

МИНОБРНАУКИ РОССИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «МИРЭА – Российский технологический университет» РТУ МИРЭА

Институт комплексной безопасности и специального приборостроения

Отчет по лабораторной работе №1

по дисциплине: «Анализ защищенности систем искусственного интеллекта»

Выполнил:

Студент группы ББМО-01-22 ФИО: Карев Д.П.

1. Клонируем репозиторий и загружаем нужные библиотеки.

```
[1] !git clone https://github.com/ewatson2/EEL6812_DeepFool_Project

Cloning into 'EEL6812_DeepFool_Project'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 100% (3/3), done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (2/2), done.
remote: Total 96 (delta 2), reused 1 (delta 1), pack-reused 93
Receiving objects: 100% (96/96), 33.39 MiB | 32.14 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (27/27), done.

[2] %cd EEL6812_DeepFool_Project

/content/EEL6812_DeepFool_Project

[3] import numpy as np
import os, torch
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
from torchvision import datasets
from torchvision.transforms import transforms
from models.project_models import FC_500_150, LeNet_CIFAR, LeNet_MNIST, Net
from utils_project_utils import get_clip_bounds, model_train, model_eval, evaluate_attack, display_attack
```

2. Устанавливаем случайное число и выбираем устройство выполнения.

```
# Устанавливаем случайное число
rand_seed = 43
np.random.seed(rand_seed)
torch.manual_seed(rand_seed)

use_cuda = torch.cuda.is_available()
device = torch.device('cuda' if use_cuda else 'cpu')
```

3. Загружаем dataset «MNIST» и отредактируем его.

```
mnist_mean = 0.5
mnist_std = 0.5
mnist_dim = 28
mnist_min, mnist_max = get_clip_bounds(mnist_mean,
                                                                                                           mnist dim)
mnist_min = mnist_min.to(device)
mnist_max = mnist_max.to(device)
mnist_tf = transforms.Compose([
           transforms.ToTensor();
transforms.Normalize(
mean=mnist_mean,
std=mnist_std)])
transforms.ToTensor(),
transforms.Normalize(
    mean=mnist_mean,
    std=mnist_std)])
mnist_tf_inv = transforms.Compose([
          transforms.Normalize(
                      mean=0.0.
                      std=np.divide(1.0, mnist_std)),
           transforms.Normalize(
mean=np.multiply(-1.0, mnist_std),
                      std=1.0)])
mnist_train, mnist_val = random_split(mnist_temp, [50000, 10000]
 Downloading <a href="http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz">http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz</a>
Do
```

4. Загружаем dataset «CIFAR-10» и отредактируем его.

```
cifar_mean = [0.491, 0.482, 0.447]
cifar_std = [0.202, 0.199, 0.201]
cifar_dim = 32
cifar_min, cifar_max = get_clip_bounds(cifar_mean,
                                        cifar_std,
                                        cifar dim)
cifar_min = cifar_min.to(device)
cifar_max = cifar_max.to(device)
cifar_tf = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Normalize(
        mean=cifar_mean,
        std=cifar_std)])
cifar_tf_train = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.RandomCrop(
        size=cifar_dim,
        padding=4),
    transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
    transforms.ToTensor(),
    transforms.Normalize(
        mean=cifar_mean,
        std=cifar_std)])
cifar_tf_inv = transforms.Compose([
    transforms.Normalize(
        mean=[0.0, 0.0, 0.0],
        std=np.divide(1.0, cifar_std)),
    transforms.Normalize(
        mean=np.multiply(-1.0, cifar_mean),
        std=[1.0, 1.0, 1.0])])
cifar_temp = datasets.CIFAR10(root='datasets/cifar-10', train=True,
                               download=True, transform=cifar_tf_train)
cifar_train, cifar_val = random_split(cifar_temp, [40000, 10000])
cifar_test = datasets.CIFAR10(root='datasets/cifar-10', train=False,
Downloading <a href="https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz">https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz</a> to datasets/cifar-10/cifar-10-python.tar.gz 100:07<00:00, 21840047.81it/s]
Extracting datasets/cifar-10/cifar-10-python.tar.gz to datasets/cifar-10
```

Files already downloaded and verified

5. Отредактируем гиперпараметры.

```
mnist_loader_train = DataLoader(mnist_train, batch_size=batch_size,
cifar loader train = DataLoader(cifar train, batch size=batch size,
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:557: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create 4 worker processes in total. Our suggested max number of worker

6. Зададим параметры на модель.

