

- 1 Consider the statements:
 P : n is a multiple of 9. Q : n is a multiple of 3.
 Which of the following is true? There is more than one correct answer.
 a) $P \Rightarrow Q$ b) $P \Leftarrow Q$ c) $Q \Rightarrow P$ d) P implies Q
- 2 If m is a positive integer, add the most relevant quantifier to the start of the statement to make it true as often as possible.
 a) $_\ m$, $2m$ is even b) $_\ m$, $m^2 = 4$
 c) $_\ m$, $m^2 \leq 2$ d) $_\ m$, $1 + \cos m \geq 0$
- 3 If m and n are odd, prove
a mn is odd
b $m + n$ is even
- 4 If m is a multiple of 4, prove m^2 is a multiple of 16
- 5 Prove that the sum of any two consecutive numbers equals the difference of their squares.
- 6 If m is even, prove m^2 is even.
- 7 Prove that the product of any three consecutive numbers is even.
- 8 Prove that the sum of any four consecutive numbers is even.

MEDIUM

- 9 Given $a^k - b^k = (a - b)(a^{k-1} + a^{k-2}b + a^{k-3}b^2 \dots + b^{k-1})$ prove
a $\frac{3^k}{2}$ always has a remainder of 1.
b $3^{2n} - 1$ is divisible by 4
- 10 If $a + b = 2$ prove $a^2 + 2b = b^2 + 2a$
- 11 Prove the expression $a^3 - a + 1$ is odd for all positive integer values of a .
- 12 Prove $n^2 - 1$ is divisible by 3 if n is not a multiple of 3.