

# WOLDIA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

# Project Documentation on Web Based Human Resource Management System for Woldia University

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# Project documentation submitted in partial fulfillment for the bachelor Degree in Computer Science

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A Project Documentation On:

Web Based Human Resource Management System for Woldia University

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#### **Abstract**

This proposed system is designed for WLDU human resource office to facilitate the current manual system. In this proposed system we used different data gathering methodology like interview, observation, discussion and documents since they helps us a lot to know the existing system work flow. We used object oriented approach in system analysis and design methodology part since it is power full than the other approach like from the structural and procedural. Our system development model is incremental model the reason that is why we select this model is since it allows us to go forward and backward when we get a customer feedback even if we do not complete implementing the system. To develop this system we are using different hardware and software. This system will develop using PHP programming language. This proposed system is also technically, economically, operationally feasible. In the modeling part we are using UML diagrams to analysis the system. After all when this proposed system is developed and deployed it will solve many problems of the existing manual system.

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#### Acronyms and abbreviations

Appr - Approve

Admin – Administrator

BR – Breaking rule

BSc – Bachelor degree

CD – Compact disc

CSS – Cascading style sheet

Dept – Department

ER – Entity relational

ERM – Entity relational model

ERD – Entity relational diagram

Emp – Employee

HRM – Human resource management

HRMS – Human resource management system

HR – Human resource

HTTP –Hypertext transfer protocol

HTML – Hypertext markup language

IT – Information technology

ID – Identifier

JS – Java script

MSc - Master degree

OS – Operating system

PHP – Hypertext preprocessor

SQL – Structured query language

SRS – Software requirement specification

WLDU – Woldia University

UML – Unified modeling language

UC – Use case

WWW - World Wide Web

XAMP - Cross platform apache MySQL and Php

#### CHAPTER ONE

#### INTRODUCTION

#### 1. Introduction

Human resource management system is the system that is used to manage human resources and its information available in the organization. Woldia university human resource office handles employee's information who works in the university. The employee who works in the Woldia University is divided in to two categories the administrative workers and the teachers.

Even if now a day's most business process are becomes automated but woldia university human resource office still use the manual system and it suffers for many problems like lack of security, shortage distribution of information, time consuming to do any activities, difficulties in managing employee's profile and improper use of resources. So, we are developing this web based system to minimize the above problem. When we develop this system we will try to use the latest software technologies like XAMP, well known tool like HTML5, Php, a well-known CSS framework namely bootstrap, a well-known JavaScript frame work namely jQuery and in designing we will use UML diagrams.

Finally this proposed system will increase the efficiency of employee's who works in the woldia university human resource office, reduce the complexity of tasks, keep the file or the data secured, provide fast and quality report and it provide fast service to the customer.

#### 1.1 Background of Woldia University

Woldia University was established through the council of ministers regulation no 223/2011 issued on May 26, 2004. Currently, the total area of the university is 196 hectares of land. Woldia University has two campuses, namely, the main campus called Woldia University and the other one is Mersa campus of agriculture. It is 30 kms far from the main campus. The first batch of students, numbering 599, has been admitted to the university on Dec 10/2004 in fabulous reception ceremony involving invited guests city residents, representatives of different zone & Woreda administrative offices and university's community. Students have been placed in to four faculties and 12 departments. In its second year of operation, the university admitted over 1457 new students. The number of faculties grew in to six; the two newly added being the faculty of agriculture and pedagogical and behavioral science faculty. Likewise, the number of departments doubled in to 24. Currently, the university has a student population of over 4300. The university is anticipated to contain a student population of 11,000 over a period of five years. More than 150 blocks are planned to be erected in different phases within the specified period. As the number of students and academic branch is increasing the employees who work in the university like teachers and administrative workers is also increase so, to manage those employees the work load of Woldia University human resource management office is become strongly hard that is why we are developing this web based system for the office.

#### 1.2 Motivation

Even if this project title is selected by the department, but we are very interested after we observe the working environment. Since their working processes are not match with the current technologies. All their works are done manually and they have no databases, they simply store their files in big lockers. Surprisingly the locker that they used to stores different files occupies much space, since they store many paper files. Assume if in this way, they continues to stores their file, they may have to change their offices since the documents need additional space. And there are many other difficulties like, it is not safe for documents security; also it is not good for customer's satisfaction and the like. And also the other motivation for us is to fulfill our bachelor degree. So, we are very happy to solve these and other problems.

#### 1.3 Statement of the problem

Now, woldia university human resource management office provides several activities. It performs register new employee, performing leave application for the employees, performing placement and procurement, post announcement. Since those activities are performed manually there is some problem or challenges.

Some challenges regarding to the current systems are:-

- **Time consuming**: it takes time to register employees profile, to perform leave employees process, to generate reports, and for other operation.
- Shortage distribution of information: information's like announcement may be not reach in to customers at the right time.
- Lack of accuracy and security:- the current manual system leads to different mistakes and also it is not secured due to the files are stored in paper for instance if there is accident like fire or thief the full data may be lost.
- **Difficult to manage employee information**: it is difficult to register, search, update, employee's information.
- **Problem of work efficiency**: The current manual system is not efficient due to many reasons like the customer may not be satisfied because of paper based system. It may take much amount of time to serve customer's

- Improper use of resources:- this manual system takes many resources like paper, pen, human power, and many other resources will be improperly consumed
- **Difficulties in record management:** Registration is difficult in the current manual system means that it takes time and other resources like paper, pen.

# 1.4 Objective

#### 1.4.1 General objectives

The general objective of this project is to develop web based human resource management system for Woldia University.

#### 1.4.2 Specific objectives

The specific objectives of our project are-

- To collect requirements.
- To analyze and study the existing manual system.
- Design the system that will solve the current problems and provide reliable functionalities.
- To design the friendly interface.
- To implement the proposed system in effective way by Php.
- To test the proposed system.

#### 1.5 Literature review

Human resource management system is done in different universities even in our universities before but they are unable to touch best requirements of the organization, unable to make the system secure, unable to make the system interactive and attractive or user friendly for the end user. So we are trying to cover those problems and limitations mean that to touch the rest requirement and make the rest of the system attractive, user friendly and reliable. Human resource management system is implemented in different universities like Addis Ababa university[4], Addis Ababa science and technology university[5] since it is basic thing for one's institution to facilitate their works, but still their system have problems like the system has not user friendly interface, the system is developed for only literate people means that since is support only English language a user who don't knows English language may not use the system properly, so this and other problems enforced to do this system again for our university human resource management system office.

#### 1.6 Scopes and limitations of the project

#### 1.6.1 Scopes of the project

- Announcement of notice online.
- Online registration of applicants.
- Manage the employee profile.
- Provide leave employee process.
- Register employee training and training event.
- Registering new employee.
- Generating report like three month report, semester report and annual report will be generated.

#### 1.6.2 Limitations of the project

This proposed system does not include payroll system, attendance system, employee promotion and clearance system due to time constraint. Also it supports English language only.

#### 1.7 Methodology

Here we are using different methodologies for data gathering and for system analysis and design.

#### 1.7.1 Data gathering techniques

#### Interview

We get information's from woldia university human resource management office employees by asking different questions to get basic information how the current annual systems work. It helps us to gather requirements that enable us to develop this proposed system.

#### Discussion

This is one of the technique in which we have sited together with staff workers and discussed on the main functionality of the woldia university human resource office. Here we will discuss what jobs of the WLDU HRM office will be changed in to the system and also we will discuss to find the difficulties in working environment and how to solve or to minimize.

#### Observation

Observing the real environment is quite important tool to realize the existing problems and business processes. Assessing and analyzing the overall system has been carried out by observing the current manual working system. We observed WLDU Human Resource management office to look at how they operate their tasks, how their system works, how data are handled and information of customers is kept. This helps us to get information about the working environment.

#### Documents

We referred different documents that published by WLDU human resource office as well as the university like brochures, and different papers that are posted in the Woldia university human resource management office's wall. And also the existing documents such as forms, guidelines, reports are our main source of data. [2]

#### 1.7.2 System analysis and design methodology

For the system analysis and design part there are three models. Those are, structured, procedural and object oriented approach. From those this project uses object oriented approach because it is efficient to show how the data is organized, it also shows clearly the definition of the data of the system in addition to this it provides improved quality, real-world modeling, high code reusability. In general, the project uses the object oriented paradigm to develop the system; especially by using diagrams like software architecture diagram and system decomposition diagram.

Procedural programming (via languages like ColdFusion) is code that is broken into "procedures"—it's a different way of thinking about how code interacts with data that's more linear. Procedures are functional bits of code that interact with and change data, like little machines that gather input, process it, and then deliver output. With OOP, however, data and functions (attributes and methods) are bundled together within the object. This prevents the need for any shared or global data with OOP, which is core difference between the two approaches.

When it comes to creating reusable components in software, OOP is the clear winner. Reusability leads to efficiency, simplifying programming and creating "shortcuts" to software design.

- Object oriented analysis allow reusability: one can easily study existing object to see if they can be reused.
- Software complexity managed easily and object-oriented systems can be easily upgraded.
- Reduce communication complexity between system developer and client because
  it allows system developer to design both the static and dynamic part of the
  system.

Generally object oriented principle (data abstraction, data encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism) make this method powerful than other method of system development and we enforced to select this system development approach. [8]

# 1.8 System development model

The development model methodology that we have used is incremental model among other models because of it enables us to go forward and backward as it is necessary.

Table 1 [6] Comparison of incremental model with the water fall model, spiral model and RAD model

<b>Properties of Model</b>	Water-Fall Model	Incremental Model	Spiral Model	Rad Model
Planning in early stage	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Returning to an earlier phase	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Detailed documentation	Necessary	Yes but not much	Yes	Limited
Cost	Low	Low	Expensive	Low
Requirement specifications	Beginning	Beginning	Beginning	Time boxed release
Flexibility to change	Difficult	Easy	Easy	Easy
User involvement	Only at beginning	Intermediate	High	Only at the beginning
Maintenance	Least	Promotes Maintainability	Typical	Easily maintained
Risk involvement	High	Low	Medium to high risk	Low
Framework type	Linear	Linear + iterative	Linear + Iterative	Linear
Testing	After completion of coding phase	After every iteration	At the end of the engineering phase	After completion of coding
Overlapping phases	No	Yes(As parallel development is there)	No	Yes
Maintenance	Least maintainable	Maintainable	Yes	Easily maintainable
Re-usability	Least possible	To some extent	To some extent	Yes
Working software availability	At the end of the life-cycle	At the end of every iteration	At the end of every iteration	At the end of the life cycle
Objective	High assurance	Rapid development	High assurance	Rapid development
Rapid development	Large team	Not large team	Large team	Small team
Customer control over administrator	Very low	Yes	Yes	Yes

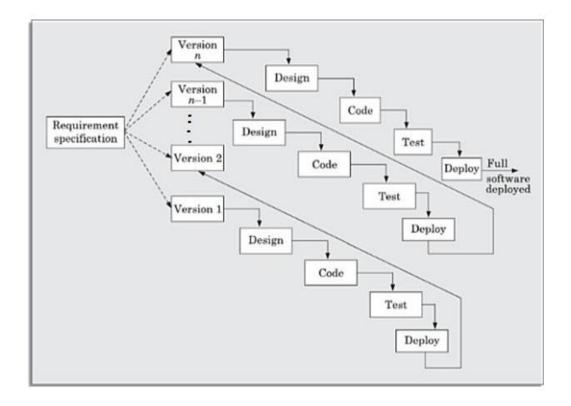


Figure 1.1 [3] Incremental model

# 1.9 System development tools

#### 1.9.1 Hardware tools

- Computer Desktop and laptop to develop our project means for documentation and implementation.
- Printer to print our project documents.
- Data storage like flash, CD, for backup.

#### 1.9.2 Software tools

- Editor like Notepad ++, sublime those are editors that we will use them to edit our source code.
- Browser like Google chrome, Mozilla Firefox, internet explorer, baidu spark, UC browsers and others are a client interface that display information to the users retrieved from the server and we will use them for testing or to run our projects.
- XAMP that collectively handle apache server, MySQL database software and Php.

#### 1.9.3 Documentation tools

- Microsoft word is free application software developed by the Microsoft Company and we will use it for preparing our project documentation.
- Microsoft power point is also open source application software developed by the Microsoft Company and we will use it for preparing our project presentation.
- Edrawmax and Microsoft Visio it an application software that helps us to draw different UML diagrams.

#### **Development tools**

- Php to develop back end of our program.
- Apache server since it runs in most of all web servers in the world.
- Database namely MySQL to store the organization permanent data's.
- Java script frame works namely jQuery to validate different forms
- CSS framework namely bootstraps to make our user interface interactive.

#### 1.10 Significant of the project

#### > For human resource office worker

- The work load of the employees will be reduced.
- Easy to search employees profile or information.
- It will save time, man power and resource like papers.
- Easy to generate a report daily, weekly or monthly.
- It will be easy to post announcement and different notification.
- Higher speed of retrieval and processing of data.

#### > For user (Applicant)

- Users will get information and news from the office at anywhere and at any time if the user gets internet connection.
- It will save time, man power and resource like papers filling to be registered.
- Data will be secured for the users.

### 1.11 Feasibility of the project

#### 1.11.1 Technical feasibility

At the implementation stage, we should use the different technology development tools. Such as Bootstrap for interactive user interface, PHP, HTML for front end, and MYSQL and apache server as back end which is the most recent and open source popular technologies to develop web based systems and to design the database and also that makes the system technically easier to be used by the user. As a result our system is technically feasible.

#### 1.11.2 Operational feasibility

Operational feasibility is a measure of how well our proposed system solves the existing manual system's problem. After automating the system, it addresses basic problems of the organization, particularly employees information can be handled easily, which reduces the work load of staff, thus they feel good. Our project is design to solve different problems that are seen in the current implemented system like lack of interactive user interface, language problems since most implemented system are designed for peoples who know English language, and also the system will fit the system and users requirement with regard to development schedule, delivery date, and existing business process. Due to this our system is operationally feasible.

