Exercises: Inheritance

Problems for exercises and homework for the "C# OOP" course @ SoftUni".

Use the **provided skeleton** for each of the exercises.

Problem 1. Person

You are asked to model an application for storing data about people. You should be able to have a person and a child. The child derives from the person. Your task is to model the application. The only constraints are:

- People should not be able to have a negative age
- Children should **not** be able to have an age **more than 15**.
- **Person** represents the base class by which all of the others are implemented
- Child represents a class, which derives from Person.

Note

Your class's names **MUST** be the same as the names shown above!!!

```
Sample Main()
static void Main()
{
    string name = Console.ReadLine();
    int age = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
    Child child = new Child(name, age);
    Console.WriteLine(child);
```

Create a new empty class and name it **Person**. Set its access modifier to **public** so it can be instantiated from any project. Every person has a name, and an age.

```
Sample Code
public class Person
{
   // 1. Add Fields
   // 2. Add Constructor
   // 3. Add Properties
   // 4. Add Methods
```

- Define a field for each property the class should have (e.g. Name, Age)
- Define the **Name** and **Age** properties of a Person.



















Step 1 - Define a Constructor

Define a constructor that accepts name and age.

```
Sample Code
public Person(string name, int age)
{
    this.Name = name;
    this.Age = age;
}
```

Step 2 - Override ToString()

As you probably already know, all classes in C# inherit the **Object** class and therefore have all its **public** members (ToString(), Equals() and GetHashCode() methods). ToString() serves to return information about an instance as string. Let's override (change) its behavior for our Person class.

```
Sample Code
public override string ToString()
{
    StringBuilder stringBuilder = new StringBuilder();
    stringBuilder.Append(String.Format("Name: {0}, Age: {1}",
                         this.Name,
                         this.Age));
    return stringBuilder.ToString();
```

And voila! If everything is correct, we can now create Person objects and display information about them.

Step 3 – Create a Child

Create a Child class that inherits Person and has the same constructor definition. However, do not copy the code from the Person class - reuse the Person class' constructor.

```
Sample Code
public Child(string name, int age)
    : base(name, age)
{
```

There is **no need** to rewrite the **Name** and **Age** properties since **Child** inherits **Person** and by default has them.

Examples

Input	Output
Pesho 12	Name: Pesho, Age: 13













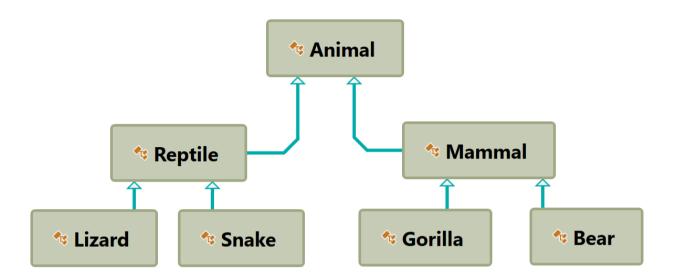




Problem 2. Zoo

NOTE: You need a public class StartUp.

Create a project **Zoo**. It needs to contain the following classes:



Follow the diagram and create all of the classes. **Each** of them, except the **Animal** class, should **inherit** from **another class**. Every class should have:

- A constructor, which accepts one parameter: **name**.
- Property Name string.

Zip your solution without the bin and obj folders and upload it in Judge.

Problem 3. Players and Monsters

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**.

Your task is to create the following game hierarchy:









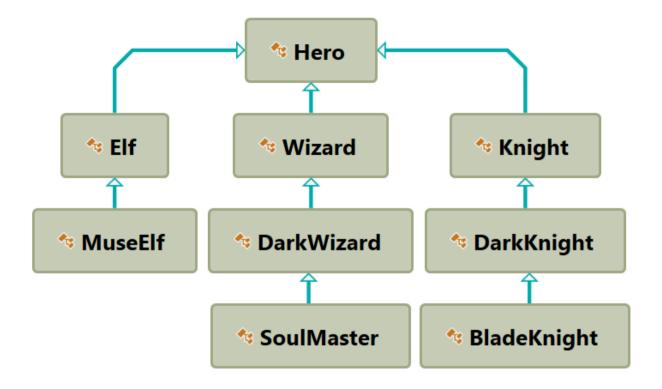












Create a class Hero. It should contain the following members:

- A constructor, which accepts:
 - o username string
 - level int
- The following properties:
 - Username string
 - Level int
- ToString() method

Hint: Override **ToString()** of the base class in the following way:

```
public override string ToString()
{
    return $"Type: {this.GetType().Name} Username: {this.Username} Level: {this.Level}";
}
```