```
train_model = True
epochs = 50
epochs_nin = 100
1r = 0.004
lr nin = 0.01
lr_scale = 0.5
momentum = 0.9
print step = 5
deep_batch_size = 10
deep_num_classes = 10
deep overshoot = 0.02
deep_max_iters = 50
deep_args = [deep_batch_size, deep_num_classes,
             deep_overshoot, deep_max_iters]
if not os.path.isdir('weights/deepfool'):
    os.makedirs('weights/deepfool', exist_ok=True)
if not os.path.isdir('weights/fgsm'):
   os.makedirs('weights/fgsm', exist_ok=True)
```

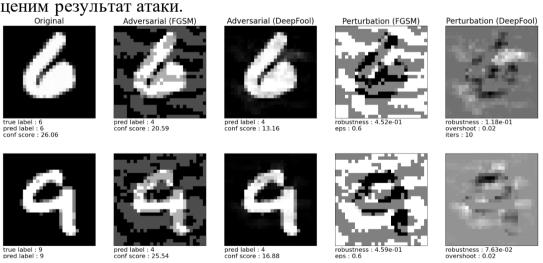
7. Загрузим и оценим стойкость модели.

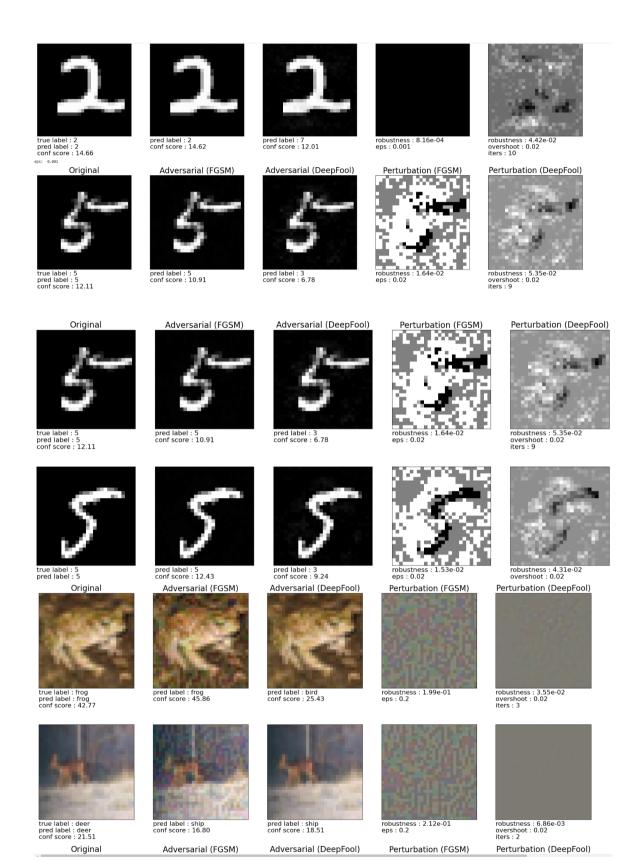
```
fgsm_eps = 0.2
 model = Net().to(device)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/cifar_nin.pth', map_location=torch.device('cpu')))
evaluate_attack('cifar_nin_fgsm.csv', 'results', device, model, cifar_loader_test, cifar_min, cifar_max, fgsm_eps, is_fgsm=True)
evaluate_attack('cifar_nin_deepfool.csv', 'results', device, model, cifar_loader_test, cifar_min, cifar_max, deep_args, is_fgsm=False)
if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
 FGSM Test Error : 81.29%
FGSM Robustness : 1.77e-01
 FGSM Time (All Images) : 0.67 s
FGSM Time (Per Image) : 67.07 us
DeepFool Test Error : 93.76%
DeepFool Robustness : 2.12e-02
DeepFool Time (All Images) : 185.12 s
DeepFool Time (Per Image) : 18.51 ms
 fgsm_eps = 0.1
 model = LeNet_CIFAR().to(device)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/cifar_lenet.pth', map_location=torch.device('cpu')))
evaluate_attack('cifar_lenet_fgsm.csv', 'results', device, model, cifar_loader_test, cifar_min, cifar_max, fgsm_eps, is_fgsm=True)
 evaluate_attack('cifar_lenet_deepfool.csv', 'results', device, model, cifar_loader_test, cifar_min, cifar_max, deep_args, is_fgsm=False)
if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
FGSM Robustness: 8.90e-02
FGSM Time (All Images): 0.40 s
FGSM Time (Per Image): 40.08 us
DeepFool Test Error : 87.81%
DeepFool Robustness : 1.78e-02
DeepFool Time (All Images) : 73.27 s
DeepFool Time (Per Image) : 7.33 ms
```

8. Выполним оценку атакующих примеров для сетей.