#### 1.11.3 Economic feasibility

This system is being passed through financial and cost examination. Due to this it has a good benefit categorized under tangible and intangible benefits. The tangible cost for this proposed system is only measured from the perspective of hardware and other expenses like transportation without including software development costs and some hardware materials like computer and internet connection which is fulfilled by the university.

The intangible cost includes the knowledge and time that we have spent on the development of the project. It is not counted in budget of the project because of it is measured in terms of grade that is why we say it is not estimated in terms of money. Therefore, from this point of view our system is economically feasible.

Table 2 Budget

No	Name of item	Quantity	Single-price (birr)	Total cost			
				(birr)			
1.	CD-RW	2	15.00	30			
2.	Flash-disk	1(32GB)	500.00	500			
3.	Paper	1 Packet	130.00	130			
4.	Printing papers	100 pages	3.00	300			
5.	Pen	1 packet	7.00	225			
6.	Mobile card	10	25	250			
7	Laptop	2	15,350	30,700			
			Total	32,235.00			

#### 1.11.4 Legal feasibility

After our project is implemented it works in federal democratic republic of Ethiopian constitution as well as in woldia university rules and regulation. This means any employees who are not govern for the Ethiopian constitution as well as the universities rules and regulation should not be recruiting. And also any person who makes a crime like terrorism should not be recruiting. Due to this our project is legally feasible.

# 1.12 Work break down structure and schedule

#### 1.12.1 Work break down

Table 3 Work break down

Name of the student	Responsibility
Biruk Debebe	System designer, coder, tester
Daniel Tefera	Coder, system designer
Kasim Misganaw	System analyst, tester
Alelign Kebede	System analyst, coder
Ayalnesh Tsehaye	System analyst, tester
Habtam Dessie	System analyst, coder

#### 1.12.2 Schedule

Anything that is done without plan and schedule is like the person that his eyes cannot see (blind). Therefore, the schedule is the eye of any project.

To finish our project in time we have planned it as follows.

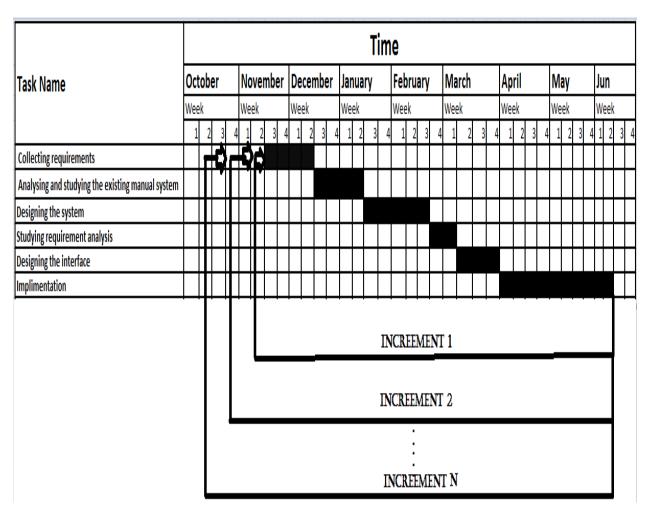


Figure 1.2 Schedule

#### **CHAPTER TWO**

#### SYSTEM ANLYSIS AND MODELING

#### 2.1 Introduction to system analysis

System analysis is conducted for the purpose of studying a system or its parts in order to identify its objectives. It is a problem solving technique that improves the system and ensures that all the components of the system work efficiently to accomplish their purpose. [9]

Studying the existing system brings about an important contribution to the entire development process. It is only after doing this phase that we can realize what is going wrong, what to change, what activity or practice to encourage, and what alternatives solution to propose.

#### 2.1.1 Existing system

The existing system in WLDU human resource management office performs their action manually. This leads to less user satisfaction and less interactive system. Since the existing system of the organization is manual system to perform many of their tasks such as data storage, data retrieval, attendance system and the recording system is manually done, due to this fact, the existing system is time consuming and bored. So, to have efficient and strong system it is better to change in to computerized system namely in our context web based system.

#### • Business Rules

In every organizations or institutions there are rules and policy, which used to govern all activities in specified work flow, control the work flow, and perform in the work environment.

- ✓ **BR1**: To hire employee, the departments who needs employee should write an application letter for their vacant position to personnel department.
- ✓ BR2: when the vacant position is announced to external applicant on notice board, on mass media externally for consecutive five to ten workdays.
- ✓ **BR3**: To be employed, applicants should bring a clearance letter from previous employer.

- ✓ **BR4**: when the human resource hired the new employee to that of departments who needs an employee they must send a letter that has full documents about the new employee.
- ✓ **BR5**: Access information depends on the authority of the user.
- ✓ **BR6**: The employee must have full reason to apply leave application.
- ✓ BR7: If one wants to leave from WLDU before he/she fills the leave form, he/she must return all working material to respected department otherwise they will be rejected.
- ✓ **BR8**: Vacancies may be filled through recruitment, promotion transfer or redeployment based on the human resource plan.
- ✓ **BR9**: A vacant position shall be filled only by a person who meets the qualification required for the position and score higher than other.
- ✓ **BR10:** Any government institution based on its strategic plan shall prepare and implement short, medium, and long term human resource plan.
- ✓ **BR11:** Any allowance shall be paid only for the purpose of carrying out the functions of the civil service.
- ✓ **BR12:** Periodical salary increments to be made to civil servants shall be based on their performance evaluation results.
- ✓ **BR13:** Civil servants obtaining an evaluation result of satisfactory or above satisfactory shall be entitled to a salary increment to be made every two years.
- ✓ **BR14:** Any Government office, shall, at the end of every month, make payments of salary to civil servants or their legal representatives.
- ✓ **BR15:** To request leave any employee must live at least six month.

#### Organization structure

The organizational structure is the level of the management in WLDU as well as in the WLDU HR office that shows who is leader of the organization and who is under the specific leader or sub leader. The HRM office structure is shown below in figure 2.1 and for WLDU organizational structure see (appendix 1).

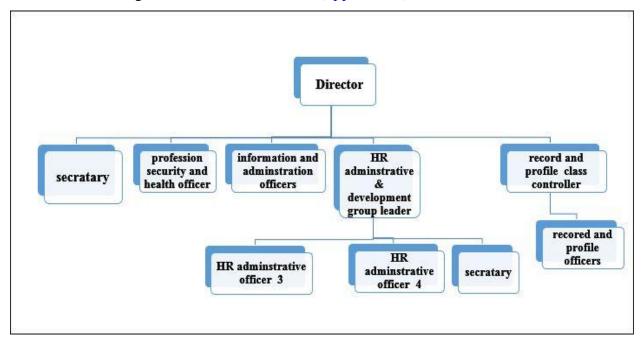


Figure 2.1 Organizational structure of HRMS office

#### • Activity of the existing system

In the existing system there are many activities that are performed, among them recruiting employees for the WLDU asked by the college dean or the department is the main one. After recruiting someone in to the WLDU his or her detail profile filled by the employee in the paper after all, if it needs to update the employees profile the whole data should be erased and start in new form again. The employee also asks for promotion to transfer to the other university and also asks for leave or permission with a full detail reasons if the reason is view by the manager is complete the manager will approve the leave request. The employee or the record officer generates reports from papers that are registered before in a bored manner.

#### • Users of the existing system

**Personnel officer** – Responsible for developing policies and procedures related to the staff employed by the organization.

**Top professional** – They are a person who communicates with the team leader and give clear instructions to the team members.

**Coordinators** – Ensuring the effective utilization of plans related to HR programs and services and administrating employee health and welfare plans.

**Team leader** – develop a strategy that the team will use to reach its goal and provide any training that the team members need.

**Director** – Annually review and makes recommendation to executive management for improvement of the organization policies, procedures and practices on personnel matter.

**Academic staffs** – like lecturers and assistants.

#### • Existing system workflow structure

Work flow structure shows each and every step when performing one's action. Here we covered two major work flow of the existing system namely employee promotion as shown below in Figure 2.2 and employee recruitment see (appendix 4)

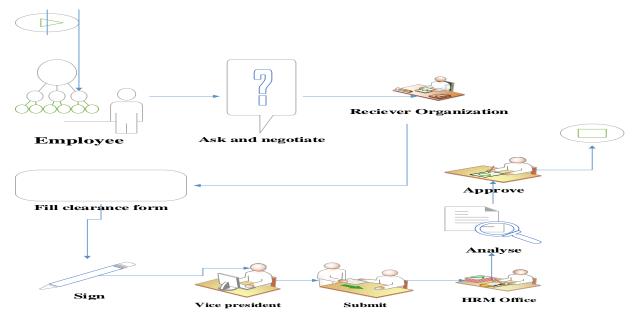


Figure 2. 2 Work flow for employee promotion

#### • Forms used and reports generated

In most organization there are forms that process the system to take place and reports generated from the system if manual from papers. So, here is the applicant competition form in figure 2.3 More forms are listed in the appendix (see from appendix 5 up to appendix 10) and reports see (appendix 2) that are used in WLDU human resource management office.

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Figure 2.3[10] Applicants competition form

#### • Problem of the existing system

As discussed above the currently the WLDU human resource management office uses manual system that is why it is suffer for many problems. Among the problems any data that is store in the office is not secured the data may be lost by theft or natural disaster, the other problems of the existing system is it is time consuming to perform any process whether to generate a reports or to fill employees profile and many other actions, the next one is for the applicants it is very difficult to access the vacancy posted by the WLDU HR office and also to apply they must come to the place of the HR office, the other is for the manager the current existing system is difficult to manage the employees day to day work flow, for the manager and the record officers to generate a report the current manual system takes much time and it is very bored, that manager also cannot get the applicant's feedback easily, the department head or the college dean face difficulty is asking employees to be recruit in the department.

#### 2.1.2 Proposed system

This proposed system, which means a web based Human resource management system, would have attractive and user-friendly interface. And also this proposed system will change the manual system to computerized system and solve the existing problem. The proposed system provides employee details, detail general information about the employee along with educational background, certification, and skill and project details. It enhances the HR management in adding, viewing and updating employees' details. No need of posting different announcement in the notice board, simply post the announcement and other important information on the web and everybody can see if internet connection is available. Also it enables the system user to use the system using Amharic and English language as the user option, Make employee registration and report generation, and facilitate the entire process online.

#### 2.2 Functional Requirements

Functional requirements are the type of requirements that a project must consider in its entire process. Operations those understand by the developer and stated as a way of automating the existing system. It is services that the system should provide to the user. This functional requirement defines what the systems do or the actual functionality of our system. The system provides the following functions.

- Announcement: The system provides information of different announcement and makes the user informed like vacancies and others.
- Applicant registration: The system registers applicants' who wants to apply.
- Manage employee information: The system is able to search, register, update and delete the employee information when it is needed.
- Employee registration: The system is able to recorded the new employed applicants and able to place to their respected position.
- Leave employee system: The system allows to the employee able to fill in leave application form in the appropriate fields and the human resource manager allow leaving approval application based on the reason what the employee can be illustrated.
- Report generation: -The system is able to generate a report from existing data and filter by user criteria, generate report in the form of statistical data.
- Transfer: This system allows the process of employee transfer from the WLDU to the other universities or organizations.

#### 2.3 Non-Functional Requirements

It describes user-visible aspects of the system that are not directly related with the functional behavior of the system. Non-functional requirements include quantitative constraints, such as response time (i.e., how fast the system reacts to user commands) or accuracy (i.e., how precise). The constraints are described below: -

- Operability: -Every operation of the system must be as simple as possible for the people to use simply. This by providing simple user interface using easy language so that users understand and operate the software easily
- Usability: -Since the system is easily accessed it is easily used everywhere in which computer and connection is available.
- Maintainability: HRMS should be easy to extend. The code should be written in a way that it favors implementation of new functions. The SRS and Design document also enhances the upgrading and maintenance process in the future use.
- Efficiency: -The system can assume to run within a few second. To achieve the efficiency of this system, we use SQL database queries, this is efficient in query and processing and also we will use fastest algorithms.
- Reliability: -The information provided by HRMS is accurate and realistic.
- **Portability**: -This application is portable software which can operate on windows 7, windows 8 and above operating system platforms, and can run on any browser. This is because PHP is machine independent language.
- Error handling: -The system has error handling mechanisms that is, as errors occur it will not stop functioning rather provide error manages and should guide the user through what to do next.
- **Security:** -Since the system support user name and password to authentication and the system has different privilege to protect intruding and support MD5 encryption to prevent unwanted viewers.

## 2.4 Use case design

A use case is a collection of interactions between external actors and a system. In UML, a use case is the specification of a sequence of actions, including variants, that a system (or entity) can perform, interacting with actors of the system.[8]

#### 2.4.1 Actor identification and description

The main actors of our system are: -

- Administrator The user of the system that control and manages the user account including him/ herself.
- Record Officer The user of the system that operates in related to employee information.
- HR Manager The user of the system that controls the organization at the top.
- Employee The user of the system who works in the WLDU.
- College Dean The user of the system that leads some department or faculty.
- Applicant The user of the system that applies in to the WLDU to recruit.

#### 2.4.2 Use case identification

- View vacancy
- View employee information
- View applicant information
- Register Applicant
- Login
- Apply
- Register Employee
- View Employee profile
- Update Employee profile
- Delete Employee profile
- Post Announcement
- Post Vacancy
- Request Leave
- Approve leave request
- Request Employee
- Approve employee request
- Give Comment
- View Comment
- Manage Account

- o activate account
- deactivate account
- o Create account
- Make announcement
- Prepare experience letter
- Prepare supportive letter
- Prepare employment letter
- Generate Report
  - o Annual report
  - o Semiannual report
  - o Three month report

### 2.4.3 Use case diagram

Use case diagram represents user requirements gathered during requirement elicitation, contains use case, actors, system boundary and their relationships.

So, in our proposed system we have 6 actors, 23 use cases and between different use cases we used extend and include relationships. It will help us to identify which will perform which action.

