# Package 'SoilR'

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Title Models of Soil Organic Matter Decomposition

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**Description** Functions for modeling Soil Organic Matter decomposition

in terrestrial ecosystems with linear and nonlinear models. The package implements models according to the compartmental system representation described in Sierra et al. (2012) <doi:10.5194/gmd-5-1045-2012> and Sierra et al. (2014)

<doi:10.5194/gmd-7-1919-2014>.

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**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0), deSolve,methods

Imports igraph, assert that, parallel, expm, sets, purrr

Suggests FME, lattice, MASS, knitr, rmarkdown, getopt, tinytex

LazyData TRUE

Collate setGlobalVariables.R setOldClasses.R genericFunctions.R

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RoxygenNote 7.2.3.9000

**Encoding UTF-8** 

# NeedsCompilation no

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12 AbsoluteFractionModern

\$,NIModel-method		[[<-,MCSim-method														
	Index	\$,NIModel-method	 	 	٠		 •	•	 •	 •	•	 •	•	•	 •	

#### **Description**

The package allows you to study compartmental Soil models.

#### **Details**

The typical workflow consists of the following steps:

- 1. Create a model(run)
- 2. Inspect it

The simplest way of creating a model is to use one of the top level functions for predefined models: predefinedModels. The objects returned by these functions can be of different type, usually either

- 1. Model
- 2. Model\_14.

To inspect the behavior of a model object these classes provide several methods to be found in their respective descriptions. If none of the predefined models fits your needs you can assemble your own model. The functions that create it are the constructors of the above mentioned classes. By convention they have the same name as the class and are described here:

- 1. Model
- 2. Model\_14.

AbsoluteFractionModern

Conversion of radiocarbon values

## Description

Conversion of radiocarbon values

## Usage

AbsoluteFractionModern(F)

#### **Arguments**

F see method arguments

 ${\it Absolute Fraction Modern, Bound Fc-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BoundFc'
AbsoluteFractionModern(F)
```

## **Arguments**

F no manual documentation

 ${\it Absolute Fraction Modern, Const Fc-method} \\ {\it automatic\ title}$ 

## Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstFc'
AbsoluteFractionModern(F)
```

## Arguments

F no manual documentation

AbsoluteFractionModern\_from\_Delta14C Conversion of radiocarbon values

# Description

Conversion of radiocarbon values

## Usage

 $Absolute Fraction Modern\_from\_Delta 14C (delta 14C) \\$ 

## Arguments

delta14C Object to be converted to AbsoluteFractionModern

14 add\_plot

AbsoluteFractionModern\_from\_Delta14C, matrix-method Conversion of radiocarbon values

#### **Description**

Conversion of radiocarbon values

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
AbsoluteFractionModern_from_Delta14C(delta14C)
```

#### **Arguments**

delta14C

Matrix with radiocarbon values in Delta14C

 $Absolute Fraction Modern\_from\_Delta 14C, numeric-method$ 

Conversion of radiocarbon values, from Delta14C to absolute fraction modern

## Description

Conversion of radiocarbon values, from Delta14C to absolute fraction modern

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
AbsoluteFractionModern_from_Delta14C(delta14C)
```

#### **Arguments**

delta14C

radiocarbon value in Delta14C

add\_plot

Add elements to plot

#### **Description**

Add elements to plot

#### Usage

```
add_plot(x, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

x see method arguments... see method arguments

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap' add_plot(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x no manual documentation... no manual documentation

```
as. character, {\tt TimeMap-method}\\ automatic\ title
```

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
as.character(x, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

x no manual documentation... no manual documentation

```
as.numeric, In Flux List\_by\_PoolName-method
```

Convert to a numeric vector with the pool names as names

# Description

Convert to a numeric vector with the pool names as names

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InFluxList_by_PoolName'
as.numeric(x, y, t, time_symbol, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

X	The list of fluxes. Every element contains a function that depends on a combination of of state variables and time.
у	A vector indexed by the names of the state variables
t	a number representing the current point in time
time_symbol	The name of the time argument used in the definition of the flux functions
	additional arguments

```
as.numeric,InternalFluxList_by_PoolName-method

*Convert to a numeric vector with names of the form 'a->b'
```

# Description

Convert to a numeric vector with names of the form 'a->b'

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InternalFluxList_by_PoolName'
as.numeric(x, y, t, time_symbol, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

X	The list of fluxes. Every element contains a function that depends on a combination of of state variables and time.
у	A vector indexed by the names of the state variables
t	a number representing the current point in time
time_symbol	The name of the time argument used in the definition of the flux functions
	additional arguments

