

Table 7. Ablation study. In the original Mamba model, the sequence output from the Mamba backbone was aggregated using simple mean pooling over the temporal dimension before being passed to a classification head. Mamba-Attention, which augments Mamba with a trainable attention mechanism in Euclidean space. Instead of uniform averaging, this attention module learns to assign varying importance to each time step, allowing the model to focus on the most informative regions of the sequence. It is important to note that this attention mechanism operates entirely in Euclidean space and differs from our GaA, which is tailored for the Riemannian manifold structure. We also define Geo-Mamba as the counterpart that incorporates GeoMind’s architectural improvements within Riemannian space, but without the GaA module. Our full proposed model, *GeoMind*, integrates both these enhancements along with the GaA module to fully leverage the underlying geometry of the data. Bold highlights the best performance.

Model	HCP-WM	ADNI	OASIS	PPMI	ABIDE
Mamba	96.76±0.86	74.40±5.43	87.09±0.75	67.93±10.69	66.34±0.27
Mamba-Attention	97.22±0.63	76.70±5.29	88.75±1.39	70.15±12.01	68.95±1.78
Geo-Mamba	97.25±0.65	79.60±2.80	89.26±2.29	70.97±8.02	69.75±2.70
<i>GeoMind</i>	<b>98.29±0.26</b>	<b>81.20±2.27</b>	<b>89.60±1.87</b>	<b>71.35±10.26</b>	<b>70.97±3.47</b>

Table 8. Multi-class classification results on the ADNI dataset.

(%)	GCN	GIN	GSN	MGNN	GNN-AK	SPDNet	MLP
<b>Acc</b>	50.00±6.51	51.60±5.20	52.80±5.31	48.80±5.31	52.40±6.56	52.40±5.20	46.40±7.42
<b>Pre</b>	36.08±14.22	39.75±13.50	53.23±10.33	40.58±10.28	46.07±9.48	37.01±8.89	46.52±12.03
<b>F1</b>	38.49±9.73	41.76±7.65	48.21±7.48	38.71±6.11	43.20±6.55	31.63±8.76	43.83±9.13
(%)	1D-CNN	RNN	LSTM	Mixer	TF	Mamba	<i>GeoMind</i>
<b>Acc</b>	46.00±5.44	45.60±6.25	46.00±7.43	48.40±4.18	52.00±6.93	47.20±6.14	<b>56.00±3.36</b>
<b>Pre</b>	36.40±9.72	40.95±11.29	25.89±11.28	48.06±12.84	47.63±19.50	38.55±13.23	<b>60.36±7.67</b>
<b>F1</b>	39.21±7.71	39.24±7.14	31.87±9.93	39.40±5.47	44.03±11.32	37.19±5.53	<b>50.83±5.73</b>

Table 9. Comparison between various Mamba configurations and the proposed *GeoMind* model on HCP-WM dataset (brain regions  $N = 360$ ). The last column (*GeoMind*) highlights the best-performing setting. For a fair comparison, the hidden dimension and network depth of Mamba were adjusted to match the parameter scale of *GeoMind* (highlighted by underline).

	Mamba					<i>GeoMind</i>
<b>Hidden dim</b>	2048	1024	1024	1024	512	$N$
<b>Network layer</b>	5	5	4	2	8	2
<b>Para (M)</b>	132	33.71	27.05	<u>14.07</u>	<u>13.93</u>	<u>14.60</u>
<b>Accuracy</b>	97.22±0.63	97.06±0.62	96.76±0.86			<b>98.29±0.26</b>
<b>Precision</b>	97.27±0.62	97.09±0.60	96.80±0.84			<b>98.18±0.34</b>
<b>F1</b>	97.22±0.63	97.06±0.62	96.76±0.86			<b>98.16±0.35</b>

Table 10. Hyperparameter settings for different models.  $N$  denotes the number of brain regions. The code is available at [anonymous GitHub](#) for reproducibility. ‘M-SGD’ and ‘M-Adam’ represent Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD) and Adam optimizers, respectively, equipped with manifold-aware updates that enforce geometric constraints (e.g., orthogonality).

Model	1D-CNN	RNN	LSTM	Mixer	TF	Mamba	GCN	GIN
<b>Optimizer</b>	Adam	Adam	Adam	Adam	Adam	Adam	Adam	Adam
<b>Learning rate</b>	$10^{-4}$	$10^{-4}$	$10^{-4}$	$10^{-4}$	$10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-5}$	$10^{-4}$	$10^{-4}$
<b>Weight decay</b>	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	0	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$
<b>Batch size</b>	64	64	64	64	64	16	64	64
<b>Epochs</b>	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
<b>Hidden dim</b>	1024	1024	1024	1024	1024	1024	1024	1024
<b>Layers</b>	2	2	2	4	4	4	2	2
Model	GSN	MGNN	GNN-AK	SPDNet	MLP	STAGIN	NeuroGraph	<i>GeoMind</i>
<b>Optimizer</b>	Adam	Adam	Adam	M-SGD	Adam	Adam	Adam	M-Adam
<b>Learning rate</b>	$10^{-2}$	$10^{-2}$	$10^{-3}$	$5 \times 10^{-3}$	$10^{-4}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$10^{-5}$	$5 \times 10^{-5}$
<b>Weight decay</b>	0	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	0	$10^{-5}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	$10^{-3}$	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	0
<b>Batch size</b>	16	16	128	32	64	3	16	16
<b>Epochs</b>	300	1000	100	100	300	100	100	300
<b>Hidden dim</b>	256	1024	128	$[N, 64, 32]$	1024	128	32	$N$
<b>Layers</b>	2	2	2	3	2	4	3	2