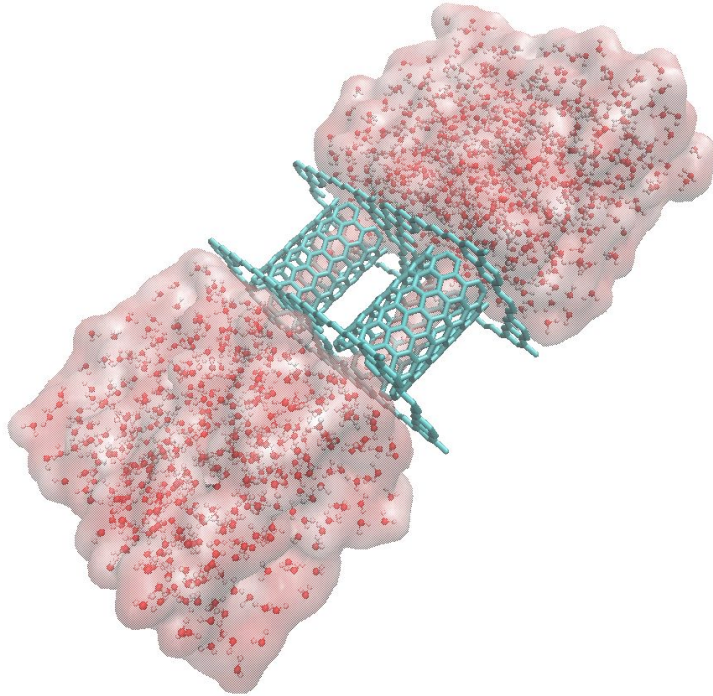
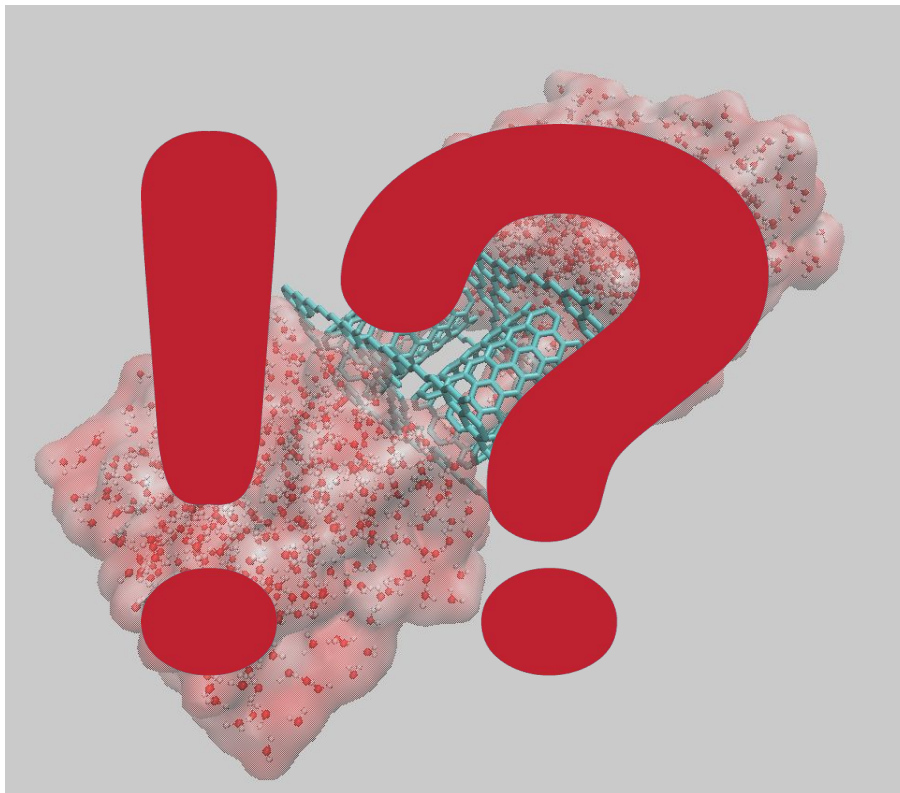


Estudi del transport d'aigua en situacions de no equilibri a través de CNTs



Daniel Bedmar

Justificació



Procediment

.pdb

.psf

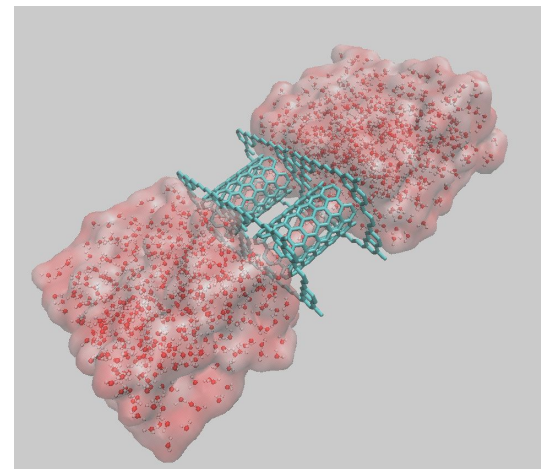
.inp

.namd



NAMD

Scalable Molecular Dynamics





- Simplificacions raonables
- Estudi del fenòmen ✓
- Sistemes amb molts àtoms ✓
- Cost computacional asumible ✓

