find & fix memory leaks
- Generate hidden balls by default
- Find which CSS attribute is heavy

PART 2

index_3d.html

Animate as many balls as possible @ 60 FPS (in a semi-3D space)

Mimic 3D formula



Version 8.1

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d/v8.1](#)
- Key technique: Update 'width' & 'height' over time

```
function _batchTransform(from, to, timestamp) {  
    var x, left, scale;  
    for (var m = from; m <= to; m++) {  
        x = tops[m] + timestamp / MOVE_DURATION;  
        left = (Math.sin(x) + 1) * maxLeft + minLeft;  
        scale = cycleToScale(xToCycle(x));  
        movers[m].style.left = left + 'px';  
        movers[m].style.width =  
        movers[m].style.height = (ELEMENT_SIZE * scale) + 'px';  
    }  
}
```

File /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index_3d.html

Elements Console Sources Network **Performance** Memory Application Security >

Frame Rate 16.5 fps 4-60

GPU Raster on

GPU Memory 18.1 MB used 512.0 MB max

Interactions

Main — file:///Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index_3d.html

Raster GPU

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category ▾

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
59.9 ms 49.7 %	59.9 ms 49.7 %	Painting
56.2 ms 46.6 %	56.2 ms 46.6 %	Paint
3.7 ms 3.1 %	3.7 ms 3.1 %	Composite Layers
44.5 ms 36.9 %	44.5 ms 36.9 %	Rendering
20.6 ms 17.1 %	20.6 ms 17.1 %	Recalculate Style
16.1 ms 13.3 %	16.1 ms 13.3 %	Update Layer Tree
4.2 ms 3.4 %	4.2 ms 3.4 %	Layout
3.6 ms 3.0 %	3.6 ms 3.0 %	Hit Test
16.2 ms 13.4 %	16.2 ms 13.4 %	Scripting
12.6 ms 10.5 %	12.7 ms 10.6 %	_batchTransform
0.8 ms 0.7 %	0.8 ms 0.7 %	Minor GC
0.8 ms 0.6 %	14.3 ms 11.9 %	Function Call
0.7 ms 0.6 %	15.0 ms 12.5 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.4 ms 0.3 %	13.6 ms 11.2 %	update_v8
0.3 ms 0.2 %	0.3 ms 0.2 %	requestAnimationFrame
0.3 ms 0.2 %	0.3 ms 0.2 %	DOM GC
0.1 ms 0.1 %	0.1 ms 0.1 %	getMinVisibleY
0.1 ms 0.1 %	0.1 ms 0.1 %	Event
0.1 ms 0.1 %	0.1 ms 0.1 %	interpolate

Play / Pause

Version 8.1

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d/v8.1](#)
- Key technique: Update '`width`' & '`height`' over time
- Problems:
 - Each ball needs to update 3 attributes (I tried '`cssText`' but still failed)
 - Many reflows
 - Frame rate is too low

Version 8.2

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d/v8.2](#)
- Key technique: Animate using '`transform`'

```
function _batchTransform(from, to, timestamp) {  
    var x, left, scale;  
    for (var m = from; m <= to; m++) {  
        x = tops[m] + timestamp / MOVE_DURATION;  
        left = (Math.sin(x) + 1) * maxLeft + minLeft;  
        scale = cycleToScale(xToCycle(x));  
        movers[m].style.transform = `translate(${left}px, ${tops[m]}px) scale(${scale})`;  
    }  
}
```

File | /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index_3d.html

Performance Memory Application Security >

Frame Rate 60.0 fps 30-60

GPU Raster on

GPU Memory 35.2 MB used 512.0 MB max

Main — file:///Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index_3d.html