```
as.numeric, Internal Flux\_by\_PoolName-method
```

Convert to a numeric value with name of the form 'a->b'

# Description

Convert to a numeric value with name of the form 'a->b'

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InternalFlux_by_PoolName'
as.numeric(x, y, t, time_symbol, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

X	The list of fluxes. Every element contains a function that depends on a combination of of state variables and time.
У	A vector indexed by the names of the state variables
t	a number representing the current point in time
time_symbol	The name of the time argument used in the definition of the flux functions
	additional arguments

```
as.numeric,OutFluxList_by_PoolName-method
```

Convert to a numeric vector with the pool names as names

# Description

Convert to a numeric vector with the pool names as names

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'OutFluxList_by_PoolName'
as.numeric(x, y, t, time_symbol, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

X	The list of fluxes. Every element contains a function that depends on a combination of of state variables and time.
У	A vector indexed by the names of the state variables
t	a number representing the current point in time
time_symbol	The name of the time argument used in the definition of the flux functions
	additional arguments

18 availableParticleSets

availableParticleProperties

Available particle properties

## Description

Available particle properties

# Usage

```
availableParticleProperties(object)
```

## Arguments

object

see method arguments

 $available {\tt Particle Properties}, {\tt MCSim-method}\\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
availableParticleProperties(object)
```

## Arguments

object

no manual documentation

## Description

Available particle sets

# Usage

```
availableParticleSets(object)
```

## Arguments

object

see method arguments

availableParticleSets,MCSim-method *automatic title* 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
availableParticleSets(object)
```

## Arguments

object

no manual documentation

availableResidentSets Available resident sets

# Description

Available resident sets

## Usage

```
availableResidentSets(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see method arguments

 $available {\tt ResidentSets}, {\tt MCSim-method}\\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
availableResidentSets(object)
```

## Arguments

object

no manual documentation

20 AWBmodel

AWBmode1

Implementation of the microbial model AWB (Allison, Wallenstein, Bradford, 2010)

## Description

This function implements the microbial model AWB (Allison, Wallenstein, Bradford, 2010), a four-pool model with a microbial biomass, enzyme, SOC and DOC pools. It is a special case of the general nonlinear model.

## Usage

```
AWBmodel(
  t,
  V_M = 1e + 08
  V_m = 1e+08,
  r_B = 2e-04,
  r_E = 5e-06,
  r_L = 0.001,
  a_BS = 0.5,
  epsilon_0 = 0.63,
  epsilon_s = -0.016,
  Km_0 = 500,
  Km_u0 = 0.1,
  Km_s = 0.5,
  Km_us = 0.1,
  Ea = 47,
  R = 0.008314,
  Temp1 = 20,
  Temp2 = 20,
  ival = c(B = 2.19159, E = 0.0109579, S = 111.876, D = 0.00144928),
  I_S = 0.005,
  I_D = 0.005
)
```

## Arguments

t	vector of times (in hours) to calculate a solution.
V_M	a scalar representing the maximum rate of uptake (mg DOC cm-3 h-1). Equivalent to $V_{\rm max}$ uptake0 in original paper.
V_m	a scalar representing the maximum rate of decomposition of SOM (mg SOM cm-3 h-1). Equivalent to $V_{\rm max0}$ in original paper.
r_B	a scalar representing the rate constant of microbial death (h-1). Equivalent to $r_{\rm d}$ at in original publication.
r_E	a scalar representing the rate constant of enzyme production (h-1). Equivalent to r_EnzProd in original publication.
r_L	a scalar representing the rate constant of enzyme loss (h-1). Equivalent to $r\_EnzLoss$ in original publication.
a_BS	a scalar representing the fraction of the dead microbial biomass incorporated to SOC. MICtoSOC in original publication.

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epsilon_0	a scalar representing the intercept of the CUE function (mg mg-1). CUE $_0$ in original paper.
epsilon_s	a scalar representing the slope of the CUE function (degree-1). CUE_slope in original paper.
Km_0	a scalar representing the intercept of the half-saturation constant of SOC as a function of temperature (mg cm-3).
Km_u0	a scalar representing the intercept of the half saturation constant of uptake as a function of temperature (mg cm-3).
Km_s	a scalar representing the slope of the half saturation constant of SOC as a function of temperature (mg cm-3 degree-1).
Km_us	a scalar representing the slope of the half saturation constant of uptake as a function of temperature (mg cm-3 degree-1).
Ea	a scalar representing the activation energy (kJ mol-1).
R	a scalar representing the gas constant (kJ mol-1 degree-1).
Temp1	a scalar representing the temperature in the output vector.
Temp2	a scalar representing the temperature in the transfer matrix.
ival	a vector of length 4 with the initial values for the pools (mg cm-3).
I_S	a scalar with the inputs to the SOC pool (mg cm-3 h-1).
I_D	a scalar with the inputs to the DOC pool (mg cm-3 h-1).

#### **Details**

This implementation contains default parameters presented in Allison et al. (2010).

## Value

An object of class NIModel that can be further queried.

## References

Allison, S.D., M.D. Wallenstein, M.A. Bradford. 2010. Soil-carbon response to warming dependent on microbial physiology. Nature Geoscience 3: 336-340.

# Examples

