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1 Basic Test Results

```
Starting tests...
1
    Sat 08 Jun 2024 12:46:19 IDT
    48fc978885dbdbc5e83d99ef569b36babd3d977b -
4
    Archive: /tmp/bodek.51vlmx5k/intro2cs2/ex5/daniel.rez/presubmission/submission
6
     inflating: src/wordsearch.py
8
9
   Running presubmit code tests...
    5 passed tests out of 5 in test set named 'ex5'.
11
   result_code ex5 5 1
12
   Done running presubmit code tests
14
   Finished running the presubmit tests
15
16
    Additional notes:
17
18
    Make sure to thoroughly test your code.
19
20
```

2 wordsearch.py

```
# FILE : wordsearch.py
   # WRITER : daniel_riazanov, daniel.rez , 336119300
   # EXERCISE : intro2cs ex5 2024
    # DESCRIPTION: Implementation of search algorithm in matrix based on set of directions. Module practises matrix's,
   # dictionaries, command line arguments and file operations. In this exercise I tried to achieve better performance by
    # implementing creative solution - mapping all the locations for each char in matrix, which allowed instant excess to
    # limited numbers of starting search points instead of blind and repetitive matrix traversing. Consequently, performance
    # depends more on the number of directions to search and the length of the words, rather than the size of the matrix.
    # STUDENTS I DISCUSSED THE EXERCISE WITH: None
    # WEB PAGES I USED: None
11
    # NOTES: None
12
    13
14
15
    import sys
   from collections import defaultdict
16
17
    # GLOBAL CONSTANTS
18
    # All the defined search directions accordingly to documentation
19
    VALID_DIRECTIONS = {'u', 'd', 'r', 'l', 'w', 'x', 'y', 'z'}
20
21
    # Dictionary matching to each direction a vector (tuple representing the change in row (x) and column (y)):
    # (1 For down, -1 for up, 0 if not moving, 1 For right, -1 for left, 0 if not moving)
22
23
    DIRECTION_VECTORS = {
        'r': (0, 1), 'l': (0, -1), 'u': (-1, 0), 'd': (1, 0),
24
        'w': (-1, 1), 'x': (-1, -1), 'y': (1, 1), 'z': (1, -1)
25
26
   }
27
28
29
    def read_wordlist(filename):
30
        Read a list of words from a file, traversing each line, removing \n escape sequences and appending to a list (thus
31
32
        saving the words order).
33
34
           Args:
              filename (str): The name of the file containing the word list.
35
36
37
           Returns:
              list: A list of words.
38
39
40
              If the file is not found or cannot be opened, the program exits with an appropriate error message.
41
42
43
        # Declare return container
        list of words = []
44
45
        # try to open the desired file
46
47
            # with for safe closing process.
            with open(filename, 'r') as f:
               line = f.readline()
49
               while line:
50
51
                   list_of_words.append(line.strip())
                   line = f.readline()
52
53
           return list_of_words
        # if we couldn't open file, also terminate the program with appropriate error type
54
55
        except PermissionError:
            print(f"Error while opening the file {filename}.")
56
            sys.exit(1)
57
58
```

```
60
     def read_matrix(filename):
 61
             Read a matrix of letters from a file.
 62
 63
 64
            Aras:
                filename (str): The name of the file containing the matrix.
 65
 66
            Returns:
 67
 68
                list: A list of lists representing the matrix.
 69
             Exits:
 70
 71
                If the file is not found or cannot be opened, the program exits with an error message.
 72
          # Declare return container
 73
 74
         letter_matrix = []
 75
              # with for safe closing process.
 76
 77
             with open(filename, 'r') as f:
                  for line in f:
 78
                      # split all letters based on comma between them and add the line of letters as a row to letter_matrix
 79
                      matrix_row = line.strip().split(',')
 80
                      letter_matrix.append(matrix_row)
 81
 82
             return letter_matrix
 83
 84
 85
          # if we couldn't open file, also terminate the program with appropriate error type
          except PermissionError:
 86
 87
              print(f"Error while opening the file {filename}.")
              sys.exit(1)
 88
 89
 90
     def validate_directions(directions):
 91
 92
 93
            Validate the provided directions (str) against the set of the valid ones.