Raster GPU

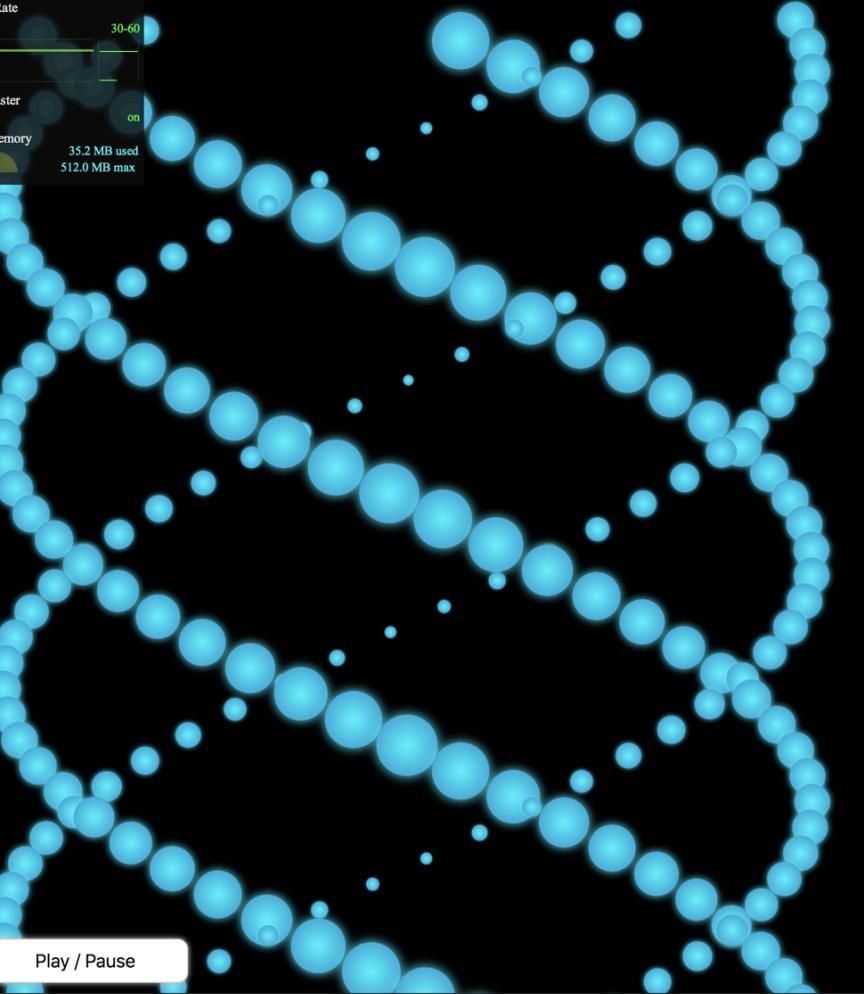
Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
55.5 ms 67.0 %	55.5 ms 67.0 %	Rendering
44.1 ms 53.2 %	44.1 ms 53.2 %	Recalculate Style
11.5 ms 13.8 %	11.5 ms 13.8 %	Update Layer Tree
25.4 ms 30.7 %	25.4 ms 30.7 %	Scripting
21.3 ms 25.7 %	21.3 ms 25.7 %	_batchTransform
2.2 ms 2.7 %	2.2 ms 2.7 %	Minor GC
0.7 ms 0.9 %	22.5 ms 27.2 %	Function Call
0.7 ms 0.8 %	23.2 ms 28.0 %	Animation Frame Fired
0.3 ms 0.3 %	0.3 ms 0.3 %	requestAnimationFrame
0.2 ms 0.2 %	21.8 ms 26.3 %	update_v8
0.1 ms 0.1 %	21.3 ms 25.7 %	batchCalc
1.9 ms 2.2 %	1.9 ms 2.2 %	No repaint
1.9 ms 2.2 %	1.9 ms 2.2 %	Painting
1.9 ms 2.2 %	1.9 ms 2.2 %	Composite Layers

No repaint

Play / Pause



Version 8.2

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d/v8.2](#)
- Key technique: Animate using '`transform`'
- Good:
 - Can handle 100K balls @ 60FPS
 - No-repaint
- But the visual lacks of depth

Version 8.2b

- Commit: [1db447982db1dc24733cbf1c36a8db9b4a366d1d](#)
- Test: Add '`opacity:1`' → 100,000 balls @ 60FPS
- Test: Add '`opacity:0.8`' → 200 balls @ 30FPS !!!

