

作業四

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1. 安裝設定你的 VM 一台當 DNS server，將你的 Windows 及 VM 註冊 DNS domain name. DNS 網域名稱自行設定，要能查詢到你註冊的 Windows 及 VM。

(nslookup 可切換查詢要送給哪台 DNS server，請上網找，使用 nslookup 設定查詢要問你自己的 DNS server)

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo dnf install bind
[sudo] password for s11127138:
Rocky Linux 9 - BaseOS                6.0 kB/s | 4.1 kB      00:00
Rocky Linux 9 - AppStream              5.5 kB/s | 4.5 kB      00:00
Rocky Linux 9 - Extras                 4.5 kB/s | 2.9 kB      00:00
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                               Arch      Version                               Repository      Size
=====
Installing:
bind                                   x86_64    32:9.16.23-24.el9_5                 appstream       490 k
Installing dependencies:
bind-dnssec-doc                       noarch    32:9.16.23-24.el9_5                 appstream       45 k
python3-bind                          noarch    32:9.16.23-24.el9_5                 appstream       61 k
python3-ply                           noarch    3.11-14.el9.0.1                     baseos          103 k
Installing weak dependencies:
bind-dnssec-utils                     x86_64    32:9.16.23-24.el9_5                 appstream       115 k
=====
```

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ ls /etc | grep named.conf
named.conf
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ vi /etc/named.conf
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo vi /etc/named.conf
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo vim /etc/named.conf
```

```
s11127138@localhost:~ — sudo vim /etc/named.conf

// Provided by Red Hat bind package to configure the ISC BIND named(8) DNS
// server as a caching only nameserver (as a localhost DNS resolver only).
//
// See /usr/share/doc/bind*/sample/ for example named configuration files.
//
options {
    listen-on port 53 { 127.0.0.1; 192.168.37.130; };
    // listen-on-v6 port 53 { ::1; };
    directory "/var/named";
    dump-file "/var/named/data/cache_dump.db";
    statistics-file "/var/named/data/named_stats.txt";
    memstatistics-file "/var/named/data/named_mem_stats.txt";
    secroots-file "/var/named/data/named.secroots";
    recursing-file "/var/named/data/named.recursing";
    forwarders { 8.8.8.8; };
    allow-query { localhost; any; };

/*
- If you are building an AUTHORITATIVE DNS server, do NOT enable recursion.
*/
}
```



```
s11127138@localhost:~ — sudo vim /var/named/s11127138.com.zone

s11127138@localhost:~ — sudo vim /var/named/s11127138.com.zone x s11127138@localhost:~ — sudo vim /var/named/s11127138.com.zone

$ORIGIN s11127138.com.
$TTL 600 ; 10 minutes
@ IN SOA dns.s11127138.com. dnsadmin.s11127138.com. (
    2024122400 ; serial
    10800 ; refresh (3 hours)
    900 ; retry (15 minutes)
    604800 ; expire (1 week)
    86400 ; minimum (1 day)
)
NS dns.s11127138.com.

$TTL 60 ; 1 minute

dns A 127.0.0.1 ; dns server
myrocky A 192.168.37.130 ; dns server
rocky A 192.168.37.134 ; web server
windows A 192.168.37.1 ; client
```

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo systemctl restart named
[sudo] password for s11127138:
[s11127138@localhost ~]$
```

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=53/udp
success
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
success
```

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo systemctl restart named
[sudo] password for s11127138:
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ dig -t A myrocky.s11127138.com @192.168.37.130 +short
192.168.37.130
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ dig -t A rocky.s11127138.com @192.168.37.130 +short
192.168.37.134
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ dig -t A windows.s11127138.com @192.168.37.130 +short
192.168.37.1
[s11127138@localhost ~]$
```

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ nslookup rocky.s11127138.com 192.168.37.130
Server: 192.168.37.130
Address: 192.168.37.130#53

Name: rocky.s11127138.com
Address: 192.168.37.134

[s11127138@localhost ~]$ nslookup windows.s11127138.com 192.168.37.130
Server: 192.168.37.130
Address: 192.168.37.130#53

Name: windows.s11127138.com
Address: 192.168.37.1
```

```
C:\Users\user>nslookup rocky.s11127138.com 192.168.37.130
伺服器: UnKnown
Address: 192.168.37.130

DNS request timed out.
timeout was 2 seconds.
名稱: rocky.s11127138.com
Address: 192.168.37.134

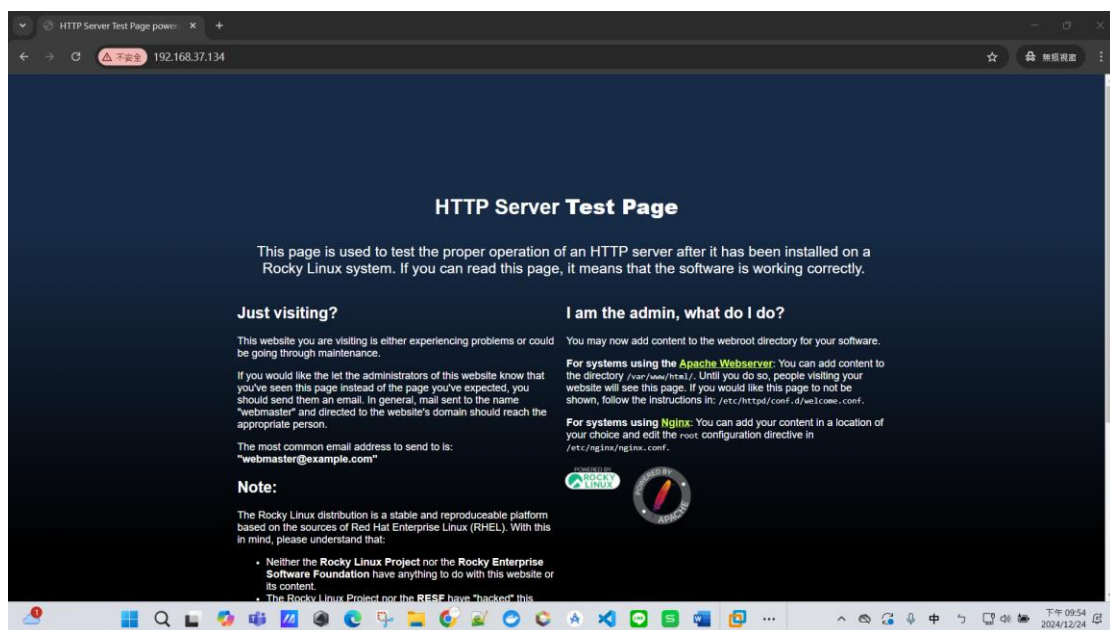
C:\Users\user>nslookup windows.s11127138.com 192.168.37.130
伺服器: UnKnown
Address: 192.168.37.130

名稱: windows.s11127138.com
Address: 192.168.37.1
```