Procediment

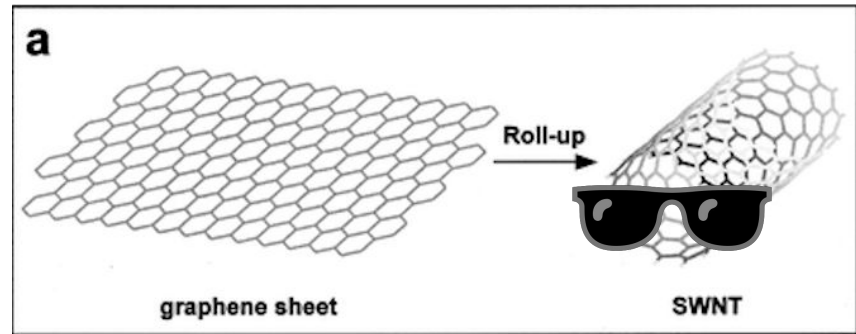
.pdb

- Coordenades
- Noms àtoms i segments
- Beta factor i occupancy

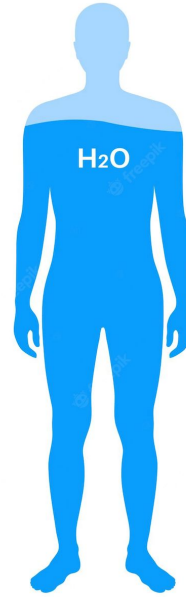
.psf

- Massa i càrrega
- enllaços, angles i dièdres

Justificació

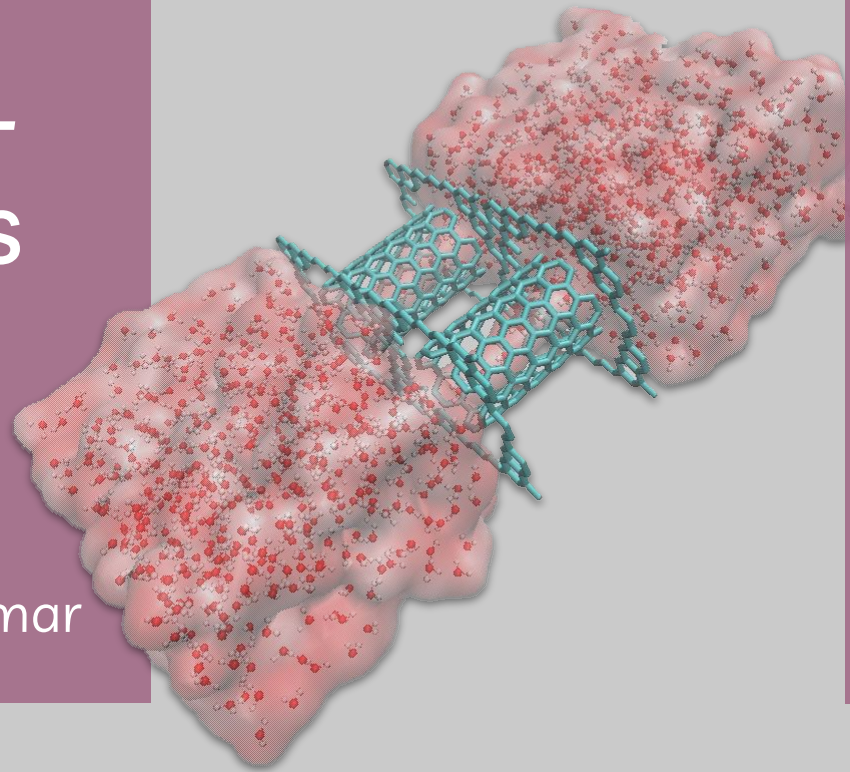


Justificació



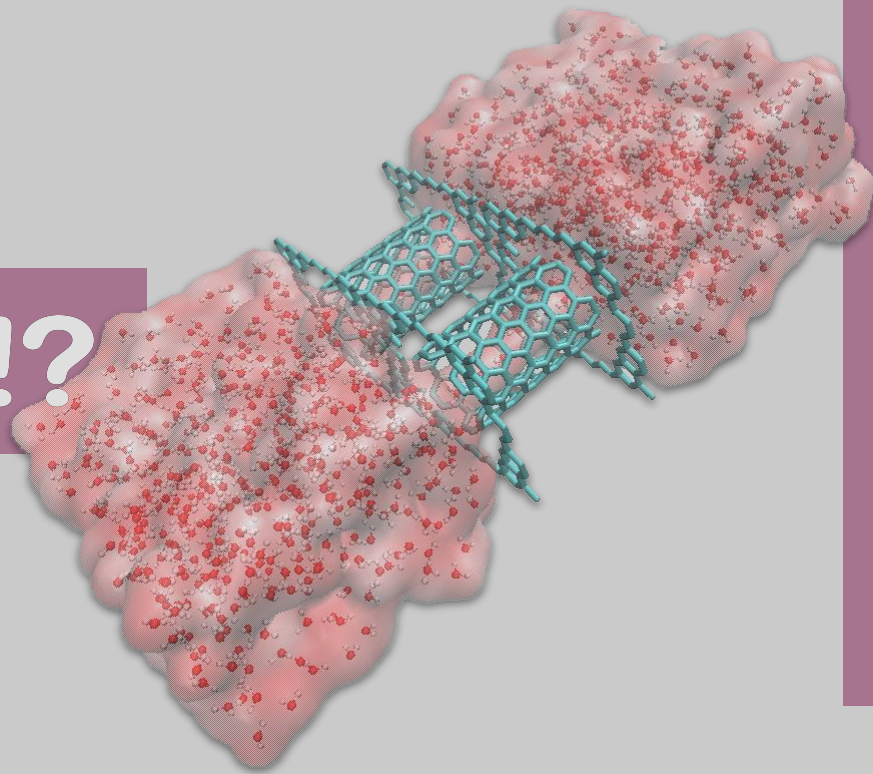
ESTUDI DEL TRANSPORT D'AIGUA EN SITUACIONS DE NO EQUILIBRI A TRAVÉS DE CNTs

Daniel Bedmar

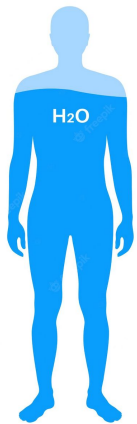


JUSTIFICACIÓ

!?