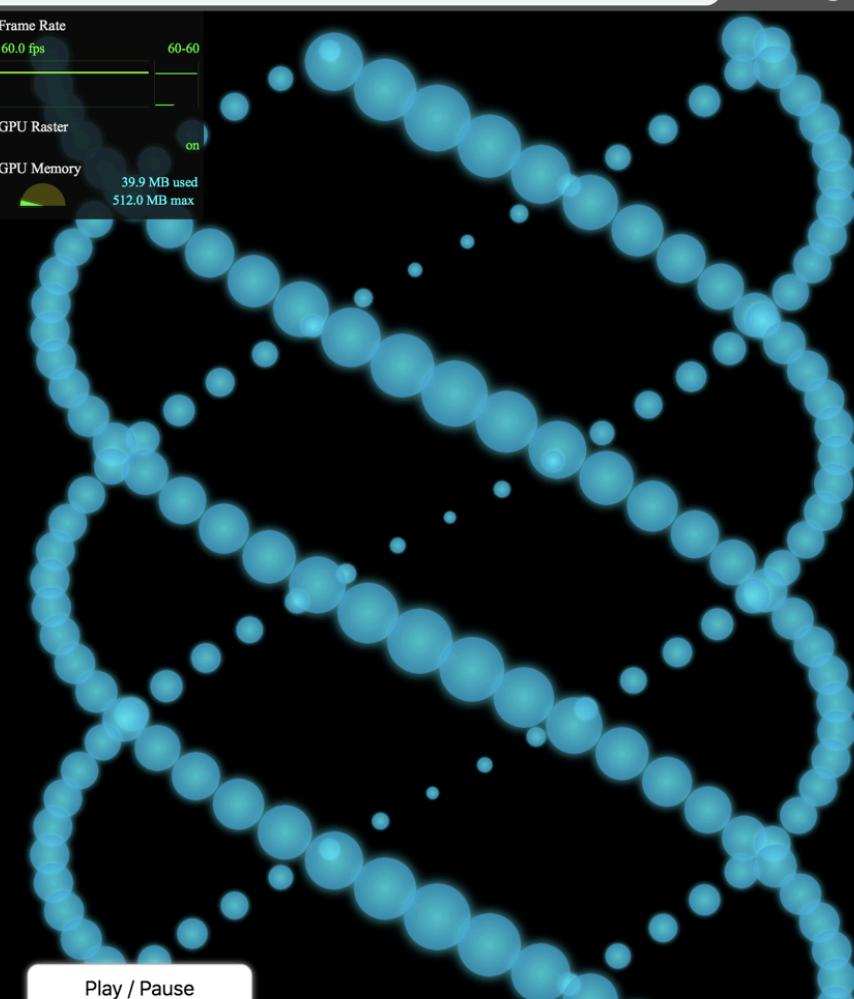
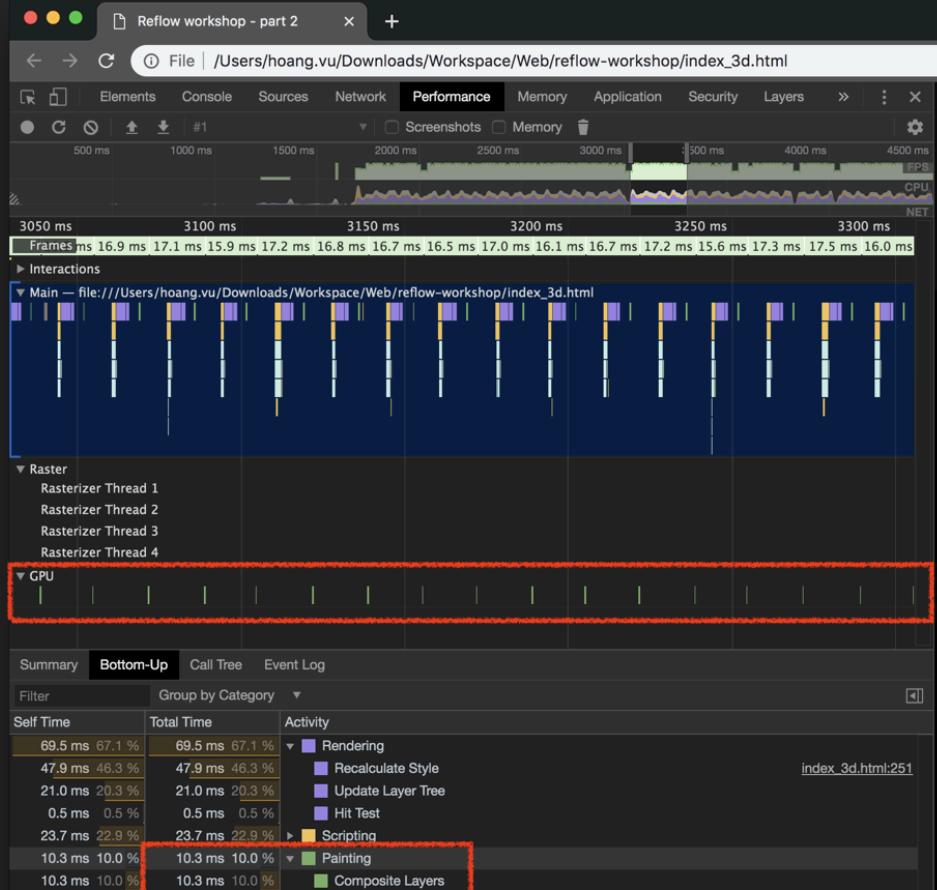
If a transparent element updates,