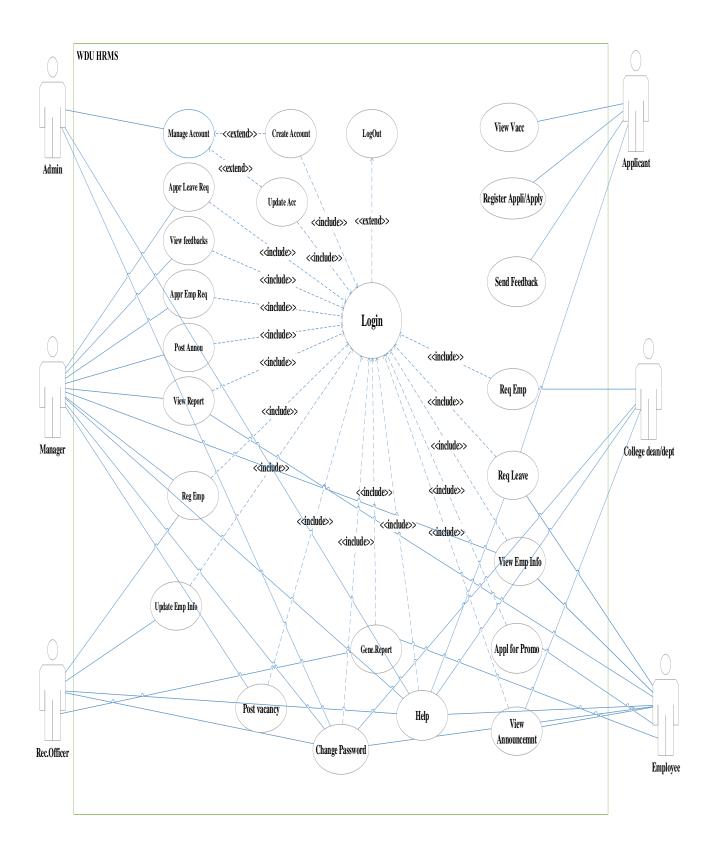


Figure 2.4 Use case diagrams

## 2.4.4 Use Case description

Use case description includes descriptions of the use case, preconditions, post conditions, flow of event, alternative flow of events, participating actors, quality requirements and whatever which is important in modeling the user goal.

Table 4 Use case description for log in

Use case name	Log in	
Use case ID	UC1	
Participating actor	Administrator, Manager, Record officer, College dean, employee	
Description	The system user/particip	ating actors will login to the system.
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The system user	2. The system will display the log in
	clicks the log in link.	form.
	3. The system user will	4. The system will authenticate the
	fill the valid username	filled username and password to the
	and password and database.	
	finally press the 5. If the username and password is	
	submit button. match with the database, the system	
	will allow the user to log in.	
	6. If not matched the system will	
		display an error message. (A[6]:invalid
		data is filled)
<b>Entry condition</b>	The system user should	have a valid username and password.
Exit condition	The system user will logged in to the system.	
Quality	The system response the log in page in less than 2 second.	
requirements	The system will not allow with week and incorrect password.	
Alternative flow of	A[6]:if invalid data is filled	
event	1. The system will display "Log in failed" message.	
	2. The system will resume to step [2]	

Table 5 Use case description for create account

Use case name	Create account		
Use case ID	UC2		
Participating actor	Administrator		
Description	The administrator will create user a	ccounts and give privileges	
	for the user.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The administrator click the	2. The system will display	
	create account link.	the create account form.	
	3. The admin will fill the required	4. The system will check	
	information and finally press the	the entire required field	
	submit button.	filled correctly if so,	
		account will be created	
		successfully. (A[4]:invalid	
		data is filled)	
Entry condition	The administrator should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The administrator will create a user account successfully for the		
	targeted user.		
Quality	1. The system response the create account page in 1 second.		
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to create		
	the account.		
Alternative flow of	A[4]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [2]	2. The system will resume to step [2]	

Table 6 Use case description for update account

Use case name	Activate/deactivate account		
Use case ID	UC3		
Participating actor	Administrator		
Description	The administrator will activate or dea	activate user accounts.	
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The administrator clicks on the	2. The system will display	
	activate/deactivate account link.	the list account with	
	3. The admin will select particular	respect to activate or	
	action on the selected account he or	deactivate option.	
	she want to activate or deactivate.  4. The system will keep the		
		changes if the	
		administrator selects the	
		action perfectly. A[6]	
<b>Entry condition</b>	The administrator should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The administrator will update a user account successfully for the		
	targeted user.		
Quality	1. The system response to update account page in 1 second.		
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect select to update the		
	account.		
Alternative flow of	A[6]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [4]		

Table 7 Use case description for post announcement

Use case name	Post announcement		
Use case ID	UC4		
Participating actor	Manager		
Description	The manager posts different announce	cements to inform applicants	
	and employees.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The manager clicks on the post	2. The system will display	
	announcement link.	the post announcement	
	3. The manager will fill the	form.	
	required information and finally 4. The system will check		
	press the post button. the entire required field		
		filled correctly if so, the	
	announcement will be		
		posted successfully.	
		(A[4]:invalid data is filled)	
<b>Entry condition</b>	The manager should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The manager will post announcements successfully for the		
	targeted group.		
Quality	1. The system response the post announcement page in 1 second.		
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to post		
	announcement.		
Alternative flow of	A[4]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [2]		

Table 8 Use case description for view vacancies

Use case name	View vacancies		
Use case ID	UC5		
Participating actor	Applicant		
Description	The applicants will see what	vacancies are posted before.	
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The applicant will	2. The system will display	
	browse the system and	the posted vacancies.	
	press the view vacancy		
	link.		
Entry condition	The applicant should browse the system.		
Exit condition	The applicant will view the vacancies posted before.		
Quality requirements	1. The system display the posted vacancies in 1 second.		
Alternative flow of event	No		

Table 9 Use case description for view recruiting information

Use case came	View employee information		
Use case ID	UC7		
Participating actor	Record Officer		
Description	The record officer can see employees information		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The user must browse the system	2. The system will display	
	and log in to the system.	the user's home page.	
	3. The record officer will click on	4. The system will display	
	the view employee information.	all employee's information.	
Entry condition	The record officer should log in to th	e system.	
Exit condition	The record officer can see employee's status successfully.		
Quality	1. The system response the employee's information in 1 second.		
requirements			
Alternative flow of	No		
event			

Table 10 Use case description for request leave

Use case name	Request leave		
Use case ID	UC9		
Participating actor	Employee		
Description	The employee's fill the leave reque	est application form if they	
	wants to leave the work by any reason	ns.	
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The user will hit the request	2. The system will display	
	leave link.	the leave application form.	
	3. The user will fill the required 4. The system will check		
	information and finally press the the entire required field		
	submit button. filled correctly if so, the		
	user can send leave		
		request. (A[4]:invalid data	
		is filled)	
Entry condition	The employee should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The leave request will sent successfully.		
Quality	1. The system response leaves application form in 1 second.		
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to post		
	announcement.		
Alternative flow of	A[4]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [2]		

Table 11 Use case description for generate report

Use case came	Generate report		
Use case ID	UC9		
Participating actor	Manager		
Description	The system will generate a report bas	sed on the information stored	
	in the database.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The user will click generate	2. The system will display	
	report menu.	the report list.	
	3. The user will select the report	4. The system will display	
	type whether it is three month	the type of report that can	
	report, semi-annual report or annual be generated by the system		
	report. like registered employee		
	5. The user will select the report	list, employees who ask for	
	type that he or she wants to see.	leave, and other types will	
	6. The manager can print the report	be selected by the manager.	
	if necessary.	5. The system will display	
		the report successfully if	
		there is requested data in	
		the database. (A[5]:no data	
		in the database)	
<b>Entry condition</b>	The manager should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The report will be generated successfully		
Quality	1. The system response the report list and the report will be		
requirements	generated in 1 second.		
Alternative flow of	A[5]:if no data is available in the database		
event	1. The system will display "no data is there" message.		

Table 12 Use case description for view report

Use case name	View reports	
Use case ID	UC10	
Participating actor	Manager	
Description	The manager can see reports that are generated from the system.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	<ol> <li>The system user will browse the system and press the view report link.</li> <li>The system user will see reports.</li> </ol>	2. The system will display the report information.
Entry condition	The system user should browse the system and log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The system user will get reports from the system.	
Quality requirements	1. The system display the reports in 1 second.	
Alternative flow of event	No	

Table 13 Use case description for send feedback

Use case name	Give feedback	
Use case ID	UC12	
Participating actor	Applicant	
Description	The applicant will give	e a feedback about everything that relate
	to the organization.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1 The applicants will	2 The system will display feedback
	click on feedback tab	form.
	from the main	4 The system will verify and display
	window. Success message. (A[4]:invalid data is	
	3 Applicants will fill filled)	
	the feedback form	
	with his/her correct	
	contact bases.	
Entry condition	Applicants must have contact bases like email, face book, or	
	twitter account and should enter to the website.	
Exit condition	The feedback will be delivered to the manager	
Quality requirements	The system takes less than 1 second to send 100mb feedbacks.	
Alternative flow of	A[4]:if invalid data is filled	
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.	
	2. The system will resum	ne to step [2]

Table 14 Use case description for update employee information

Use case name	update employee information		
Use case ID	UC12		
Participating actor	Record officer		
Description	The record officer will update employee information that are		
	recorded before.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	The record officer will click the	2. The system will display	
	update employee information link.	the list of employee's that	
	3. The record officer will select	are recorded before.	
	particular employee he or she want	4. The system will display	
	to update.	the employee information	
	5. The record officer will fill with appropriate values.		
	information that he or she wants to 6. The system will check		
	update then press the update button.	the update information is	
	filled correctly, if so,		
	account will be updated		
		successfully.	
		(A[6]:invalid data is filled)	
<b>Entry condition</b>	The record officer should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The record officer will update employee information		
	successfully.		
Quality	1. The system response to update employee page in 1 second.		
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to update		
	the employee information.		
Alternative flow of	A[6]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [4]		

Table 15 Use case description for register employee

Use case name	Register employee	
Use case ID	UC13	
Participating actor	Record officer	
Description	Record officer will register employe	es who are recruiting in the
	WLDU human resource office.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The Record officer will click the	2. The system will display
	register employee link.	employee registration
	5. The record officer will fill	form.
	employee's information required 6. The system will check	
	and click the submit button. whether the data is filled	
		correctly or not, if so the
		user registered
		successfully. (A[6]:invalid
		data is filled)
<b>Entry condition</b>	The record officer should log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The employee will register successfully.	
Quality	1. The system response the registration form in 1 second.	
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to post	
	announcement.	
Alternative flow of	A[6]:if invalid data is filled	
event	1. The system will display "incorrect fill, please fill again" message.	
	2. The system will resume to step [2]	

Table 16 Use case description for approve employee request

Use case name	Approve employee request	
Use case ID	UC14	
Participating actor	Manager	
Description	The manager will approve emplo	yee request's that are sent
	from the college dean/department.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The manager will click the	2. The system will display
	approve employee request link.	employee requests that are
	3. The manager will check the	sent from the college
	specification and the budget and	dean/department.
	then press the approve button.	4. The system will send a
		notification to the
		department/college dean.
Entry condition	The manager should log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The employee requests that	are sent from the
	department/college dean will approved successfully.	
<b>Quality requirements</b>	1. The system will send a notification in a few second.	
	2. The system will display requests that are sent from the	
	department/college dean in 1 second.	
Alternative flow of	No	
event		

Table 17 Use case description for approve leave request

Use case name	Approve leave request		
Use case ID	UC15		
Participating actor	Manager		
Description	The manager will approve leave red	quest's that are sent from the	
	employee's.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The manager will click the	2. The system will display	
	approve leave request link.	leave requests that are sent	
	3. The manager will see the	from the employee's.	
	reason and work challenge and 4. The system will send a		
	then press the approve button. notification to the		
	employee.		
<b>Entry condition</b>	The manager should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The leave requests that are sent from the employee's will		
	approve successfully.		
Quality requirements	1. The system will send a notification in a few second.		
	2. The system will display requests that are sent from the		
	department/college dean in 1 second.		
Alternative flow of	No		
event			

Table 18 Use case description for view feedback

Use case name	View feedback	
Use case ID	UC16	
Participating actor	Manager	
Description	The manager will view the comments that are sent from the applicants.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The manager clicks	2. The system will display the
	the view comment link.	comments that are sent from the
		applicants and users.
	3. If no comments are there the system	
	will display no comments messages.	
<b>Entry condition</b>	The manager should log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The manager will get comments from the system or no comments	
	messages.	
Quality	The system displays the comment in a few second.	
requirements		

Table 19 Use case description for view employee information

Use case name	View employee's information	
Use case ID	UC17	
Participating actor	Record officer	
Description	The Record officer can see employee's information that are recorded before.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The Record officer will click on	2. The system will display
	the view employee information.	employee's information.
Entry condition	The Record officer should log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The Record officer can see employee's information successfully.	
Quality	1. The system response the employee's information in a few	
requirements	second.	
Alternative flow of	No	
event		

Table 20 Use case description for employee request

Use case name	Employee request		
Use case ID	UC18		
Participating actor	College dean / department		
Description	The department/college dean fil	ll the employee request	
	application form if they wants add	itional employee's for their	
	staff.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The college dean or the	2. The system will display	
	department will hit the employee	the employee request	
	request link.	application form.	
	3. The college dean or the	4. The system will check	
	department will fill the required all the required field filled		
	information and finally press the	correctly if so, the user can	
	submit button.	send leave request.	
	(A[4]:invalid data is filled)		
Entry condition	The college dean or the department should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The employee request will sent to the WLDU human resource		
	office manager successfully.		
Quality	1. The system response employee request application form in 1		
Requirements	second.		
	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to post		
	announcement.		
Alternative flow of	A[4]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [2]		

Table 21 Use case description for change password

Use case name	Change password	
Use case ID	UC19	
Actors	Administrator, college dean/department, manager, record	
	officer and employee	
Description	It allows the system users to change their passwords.	
Flow of events	User action System response	
	1. User clicks the change 2. The System displa	
	password button change password form.	
	3. User fill his/her old4. System checks the enter-	
	password and newpassword and display succe	
	password and final he ormessage. (A [4]: If inval	
	she confirm the newdata is filled).	
	password.	
Entry condition	The system user must log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The system users change their password successfully.	
Quality Requirements	1. The system response change password form in 1	
	second.	
	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form	
	change password.	
Alternative flow of event	A[4]:if invalid data is filled	
	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.	
	2. The system will resume to step [2].	