```
fgsm eps = 0.6
model = LeNet_MVIST().to(device)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/mnist_lenet.pth'))
display_attack(device, model, mmist_test, mmist_tf_inv, mmist_min, mmist_max, fgsm_eps, deep_args, has_labels=False, l2_norm=True, pert_scale=1.0, fig_rows=2, fig_width=25, fig_height=11) if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
| for fgsm_eps in fgsm_eps_arr:
| model = FC_500_150().to(device)
| model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/mnist_fc.pth'))
  display_attack(device, model, mmist_test, mmist_tf_inv, mmist_max, fgsm_eps, deep_args, has_labels=False, 12_norm=True, pert_scale=1.0, fig_rows=2, fig_width=25, fig_height=11) if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
  print("eps: ", fgsm_eps)
fgsm_eps = 0.2
model = FC_500_150().to(device)
model.load_state_dic(torch.load('weights/clean/mnist_fc.pth'))
display_attack(device, model, mnist_test, mnist_finv, mnist_min, mnist_max, fgsm_eps, deep_args, has_labels=False, 12_norm=True, pert_scale=1.0, fig_rows=2, fig_width=25, fig_height=11)
if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
fgsm eps = 0.2
rgsm_cpy = 0.2
model = Net().to(device)
model = Net().to(device)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/cifar_nin.pth'))
display_attack(device, model, cifar_test, cifar_tf_inv, cifar_min, cifar_max, fgsm_eps, deep_args, has_labels=False, l2_norm=True, pert_scale=1.0, fig_rows=2, fig_width=25, fig_height=11, label_map=cifar_classes)
if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
fgsm eps = 0.1
rgsm_cps = 0.1
model = LeNet_CIFAR().to(device)
model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/cifar_lenet.pth'))
display_attack(device, model, cifar_test, cifar_tf_inv, cifar_min, cifar_max, fgsm_eps, deep_args, has_labels=False, l2_norm=True, pert_scale=1.0, fig_rows=2, fig_width=25, fig_height=11,
label_map=cifar_classes)
if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
fgsm_eps_arr = [0.001, 0.02, 0.5, 0.9, 10]
for fgsm_eps in fgsm_eps_arr:
  model = Net().to(device)
  model.load_state_dict(torch.load('weights/clean/cifar_nin.pth'))
  display_attack(device, model, cifar_test, cifar_tf_inv, cifar_max, fgsm_eps, deep_args, has_labels=False, 12_norm=True, pert_scale=1.0, fig_rows=2, fig_width=25, fig_height=11, label_map=cifar_classes)
if device.type == 'cuda': torch.cuda.empty_cache()
print("eps: ", fgsm_eps)
```

9. Оценим результат атаки.







true label : horse pred label : horse conf score : 61.69



pred label : horse conf score : 66.74



pred label : airplane conf score : 36.13



robustness: 1.76e-02 eps: 0.02



robustness : 6.22e-02 overshoot : 0.02 iters : 3



true label : cat pred label : cat conf score : 21.94



pred label : bird conf score : 23.18



pred label : bird conf score : 19.72



robustness : 2.75e-01 eps : 0.5



robustness : 4.36e-03 overshoot : 0.02 iters : 2

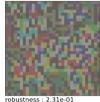




pred label : deer conf score : 32.73



pred label : deer conf score : 25.90



robustness: 2.31e-01 eps: 0.5



robustness : 4.84e-03 overshoot : 0.02 iters : 2





true label : dog pred label : dog conf score : 28.90

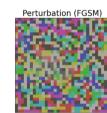
Adversarial (FGSM)



pred label : frog conf score : 19.92



pred label : cat conf score : 26.93



robustness: 8.27e-01 eps: 0.9



robustness : 6.84e-03 overshoot : 0.02 iters : 2



true label : truck pred label : truck conf score : 34.14





pred label : ship conf score : 24.62



robustness : 2.10e+00 eps : 10



robustness : 2.07e-02 overshoot : 0.02 iters : 3



true label : bird pred label : bird conf score : 29.85





pred label : frog conf score : 22.51



robustness : 2.976 eps : 10



robustness: 1.85e-02 overshoot: 0.02 iters: 3



Выводы

В ходе выполенния лабораторной работы 1 было обнаружено, что маленькие значения fgsm eps сохраняют устойчивость сетей к атакам, и ошибки классификации остаются низкими. Однако при увеличении fgsm_eps сети становятся более уязвимыми к атакам и допускают больше ошибок классификации. Для сети FC LeNet на датасете MNIST и для сети NiN LeNEt на датасете CIFAR не наблюдается отсутствие влияния параметра fgsm eps. Наоборот, параметр fgsm_eps существенно влияет на стойкость сетей к атакам.