ALL overlapped ones get updating, too

Each opacity element
should be in a separate layer

Version 8.3

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d/v8.3](#)
- Key technique: Add '`will-change`' attribute
- Good:
 - Can handle 1K balls @ 60FPS
 - No-repaint
 - “Depth” added
- Visual still lacks lighting elements



Version 8.4

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d/v8.4](#)
- Key technique: Animate 'opacity' attribute

```
function _batchTransform(from, to, timestamp) {  
    var x, left, scale, cycle;  
    for (var m = from; m <= to; m++) {  
        x = tops[m] + timestamp / MOVE_DURATION;  
        left = (Math.sin(x) + 1) * maxLeft + minLeft;  
        cycle = xToCycle(x);  
        scale = cycleToScale(cycle);  
        movers[m].style.transform = `translate(${left}px, ${tops[m]}px) scale(${scale})`;  
        movers[m].style.opacity = cycleToOpacity(cycle);  
    }  
}
```

File /Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index_3d.html

Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security Layers

Frame Rate 60.0 fps 59-60

GPU Raster

GPU Memory 39.9 MB used 512.0 MB max

Frames

Main — file:///Users/hoang.vu/Downloads/Workspace/Web/reflow-workshop/index_3d.html

Raster

GPU

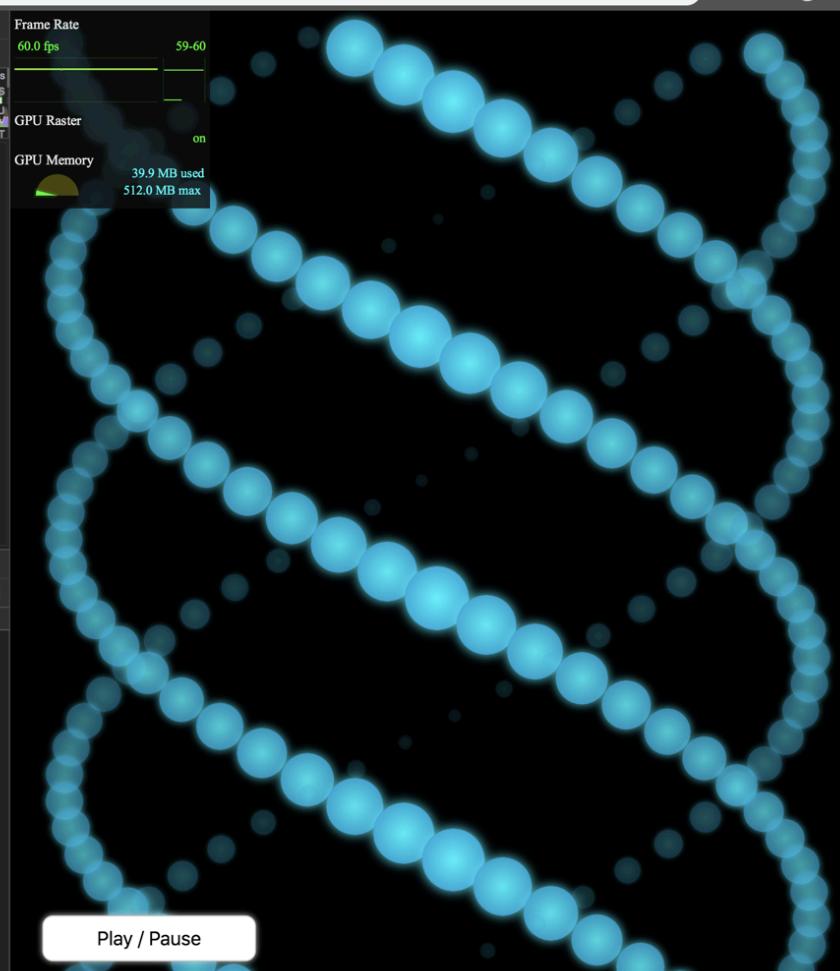
Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