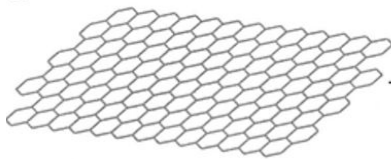


JUSTIFICACIÓ



JUSTIFICACIÓ

a



graphene sheet

Roll-up



SWNT



**SIMPLIFICACIONS
RAONABLES**



ESTUDI DEL FENÒMEN



**SISTEMES AMB MOLTS
ÀTOMS**

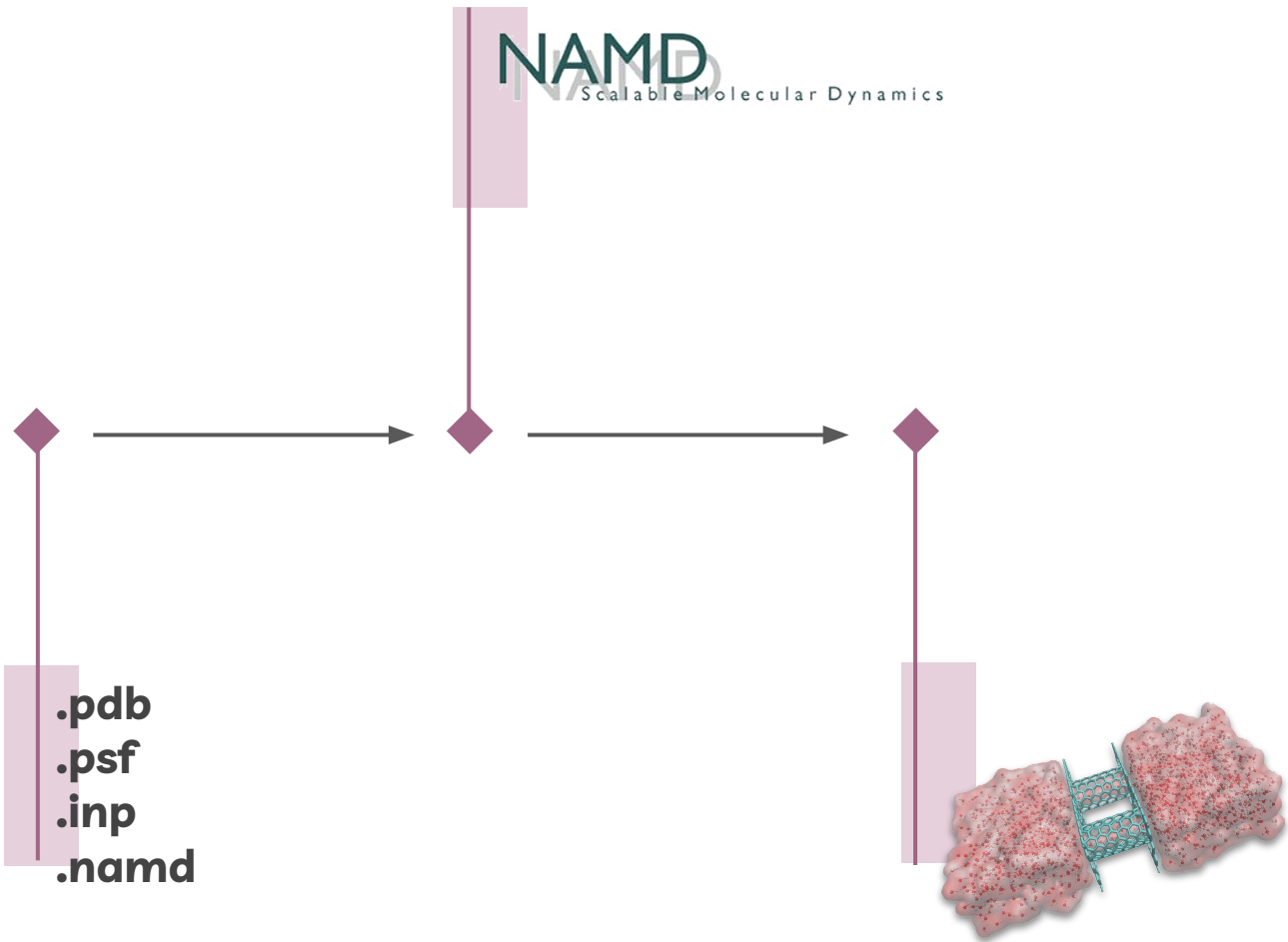


**COST COMPUTACIONAL
ASUMIBLE**



JUSTIFICACIÓ

PROCEDIMENT



PROCEDIMENT

.pdb

Coordenades

Noms àtoms i
segments

Beta factor i
occupancy


.psf

Massa i càrrega


Enllaços, angles i
dièdres

PROCEDIMENT

Carbon Nanostructure Builder

Help 

Topology Building Options:

Material: C-C 

Length of bond (nm): 0.1418

☒ Bonds ☒ Angles ☒ Dihedrals ☒ Improvers

Nanotube Building Options:

Nanotube chiral index n: 6

Nanotube chiral index m: 6

Nanotube length (nm): 1.4

Generate Nanotube

Graphene Sheet Building Options:

Edge length along x (nm): 1.5

Edge length along y (nm): 1.5

Number of layers: 1

Graphene edge type: ☒ Armchair ☐ Zigzag


Generate Sheet(s)


VMD TkConsole

```
loading history file ... 48 events added
buffer line limit: 512    max line length: unlimited
Main console display active (Tcl8.6.12 / Tk8.6.12)
(danibedmarromero) 49 % set final_presentation [atomselect
top "final_project"]]
```

Merge Structures


Molecule 1


PSF: graphene.psf 

PDB: graphene.psf 

Select loaded molecule

Molecule 2

PSF: cnt.pdb 

PDB: cnt.psf 


Select loaded molecule


Merged file (.pdb,.psf): system

Cancel Help Merge

Solvate


Input: ☒ Waterbox Only

PSF: 

PDB: 

☐ Rotate to minimize volume Rotation Increment (deg): 10

Selection for Rotation: all

Output: solvate 

Segment ID Prefix: WT

