Добавление кода в бинарный файл

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План доклада:

1) Метод Гая Юлия Цезаря

2) Метод Штирлица

3) Метод Северуса Снейпа



Метод Гая Юлия Цезаря или

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Суть: ...

Метод Гая Юлия Цезаря или Замена команд

Суть: меняй нужную команду на свою.

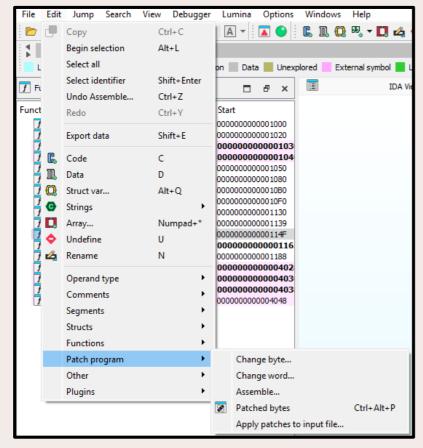
Замена с помощью дизассемблера IDA

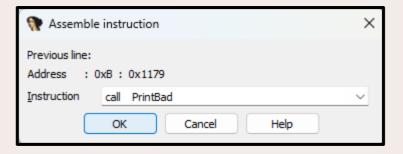
\$./m_1.elf
Hello, World!
\$

```
💮 💪 🔀
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; int __fastcall main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
public main
main proc near
var_10= qword ptr -10h
var 4= dword ptr -4
 unwind {
      rbp
     rbp, rsp
     rsp, 10h
     [rbp+var_4], edi
      [rbp+var 10], rsi
       eax, 0
call PrintHello
       eax, 0
leave
; } // starts at 1165
main endp
 text ends
```

f	Fur	nctions		□ 8	×
Function name			Segment	Start	
	f	_init_proc	init	0000000000000000	1000
	f	sub_1020	.plt	0000000000000000	1020
	f	_puts	.plt	00000000000	0103
	f	cxa_finalize	.plt.got	00000000000	0104
	f	_start	.text	00000000000000000	1050
	f	deregister_tm_clones	.text	000000000000001	1080
	f	register_tm_clones	.text	000000000000001	L0B0
	f	do_global_dtors_aux	.text	000000000000001	LOFO
	f	frame_dummy	.text	000000000000001	1130
	f	PrintHello	.text	000000000000001	1139
	f	PrintBad	.text	00000000000001	14F
	f	main	.text	00000000000	0116
	f	_term_proc	.fini	00000000000001	188
	f	libc_start_main	extern	00000000000	0402
	f	puts	extern	00000000000	0403
	f	impcxa_finalize	extern	00000000000	0403
	f	gmon_start	extern	00000000000004	1048

Замена с помощью дизассемблера IDA





```
$ ./m_1.elf
А ты сделал лабы?!
$ ■
```

Замена с помощью дизассемблера Radare2

```
$ ./m_1.elf
Hello, World!
$ r2 -A -w ./m_1.elf
```

```
[0x00001050]> afl
0x00001030
                     6 sym.imp.puts
0x00001040
                     6 sym.imp.__cxa_finalize
                   33 entry0
0x00001050
                    34 sym.deregister_tm_clones
0x00001080
0x000010b0
                    51 sym.register_tm_clones
0x000010f0
                    54 entry.fini0
0x00001130
                     9 entry.init0
0x00001139
                   22 sym.PrintHello
0x0000114f
                   22 sym.PrintBad
0x00001188
                     9 sym._fini
0x00001165
                   32 main
0x00001000
                   23 sym._init
[0x00001050]>
```

```
[0x00001050]> s main
[0x00001165]> pdf
             (int argc, char **argv);
  32: int
  `- args(rdi, rsi) vars(2:sp[0xc..0x18])
                                        push rbp
                          4889e5
                                        mov rbp, rsp
           0x00001169
                         4883ec10
                                        sub rsp, 0x10
           0x0000116d
                         897dfc
                                        mov dword [var_4h], edi
                                                                   ; argc
                        488975f0
                                        mov qword [var_10h], rsi
                                                                   ; argv
                         b800000000
           0x00001174
                                       mov eax, 0
                                        call sym.PrintHello
                                        mov eax, 0
           0x00001183
           0x00001184
[0x00001165] > s 0x1179
[0x00001179]> wa call 0x114f
INFO: Written 5 byte(s) (call 0x114f) = wx e8d1ffffff @ 0x00001179
```

```
$ ./m_1.elf
А ты сделал лабы?!
$ ■
```

Метод Штирлица или

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Суть: ...

Метод Штирлица или Внедрение команд

Суть: расширяем файл командами.

Немного теории, правда ...