Filter Group by Category ▾

Self Time	Total Time	Activity
417.6 ms 56.6 %	417.6 ms 56.6 %	Rendering
286.0 ms 38.8 %	286.0 ms 38.8 %	Recalculate Style
131.6 ms 17.8 %	131.6 ms 17.8 %	Update Layer Tree
250.7 ms 34.0 %	250.7 ms 34.0 %	Scripting
69.2 ms 9.4 %	69.2 ms 9.4 %	Painting
69.2 ms 9.4 %	69.2 ms 9.4 %	Composite Layers

index_3d.html:254

Play / Pause



WORKSHOP

Part 2

Lessons:

- Best CSS attributes for animation:
 - 'opacity'
 - 'transform'
- 'will-change' moves element to another layer

PART 3

index_3d_css.html

Animate as many balls as possible @ 60 FPS (in a semi-3D space) by CSS

Version 9.0

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d-css/v9.0](#)
- Key technique: CSS animation (Test with 1 ball)

```
@keyframes swing {  
  0%   { opacity: 0.10; transform: translateX( 500px) scale(0.2); animation-timing-function: ease-out; }  
  25%  { opacity: 0.60; transform: translateX(1000px) scale(0.7); animation-timing-function: ease-in; }  
  50%  { opacity: 1.00; transform: translateX( 500px) scale(1.2); animation-timing-function: ease-out; }  
  75%  { opacity: 0.60; transform: translateX( -50px) scale(0.7); animation-timing-function: ease-in; }  
 100%  { opacity: 0.10; transform: translateX( 500px) scale(0.2); animation-timing-function: ease-out; }  
}  
.mover {  
  /* ... other attributes are trimmed */  
  animation-name: swing;  
  animation-duration: 6.28s; /* 2 * PI * [old]MOVE_DURATION */  
  animation-iteration-count: infinite;  
}
```