Boundary: 2.4

Box Size: ☐ Use Molecule Dimensions

Min: x: y: z:


Max: x: y: z:


Box Padding:


Min: x: 0 y: 0 z: 0


Max: x: 0 y: 0 z: 0


☐ Use nonstandard solvent

Solvent box PDB: 

Solvent box PSF: 

Solvent box topology: 

Solvent box side length: 

Solvent box key selection: 

Solvate

PROCEDIMENT

PROCEDIMENT

par_nanotubes.inp

```
* This is a reduced version of the CHARMM22 parameter file for
* a nanotube simulation in water
*
```

BONDS

```
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
```

```
!
!atom type Kb      b0
CA  CA    305.000   1.3750
```

ANGLES

```
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
```

```
!V(Urey-Bradley) = Kub(S - S0)**2
```

```
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0      Kub      S0
CA  CA  CA    40.000      120.00      35.00      2.41620
```

DIHEDRALS

```
!V(dihedral) = Kchi(1 + cos(n(chi) - delta))
```

```
!
!atom types      Kchi      n      delta
CA  CA  CA  CA    3.1000      2      180.00
```

```
NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel shift vatom vdistance vswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
CA    0.000000    -0.070000      1.992400
```

HBOND CUTHB 0.5

END

par_water.inp

```
TIP3P MODEL OF WATER
ForceField for simulation with NAMD
```

BONDS

```
!
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
```

```
!
!Kb: kcal/mole/A**2
!b0: A
```

```
!atom type Kb      b0
!
HT  HT      0.0      1.5139 ! from TIP3P geometry (for SHAKE w/PARAM)
HT  OT     450.0      0.9572 ! from TIP3P geometry
```

