

Header Syntax

1. the first kind syntax

First level header title
=====

Second level header title

2.The second kind syntax

Header 1

header 2

header 3

header 6

==Example:==

header 1

header 2

header 3

Phrase Emphasis

use * or _ make word italic

italic
italic

use ** or __ make word bold

```
**bold**  
__bold**
```

==example==

```
output *italic*
```

italic

```
output _italic_
```

italic

```
output **bold**
```

bold

```
output __bold__
```

bold

seperation line Syntax

```
use *** or * * * in alone line to make a seperation line in doc
```

==example==

```
output ***
```

link Syntax

The first syntax
 use [link name](URL, "Option Title")
 An [example](http://url.com/ "Title")

The second Syntax
 An [example][id]. Then, anywhere
 else in the doc, define the link:
 [id]: http://example.com/ "Title"

==example==

```
output [Baidu URL](www.baidu.com,"Baidu")
```

Baidu URL

```
output [example][i]
```

Bing Url

Image Syntax

the first syntax:
 ![Alter text](/path/img.jpg "Title")

the second syntax:
 ![Alter text](id)

==example==

```
output ![image](/path/image.jpg, "JPG")
```



```
output ![image](id)
```



unordered list

use * or + or - and space to make unordered list

- use *
- use +
- use -

ordered list

use number such as: 1. entry

1. the first
2. the second
3. the third
4. and so on

nest list

- the com
 - 1
 - 2
 - 2.1
 - 2.2
 - 3
- the com 2
 1. the level 1
 1. 1.1
 2. 1.2
 2. the level 2
 1. 2.1
 2. 2.2
 3. the level 3

Manual Line Breaks

End a line with two or more spaces

like this, not use space line use two space keys

Blockquotes 块引用 (方法1)

use ">"beginning at every line for the block

the block line 1

the block line 2

the block line 3

Blockquotes 块引用 (方法2)

use at lease on tab space or more than four space

the block use tab space 1

the block use tab space 2

the block use tab space "3"

BackSlash

BackSlash is escape char just like it in C/C++,etc.

want to output "*literal asterisks*" use "*literal asterisks*

literal asterisks

The follwoing char can be escape:

- \ 反斜线
- ` 反引号
- * 星号
- _ 底线

- {} 花括号
- [] 方括号
- () 括弧
- # 井字号
- + 加号
- - 减号
- . 英文句点
- ! 惊叹号

自动链接

use <http://example.com/> to type hyperlink
use <address@example.com> to type E_Mail

<http://www.baidu.com>
aaa@163.com

Use the `printf()` function.

There is a literal backtick (`) here.

I get 10 times more traffic from [Google 1](#) than from [Yahoo 2](#) or [MSN 3](#).

or

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*italic*  
_italic_
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__bold**
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bold

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bold

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An [example][id]. Then, anywhere
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```

[Baidu URL](#)

```
output [example][i]
```

[Bing Url](#)

Image Syntax

the first syntax:

```
![Alter text](/path/img.jpg "Title")
```

the second syntax:

```
![Alter text](id)
```

==example==

output `![image](/path/image.jpg, "JPG")`



output `![image](id)`



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`*literal asterisks*`

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or

I get 10 times more traffic from [Google](#) than from [Yahoo](#) or [MSN](#).

Table

```
header 1 | header 2 | header 3
---|---|---
row 1 col 1 | row 1 col 2
row 2 col 1 | row 2 col 2
```

header 1	header 2	header 3
row 1 col 1	row 1 col 2	

row 2 col 1	row 2 col 2	
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Item	Value	Qty
computer	1600 USD	5
Phone	12 USD	12

pIPE	10000 USD	234
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Item	Value	Qty
computer	1600 USD	5
Phone	12 USD	12
Fish	10000 USD	234