 94
 95
               directions (str): A string of directions to validate.
 96
 97
 98
               If any invalid direction is found, the program exits with an error message.
 99
100
          # convert to set to ensure uniqueness
101
         provided_directions = set(directions)
102
103
          # If not subset of valid directions - there are one or more invalid characters in the input.
          if not provided_directions.issubset(VALID_DIRECTIONS):
104
              print(f"Invalid directions provided. Directions must be a combination of:", {VALID_DIRECTIONS})
105
106
              sys.exit(1)
107
108
109
     def write_output(results, filename):
110
111
            Write the search results to an output file.
112
113
                results (list): A list of tuples (words, their counts).
114
                filename (str): The name of the output file.
115
116
          # With ensures safe proces closure. W mode to crete if not exists, and if exists - to override
117
         with open(filename, 'w') as f:
118
119
             for word, count in results:
                 f.write(f"{word}, {count}\n")
120
121
122
     def is_valid_position(x, y, num_rows, num_cols):
123
124
             Check if the position is valid within the matrix boundaries.
125
126
127
             Args:
```

```
128
                  x (int): The row index.
                  y (int): The column index.
129
130
                  num_rows (int): The number of rows in the matrix.
                  num_cols (int): The number of columns in the matrix.
131
132
133
             Returns:
                  bool: True if the position is valid, False otherwise.
134
135
136
         return 0 <= x < num_rows and 0 <= y < num_cols
137
138
139
     def is_word_in_direction(word, matrix, start_x, start_y, delta_x, delta_y):
140
          Check if the word can be found in the specific direction starting from the potential position (first letter of
141
142
          the word) which we mapped as dictionary values
143
144
          Args:
             word (str): The word to search for.
145
             matrix (list): The matrix of letters.
146
             start_x (int): The starting row index of the letter.
147
              start y (int): The starting column index of the letter.
148
149
              delta\_x (int): The change in the row index for the direction.
150
              delta\_y (int): The change in the column index for the direction.
151
152
153
             bool: True if the word is found, False otherwise.
154
155
         word_len = len(word)
         for k in range(word_len):
156
157
              # Calculate the new position based on the current position and the direction (in which we're
158
              # currently traversing the matrix)
             new_x, new_y = start_x + k * delta_x, start_y + k * delta_y
159
              # Fast check if the new (next) position is valid and matches the next character in the word
160
161
             if not is_valid_position(new_x, new_y, len(matrix), len(matrix[0])) or matrix[new_x][new_y] != word[k]:
162
                  return False
          # We found the word from the starting position! (The current word can be fitted within the boundaries and each
163
164
          # next character is part of the word)
165
         return True
166
167
168
     def count_word_matches(word, matrix, positions, directions):
169
            Count times word from the list is presented in matrix for each mapped position and for each chosen direction.
170
171
172
            Args:
                 word (str): The word to search for.
173
                 {\it matrix} (list): The {\it matrix} of letters.
174
                 positions (list): Dictionary values contain a list of suitable (row, col) positions to start the search from.
175
176
                 directions (str): The directions to search in.
177
            Returns:
178
179
                int: The count of occurrences of the word.