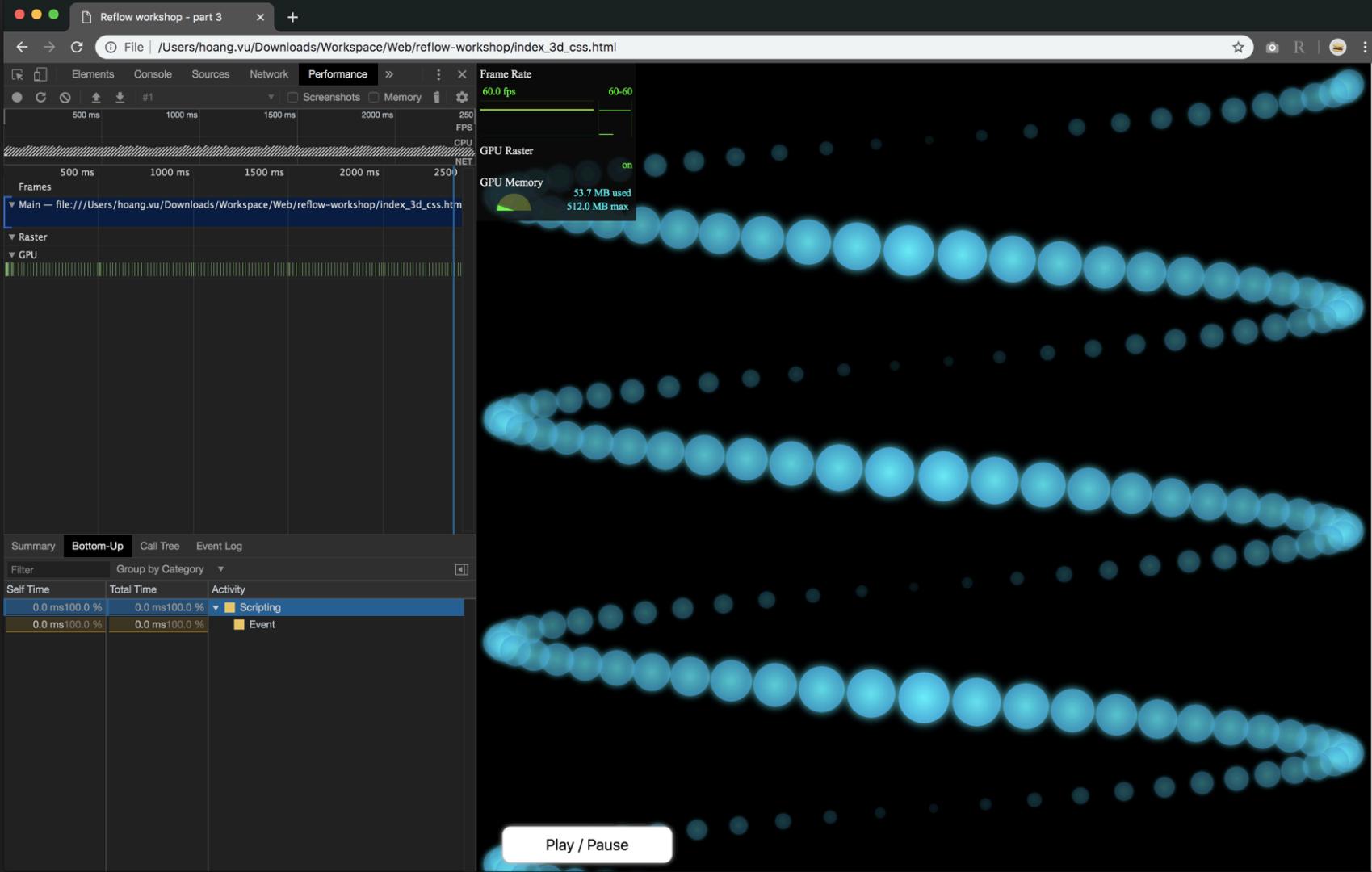
Version 9.1

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d-css/v9.1](#)
- Key technique: Just generate balls (method taken from v6)
- Balls can animate by pure CSS, but not so smooth
- Modified '`update_v8`' to show / hide elements only
- Problems: All balls start animating at the same time

Version 9.2

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d-css/v9.2](#)
- Key technique: Dynamic delay CSS animations
- It looks very closely to JS version
- GPU does all the job

```
var mv          = mvPrototype.cloneNode();
var delay      = (DELAY * m % ACTUAL_MOVE_DURATION) / 1000;
mv.style.cssText = `top:${m * OFFSET}px; animation-delay:${delay}s`;
```



But I can not pause the animations !