Table 22 Use case description for post vacancy

Use case name	Post vacancy		
Use case ID	UC20		
Participating actor	Manager	Manager	
Description	The manager posts different vacar	ncies to the public on this	
	system.		
	User action	System response	
Flow of events	1. The manager clicks the post	2. The system will display	
	vacancy link.	the post vacancy form.	
	3. The manager will fill the	4. The system will check	
	required information and finally	the entire required field	
	press the post button.	filled correctly if so, the	
		vacancy will be posted	
	successfully. (A[4]:invalid		
	data is filled)		
<b>Entry condition</b>	The manager should log in to the system.		
Exit condition	The manager will post vacancies succ	cessfully.	
Quality	1. The system response the post vacancy page in 1 second.		
requirements	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to post		
	vacancies.		
Alternative flow of	A[4]:if invalid data is filled		
event	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.		
	2. The system will resume to step [2]		

Table 23 Use case description for view announcement

Use case name	View announcement	
Use case ID	UC21	
Participating actor	Employee, College dean	
Description	The employee/college dean will see what announcements	
	are posted before.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The employee/college	2. The system will display
	dean will browse the system	the posted announcement.
	and press the view	
	announcement link.	
Entry condition	The employee's/college dean should browse the system	
	and log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The employee and the college dean will view the	
	announcement posted before.	
Quality requirements	1. The system displays the posted announcement in 1	
	second.	
Alternative flow of event	No	

Table 24 Use case description for help

Use case name	Help	
Use case ID	UC22	
Participating actor	Employee, manager, re	ecord officer, college
	dean/department, applicant, a	dministrator.
Description	The system user will get text help that helps how they	
	can use the system.	
	User action	System response
Flow of events	1. The system user will	2. The system will display
	browse the system and press	the help.
	the help link.	
	2. The system user will see	
	helps from the system.	
Entry condition	The system user should browse the system and log in to	
	the system if he / she is not the applicant.	
Exit condition	The system user will get the help that is very help full to	
	use the system effectively and efficiently.	
Quality requirements	1. The system displays the help in 1 second.	
Alternative flow of event	No	

Table 25 Use case description for log out

Use case name	Log out		
Use case ID	UC23		
Participating actor	Admin, Manager, Record Officer, College dean/department head		
Description	After the user finish his work he or she will log out.		
	User action System response		
Flow of events	1 The user will click on log	2 The system will display a	
	out tab from the main window.	choice by asking a question is	
	3 The user will click either of	you sure do you want to log out?	
	the choice yes or no.	4 If yes is clicked the system	
		will out of the user's page or the	
	system will redirected to the log		
	in page, if no is clicked the		
		system will back to the user's	
		page.	
Entry condition	The user should close histories	The user should close histories and any pages that opened during	
	his or her work.		
Exit condition	The user will be out of the administrator pages		
Quality	The system will be log out in 1 second.		
requirements			

Table 26 Use case description for apply for promotion

Use case name	Apply for transfer	
Use case ID	UC23	
Actor	Employee	
Description	It allows the employee to a	pply for transfer.
Flow of events	User action	System response
	1. Employee clicks the	2. The System displays apply
	apply for transfer.	for transfer form.
	3. Employee fills	4. System checks the entered
	required field to apply for	data and display success
	transfer	message. (A [4]: If invalid data
		is filled).
Entry condition	The employee must log in to the system.	
Exit condition	The employee will apply promotion successfully.	
Quality requirements	1. The system response displays apply for promotion form	
	in 1 second.	
	2. The system will not allow incorrect fill of the form to	
	change password.	
Alternative flow of event	A[4]:if invalid data is filled	
	1. The system will display "please fill again" message.	
	2. The system will resume to step [2]	

# 2.5 Sequence diagrams

Sequence diagrams show a succession of interactions between classes or object instances over time. For instance, in our context if someone who wants to log in must pass through that succession of interactions. Below those basic sequence diagrams of our proposed system is shown in the following figures from Figure 2.11 to Figure 2.20

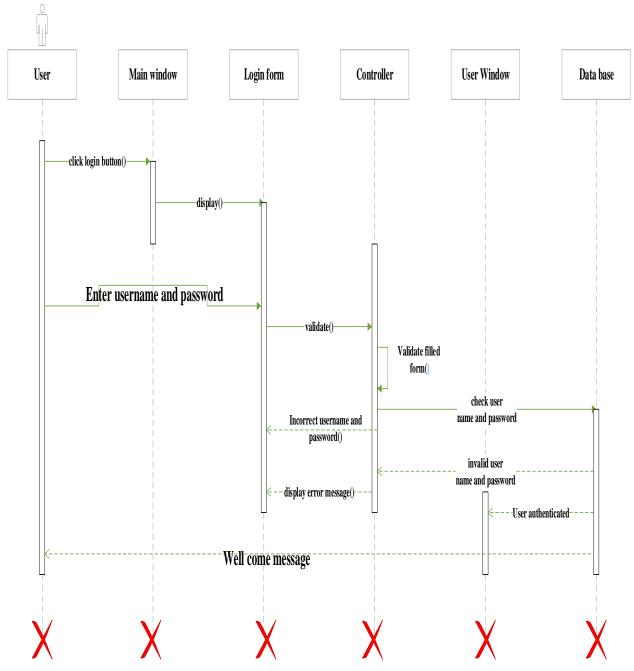


Figure 2.5 Sequence diagram for log in

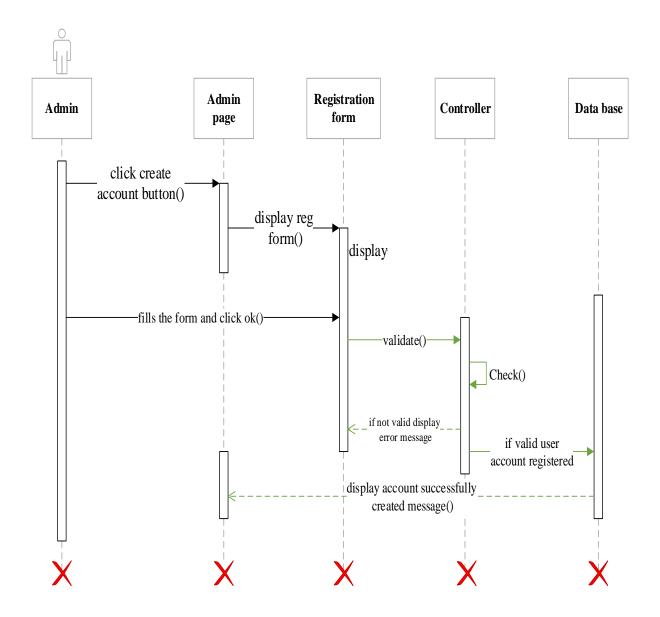


Figure 2.6 Sequence diagram for create account

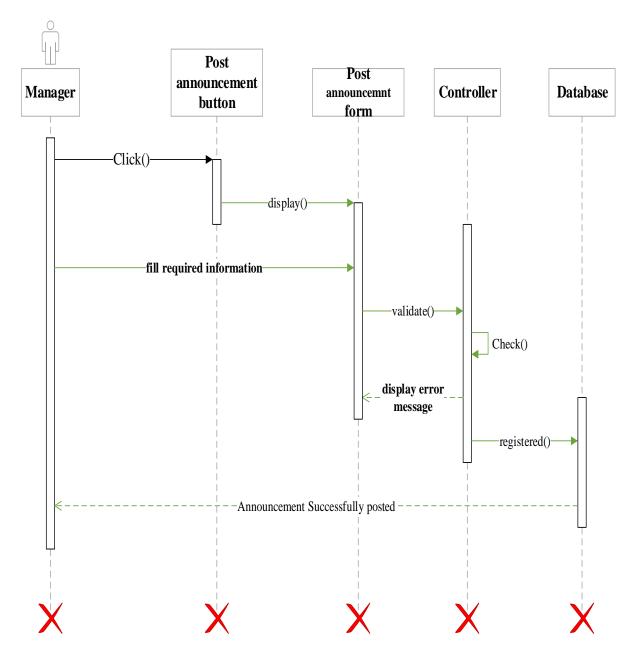


Figure 2.7 Sequence diagram for post announcement

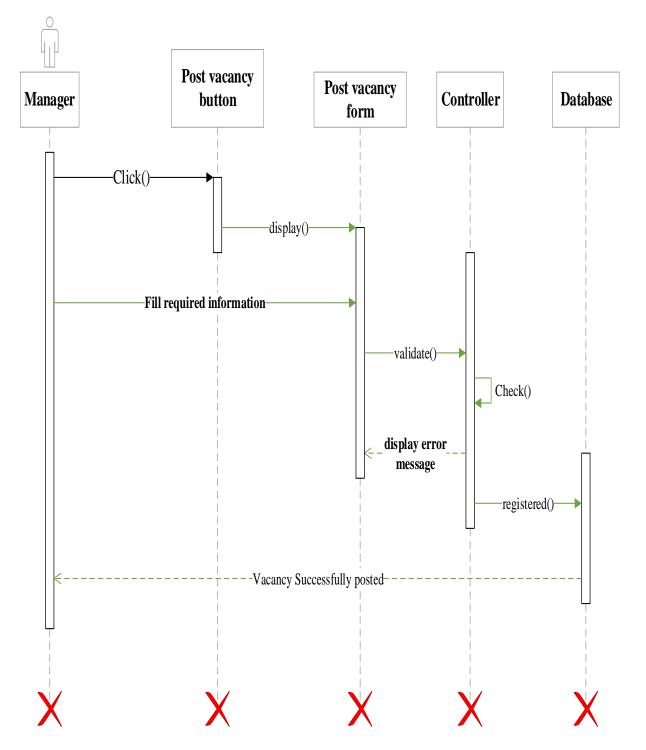


Figure 2.8 Sequence diagram for post vacancy

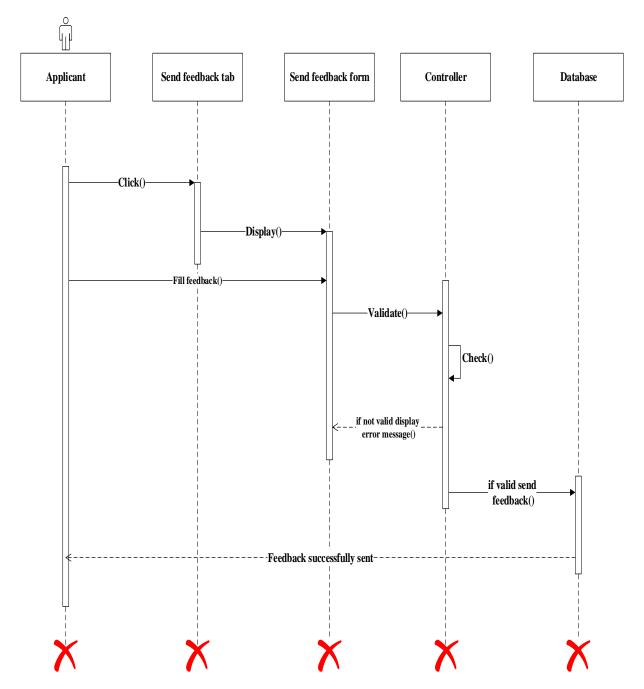


Figure 2.9 Sequence diagram for send feedback

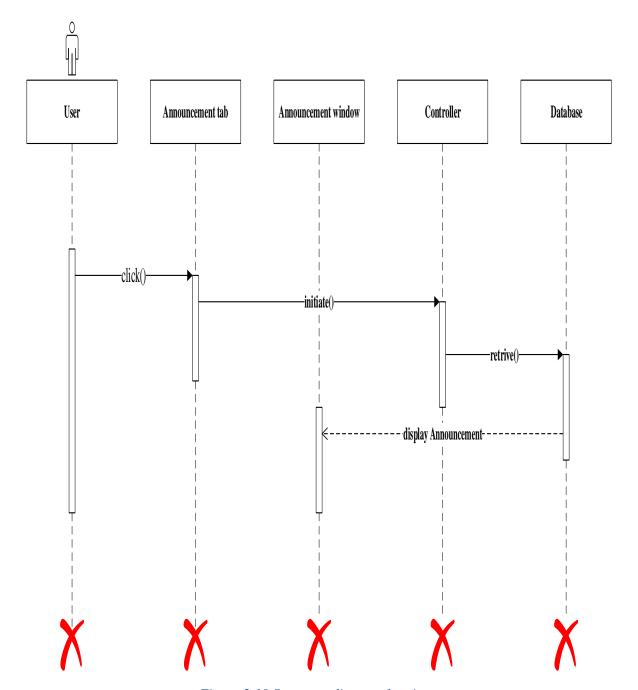
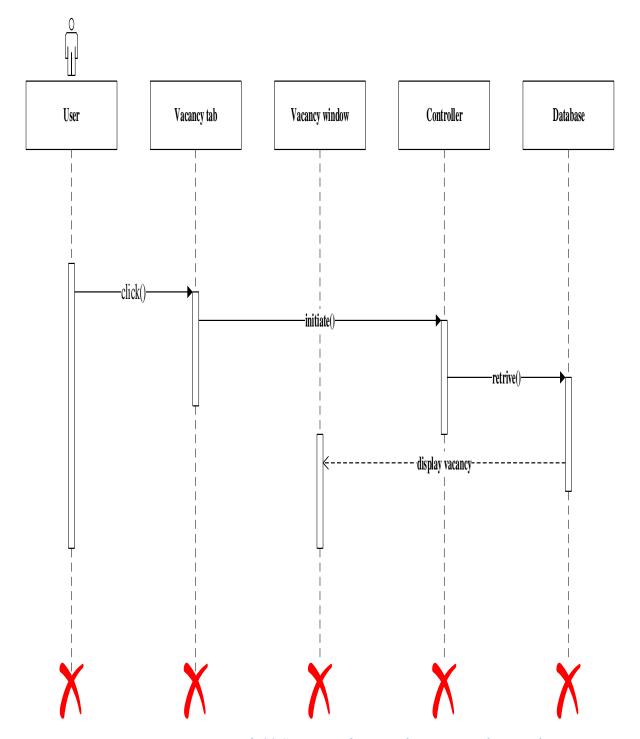


