4) tjenforde Bock Proposition complète a mono $(N_{1}F) \qquad (N_{1}d_{1}) \qquad (N_{1}d_{1}) \qquad (N_{1}d_{2}) \qquad (N_{1}d_$ $N_{(s)} = P_{(1)} N_{(s)} + P_{(s)}$ $u_{(i)} = \times V_{(i)} + P_{(i)}$ $u^{(3)} = h^{(2)} U + C$ h" = tanh (u") $h^{(z)} = sig(u^{(z)})$ $\hat{y} = sig(u^{(s)})$ ervor $(\hat{y}^{(i)}, y^{(i)}) = -(y^{(i)} lor(\hat{y}^{(i)}) + (1-y^{(i)}) lor(1-\hat{y}^{(i)}))$ L= 1 Dervor (go, yo) H(Pyo, Pgo) Interludio: Com Entropy. Dadar der dirthihaciónes de probabilidad P, Q rohe un domino finito D la entropia amajo de entre Py Q (en en orden) ento de de por - I P(v) by (Q(v)) = ideo: cuentre lite "dendots distribujen como Q anondo efectivemente distribuju como P En too, informe ción le entropió de juno (novieble che torie con) distribución de probabilidad P ne col cube como $\Rightarrow \sum_{v \in D} P(v) \underline{I(v)} = \sum_{v \in D} P(v) L_{q}\left(\frac{1}{P(v)}\right) = -\sum_{v \in D} P(v) L_{q}\left(P(v)\right)$ infrincisi que entigo Parmedir de la obrava un volor al ogen de la distribución. => - I P(v) by (Q(v)) porme dir de la información obtenida al Armon enetro al agar magni Pin mjongs (enouvemente) que los volores distribujen región Q - Cartided portudis de late por evento que u manitéer (como minimo) pose codificar uno frunts di dotor regin P. => - I P(v) Ly (Q(r)) er une medide de la contridad de litre que u desperdicion vi re repose (enoncomente) que los do tos distribujes regus Q

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Volvinds a menter gjempte: menor entropia engeda cons mor (por code gje, - un pronge nor gne sale mor gne de un prente de la la red de cobr 0,89 - intopis ange de entre el sobremping de predicción es $-1 \cdot lg(0.89) = 0,117$ ¿y ni mentie med notige el sebr 0,32? $-1 L_{3}(0.32) = 1,139$ - in prongens que note ure gene le respente de le red de me 0 (y=0) y mentre ned entrege el sobre 0,89 $-1 \cdot \log (1-0.89) = 2,207$ (9 mi utize el sebr 0,32? - 1. log (1-0,32) = 0,386 -- enor En gennel, ni y n lor gur en personor ver (y=0+1) y le predicción de le red en ŷ (ŷ nté entre 0,1) $\operatorname{covor}(\hat{y}, y) = \begin{cases} -\log(\hat{y}) & \text{if } y = 1 \\ -\log(1-\hat{y}) & \text{if } y = 0 \end{cases}$ enor $(\hat{y}, y) = -(y | y(\hat{y}) + (1-y) | y(1-\hat{y}))$ $P_{\text{emp}}(y=1) P_{\text{emp}}(y=0)$ $P_{\text{NN}}(y=1) P_{\text{NN}}(y=0)$

mente función de enor en la mtopie emzede entre la distribución de protetitidad "emprisica"; y le generade por le red (para cada ejimplo)

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \hat{y}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (y_i \log(\hat{y}_i) + (1-y_i) \log(1-\hat{y}_i)) \quad \hat{y}_i = \hat{y}^{(i)}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \hat{y}} = -1 (y_i + (1-y_i) - 1) - 1 ((1-y_i) - y_i)$$

with

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} = \frac{-1}{N} \left(\frac{y_{i}}{\hat{y}_{i}} + \frac{(1-y_{i})}{(1-\hat{y}_{i})} \cdot -1 \right) = \frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{(1-y_{i})}{(1-\hat{y}_{i})} - \frac{y_{i}}{\hat{y}_{i}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial u^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}_i}{\partial u^{(i)}} = \frac{\hat{y}_i}{\hat{y}_i} = \frac{\hat{y}_i}{\hat{y}$$