ANGLES

```
!
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
```

```
!
!Ktheta: kcal/mole/rad**2
!Theta0: degrees
```

```
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0
!
HT  OT  HT      55.0      104.52 ! FROM TIP3P GEOMETRY
```



```
NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel fshift vatom vdistance vfswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5
```

```
!TIP3P LJ parameters
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
HT      0.0      -0.046      0.2245
OT      0.0      -0.1521     1.7682
```

END

PROCEDIMENT

```


 par_nanotubes.inp
* This is a reduced version of the CHARMM22 parameter file for
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*

BONDS
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
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CA  CA  CA      40.000      120.00      35.00      2.41620



DIHEDRALS
!V(dihedral) = Kchi(1 + cos(n(chi) - delta))
!
!atom types      Kchi      n      delta
CA  CA  CA  CA      3.1000      2      180.00

NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel shift vatom vdistance vswitch -
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!
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CA      0.000000      -0.070000      1.992400

HBOND CUTHB 0.5

END
```

```


 par_water.inp
!
! TIP3P MODEL OF WATER
! ForceField for simulation with NAMD
!

BONDS
!
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!Kb: kcal/mole/A**2
!b0: A
!
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!
HT  HT      0.0      1.5139 ! from TIP3P geometry (for SHAKE w/PARAM)
HT  OT     450.0      0.9572 ! from TIP3P geometry

ANGLES
!
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!Theta0: degrees
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NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel fshift vatom vdistance vfswitch -
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!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
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OT      0.0      -0.1521      1.7682

END
```

PROCEDIMENT

```


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CA  CA  CA    40.000    120.00  35.00  2.41620



DIHEDRALS
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!
!atom types      Kchi    n    delta
CA  CA  CA  CA    3.1000  2    180.00

NONBONDED nbxmod  5 atom cdiel shift vatom vdistance vswitch -
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!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom  ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
CA      0.000000    -0.070000    1.992400

HBOND CUTHB 0.5

END
```

```


 par_water.inp
!
! TIP3P MODEL OF WATER
! ForceField for simulation with NAMD
!
BONDS
!
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!
!Kb: kcal/mole/A**2
!b0: A
!
!atom type Kb          b0
HT  HT      0.0          1.5139 ! from TIP3P geometry (for SHAKE w/PARAM)
HT  OT     450.0         0.9572 ! from TIP3P geometry

ANGLES
!
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!
!Ktheta: kcal/mole/rad**2
!Theta0: degrees
!
!atom types      Ktheta  Theta0
HT  OT  HT      55.0      104.52 ! FROM TIP3P GEOMETRY



NONBONDED nbxmod  5 atom cdiel fshift vatom vdistance vswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5

!TIP3P LJ parameters
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom  ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
HT      0.0          -0.046      0.2245
OT      0.0          -0.1521     1.7682

END
```

PROCEDIMENT

```


 par_nanotubes.inp
* This is a reduced version of the CHARMM22 parameter file for
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*

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!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
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ANGLES
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!V(Urey-Bradley) = Kub(S - S0)**2
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0      Kub      S0
CA  CA  CA      40.000      120.00      35.00      2.41620



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!V(dihedral) = Kchi(1 + cos(n(chi) - delta))
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!atom types      Kchi      n      delta
CA  CA  CA  CA      3.1000      2      180.00

NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel shift vatom vdistance vswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
CA      0.000000      -0.070000      1.992400

HBOND CUTHB 0.5

END
```

```


 par_water.inp
!
! TIP3P MODEL OF WATER
! ForceField for simulation with NAMD
!
BONDS
!
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!
!Kb: kcal/mole/A**2
!b0: A
!
!atom type Kb          b0
!
HT      HT      0.0      1.5139 ! from TIP3P geometry (for SHAKE w/PARAM)
HT      OT      450.0      0.9572 ! from TIP3P geometry

ANGLES
!
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!
!Ktheta: kcal/mole/rad**2
!Theta0: degrees
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0
!
HT      OT      HT      55.0      104.52 ! FROM TIP3P GEOMETRY

NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel fshift vatom vdistance vfswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5

!TIP3P LJ parameters
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
HT      0.0      -0.046      0.2245
OT      0.0      -0.1521      1.7682

END
```

PROCEDIMENT



par_nanotubes.inp

```
* This is a reduced version of the CHARMM22 parameter file for
* a nanotube simulation in water
*
```

BONDS

```
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!
!atom type Kb      b0
CA  CA    305.000   1.3750
```

ANGLES

```
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!V(Urey-Bradley) = Kub(S - S0)**2
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0      Kub      S0
CA  CA  CA    40.000      120.00      35.00      2.41620
```

DIHEDRALS

```
!V(dihedral) = Kchi(1 + cos(n(chi) - delta))
!
!atom types      Kchi      n      delta
CA  CA  CA  CA    3.1000      2      180.00
```

```
NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel shift vatom vdistance vswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
CA    0.000000     -0.070000     1.992400
```