Секция— это именованный участок памяти с набором прав

Сегмент — это набор секций



Можно выдохнуть, снова практика 🞉

```
section .text
   global _start
   xor rax, rax
   mov rax, 0x0A2183D1B1D0B0D0
    push rax
   mov rax, 0xBBD020BBD0B0D0BB
    push rax
   mov rax, 0xD0B5D0B4D081D120
    push rax
   mov rax, 0x8FD1202CB0D094D0
    push rax
   mov rdx, 32
   mov rax, 1
   mov rdi, 1
   mov rsi, rsp
   syscall
   add rsp, 32
   mov rax, 60
   xor rdi, rdi
    syscall
```

```
section .text
global _start

_start:
add rsp, 16
mov rax, [rsp]
sub rsp, 16
ret
```

```
nasm -f elf64 good1.nasm -o good1.o
ld -m elf_x86_64 good1.o -o good1.bin
nasm -f elf64 good2.nasm -o good2.o
ld -m elf_x86_64 good2.o -o good2.bin
```

```
ldd ./good1.bin
    not a dynamic executable
ldd ./good2.bin
    not a dynamic executable
```



Добавление секции

```
import lief
import typing
from sys import argv
if len(argv) < 4:
  print(f"Usage: {argv[0]} FROM_BIN TO OUT")
from_path = argv[1] # binary program
to_path = argv[2] # program or shared library
output = argv[3] # result
from_lief = lief.ELF.parse(from_path)
to_lief = lief.ELF.parse(to_path)
if isinstance(from_lief, type(None)) or isinstance(to_lief, type(None)):
  print("Error reading files")
  exit(1)
print("ELF mode")
print(f"Segments count: {len(from_lief.segments)}")
section = lief.ELF.Section(f".test.good", lief.ELF.Section.TYPE.PROGBITS)
section.type = lief.ELF.Section.TYPE.PROGBITS
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.EXECINSTR
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.ALLOC
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.WRITE
section.content = from_lief.get_section(".text").content
section.alignment = 0x1000
section = to lief.add(section, loaded=True)
print(f"Virtual address: {hex(section.virtual_address)}")
to_lief.patch_pltgot("GetHelloWorld", section.virtual_address)
to_lief.write(output)
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
extern char* GetHelloWorld();

int main() {
    const char* nuclear_code = "662607015\n";
    printf(GetHelloWorld());

$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$(realpath .) ./m_2.elf
Hello, World!

$ python add_section.py good2.bin m_2.elf m_2h.elf
ELF mode
Segments count: 2
Virtual address: 0xd000

$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$(realpath .) ./m_2h.elf
662607015
```

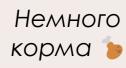
Кот убежал, но обещал вернуться

Добавление сегмента

```
import lief
import typing
from sys import argv
if len(argv) < 4:
  print(f"Usage: {argv[0]} FROM_BIN TO OUT")
from_path = argv[1] # binary program
to_path = argv[2] # program or shared library
output = argv[3] # result
from_lief = lief.ELF.parse(from_path)
to_lief = lief.ELF.parse(to_path)
if isinstance(from_lief, type(None)) or isinstance(to_lief, type(None)):
  print("Error reading files")
  exit(1)
print("ELF mode")
print(f"Segments count: {len(from_lief.segments)}")
for seq in from_lief.segments:
  segment = to_lief.add(seg)
  segment.alignment = 0x1000
  print(f"Sections count: {len(seq.sections)}")
  for s in seq.sections:
    if s.name == ".text":
      addr = segment.virtual_address + (s.virtual_address - seq.virtual_address)
      print(f"Added .text, virtual address : {hex(addr)}")
      to_lief.patch_pltgot("GetHelloWorld", addr)
to_lief.write(output)
```

```
$ python add_segment.py good1.bin m_2.elf m_2h.elf ELF mode
Segments count: 2
Sections count: 0
Sections count: 1
Added .text, virtual address : 0x16000

$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$(realpath .) ./m_2h.elf
Да, я сделал лабу!
```



Замена экспортируемой функции

```
import lief
import typing
from sys import argv
if len(argv) < 4:
  print(f"Usage: {argv[0]} FROM_BIN TO OUT")
from path = argv[1] # binary program
to_path = argv[2] # program or shared library
output = argv[3] # result
from lief = lief.ELF.parse(from path)
to lief = lief.ELF.parse(to path)
if isinstance(from_lief, type(None)) or isinstance(to_lief, type(None)):
  print("Error reading files")
  exit(1)
print("ELF mode")
print(f"Segments count: {len(from_lief.segments)}")
section = lief.ELF.Section(f".test.good", lief.ELF.Section.TYPE.PROGBITS)
section.type = lief.ELF.Section.TYPE.PROGBITS
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.EXECINSTR
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.ALLOC
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.WRITE
section.content = from_lief.get_section(".text").content
section.alignment = 0x1000
section = to_lief.add(section, loaded=True)
print(f"Virtual address: {hex(section.virtual_address)}")
export = to_lief.export_symbol("GetHelloWorld")
export.value = section.virtual_address
to_lief.write(output)
```

```
$ python change_so_addr.py good2.bin libdata.so libdata.so
ELF mode
Segments count: 2
Virtual address: 0xd000
```

\$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$(realpath .) ./m_2.elf
662607015