$$=0 \text{ n' } j \neq i \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial u^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \hat{y}_{i}} = \frac{\partial \hat{\mathcal{L}}}{\partial \hat{u}^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial \hat{\mathcal{L}}}{\partial u^{(3)}} =$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y_i}}{\partial u^{(3)}_{i}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y_i}(u^{(3)}_{i})}{\partial u^{(3)}_{i}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y_i}(u^{(3)}_{i})}{\partial u^{(3)}_{i}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y_i}(u^{(3)}_{i})}{\hat{y_i}} \frac{(1 - \hat{y_i})}{(1 - \hat{y_i})}$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial u^{(3)}} = \frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{(1-\hat{y_i})}{(1-\hat{y_i})} - \frac{\hat{y_i}}{\hat{y_i}} \right) \cdot \hat{y_i} (1-\hat{y_i})$$

=
$$\frac{1}{N}$$
 ((1-yi) \hat{g} : - yi(1- \hat{g} :)) = $\frac{1}{N}$ (\hat{y} : - yi)

$$\frac{\partial xy(n)}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial 1 + e^{-u}}{\partial u}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{(1 + e^{-u})^2} \cdot \frac{e^{-u} \cdot -1}{(1 + e^{-u})}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-u}}{(1 + e^{-u})} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-u})}$$

$$= \frac{1 + e^{-u} - 1}{(1 + e^{-u})} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-u})}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-u}}}{(1 - x_0(u))} \cdot \frac{1}{x_0(u)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{(1-y_i)\hat{y}_i}{\hat{y}_i} - y_i \left(1 - \hat{y}_i \right) \right) = \frac{1}{N} \left(\hat{y}_i - y_i \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{J}}{\partial u^{(2)}} = \frac{1}{N}(\hat{y} - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{J}}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{N}(\hat{y} - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U^{(2)}} = \frac{1}{N}(\hat{y} - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U_{i}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U_{i}^{(2)}}, \quad \frac{\partial U_{i}^{(2)}}{\partial U_{i}} = \frac{\partial U_{i}^{(2)}}{\partial U_{i}}, \quad \frac{\partial U_{i}^{(2)}}{\partial U_{i}} = \frac{\partial U_{i}^{(2)}}{\partial U_{i$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U_i} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U_i^2} \cdot h_{ji}^2 \implies \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial U_i^2} \cdot h_{(2)}^{(2)}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial u^{(3)}}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{1}{1} = sum\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(2)}}\right) \implies \frac{\partial f}{\partial c} = sum\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(2)}}\right) \\ = \frac{\partial f}{\partial c} = sum\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(2)}}\right) + consider the dimension of the sum of the sum$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial h^{(i)}}{\partial h^{(i)}} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{\partial h^{(i)}} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{X}}{$$

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4) Equiples Back Rago (calculation)

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial b^{(i)}} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial f}{\partial b^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial a^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(i)}}{\partial b^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(i)}}{\partial b^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(i)}}{\partial a^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(i)}}{\partial a^{(i)}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial a^{(i)}} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial a^{(i)}} = \frac{$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} = \frac{1}{N} (\hat{g} - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} \cdot h^{(2)} \qquad \frac{\partial f}{\partial c} = som \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}}\right) \qquad \frac{\partial f}{\partial h^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} \otimes U$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} + h^{(2)} + (1 - h^{(3)})$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} = (h^{(1)})^{T} \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} \qquad \frac{\partial f}{\partial h^{(3)}} = som_{A} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}}\right) \qquad \frac{\partial f}{\partial h^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} \cdot (W^{(2)})^{T}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial h^{(3)}} + (1 - h^{(1)} + h^{(1)})$$

 $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathcal{L}^{(1)}} = \chi^{\top} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathcal{L}^{(1)}} \qquad \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathcal{L}^{(1)}} = zum_1 \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathcal{L}^{(1)}} \right)$

Se pur den colonder eficientemente remondo rend todos interme dire y los volores yo colondo dos en la pare de Formard!

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