HBOND CUTHB 0.5

END



par_water.inp

```
!
! TIP3P MODEL OF WATER
! ForceField for simulation with NAMD
!
BONDS
!
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!
!Kb: kcal/mole/A**2
!b0: A
!
!atom type Kb      b0
HT  HT      0.0      1.5139 ! from TIP3P geometry (for SHAKE w/PARAM)
HT  OT     450.0      0.9572 ! from TIP3P geometry
```

ANGLES

```
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!
!Ktheta: kcal/mole/rad**2
!Theta0: degrees
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0
HT  OT  HT      55.0      104.52 ! FROM TIP3P GEOMETRY
```



```
NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel fshift vatom vdistance vfswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5
```

```
!TIP3P LJ parameters
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
HT      0.0      -0.046      0.2245
OT      0.0      -0.1521     1.7682
```

END

PROCEDIMENT

```


 par_nanotubes.inp
* This is a reduced version of the CHARMM22 parameter file for
* a nanotube simulation in water
*

BONDS
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!
!atom type Kb          b0
CA  CA    305.000      1.3750

ANGLES
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!V(Urey-Bradley) = Kub(S - S0)**2
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0      Kub      S0
CA  CA  CA      40.000      120.00      35.00      2.41620



DIHEDRALS
!V(dihedral) = Kchi(1 + cos(n(chi) - delta))
!
!atom types      Kchi      n      delta
CA  CA  CA  CA      3.1000      2      180.00

NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel shift vatom vdistance vswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
CA      0.000000      -0.070000      1.992400

HBOND CUTHB 0.5
```

END

```


 par_water.inp
!
! TIP3P MODEL OF WATER
! ForceField for simulation with NAMD
!
BONDS
!
!V(bond) = Kb(b - b0)**2
!
!Kb: kcal/mole/A**2
!b0: A
!
!atom type Kb          b0
!
HT      HT      0.0      1.5139 ! from TIP3P geometry (for SHAKE w/PARAM)
HT      OT      450.0      0.9572 ! from TIP3P geometry

ANGLES
!
!V(angle) = Ktheta(Theta - Theta0)**2
!
!Ktheta: kcal/mole/rad**2
!Theta0: degrees
!
!atom types      Ktheta      Theta0
!
HT      OT      HT      55.0      104.52 ! FROM TIP3P GEOMETRY

NONBONDED nbxmod 5 atom cdiel fshift vatom vdistance vswitch -
cutnb 14.0 ctofnb 12.0 ctonnb 10.0 eps 1.0 e14fac 1.0 wmin 1.5

!TIP3P LJ parameters
!V(Lennard-Jones) = Eps,i,j[(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**12 - 2(Rmin,i,j/ri,j)**6]
!
!atom ignored      epsilon      Rmin/2
HT      0.0      -0.046      0.2245
OT      0.0      -0.1521      1.7682

END
```

PROCEDIMENT

Equilibration NpzT

- Sistema en equilibri
- 300 K
- 1 atm
- Carboni fixat

Non equilibrium NVT

- Pressió sobre el sistema
- 300 K
- Carboni fixat

PROCEDIMENT

```
tclForces                                on

tclForcesScript {
  set cellLengthZ 30.3962 ;
  set LowerBoundary -12.5
  set UpperBoundary 12.5
  set force {0 0 0.4}
  set watIdList {}
  for {set i 577} {$i<1320} {incr i 3} {
    lappend watIdList $i
    addatom $i
  }
  proc calcf forces {} {
    global cellLengthZ LowerBoundary UpperBoundary force watIdList
    loadcoords coorList
    foreach i $watIdList {
      set z [lindex $coorList($i) 2]
      set z [expr $z-round($z/$cellLengthZ)*$cellLengthZ] ;
      if {$z>$UpperBoundary || $z<$LowerBoundary} {
        addforce $i $force
      }
    }
  }
}
```


ANÀLISI

```
# This script counts the total net water flow through the
# nanutube layer in the trajectory

# Before running it, first load the dcd file in VMD, and make sure
# it's the "top" molecule.

# Specify the upper and lower boundaries of the nanotube layer
# data for practical J Faraudo
set upperEnd 6.754
set lowerEnd -6.754

#Added by J Faraudo
#Save data into file during calculations
set filename "flow.dat"
set fileId [open $filename "w"]

# The following function sets the status for each water molecule
# status 0: Inside the nanotube layer
# status 1: Above the nanotube layer
# status -1: Below the nanotube layer
proc set_status {} {
    global wat statusList upperEnd lowerEnd
    set statusList {}
    foreach z [$wat get z] {
        if {$z < $lowerEnd} {
            lappend statusList -1
        } elseif {$z > $upperEnd} {
            lappend statusList 1
        } else {
            lappend statusList 0
        }
    }
}
```