180
         count = 0
181
          # Traverse through all suitable positions
182
         for start_x, start_y in positions:
183
184
              # In all directions for each position
              for direction in directions:
185
                  # For critical case when constant valid directions will not correspond to constant vectors (preventing
186
187
                  # unexpected result)
                  if direction in DIRECTION_VECTORS:
188
                      delta_x, delta_y = DIRECTION_VECTORS[direction]
189
                      # for each position and vector, if found match update counter
190
                      if is_word_in_direction(word, matrix, start_x, start_y, delta_x, delta_y):
191
192
                          count += 1
193
         return count
```

194 195

```
196
     def find_words(word_list, matrix, directions):
197
          Collective function which utilizes previous blocks to find all words in the word list within the matrix based on
198
          the provided directions. In this func we will convert a matrix of letters into a dictionary. Key - letter,
199
          value - position in matrix [row num, num in row] - in this way we will bind all the locations to the desired
200
          character The points for this task are also given for efficiency, so I tried to find out creative solution to not
201
          traverse again and again blindly to find the beginning letter of each word. In O(1) we will point for the first
202
          letter for each word, then perform validations for the possible next letter from the current position and only
203
204
          then continue traversing (We already studied dictionaries).
205
206
                  word_list (list): A list of words to search for.
207
208
                 matrix (list): The matrix of letters.
                 directions (str): The directions to search in.
209
210
              Returns:
211
212
                  list: A list of tuples containing words and their counts.
213
          # Convert the matrix to a dictionary of character positions
214
          char_positions = defaultdict(list)
215
          # Iterate over each row in the matrix
216
217
         for row_index, row in enumerate(matrix):
218
              # Iterate over each character in the row
219
              for col index, char in enumerate(row):
220
                  # Append the position (row, col) to the list of positions for the character
                  char_positions[char].append((row_index, col_index))
221
222
223
          # Declare container for the results (tuples word, count)
224
         results = []
225
226
          for word in word list:
              # Fast check to decide whether word exists in matrix (by first char).
227
228
              if word[0] in char_positions:
229
                  # Point from whole matrix some positions to check from it to all the necessary directions
                  start_positions = char_positions[word[0]]
230
                  # Count number of times the word appeared in the matrix
231
232
                  word_count = count_word_matches(word, matrix, start_positions, directions)
233
                  # Only if word appeared, at to results
234
                  if word count > 0:
                     results.append((word, word_count))
235
          # If no word from the word_list appeared in matrix, return blank list (so later on we will return blank file
236
237
          # accordingly to requirements)
         return results
238
239
240
     def main():
241
242
             Main function to execute the word search program.
243
244
245
              This function archives the final result by performing the following algorithm:
              1. Validates the number of command-line arguments.
246
247
              2. Reads and validates the word list and matrix from the provided files.
248
              3. Validates the search directions.
              4. Finds the occurrences of each word from the list in the matrix based on the specified directions.
249
             5. Writes the results to the output file.
250
251
252
             Command-line arguments:
253
                  sys.argv[1]: The filename containing the list of words.
                  sys.argv[2]: The filename containing the matrix of letters.
254
255
                  sys.argv[3]: The filename for the output results.
256
                  sys.argv[4]: A string representing the search directions.
257
258
                  If the number of arguments is not 4, the function prints an error message and exits.
259
260
                  If any file operation fails the function prints an error message and exits.
                  If the directions provided are invalid, the function prints an error message and exits.
261
262
263
          \# If the number of parameters isn't 4, message user and terminate program
```

```
264
         if len(sys.argv) != 5:
             print("Incorrect number of parameters.")
265
266
             sys.exit(1)
         # Assigning variables with parameters with values from command line input
267
         word_file = sys.argv[1]
268
         matrix_file = sys.argv[2]
269
         output_file = sys.argv[3]
270
         directions = sys.argv[4]
271
272
         # Attempting to pass to serving function str parameters from command line, if one of them is invalid we
273
         # will terminate the program immediately on him and print appropriate message
274
         word_list = read_wordlist(word_file)
275
         matrix = read_matrix(matrix_file)
276
         validate_directions(directions)
277
278
         # Main function
279
         results = find_words(word_list, matrix, directions)
280
         # Writing results to a file
281
         write_output(results, output_file)
282
283
284
    if __name__ == '__main__':
285
286
        main()
```