Version 9.3

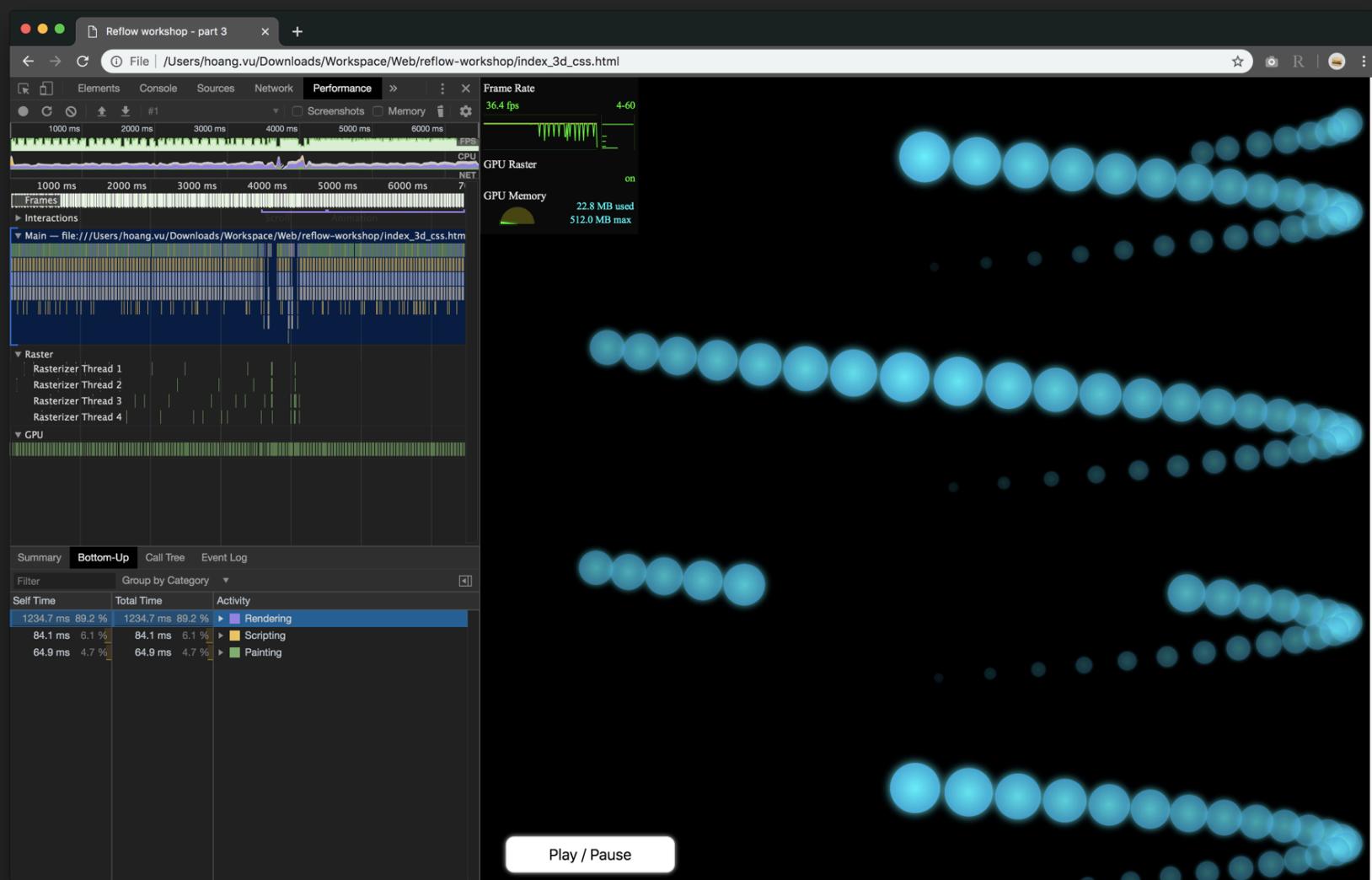
- Branch: [feature/animate-3d-css/v9.3](#)
- Key technique: Change '**animation-play-state**' automatically
- Use CSS selector to control children from parent class
- Now button "Play / Pause" works normally

```
#container.pause .mover {  
  animation-play-state: paused;  
}
```

How about culling ?

Version 9.4

- Branch: [feature/animate-3d-css/v9.4](#)
- Key technique: Apply culling
- Problems: Out-of-sync animations



WORKSHOP

Part 3

Lessons:3

- CSS animation is useful for simple case
- CSS animation starts immediately
- It is hard to control CSS animation
- Try CSS custom var in CSS animation
 - [feature/animate-3d-css/v9.5](#)

It's good to understand
how a web page is rendered

What forces reflow ?

- JS: <https://gist.github.com/paulirish/5d52fb081b3570c81e3a>
- CSS: <https://css-triggers.com/>

DOM & Reflow

- FastDOM (a library):
 - Queue 'get' & 'set' style commands using '`requestAnimationFrame`' (like v2).

- Virtual DOM (a technique):
 - A snapshot of DOM each frame.
 - By comparing snapshots, we can send actual changes to real DOM tree (like v8).
 - Most popular with ReactJS, VueJS

- Shadow DOM (a new Web Component):
 - An isolated DOM sub-tree
 - Shadow DOM and outer nodes can't interact with each other
 - From the outside, Shadow DOM just repaints, like v9

More references

- Presentations: <https://speakerdeck.com/addyosmani/velocityconf-rendering-performance-case-studies?slide=1>
- Documents hub:
 - <http://jankfree.org/>
 - <https://developers.google.com/web/>
 - <http://wilsonpage.co.uk/preventing-layout-thrashing/>
 - <https://www.igvita.com/slides/2012/web-performance-for-the-curious/#29>
 - <https://www.chromium.org/developers/design-documents/gpu-accelerated-compositing-in-chrome>
- Advanced profiling tools:
 - <http://dev.chromium.org/developers/how-tos/trace-event-profiling-tool>
 - <https://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/games/abouttracing/>
 - https://www.gamasutra.com/view/news/176420/Indepth_Using_Chrometracing_to_view_your_inline_profiling_data.php

Q&A