flow.t

```
set wat [atomselect top "name OH2"]
set numFrame [molinfo top get numframes]
set total 0

molinfo top set frame 0
set_status

# For every frame, the status of each water molecule is
# calculated, and compared with its status in the previous frame.
# If the status changes from 0 to +1 or vice versa, it means that
# this water molecule has crossed one of the boundaries of the
# nanotube layer. The variable "total" records the total number
# of such crossing events (for each event, either +1 or -1 is
# added to "total", according to the crossing direction). However,
# due to the periodic boundary condition, a change of the status
# from +1 to -1 or vice versa doesn't mean the water molecule has
# crossed the channel.

for {set fr 1} {$fr < $numFrame} {incr fr} {
    molinfo top set frame $fr
    set oldList $statusList
    set_status
    foreach oldSt $oldList newSt $statusList {
        if {$oldSt!=$newSt && $oldSt+$newSt!=0} {
            incr total [expr $newSt - $oldSt]
        }
    }
    set data "[expr $fr] [expr $total/2.0] \n"
    puts -nonewline $fileId $data
}

close $fileId

# The net flow is taken as the average of the numbers of the
# crossing events for the two boundaries, i.e., one half of "total"

if {$total > 0} {
    puts "The net flow is [expr $total/2.0] water molecules along +z"
} elseif {$total < 0} {
    puts "The net flow is [expr -$total/2.0] water molecules along -z"
} else {
    puts "The net flow is 0"
}

puts "Time evolution saved in a .dat file (J Faraudo)"
```

ANÀLISI

```
# This script identifies water molecules that permeate through the
# nanotube layer
```

```
# Before running it, first load the dcd file in VMD, and make sure
# it's the "top" molecule.
# data for practical J Faraudo
set upperEnd 6.754
set lowerEnd -6.754
```

```
# Start counting permeation events after this number of frames
#set skipFrame 500
#no skip (modified J Faraudo)
set skipFrame 0
```

```
#Added by J Faraudo
#Save data into file during calculations
set filename "permeation.dat"
set fileId [open $filename "w"]
set data "# frame +z -z \n"
puts -nonewline $fileId $data
```

```
puts "Computing permeation events... (please wait)"
```

```
set wat [atomselect top "name OH2"]
set segList [$wat get segname]
set ridList [$wat get resid]
set labellist {}
foreach foo $segList {
  lappend labellist 0
}
```

```
set num1 0
set num2 0
set numFrame [molinfo top get numframes]
```

```
# Each water molecule has a label, which has 5 possible values
# 2: Above the nanotube layer
# -2: Below the nanotube layer
# 1: Inside the nanotube layer, entering from upper surface
# -1: Inside the nanotube layer, entering from lower surface
# 0: Inside the nanotube layer from the beginning
```

```
# For every frame, the label of each water molecule is
# determined, and compared with its label in the previous frame.
# If the new label is +2 (or -2), while the old label is -1 (or +1),
# it means the water molecule has traversed the nanotube, thus a
# permeation event is reported and counted. If a water molecule
# is inside the nanotube layer in the current frame, its label
# will be determined by its old label.
```

```
for {set fr 0} {$fr < $numFrame} {incr fr} {
  molinfo top set frame $fr
  set oldLab $labellist
  set labellist {}
  foreach z [$wat get z] oldLab $oldLab segname $segList resid $ridList {
    if {$z > $upperEnd} {
      set newLab 2
      if {$oldLab == -1} {
        puts "$segname:$resid permeated through the nanotubes along +z direction at frame $fr"
        if {$fr >= $skipFrame} {
          incr num1
        }
      }
    } elseif {$z < $lowerEnd} {
      set newLab -2
      if {$oldLab == 1} {
        puts "$segname:$resid permeated through the nanotubes along -z direction at frame $fr"
        if {$fr >= $skipFrame} {
          incr num2
        }
      } elseif {abs($oldLab) > 1} {
        set newLab [expr $oldLab / 2]
      } else {
        set newLab $oldLab
      }
      lappend labellist $newLab
    }
  }
}
```

