Helen's Abduction

Paris has entered Sparta and he has to fight in order to abduct the wife of Menelaus, Helen.

After Paris got into Sparta, he has to fight his way to Helen's chamber. In order to do that, he has to walk through the city where dangerous enemies are watching out for threats, but he also has to be careful not to get exhausted and not be able to proceed with his mission. If Paris successfully reaches to her chamber, they safely escape from the Spartans.

A standard field of Sparta looks like this:

Field of Sparta	Legend
H	P → Paris, the player character
S S	S→ Spartan, enemy
	H → Helen
P	- → Empty space

Each turn proceeds as follows:

- **First**, Spartan **spawns** on the given indices.
- Then, Paris moves in a direction, which decreases his energy by 1.
 - It can be "up", "down", "left", "right"
 - If Paris tries to move outside of the field, he doesn't move but still has his energy decreased.
- If an enemy is on the same cell where Paris moves, Paris fights him, which decreases his energy by 2. If Paris' energy **drops** at 0 or below, he **dies** and you should mark his position with 'X'.
- If Paris kills the enemy successfully, the enemy disappears.
- If Paris reaches the index where Helen is, they both run away (disappear from the field), even if his energy is 0 or below.

Input

- On the **first line** of input, you will receive **e the energy** Paris has.
- On the **second line** of input, you will receive **n** the **number of rows** the field of Sparta will consist of. Range: [5-20]
- On the next **n lines**, you will receive how each row looks.
- Then, until Paris dies, or reaches Helen, you will receive a move command and spawn row and column.

Output

- If Paris is runs out of energy, print "Paris died at {row}; {col}."
- If Helen is abducted, print "Paris has successfully abducted Helen! Energy left: {energy}"
- Then, in all cases, **print** the **final state of the field** on the **console**.

Constraints

- The field will always be rectangular.
- Paris will always run out of energy or reach Helen.
- There will be **no case** with spawn on **invalid** indices.

















- There will be no case with two enemies on the same cell.
- There will be **no case** with enemy **spawning** on the indices **where Paris is**.
- There will be no case with enemy spawning on the indices where Helen is.

Examples

Input	Output	Comments
100	Paris has	Turn 1: An enemy spawns at [3;0], Paris moves to [3;2], his energy
5	successfully	decreases by 1.
H	abducted Helen!	Turn 2: An enemy spawns at [3;1], Paris moves to [2;2], his energy
	Energy left: 96	decreases by 1.
		Turn 3: An enemy spawns at [3;2], Paris moves to [1;2], his energy
		decreases by 1.
P		Turn 4: An enemy spawns at [3;3], Paris moves to [0;2], his energy
up 3 0	SSSS-	decreases by 1, but he also moves to the index where Helen is –
up 3 1		they both run away.
up 3 2		,
up 3 3		
3	Paris died at 3;2.	Turn 1: An enemy spawns at [3;2], Paris moves to [3;2], his energy
5	H	decreases by 1 and fights the enemy at that index. Paris' energy is
H		decreased by 2, dropping it to 0 or below => Paris dies .
	X	
P		
up 3 2		
3	Paris died at 3;1.	Turn 1: An enemy spawns at [1;0], Paris moves to [4;1], his energy
5	H	decreases by 1.
H	S	Turn 2: An enemy spawns at [2;0], Paris tries to move down, but
	S	[5;1] is an invalid index , so he stays at [4;1]. His energy still
	SX	decreases.
		Turn 3: An enemy spawns at [3;0], Paris moves to [3;1], his energy
P		drops to 0 and he cannot continue his mission.
left 1 0		
down 2 0		
up 3 0		

