```
hours=seq(0,800,0.1)

#Run the model with default parameter values
bcmodel=AWBmodel(t=hours)
Cpools=getC(bcmodel)

##Time solution

# fixme mm:

# the next line causes trouble on Rforge Windows patched build

# matplot(hours,Cpools,type="1",ylab="Concentrations",xlab="Hours",lty=1,ylim=c(0,max(Cpools)*1.2))

##State-space diagram
plot(as.data.frame(Cpools))
```

22 bacwaveModel

bacwaveModel	
Dacwaveriouel	

Implementation of the microbial model Bacwave (bacterial waves)

## Description

This function implements the microbial model Bacwave (bacterial waves), a two-pool model with a bacterial and a substrate pool. It is a special case of the general nonlinear model.

## Usage

```
bacwaveModel(
    t,
    umax = 0.063,
    ks = 3,
    theta = 0.23,
    Dmax = 0.26,
    kd = 14.5,
    kr = 0.4,
    Y = 0.44,
    ival = c(S0 = 0.5, X0 = 1.5),
    BGF = 0.15,
    ExuM = 8,
    ExuT = 0.8
)
```

## Arguments

t	vector of times (in hours) to calculate a solution.
umax	a scalar representing the maximum relative growth rate of bacteria (hr-1)
ks	a scalar representing the substrate constant for growth (ug C /ml soil solution)
theta	a scalar representing soil water content (ml solution/cm3 soil)
Dmax	a scalar representing the maximal relative death rate of bacteria (hr-1)
kd	a scalar representing the substrate constant for death of bacteria (ug C/ml soil solution)
kr	a scalar representing the fraction of death biomass recycling to substrate (unitless)
Υ	a scalar representing the yield coefficient for bacteria (ug C/ugC)
ival	a vector of length 2 with the initial values for the substrate and the bacterial pools (ug $\mbox{C/cm3}$ )
BGF	a scalar representing the constant background flux of substrate (ug C/cm3 soil/hr)
ExuM	a scalar representing the maximal exudation rate (ug C/(hr cm3 soil))
ExuT	a scalar representing the time constant for exudation, responsible for duration of exudation $(1/hr)$ .

## **Details**

This implementation contains default parameters presented in Zelenev et al. (2000). It produces nonlinear damped oscillations in the form of a stable focus.

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#### Value

An object of class NIModel that can be further queried.

#### References

Zelenev, V.V., A.H.C. van Bruggen, A.M. Semenov. 2000. "BACWAVE," a spatial-temporal model for traveling waves of bacterial populations in response to a moving carbon source in soil. Microbial Ecology 40: 260-272.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

#### **Examples**

```
hours=seq(0,800,0.1)
#
#Run the model with default parameter values
bcmodel=bacwaveModel(t=hours)
Cpools=getC(bcmodel)
#
#Time solution
matplot(hours,Cpools,type="1",ylab="Concentrations",xlab="Hours",lty=1,ylim=c(0,max(Cpools)*1.2))
legend("topleft",c("Substrate", "Microbial biomass"),lty=1,col=c(1,2),bty="n")
#
#State-space diagram
plot(Cpools[,2],Cpools[,1],type="1",ylab="Substrate",xlab="Microbial biomass")
#
#Microbial biomass over time
plot(hours,Cpools[,2],type="1",col=2,xlab="Hours",ylab="Microbial biomass")
```

bind.C14curves

Binding of pre- and post-bomb Delta14C curves

### Description

This function takes a pre- and a post-bomb curve, binds them together, and reports the results back either in years BP or AD.

#### Usage