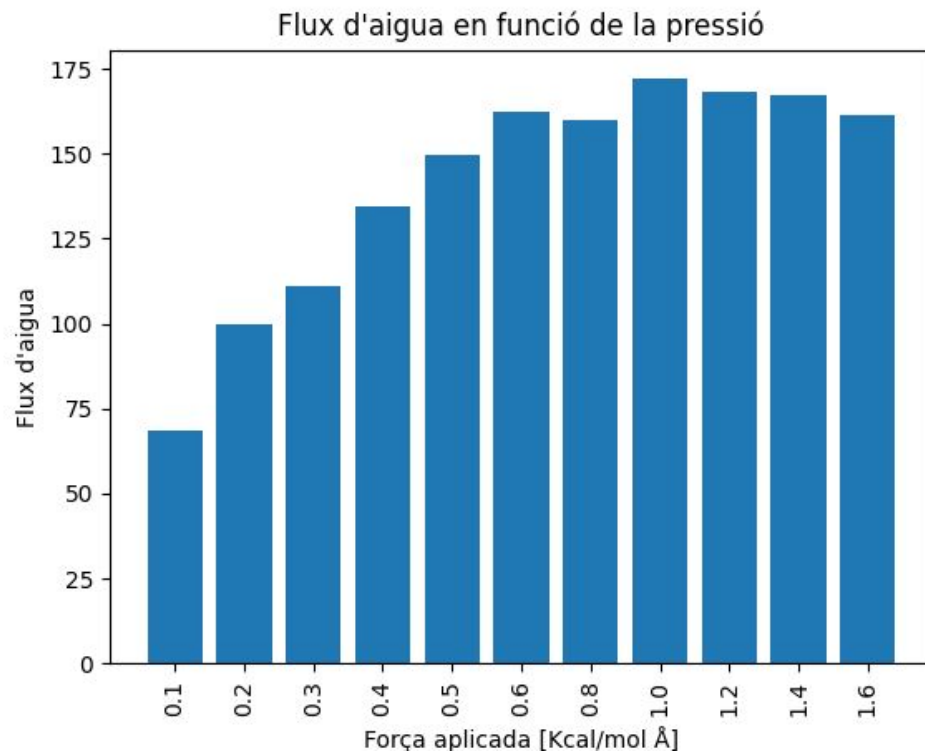
```
#added by J Faraudo: save data
set data "[expr $fr] [expr $num1] [expr $num2] \n"
puts -nonewline $fileId $data
}
```

```
close $fileId
```

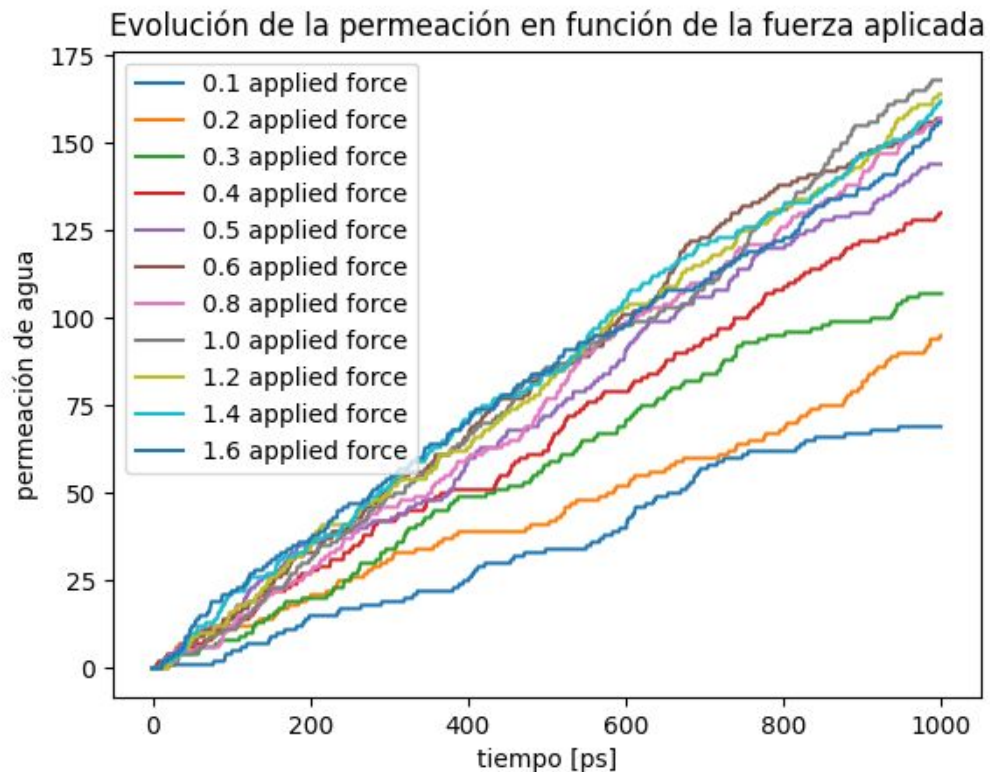
```
puts ""
set nf [expr $numFrame-$skipFrame]
if {$nf >= 0} {
  puts "The total number of permeation events during $nf frames in +z direction is: $num1"
  puts "The total number of permeation events during $nf frames in -z direction is: $num2"
} else {
  puts "The specified first frame ($skipFrame) is larger than the total number of frames ($numFrame)"
}
puts "Time evolution saved in a .dat file (J Faraudo)"
```

permeation.tcl

RESULTATS



RESULTATS



CONCLUSIONS

Saturació a 10,4 GPa

Velocitat màxima de $8,15 \cdot 10^{10}$ molec/seg

12,5 litres/min si omplim una aixeta de CNTs