# **SOFE3950U: Operating Systems**

# Lab 2 - A Simple Shell

The Shell or Command Line Interpreter is the fundamental User interface to an Operating System. Your first project is to write a simple shell (**myshell**) that has the following features:

- 1. The shell must support the following internal commands:
  - i. cd <directory> change the current default directory to <directory>. If the <directory> argument is not present, then report the current directory.
    - If the **directory** does not exist, then an appropriate error should be reported.
    - This command should also change the PWD environment variable.
  - ii. clr clear the screen.
  - iii. dir <directory> list the contents of directory <directory>
  - iv. **environ** list all the environment strings
  - v. **echo <comment>** display **<comment>** on the display followed by a new line (multiple spaces/tabs may be reduced to a single space)
  - vi. help display the user manual using the more filter
  - vii. pause pause operation of the shell until 'Enter' is pressed
  - viii. quit quit the shell
  - ix. The shell environment should contain shell=<pathname>/myshell where <pathname>/myshell is the full path for the shell executable (not a hardwired path back to your directory, but the one from which it was executed)
    - 1. When your shell starts, it should figure out its own executable path and set this path as the value of the shell environment variable.
- 2. All other command line input is interpreted as program invocation which should be done by the shell **forking** and **exec**ing the programs as its own child processes. The programs should be executed with an environment that contains the entry: **parent=<pathname>/myshell** where **<pathname>/myshell** is as described in '1.ix.' above.
  - i. After reading a command and determining it's not an internal command, your shell should use **fork** to create a child process.
  - ii. Before using **exec** to run the command, set the parent environment variable in the child process. This can be done using the **seteny** function.
  - iii. Your shell (the parent process) should wait for the child process to finish executing before taking more user input. This is done using the wait() or waitpid() functions.
- 3. The shell must be able to take its command line input from a file. i.e. if the shell is invoked with a command line argument (modifying the shell program so that it can read and execute commands from a file, in addition to taking commands

# from standard input (like the keyboard). This feature is commonly referred to as batch mode or script mode in many shells.): myshell batchfile

i. then **batchfile** is assumed to contain a set of command lines for the shell to process. When the end-of-file is reached, the shell should exit. Obviously, if the shell is invoked without a command line argument it solicits input from the user via a prompt on the display.

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# **Project Requirements**

- 1. Design a simple command line shell that satisfies the above criteria and implement it on the specified UNIX platform.
- 2. Write a simple manual describing how to use the shell. The manual should contain enough detail for a beginner to UNIX to use it. For example, you should explain the concepts of i/o redirection, the program environment, and background program execution. The manual MUST be named **readme** and must be a simple text document capable of being read by a standard Text Editor.
- 3. The source code **MUST** be extensively commented and appropriately structured to allow your peers to understand and easily maintain the code. Properly commented and laid out code is much easier to interpret and it is in your interests to ensure that the person marking your project is able to understand your coding without having to perform mental gymnastics!
- 4. The submission should contain only source code file(s), include file(s), a makefile (all lower case please), and the readme file (all lower case please). No executable program should be included. The marker will be automatically rebuilding your shell program from the source code provided. If the submitted code does not compile it can not be marked!
- 5. The makefile (all lower case please) MUST generate the binary file myshell (all lower case please). A sample makefile would be:

```
# Joe Citizen, 1234567 - Operating Systems - Lab2 myshell: myshell.c utility.c myshell.h gcc -Wall myshell.c utility.c -o myshell
```

The program **myshell** is then generated by just typing **make** at the command line prompt.

Note: the fourth line in the above **makefile MUST** begin with a tab

6. In the instance shown above, the files in the submitted directory would be:

makefile myshell.c utility.c myshell.h readme

#### **Submission**

A makefile is required. All files in your submission will be copied to the same directory, therefore do not include any paths in your makefile. The makefile should include all dependencies that build your program. If a library is included, your makefile should also build the library.

To make this clear: *do not hand in any binary or object code files*. All that is required are myshell.c, utility.c, myshell.h, makefile and readme file. Test your project by copying the source code only into an empty directory and then compile it by entering the command make.

We shall be using a shell script that copies your files to a test directory, deletes any pre-existing myshell, \*.a, and/or \*.o files, performs a make, copies a set of test files to the test directory, and then exercises your shell with a standard set of test scripts through stdin and command line arguments. If this sequence fails due to wrong names, wrong case for names, wrong version of source code that fails to compile, non-existence of files etc then the marking sequence will also stop. In this instance, the only marks that can be awarded will be for the tests completed at that point and the source code and manual.

### **Required Documentation**

Firstly, your source code will be assessed and marked as well as the **readme** manual. Commenting is definitely required in your source code. The user manual can be presented in a format of your choice (within the limitations of being displayable by a simple Text Editor). Again, the manual should contain enough detail for a beginner to UNIX to use the shell. For example, you should explain the concepts of i/o redirection, the program environment and background execution. The manual **MUST** be named **readme** (all lower case please, **NO** .txt extension).

Note: Your name, student number, and work group must appear in ALL submitted files.

Marking Criteria (100 marks total):



- Submission of required files only, with name, student number etc on all submitted files (2.5 marks)
- Warning free compilation and linking of executable with proper name (2.5 marks)
- Support for both keyboard and batchfile inputs (15 marks)
- Performance of internal commands and aliases (15 marks)
- External command functionality (15 marks)

- Readability, suitability & maintainability of source code and makefile (20 marks)
- Writing a complete user manual (readme) (15 marks)
  - Description of operation and commands [1st feature] (5 marks)
  - Description of handling program invocation [2nd feature] (5 marks)
  - o Description of file-based command execution [3rd feature] (5 marks)

Ensure that you address all the points specified in this project documentation.