Figure 2.10 Sequence diagram for view announcement



 $Figure\ 2.11\ Sequence\ diagram\ for\ view\ employee\ information$ 

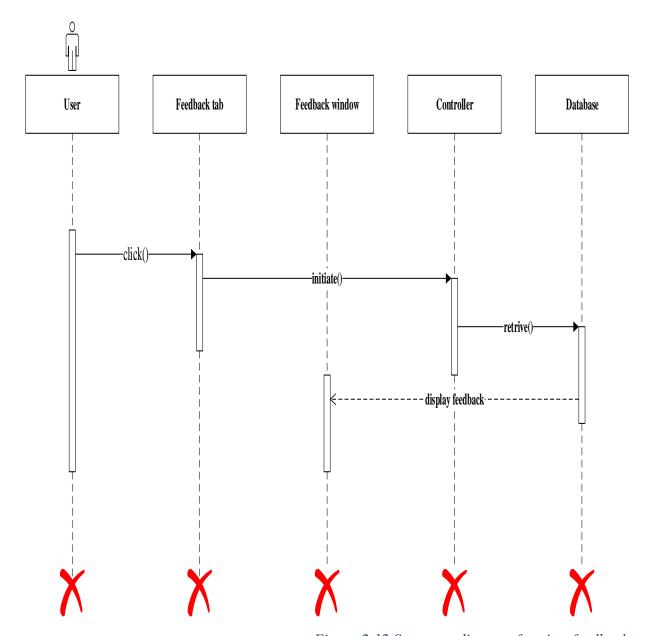


Figure 2.12 Sequence diagram for view feedback

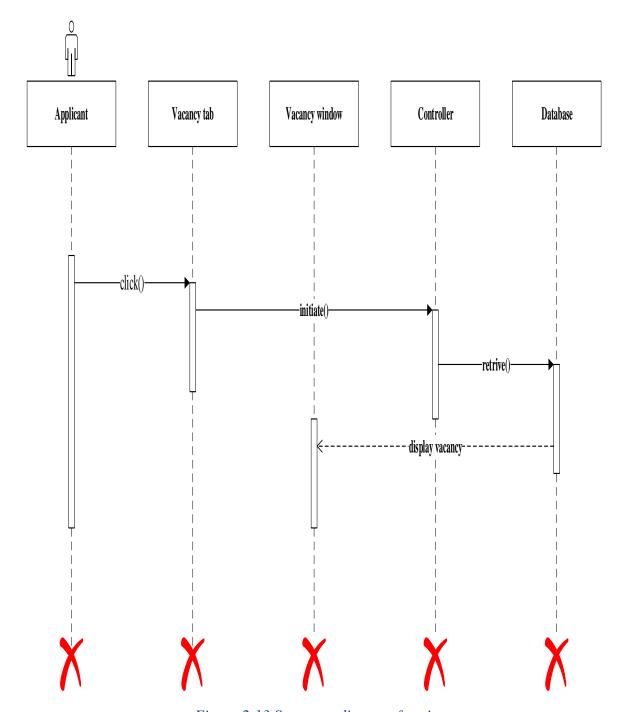


Figure 2.13 Sequence diagram for view vacancy

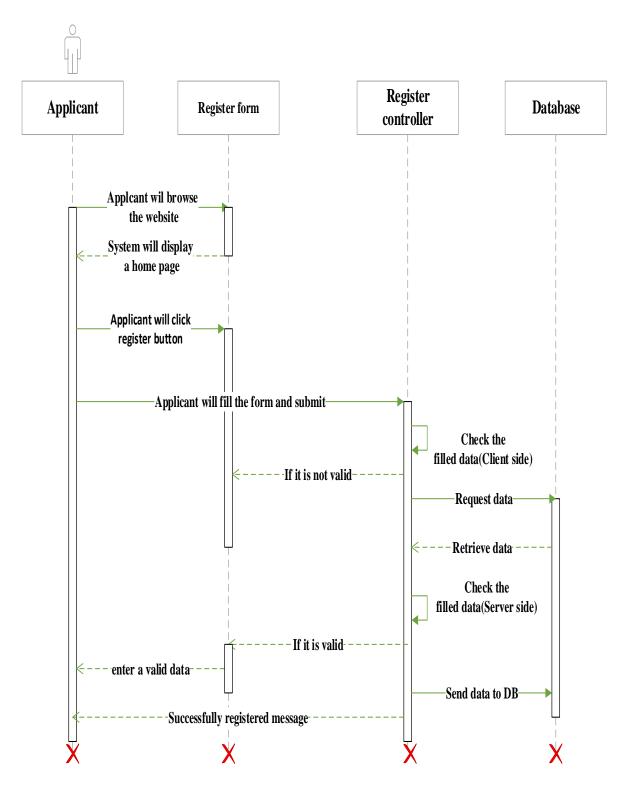


Figure 2.14 Sequence diagram for employee registration

# 2.6 Activity diagram

An activity diagram describes the behavior of a system in terms of activities. Activities are modeling elements that represent the execution of a set of operations. The execution of an activity can be triggered by the completion of other activities, by the availability of objects, or by external events. Activity diagrams are similar to flowchart diagrams in that they can be used to represent control flow (i.e., the order in which operations occur) and data flow (i.e., the objects that are exchanged among operations). [8]

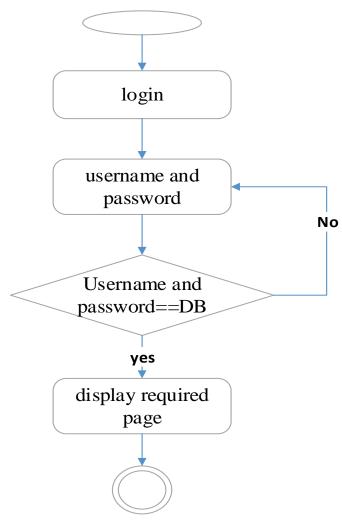


Figure 2.15 Activity diagram for log in

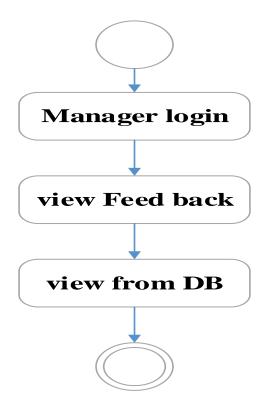


Figure 2.16 Activity diagram for view feedback

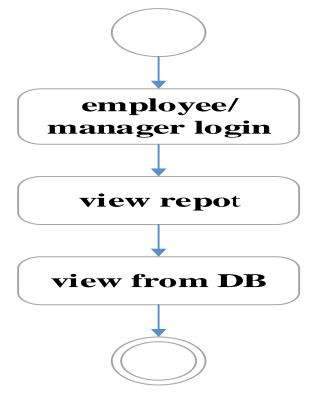


Figure 2.17 Activity diagram for view report

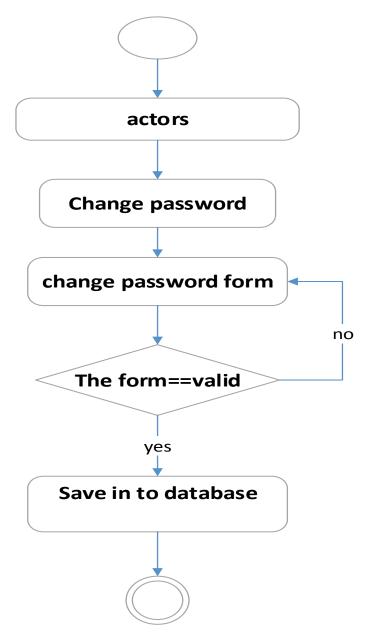


Figure 2.18 Activity diagram for change password

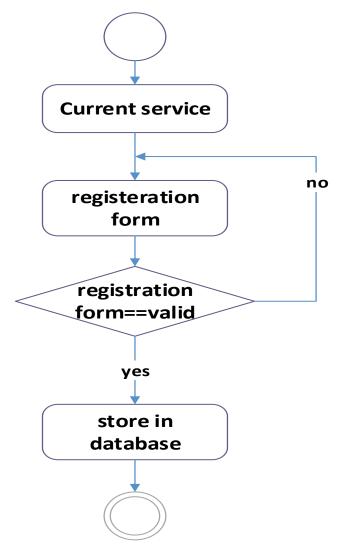


Figure 2.19 Activity diagram for register applicant

# 2.7 Class diagram

Our proposed system's class diagram has 14 classes each classes have their own attributes and methods. Each class have a relation with at least one class. The User class is a parent or extended class that shares its property attributes and methods to the child or the extending classes.

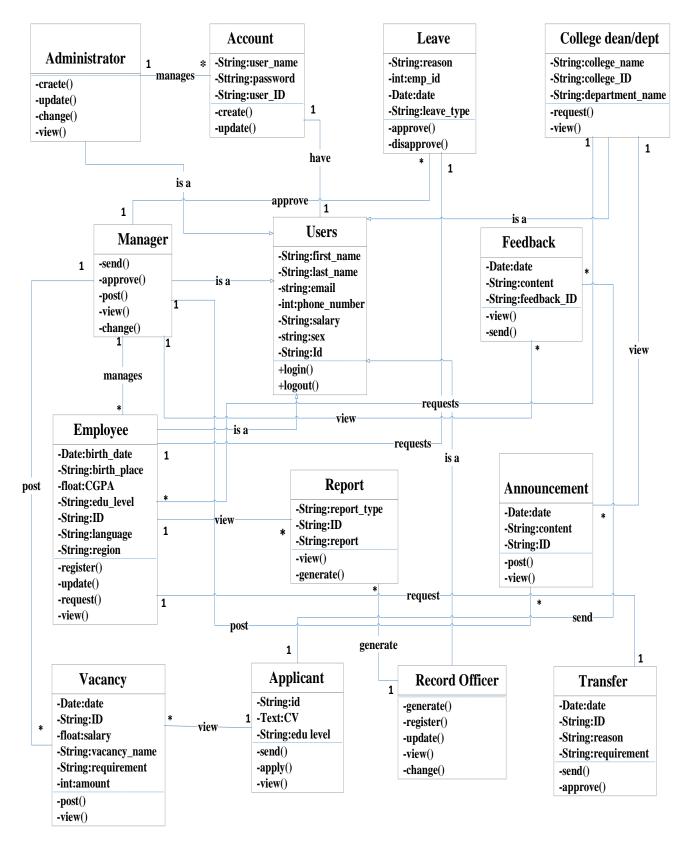


Figure 2.20 Class diagram

## 2.8 Data structural model

Data models are the conceptual models that describe the structures of databases. Structure of a database is defined by the data types, the constraints and the relationships for the description or storage of data. Following are the most often used data models: [9]

## 2.8.1 Entity - relation(ER) diagram

The ER model describes data as entities, relationship, and attributes. It was developed to facilitate database design by allowing the specification of an enterprise schema, which represents the overall logical structure of a database. An entity-relationship model (ERM) is a model that provides a high-level description of a conceptual data model. Data modeling provides a graphical notation for representing such data models in the form of entity-relationship diagrams (ERD).[9]

In our proposed system we have 11 entities and each entity have their own attributes. Each entity has a relationship with at least one entity. The attributes are represented based on their nature for example the age attribute which is the manager entity is represented with broken line ellipse. Primary key should be underlined like college id which is the attributes of the college dean entity. Multivalued attributes will be encircled with double lines like email which is the attributes of the employee entity.

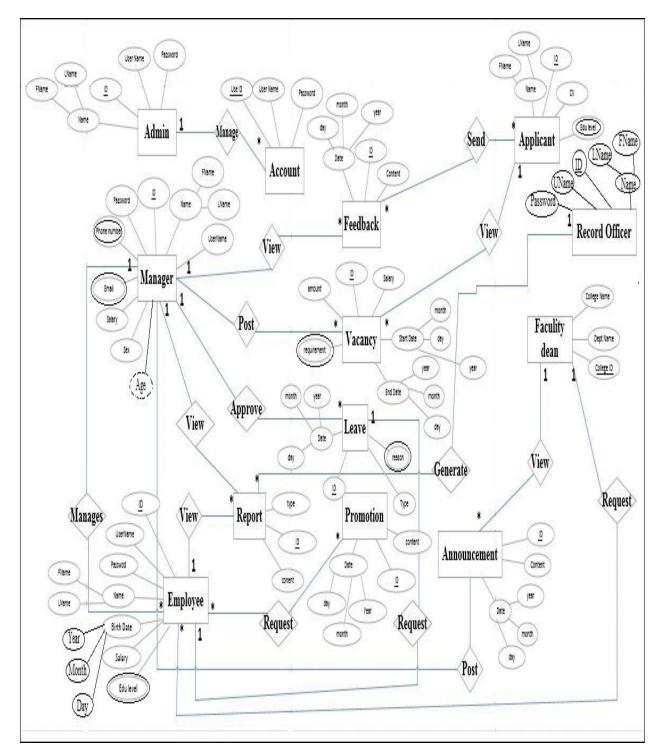


Figure 2.21 ER diagram

```
Pseudo code for login
```

```
Procedure
Method name: login ()
            Begin
Get username;
Get password;
Roll;
IF (Username==Entered Username && password==Entered password
&& Roll==selected roll)
THEN
Login successful
Else
Login failed you have entered incorrect username and password
End
Pseudo code for create account
Procedure
Method name: register ()
            Begin
              Get full name;
              Get ID No;
              Get password;
        (Check input validation)
          IF (input is valid)
         {
                Register account to database
                Show success message
           } ELSE
  Display error message and ask correct user information
END
```

# CHAPTER THREE

# **DESIGN**

# 3.1 Purpose and goal of design

Design goal describes the qualities of the system that developers should optimize such goals normally derived from the non-functional requirements of the system which is stated in chapter two of this document. They describe the qualities of the system. The goal considers the following criteria's. These are

- Performance criteria
- Maintenance criteria
- End user criteria
- Security requirements

#### Performance criteria

The programming language that we use for this system should have a fast response time (real time) with maximum throughput. Furthermore, the system should not be taking up too much space in memory. The user gets fast response time over throughput and hence the system should try to be more interactive. The system should be more reliable in order to satisfy the constraint than fast response time. As generalized our team member measure the performance of the system in the following main concepts.