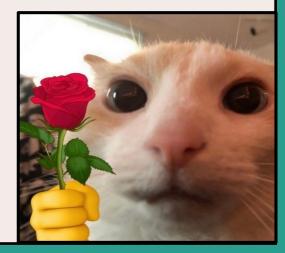


Замена функции инициализации

```
import lief
import typing
from sys import argv
if len(argv) < 4:
 print(f"Usage: {argv[0]} FROM_BIN TO OUT")
from_path = argv[1] # binary program
to_path = argv[2] # program or shared library
output = argv[3] # result
from_lief = lief.ELF.parse(from_path)
to_lief = lief.ELF.parse(to_path)
if isinstance(from_lief, type(None)) or isinstance(to_lief, type(None)):
  print("Error reading files")
  exit(1)
print("ELF mode")
print(f"Segments count: {len(from_lief.segments)}")
section = lief.ELF.Section(f".test.good", lief.ELF.Section.TYPE.PROGBITS)
section.type = lief.ELF.Section.TYPE.PROGBITS
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.EXECINSTR
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.ALLOC
section += lief.ELF.Section.FLAGS.WRITE
section.content = from_lief.get_section(".text").content
section.alignment = 0x1000
section = to_lief.add(section, loaded=True)
print(f"Virtual address: {hex(section.virtual_address)}")
if to_lief.has(lief.ELF.DynamicEntry.TAG.INIT_ARRAY):
  init_array = to_lief.get(lief.ELF.DynamicEntry.TAG.INIT_ARRAY)
  assert isinstance(init_array, lief.ELF.DynamicEntryArray)
  callbacks = init_array.array
  callbacks[0] = section.virtual_address
  init_array.array = callbacks
if to_lief.has(lief.ELF.DynamicEntry.TAG.INIT):
  init = to_lief.get(lief.ELF.DynamicEntry.TAG.INIT)
  init.value = section.virtual_address
to_lief.write(output)
```

```
$ python change_so_init.py good1.bin libdata.so libdata.so
ELF mode
Segments count: 2
Virtual address: 0x17000

$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$(realpath .) ./m_2.elf
Да, я сделал лабу!
```



Метод Северуса Снейпа или

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Суть: ...

Метод Северуса Снейпа или Манипуляции с библиотеками

Суть: меняем поведение программы через изменение динамических зависимостей.

Подмена динамической библиотеки

gcc data.c -shared -o libdata.so gcc who.c -shared -o libwho.so

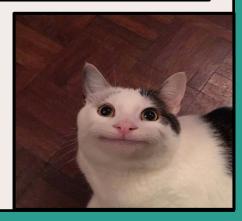
```
#include <stdio.h>
extern char* GetHelloWorld();
int main() {
   printf(GetHelloWorld());
}

char* GetHelloWorld() {
   return "Hello, World!\n";
}
```

```
char* GetHelloWorld() {
  return "Goodbye, World!\n";
}
```

make[1]: Entering directory '/mnt/c/Users/Aleks/Desktop/РПВ/Доклад/RPV-lief/linking/libbad'

\$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$(realpath ./libgood) ./m_3.elf
Hello, World!
\$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$(realpath ./libbad) ./m_3.elf
Goodbye, World!



Обязательная загрузка динамической библиотеки

```
#include <stdio.h>

[[gnu::constructor]] void init() {
   printf("I'm hacker!\n");
}
```

```
make -C libbad
make[1]: Entering directory '/mnt/c/Users/Aleks/Desktop/РПВ/Доклад/RPV-lief/linking/libbad'
gcc data.c -shared -o libdata.so
gcc who.c -shared -o libwho.so
gcc print.c -shared -o libprint.so
```

\$ (LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$(realpath ./libgood) LD_PRELOAD=\$(realpath ./libbad/libprint.so) ./m_3.elf)
I'm hacker!
Hello, World!



Полная свобода

```
import lief
import typing
from sys import argv
if len(argv) < 4:
  print(f"Usage: {argv[0]} FROM_BIN TO OUT")
bin = argv[1] # binary program
shared = argv[2] # import file
output = argv[3] # result
bin = lief.ELF.parse(bin)
if isinstance(bin, type(None)):
  print("Error reading file")
  exit(1)
print("ELF mode")
bin.add_library(shared)
bin.write(output)
```

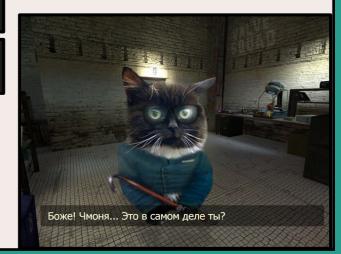
```
#include <stdlib.h>

[[gnu::constructor]] void init() {
    system("/usr/bin/whoami");
}
```

```
make -C libbad
make[1]: Entering directory '/mnt/c/Users/Aleks/Desktop/РПВ/Доклад/RPV-lief/linking/libbad'
gcc data.c -shared -o libdata.so
gcc who.c -shared -o libwho.so
gcc print.c -shared -o libprint.so
```

```
$ python add_import.py .\m_3.elf libwho.so ./m_3h.elf
ELF mode
```

```
$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$(realpath ./libbad) ./m_3h.elf
alex
Goodbye, World!
```



Не передавайте libwho.so через LD_PRELOAD!

СПАСИБО



ЗА ВНИМАНИЕ

https://github.com/Dandya/RPV-lief

ВОПРОСЫЗ