2. 安裝設定你的一台 VM 成為 web server，設定首頁顯示你的姓名、學號等簡單的頁面，從 windows 上設定網卡的 DNS server 設定改為你自架的 DNS server，使用瀏覽器以你 VM 註冊的 DNS domain name 連上，顯示出你設定的首頁。若 DNS 註冊沒完成，瀏覽器使用 IP 連 web server，能顯示出首頁，表示設定應沒問題。

```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo dnf install httpd -y
[sudo] password for s11127138:
Last metadata expiration check: 0:18:58 ago on Tue 24 Dec 2024 09:28:33 PM CST.
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                                Arch      Version                                Repository                                Size
=====
```

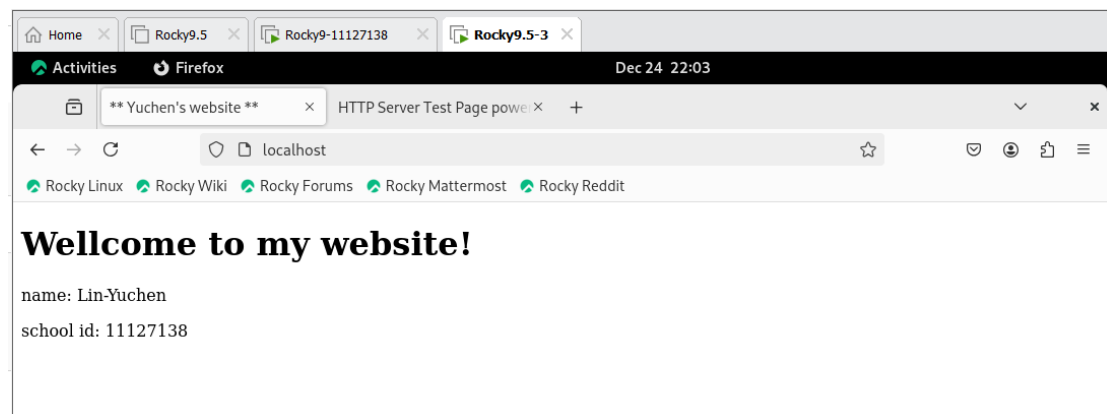
```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo systemctl start httpd
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo systemctl enable httpd
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/httpd.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service.
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=80/tcp
success
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
success
[s11127138@localhost ~]$
```



```
[s11127138@localhost ~]$ sudo vim /var/www/html/index.html
[s11127138@localhost ~]$
```

```
s1127138@localhost:~ — sudo vim /var/www/html/index.html

!DOCTYPE html
<html>
<head>
  <title>** Yuchen's website **</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Wellcome to my website!</h1>
  <p>name: Lin-Yuchen</p>
  <p>school id: 11127138</p>
</body>
</html>
```



網路和網際網路 > 進階網路設定 > 檢視其他屬性

VMware Network Adapter VMnet8 內容

IP 指派:	手動	編輯
IPv4 位址:	192.168.37.1	
IPv4 遮罩:	255.255.255.0	
DNS 伺服器指派:	手動	編輯
IPv4 DNS 伺服器:	192.168.37.130 (未加密)	
連結速度 (接收/傳輸):	100/100 (Mbps)	複製
連結-本機 IPv6 位址:	fe80::5d8:836a:9f4e:f99f%12	
IPv4 位址:	192.168.37.1	
IPv4 DNS 伺服器:	192.168.37.130 (未加密)	
製造商:	Broadcom Inc.	
描述:	VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet8	
驅動程式版本:	17.6.0.0	
實體位址 (MAC):	00-50-56-C0-00-08	



Wellcome to my website!

name: Lin-Yuchen
school id: 11127138