- **Response time** quickly reacts to the user. Response requests to the user with in two second.
- **Throughput** The system can accomplish high amount of output with in specified amount of time.
- **Availability** The system is always operational and accessible for the users when the connection is available.
- **Accuracy** The system will display expected output.

#### Maintenance criteria

The system will easily modifiable like registering new employees, activating and deactivating users from the database. It is readable since the source code of the system is restricted to be understood by the programmer of the system or a person who has a great knowledge on web developing languages like PHP, HTML, CSS, and JS

#### End user criteria

**Usability** – usability is the extent to which a product can used by specified user to achieve specified goal with effectiveness, efficiency, and satisfaction in a specified context of use. From the end user's perspective the system should be designed in such a way that it is easy to learn and use, efficient and having few errors if any.

## **Security requirements**

#### Security for the user of the system

- The system provides privileges to administrator to create account to log in to the system.
- No one can view the site of other user page.
- The system will have another security keeping mechanism which is called session and java script which can help user to log in to the system and cannot back in to the securable pages.
- Only a person who has a privilege to the system can log on by providing user name and password.
- The password will encrypted by MD5 encryption mechanism.
- The login link is visible in the woldia university only to protects from brute force attack; a person who wants to access the protected page from outside and to attack the system information. Because the system had two parts; the one is applicant's part which is deployed on the woldia university server but, have the domain name that can accessed outside the university and the other part which is more sensitive part should be deployed in the woldia university server which have the domain name accessed inside the university only.

#### 3.2 Current Software architecture

Currently the Woldia University have no system for the human resource office they are simply perform all their tasks manually so, the current manual system has not software architecture.

# 3.3 Proposed software architecture

The architecture that we have used for the system is a 3 tier which is a web based application in which the presentation tier, a business or data access tier, and a data tier are developed and maintained as independent modules on separate platforms. Three layers in the three tier architecture are as follows:

- Client layer
- Middle layer
- Data layer

# Client layer

The client tier is the applications of user interface containing data entry forms and client side applications. For example, registrations form for new users which contain text box, labels, and buttons etc. So, it displays data to the user and users interact directly with the application through user interface. The client tier interacts with the web/application server to make requests and to retrieve data from the database. It then displays to the user the data retrieved from the server.

## Middle layer

The middle tier (web/application server) implements the business logic, controller logic and presentation logic to control the interaction between the application's clients and data. The controller logic processes client requests such as requests to view comments, to deactivate users or to retrieve data from the database.

## Data layer

The system has data access layer which requires SQL skill in the form of DDL and DML contains methods to connect with database and to perform insert, update, delete, get data from database based on users input data.

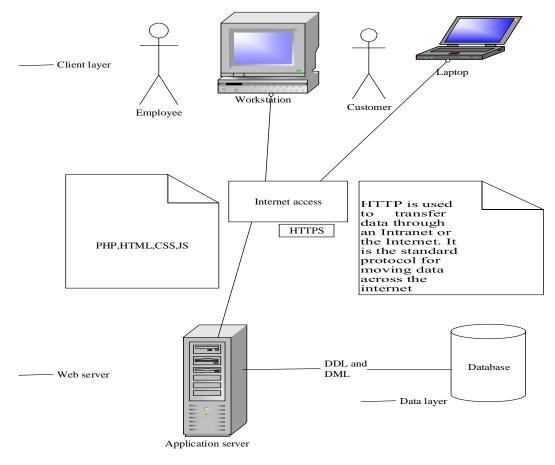


Figure 3.1 Software Architecture diagram

# 3.3.1 Sub system decomposition

To reduce the complexity of the system, we have decomposed the system into six parts based up on the functionality, where each those subsystems have their own subsystems.

# Sub system for administrator

- Log in
- Create account
- Update account
- View help
- Change password
- Log out
- Activate and deactivate user's account

# Sub system for manager

- Log in
- Approve/reject leave request
- Approve/reject employee request
- Approve/reject transfer request
- View feedbacks
- Post announcement
- View report
- View employee information
- View applicant information
- View help
- Change password
- Post vacancy
- Log out

# Sub system for record officer

- Log in
- Change password
- Register employee profiles
- Update employee profiles
- Search employee profiles
- Delete employee profiles
- View help
- Log out

# Sub system for applicants

- Send feedback
- View vacancy
- Apply
- View help

# Sub system for employee

- Log in
- Request leave
- Apply for transfer
- View announcement
- View help
- Change password
- Log out

# Sub system for department head or college dean

- Log in
- Change password
- View announcement
- View help
- Request employee
- Log out

# 3.3.2 Component diagram

A component diagram describes the organization of the physical components in a system. Components are modeled as rectangles with two smaller rectangles jutting out from the left hand side. Components have dependencies on the interface of other components.

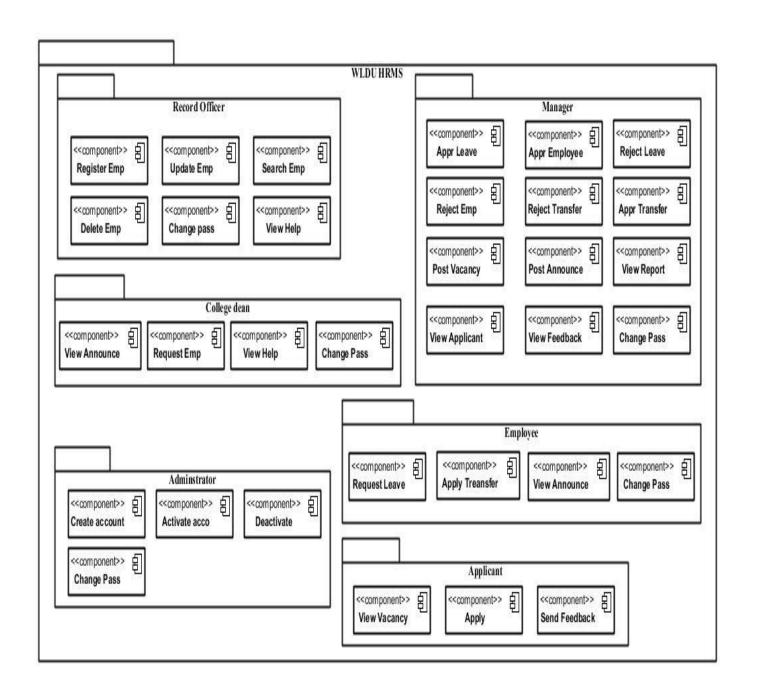


Figure 3.2 Sub system decomposition

# 3.3.3 Deployment diagram

A Deployment Modeling shows the configuration of run-time processing elements and the software components, processes, and objects. And also it shows the physical configuration of software and hardware [2]. Figure 3.2 represents deployment diagram below.

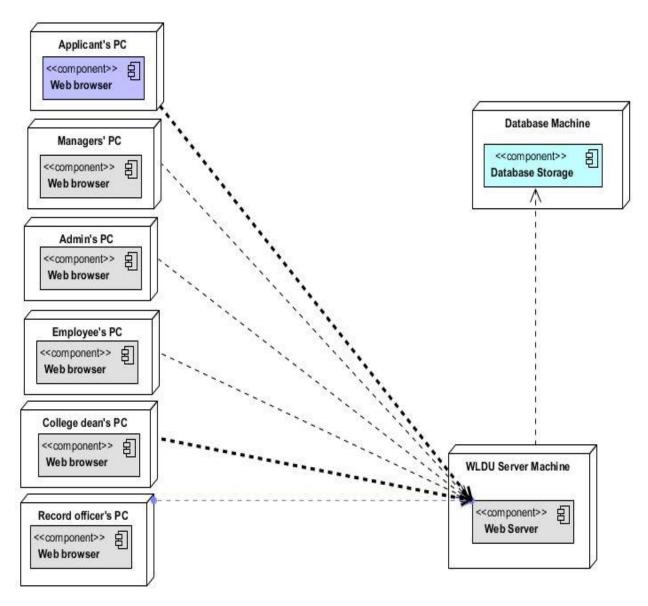


Figure 3.3 Deployment diagram

## 3.4.4 Persistence modeling for object oriented database

Persistent data management deals with how the persistent data (database) are stored and managed and it outlives a single execution of the system [3]. At that time the timetable produced are persistent data and hence stored on a database system. This allows all the programs that operate on the WLDU HRMS data to do consistently. Moreover, storing data in a database enables the system to perform complex queries on a large data set. The administrator adds, view or deactivate employee and view employee information or comments. The database retains, applicant's employees, record officer's, college deans and administrator data. Each of these items was in separate table. Database use a primary key - in the case of the employee table, emp\_id is the primary key to each employee. So, we have selected object-oriented database management system for persistent data management of the project. Generally, the objective of the database design is to store persistent information for later use. As such the database is to maintain employee's information, manager, record officer, college dean, and applicant and administrator information of the system for security purpose. The persistence storage tables used by the system are: users table, announcement table, applicant table, educational info emergency\_contact employee\_request table. table, table. family\_situation table, feedback table, guaranter\_contact table, leave table, personal\_info table, reset password, residential\_address table, transfer table, cavancytable. These used to support the data storage of record management system application. In general, we have wldu\_hrms as database package which consist 15 tables under it that store applicant, employee and other data.

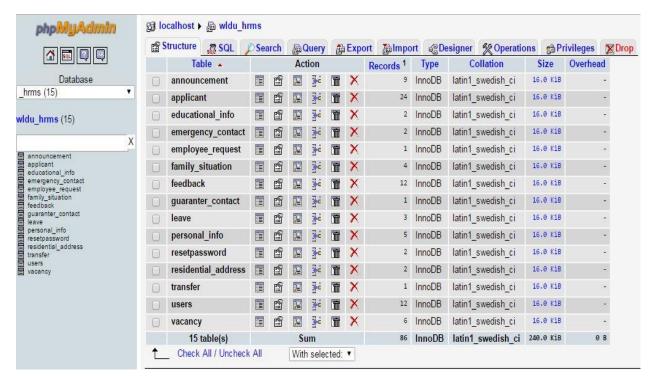


Figure 3. 4 The structure of wldu\_hrms database diagram

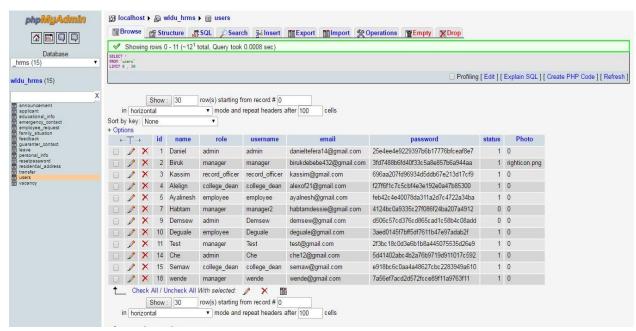


Figure 3.5 The structure of users table diagram

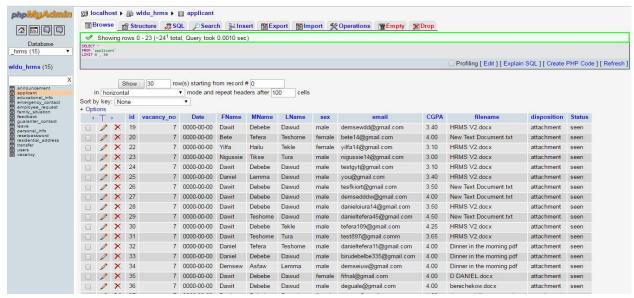


Figure 3. 6 The structure of applicant table diagram

# 3.4.5 Access control and security

Access control is way of limiting access to a system or to physical or virtual resources. In computing, access control is a process by which users are granted access and certain privileges to systems, resources or information.

Table 27Access control and security

		Actor				
Function	Administrator	Manager	Record officer	Applicants	College dean/department head	Employee
Log in	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Create account	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Update account	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
View help	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Change password	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
View feedback	No	Yes	No	No	No	No

Post	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
announcement						
View report	No	Yes		No	No	No
View	No	Yes		No	No	Yes
employee						
information						
Register	No	Yes		No	No	No
employee						
Post vacancy	No	Yes		No	No	No
Update	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
employee						
information						
Generate	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
report						
Request leave	No	No		No	No	Yes
Apply for	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
promotion						
View	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
announcement						
Request	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
employee						
Send	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
feedback						
View vacancy	No	No	No	Yes		No
Apply	No	No	No	Yes	No	No

## 3.4.6 Boundary condition and exception handling

#### Client side

- Internet connection should be available on the client side.
- Web browser is demanding to connect with the web server of the system.
- The user except the applicant should be legitimate and having an account provided by the system administrator.
- It should give the URL (Uniform Resource Locator) address of the web site.
- The user communicates the different hyperlinks/pages using the homepage.
- The Applicant can get different service from viewing the available vacancies up to applying to recruit.

#### Server side

- The system administrator manages the user account using his/her preferred privileges.
- It automatically saves the changes when manages users account.

#### **Exception handling**

- The system displays messages if it is tried to access using wrong/invalid account by checking against the account table.
- If the employee is blocked, he cannot login to the system.
- The applicant should have an email address and other attributes should filled correctly to apply otherwise it will display error message.
- Any forms in the system should be filling out with a valid value if it is not the system will display error message.