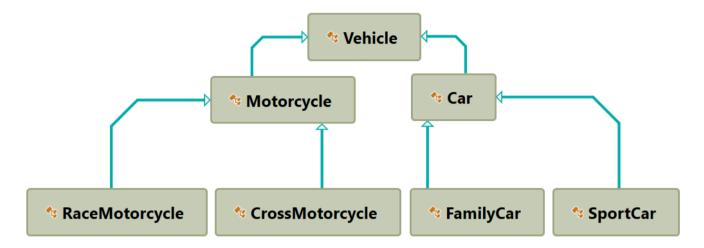






Problem 4. Need for Speed

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**. Create the following **hierarchy** with the following **classes**:



Create a base class **Vehicle**. It should contain the following members:

- A constructor that accepts the following parameters: int horsePower, double fuel
- DefaultFuelConsumption double
- FuelConsumption virtual double
- Fuel double
- HorsePower int
- virtual void Drive(double kilometers)
 - The **Drive** method should have a functionality to reduce the **Fuel** based on the travelled kilometers.

The default fuel consumption for **Vehicle** is **1.25**. Some of the classes have different default fuel consumption values:

- SportCar DefaultFuelConsumption = 10
- RaceMotorcycle DefaultFuelConsumption = 8
- Car DefaultFuelConsumption = 3

Zip your solution without the bin and obj folders and upload it in Judge.

Problem 5. Restaurant

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**. Create a **Restaurant** project with the following classes and hierarchy:

There are **Food** and **Beverages** in the restaurant and they are all products.

The **Product** class must have the following members:

- A constructor with the following parameters: **string name**, **decimal price**
- Name string
- Price decimal

Beverage and Food classes are products.

The **Beverage** class must have the following members:

















- A constructor with the following parameters: string name, decimal price, double milliliters
 - Reuse the constructor of the inherited class
- Name string
- Price double
- Milliliters double

HotBeverage and ColdBeverage are beverages and they accept the following parameters upon initialization: string name, decimal price, double milliliters. Reuse the constructor of the inherited class.

Coffee and Tea are hot beverages. The Coffee class must have the following additional members:

- double CoffeeMilliliters = 50
- decimal CoffeePrice = 3.50
- Caffeine double

The **Food** class must have the following members:

- A constructor with the following parameters: string name, decimal price, double grams
- Name string
- Price decimal
- Grams double

MainDish, Dessert and Starter are food. They all accept the following parameters upon initialization: string name, decimal price, double grams. Reuse the base class constructor.

Dessert must accept **one more** parameter in its **constructor**: **double calories**, and has a property:

Calories

Make Fish, Soup and Cake inherit the proper classes.

The **Cake** class must have the following default values:

- Grams = 250
- Calories = 1000
- CakePrice = 5

A **Fish** must have the following default values:

• Grams = 22

Zip your solution without the bin and obj folders and upload it in Judge.

Problem 6. Animals

NOTE: You need a public class **StartUp**.

Create a hierarchy of Animals. Your program should have three different animals - Dog, Frog and Cat. Deeper in the hierarchy you should have two additional classes - Kitten and Tomcat. Kittens are female and Tomcats are male. All types of animals should be able to produce some kind of sound - **ProduceSound()**. For example, the dog should be able to bark. Your task is to model the hierarchy and test its functionality. Create an animal of each kind and make them all produce sound.

You will be given some lines of input. Each two lines will represent an animal. On the first line will be the type of animal and on the second - the name, the age and the gender. When the command "Beast!" is given, stop the input and print all the animals in the format shown below.

















Output

- Print the information for each animal on three lines. On the first line, print: "{AnimalType}"
- On the second line print: "{Name} {Age} {Gender}"
- On the third line print the sounds it produces: "{ProduceSound()}"

Constraints

- Each Animal should have a name, an age and a gender
- All input values should not be blank (e.g. name, age and so on...)
- If you receive an input for the **gender** of a **Tomcat** or a **Kitten**, ignore it but **create** the animal
- If the input is invalid for one of the properties, throw an exception with message: "Invalid input!"
- Each animal should have the functionality to **ProduceSound()**
- Here is the type of sound each animal should produce:

o Dog: "Woof!" ○ Cat: "Meow meow" o Frog: "Ribbit" ○ Kittens: "Meow" ○ Tomcat: "MEOW"

Examples

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Input	Output
Cat	Cat
Tom 12 Male	Tom 12 Male
Dog	Meow meow
Sharo 132 Male	Dog
Beast!	Sharo 132 Male
	Woof!
Frog	Frog
Kermit 12 Male	Kermit 12 Male
Beast!	Ribbit
Frog	Invalid input!
Sashko -2 Male	Frog
Frog	Sashko 2 Male
Sashko 2 Male	Ribbit
Beast!	

