# 3.5. User-Interface Design

Interface of WLDU HRMS user login page

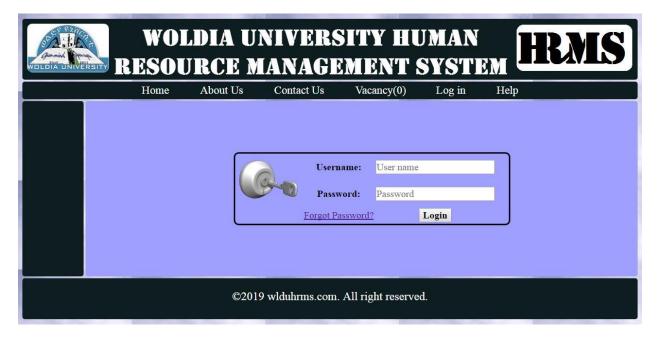


Figure 3.7 Log in page interface

Interface of WLDU HRMS admin activate and deactivate user page



Figure 3.8 account activate deactivate page interface

# Interface of WLDU HRMS applicant apply page

General Wolds UNIVER			VERSITY NAGEME		TEM I	RM	S
<b>₩</b> Ho	ome ■About Us	Contact Us	Vacancy(0)	Comment	Apply	? Help	
Join us on social media			Applicant Registra	ntion Form			Î
f facebook	Vacancy Number:						ш
☐ Gmail	Write Vacancy Number	r Here					- 11
G Website	Date						- 11
Telegram (	2019-06-06						ш
☐ Tweeter	First Name:						
1 Instagram	First Name:						·
		©2019 wl	duhrms.com. All rig	nt reserved.			

Figure 3.9 applicant apply page interface

# Interface of WLDU HRMS applicant home page

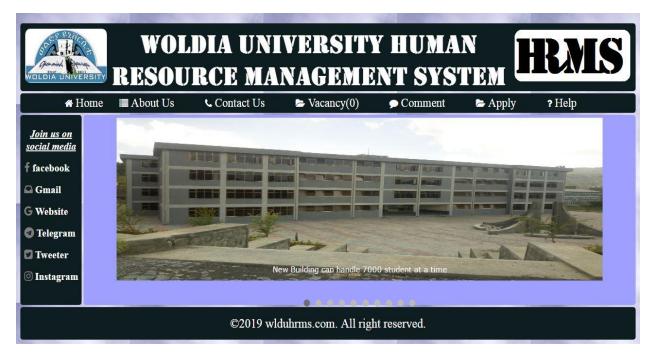


Figure 3.10 applicants home page interface

#### Interface of WLDU HRMS employee leave request page

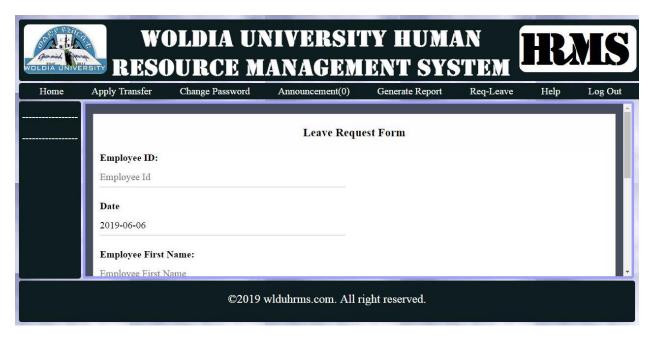


Figure 3.11 employee leave request page interface

Interface of WLDU HRMS college dean employee request page

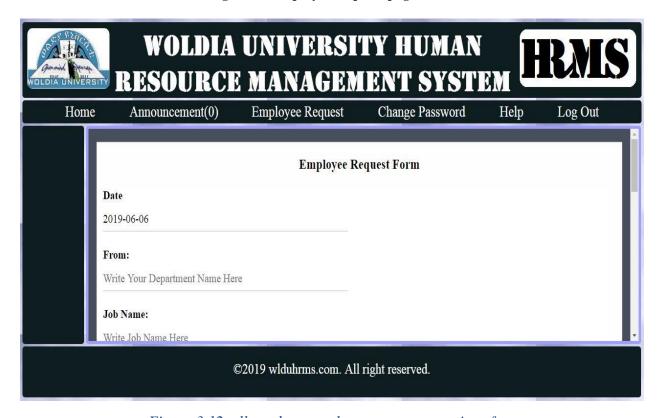


Figure 3.12college dean employee request page interface

# Interface of WLDU HRMS manager report list page

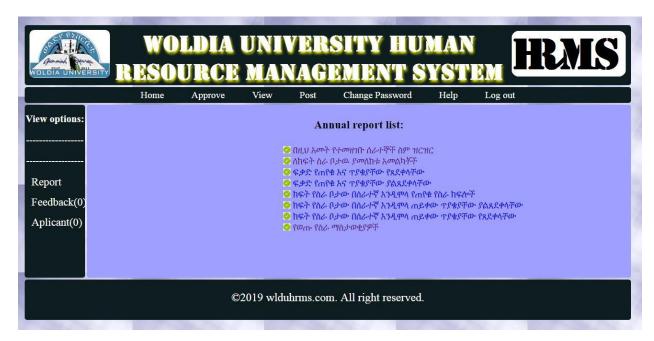


Figure 3. 13 manager report list page interface

Interface of WLDU HRMS manager registered applicant list page

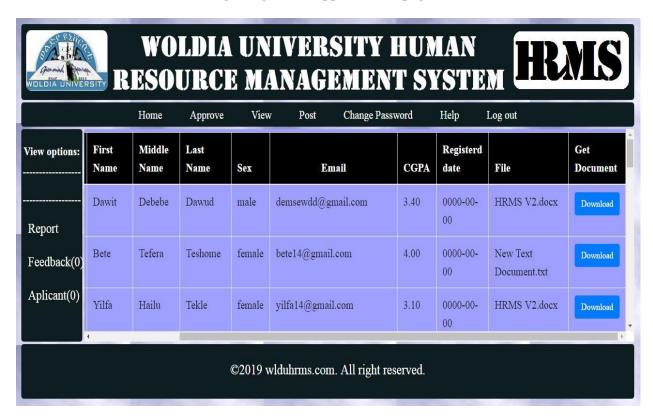


Figure 3. 14manager view registered applicant page interface

# Interface of WLDU HRMS manager annual registered employee system report page

					UH	<i>አ</i> ሙት የ	<del>ተመዘ</del> ገቡ ሰራተኞች	ስም ዝርዝር							
		P	ersonal Infor	mation			E	ducational In	formation			Re	esidential A	Address	
Employee ID	Full Name	Gender	Registered Date	Email	Birth Place	Birth Date	Department	University	Certificate	High School	Region	Sub City	Zone	Woreda	Phone Number
FOT(R)1699/08	Dawit Asrat Derbe	Male	2019-05- 23	dawit23@gmail.com	Legehida		Computer Sience	woldia	Degree	Bulga	Tigray	Mekele	70 Anderta	kemey	965987411
Total															1

Print

Back

Figure 3. 15annual registered employee report page interface

# CHAPTER FOUR

## IMPLIMENTATION AND TESTING

# 4.1 Implementation

#### 4.1.1 Introduction

In this chapter we mainly focuses on the implementation part, implementation concerned with the techniques to develop the system, algorithm for the system, code samples of the system, some testing techniques are briefly described in this part of documentation. This project is implemented using Hypertext markup language (HTML) and Hypertext Preprocessor (PHP) by using Cascading style sheet (CSS) for style and Java script (JS). Also we used different plugins like data table and different frame works like bootstrap, Ajax, jQuery, freeze header, and other since it helps us much to decrease the difficulties of coding and to get the best features from them. The selection of HTML and PHP is based on the version of the system since this system is web based and also it is the most easy and suitable language than other language we know and because of it is platform independent. In this chapter the sample coding for implementation and testing ways has been described.

## 4.1.2 Coding Standards

- We have write comments in the coding and documentation. ...
- We have written readable yet efficient code. ...
- Use helper methods. ...
- We have written test cases. ...
- We have written readable yet efficient code. Conform to the coding standards of our current project.
- We use IDE's drop-down menu. ...
- APIs are handy.

## 4.1.3 Sample source code

Sample source code for sending feedback and counting the unread feedbacks from the database

```
<?php
       class Comment{
               function Count()
                      $con=mysql_connect("localhost","root","");
                      mysql_select_db("wldu_hrms",$con);
                      $num=0;
                      $a=mysql_query("select * from vacancy where Status = 'open'") or
       die(mysql_error());
                      while($rows1=mysql_fetch_array($a))
                              $num=mysql_num_rows($a);
                              $num=$num++;
                      return $num;
               }
               function SendFeedback()
                      if (isset($_POST['submit']))
                                     $c=$_POST['email'];
                                     $e=$_POST['subject'];
                                     $name=$_POST['firstname'];
                                     if($c!="" && $e!="" && $name!="")
                                             include("conn.php");
                                             $insert=mysql_query("insert into feedback ( name,
       email, comment ) values('$name','$c','$e')");
                                             if($insert==true)
                                                     echo '<Script>alert("Your Comment
       Successfully Sent!")</script>';
                                             }
                                             else
                                                     echo '<Script>alert("Unsucessful Something
       went wrong!")</script>';
                              }
       $comment = new Comment();
```

?>

# Sample source code for administrator home page interface

```
<?php
               session_start();
               if(!isset($_SESSION['user'])){
                       <script> alert("You are are not logged in please login first!!") </script>
               <?php
                       header("location:../login.php");
               ?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
       <title>WLDU HRMS</title>
       <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="hrmsstyle.css">
       <link rel="icon" type="img/png" href="image/logo.jpg"/>
       <style>
               @media (min-width: 1365px) and (max-width: 1400px){
                       #h1-heading{
                               /*display: none;*/
                               font-size: 50px;
                               color: red;
                               font-family: arial;
                       }
               }
               @media (min-width: 1000px) and (max-width: 1365px){
                       #h1-heading{
                               /*display: none;*/
                               font-size: 35px;
                               color: red;
                               font-family: arial;
                       }
               }
               @media (min-width: 880px) and (max-width: 1000px){
                       #h1-heading{
                               /*display: none;*/
                               font-size: 30px;
                               color: red;
                               font-family: arial;
                       }
               }
```

```
@media (min-width: 400px) and (max-width: 880px){
        #h1-heading{
                /*display: none;*/
                font-size: 20px;
                color: red;
                font-family: arial;
        }
}
@media (min-width: 300px) and (max-width: 400px){
        #h1-heading{
                /*display: none;*/
                font-size: 15px;
                color: red;
                font-family: arial;
        }
}
@media (min-width: 20px) and (max-width: 300px){
        #h1-heading{
                /*display: none;*/
                font-size: 9px;
                color: red;
                font-family: arial;
        }
}
#left-side-menu ul{
        text-align: left;
        border-radius: 5px;
        padding: 0px;
        list-style-type: none;
        margin-left: 0px;
        margin-right: 0px;
        float: left;
        margin-top: 4px;
        margin-bottom: 4px;
        background-color: rgb(14,29,31);
}
#left-side-menu ul li{
        margin-left: -15px;
}
#left-side-menu ul li a{
        text-decoration: none;
        font-family: times new romans;
        font-size: 22px;
        color: white;
        padding: .5em 1.3em;
        transition:2s,transform 0.5s 1s;
        cursor: pointer;
```

```
text-align: left;
              }
              #left-side-menu ul li a:hover{
                     font-family: times new romans;
                     font-size: 22px;
                     color: black;
                     background-color: white;
                     border-radius: 10px;
                     transform: rotate(360deg);
                     margin-left: 0px;
                     margin-right: 0px;
              }
       </style>
</head>
<body>
<div id = "header">
       <img class = "hrlogo" src="image/HR.png">
       <img class = "wldulogo" src="image/logo.jpg">
       <!--<img style="vertical-align: center;" class = "header-image"
src="image/Header_image2.png"> -->
       <h1 id = "h1-heading" style="text-align: center;font-weight: bolder;font-family: Stencil;color:
white;padding: 10px;"> Woldia University Human Resource Management System</h1>
</div>
<div id = "navbar">
       <u1>
              <a href="home.php"> Home </a> 
              <a href="create_account.php"> Create account </a> 
              <a href="activate.php"> Activate </a> 
              <a href="activate.php"> Deactivate </a> 
              <!-- <li><a href="update_account.php"> Update account </a>  -->
              <a href="change_password.php"> Change password </a> 
              <a href="help.php"> Help </a> 
              <a href="logout.php"> Log out </a> 
</div>
<div class = "main">
       <div align="center" style="margin-top: 50px;">
              <img src="image/user.jpg" width="150" height="150">
              <?php
              echo "";
                     echo "";
                            echo "";
```

```
echo ' <b>Welcome: </b>' . $_SESSION['role'] . " " .
$_SESSION['name'];
                           echo "";
                    echo "";
                    echo "";
                           echo "";
                                  echo '<b>Email: </b>' . $_SESSION['email'];
                           echo "";
                    echo "";
             echo "";
             ?>
      </div>
</div>
<div id = "left-side-menu">
</div>
<div id = "footer">
      ©2019 wlduhrms.com. All right reserved.
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

# 4.2 Testing

From different testing methodologies we have used the following one to ensure that the proposed system is met its goal or to identify any error/problem and to take an appropriate measure.

# **4.2.1** Test type

## Unit Testing

In unit testing we divided the general system in to number of modules or components. Since we have functionalities which is a collection of the use case's that we have test each module separately whether each use case or components works correctly or not. We have used this testing technique to verify the functionality of a specific section of code, usually at the function level. So we enforced to use this method of testing to ensure that the specific function is working as expected.

## Integration Testing

Here we used this type of testing to test whether one of our modules like administrator, manager, applicant, record officer, college dean or employee modules is integrated to each other or not. In general, we have used this testing to verify the interfaces between components against a software design. We used to expose defects in the interfaces and interaction between integrated components (modules)

#### System Testing

This is the third testing techniques that we have used it at the end of the implementation. It helps to ensure whether it met the requirement of the organization and the client or not.

## 4.2.2 Overview of Manual testing automated testing

Since our system is web based Human resource management system, everything important for the user will be explained and implemented while giving short training when the system is deployed. Rather there is no need of preparing full user manual because it is only deployed (hosted) on a single machine that is server. But the team has prepared a link on the system that is help full for new user; that can guide users when they get any confusion during their usage. So, the following is the common question most users want to get the answer to have access to these applications.

# How to use our developed Web Based Human resource Management system/application?

- ❖ First browse the system using internet connection. Here you have two options if you are applicant you should have to browse the applicant's page by entering its domain name or if you are other actors who have a privilege on the system browse the other application using its domain name.
- ❖ Then if you are applicant no need to login you can simply get any information that you want like viewing vacancies and applying to those vacancies and other.
- ❖ If you are non-applicant user that use the system you need to login by entering the correct username and password.
- ❖ If your username and password is correct your privilege will be given to you.
- ❖ Then perform any actions that you want to do on your privilege.

#### 4.2.3 Test Plan

Test plan is document describing software testing scope and activities. It is the basis for formally testing any software/products in a project. A document describing the scope, approach, resources and schedule of intended test activities. It identifies amongst others test items, the features to be tested, the testing tasks, who will do each task, degree of tester independence, the test environment, the test design techniques and entry and exit criteria to be used, and the rationale for their choice, and any risks requiring contingency planning. It is a record of the test planning process.

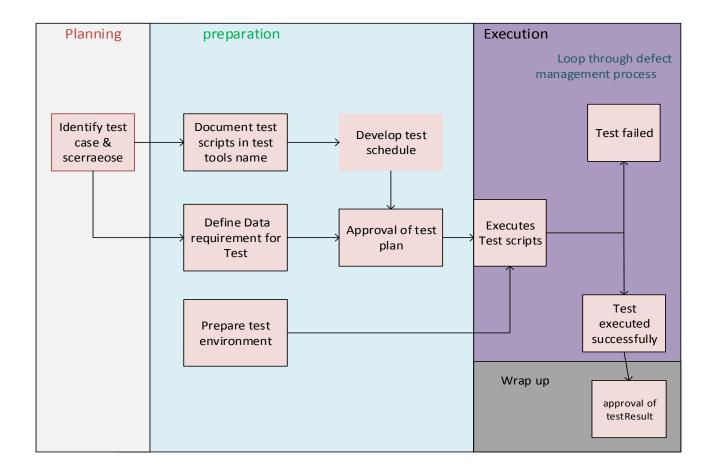


Figure 4.1Test plan

# **4.2.4** Test case specification

Test name: Login user

# **Test Description:**

This login test is used to check whether any one access the system or only those authorized user have an access to the system

Test case Name: Login

Table 28 Login Test Description Table

Action	Test Procedure	Input	<b>Expected result</b>	Pass/fail
			test	
Test	The system user should	User's	The page that	Pass-the user
login	click login link.	appropriate	enables the user	can perform
system	Log-in Page screen is	username and	to perform their	activities
	displayed	password.	action is	based on
	User enters his/her user		displayed.	his/her
	name and password.			privileges.
		Incorrect	"Please Enter	Fail – the
		username and	correct username	user can't
		password	and password "	access the
			message display,	pages.

Purpose of test: Authentication test

**Testing objects: Login checking** 

**Test focus**: correct username and Password validation

#### **Test Process**

## 1. Starting condition

- > The system user should click login link.
- > The login Page will be displayed.

# 2. Input

- ➤ The user enters his/her username and password
- > Then clicks **login button**.

# 3. Expected result

➤ At the time of login, if the username and password are valid user page is displayed and accessible to the customer.

# 4. Failure Condition

➤ If user enters invalid username and password, please enter valid username and password message is displayed.

**Test name:** Create account

## **Test Description:**

This create account test is used to check an account is created by the administrator without any challenges or not.

Test case Name: Create account

Table 29 Create account Test Description Table

Action	Test Procedure	Input	Expected result	Pass/fail
			test	
Test	The administrator	User's	The user account	Pass-the user
create	should click create	appropriate	is created	can enter in
account	account link.	username,	successfully.	to the system
system	Create account Page is	name, role,		based on the
	displayed.	email, and		account
	The administrator will	password and		created
	fill all necessary	confirm		before.
	information to create	password.		
	the account.			
		Incorrect fill	"Please fill the	Fail – the
		of the fields.	required fields "	user account
			message display,	will not be
				created and
				the user
				cannot
				access the
				page.

Purpose of test: Account creation test

Testing objects: Create account checking

**Test focus**: correct data fill for create account validation

#### **Test Process**

#### 1. Starting condition

- The administrator should click create account link.
- ➤ The create account page will be displayed.

## 2. Input

- ➤ The administrator enters appropriate username, First name, role, email, and password and confirm password.
- > Then clicks create button.

## 3. Expected result

At the time of create account, if the filled data are valid account will be displayed and user can login to the system.

#### 4. Failure Condition

➤ If user enters invalid data, please enter data message is displayed.

## 4.2.5 Test Report

In login test after the user is authenticated the expected user page is displayed for example when the user is the administrator and if he or she is entering the valid username and password the expected screen will be displayed. The screenshot is given below for the admin page after he or she is entering the correct username and password authenticated by the system. Also in create account test after the administrator creates the account by filling the correct required fields the following page is displayed

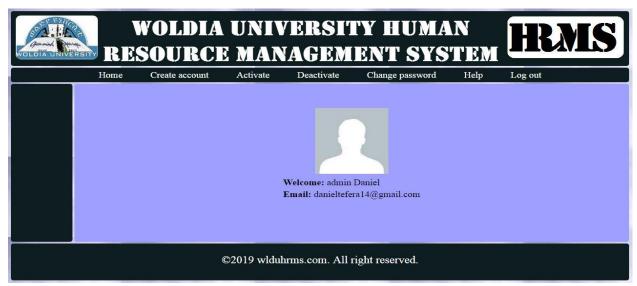


Figure 4. 2 Admin page after login



Figure 4. 3account created successfully page after test

## **CHAPTER FIVE**

## CONCLUSION AND RECOMENDATION

## 5.1 Conclusion

Woldia university Human resource management system is one of the most important systems in Woldia University. The existing system has been performing all its tasks manually. So the users of the system were facing many challenges to use the system; For Instance, wasting energy and time.

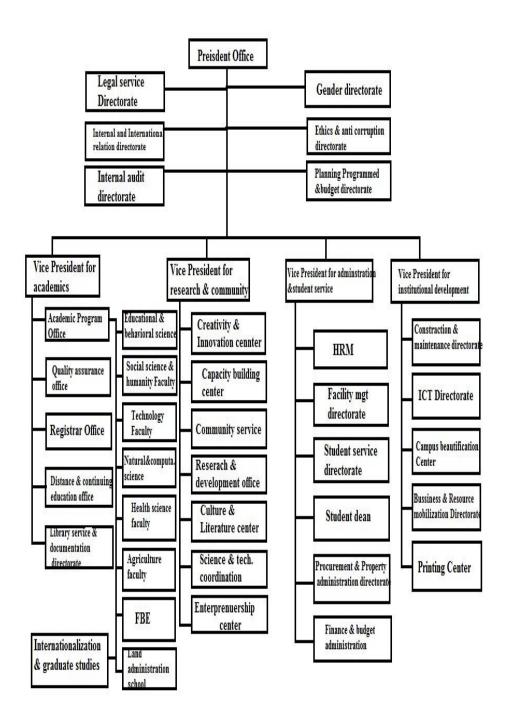
So by taking these problems into consideration the group members developed a Web based human resource management system for Woldia University. This new system solved many problems. Our main aim of the project in solving this problem by:

- Providing brief and secure communication
- Minimizing the time required to perform task
- Providing sufficient security
- Minimizing the wastage of materials

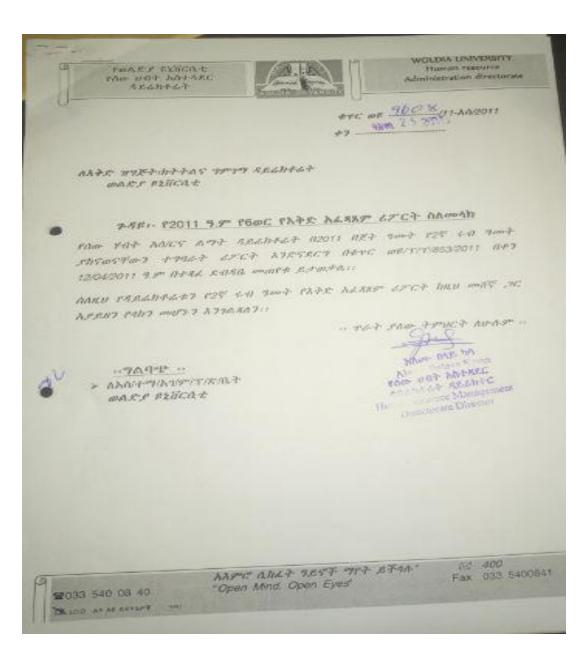
## 5.2 Recommendation

The system we have developed is an application web based system it needs a skilled person to work with the system. So, we recommend the system should be required the responsible and skilled person. We highly recommend the system's resource should be kept in highly safe and favorable condition. If someone wants to enhance this system it is highly recommended that to add some other functionality like attendance system, payroll system, employee promotions system and make the system to support local language like Amharic and other.

## **Appendix**

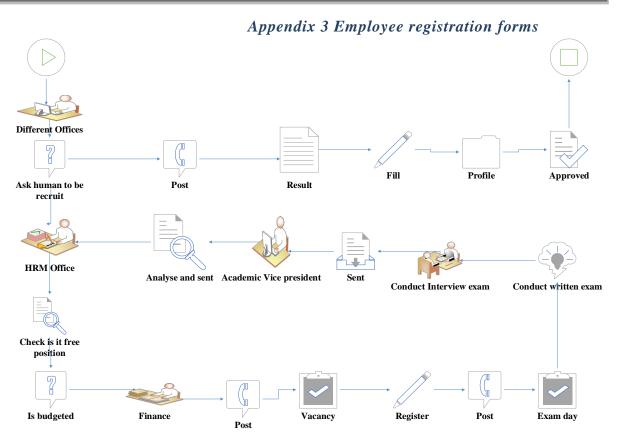


Appendix 1 Organizational structure of WLDU



Appendix 2 Semester report

Employee Name Frist Middle Last Last
Birth Date day, month, Year Place of birth
Region Zone Woreda
Nation/nationality
NationalitySex
Address Region City Zone Woreda Kebele
Phone No House No
Marital statusmarried single divorced
In case of emergency Full name Region Zone
WoredaKebele phone number
Educational status Special skill Experience
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EMPID Experience
Date of employment Type of employee
Acknowledgment and rewards (if any)
Assurance of employeeNameand Signature job position date date
Assurance officer namedatedatedate



Appendix 4 Work flow for employee recruitment

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Appendix 5[10] Employees diary form

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Appendix 6 [10] Employees diary form 2

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9.	ምዝጣ የሚጠናቀቅበት ቀንና ሰዓት

ሲቶች አመልካቾች ይበረታታሉ።

የመወቀ ማንተም፣

Appendix 7 [10] Vacancy form

# <u>በኢትዮጵያ ፌዴራሳዊ ዲሞክራሲያዊ ሪፑብሲክ</u> <u>የፌዴራል ሲቪል ሰርቪስ ኤጀንሲ</u> <u>የደረጃ ዕድንት/ድልድል ዕጩዎች ማወዳደሪያ ቅጽ</u>

	የተወዳጓሪዎች ሙሉ ሰም ከንኢየት		ን የያዘው የ	mr a	LA .	₽ <i>®</i> Ø						
<i>†&amp;</i> <b>♦</b> ₹€		<i>መጠሪያ</i>	መታወቂያ ቁፕር	LLX.	L መወዝ	%	<u></u> %	3%	4,%	5%	የነተብ ድምር	૧૪૧૧ ૧૮૫
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2.												
3.												
4.												
5.												
6.												

<u>101</u> opu <u>n</u>	<u> የየድልድል አባ</u>	<u> ፊርማ</u>
	<i>ቀ3</i>	<i>9.9</i> °

Appendix 8 [10] Level development competition form

	1. የቀጣሪ መ/ቤት ስም 2. የ/ሥራ መደቡ መጠሪያ 3. ደረጃ 4 የ/ሥራ ቦታ							6:የቃል ፊተና	የወጣበት የተሰጠበት ቦታ የተሰጠበት		ቁጥር	
		ከአድን	ነዳንዱ		ጭ ነቀ ፊተና ዕ			ተንኝ የቃል	ሌላል ተ			
<i>ራ</i> ፕር	የተፌታች ስም	ሰብሳቢ	አባል 1	አባል 2	አባል 3	አባል 4	ድምር	አማካይ መጤት	የጽሁፍ % 2	870,C %	ጠቅሳሳ ድምር 1-2-3	ደረጃ
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Appendix 9 [10] Applicants exam result conclusion form

## ክፍት የሥራ መደቡ በሠራተኛ እንዲሞላ መጠየቂያ ቅጽ

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-	
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3	ክፍት ሥራ መደቡ፣
-	
	አዲስ የተመደበ 🔃 የተለቀቀ 🔛 ቋሚ መደብ ያልሆነ 🔙
4.	ለሥራ መደቡ የሚፈለንዉ ዕዉቀት፣ ክህሎት፣ ችሎታና ሴሎች ተፈላጊ ባህሪያት፣
_	<i>ሠራተኛዉ ሥራዉን እንዲጀምር የሚፈለግበት ጊ</i> ዜ፣
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7.	የሰዉ ሀብት ሥራ አመራር የሥራ ሂደት ኃላፊ ዉሳኔ / አስተያየት
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	&Cay
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Appendix 10 [10] Forms to ask the job place to be filled

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