```
bind.C14curves(prebomb, postbomb, time.scale)
```

#### **Arguments**

prebomb A pre-bomb radiocarbon dataset. They could be either IntCal09 or IntCal13.

postbomb A post-bomb radiocarbon dataset. They could be any of the datasets in Hua2013.

time.scale A character indicating whether to report the results in years before present BP or anno domini AD.

#### Value

A data.frame with 3 columns: years in AD or BP, the atmospheric Delta14C value, the standard deviation of the Delta14C value.

BoundFc

Bound Fc object

# Description

Bound Fc object

## Usage

```
BoundFc(format, ...)
```

## Arguments

format see method arguments ... see method arguments

BoundFc, character-method

automatic title

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
BoundFc(format, ...)
```

## Arguments

format no manual documentation ... no manual documentation

BoundFc, missing-method

automatic title

## Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
BoundFc(format, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

format no manual documentation ... no manual documentation

BoundFc-class 25

BoundFc-class S4-class to represent atmospheric 14C concentration as scalar function of time.

#### **Description**

As time dependent scalar function which remembers its domain ( see ScalarTimeMap) and its format.

 ${\tt BoundInFluxes}$ 

constructor for BoundInFluxes

## Description

The method internally calls TimeMap and expects the same kind of arguments

## Usage

```
BoundInFluxes(...)
```

## Arguments

... passed on to TimeMap

BoundInFluxes-class automatic title

#### **Description**

automatic title

BoundLinDecompOp

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

```
BoundLinDecompOp(map, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

map A map

... Additional arguments passed to function

BoundLinDecompOp, ANY-method

Creates an object of class BoundLinDecompOp

#### **Description**

Creates an object of class BoundLinDecompOp

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
BoundLinDecompOp(map, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

map An object of class different than UnBoundLinDecompOp

... Additional arguments to pass to TimeMap

 ${\it BoundLinDecompOp-method} \\ A\ converter$ 

#### **Description**

The distinction between the classes BoundLinDecompOp and UnboundLinDecompOp exist for those functions, that should be only defined for objects of class UnBoundLinDecomp.

Many functions however do not need extra methods for objects of class UnBoundLinDecompOp and just treat it as a BoundLinDecompOp which is defined on the complete timeline (-Inf,+Inf). With its default arguments this function converts its map argument to a BoundLinDecompOp with just this domain. This is the most frequent internal use case. If starttime and endtime are provided the domain of the operator will be restricted [starttime,endtime].

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundLinDecompOp'
BoundLinDecompOp(map, starttime = -Inf, endtime = Inf)
```

#### **Arguments**

map An object of class UnBoundLinDecompOp
starttime Begin of time interval map will be restricted to
endtime End of time interval map will be restricted to

BoundLinDecompOp-class

A S4 class to represent a linear compartmental operator defined on time interval

#### **Description**

A S4 class to represent a linear compartmental operator defined on time interval

by\_PoolIndex

automatic title

#### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj see method arguments
poolNames see method arguments
timeSymbol see method arguments

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} by $\tt PoolIndex\,, ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolName\,, ANY\,, ANY-method \\ new \ object \ with \ the \ source \ pool \ id \ converted \ to \ a \ PoolIndex \ if \ necessary \\ \end{tabular}$ 

## Description

new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFluxRate_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFluxRate_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

obj and object of class ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolName

poolNames names of pools

 $\label{local_pool_noise} by \_PoolIndex\,, ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName\,, ANY\,, ANY-method\\ convert \ to \ a \ list \ indexed \ by \ pool\ names$ 

#### **Description**

convert to a list indexed by pool names

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
```

## **Arguments**

obj object of class ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName

poolNames names of pools

 $\label{eq:constant} by \verb|PoolIndex|, ConstantInternalFluxRate_by \verb|PoolName|, ANY|, ANY-method \\ new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolName if necessary$ 

## Description

new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolName if necessary

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj an object of class ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolName

poolNames names of the pools

#### **Description**

convert to a list indexed by pool names

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

obj an object of class ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName

poolNames names of the pools

 $\label{local_policy} \verb|by_PoolIndex,ConstantOutFluxRate_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY-method| \\ \textit{new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary} \\$ 

## Description

new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantOutFluxRate_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj object of class ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolName

poolNames names of pools

```
by_PoolIndex, function, character, character-method 
convert a function f of to f_vec
```

#### **Description**

convert a function f of to f\_vec

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,character,character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj For this method a function, whose formal arguments must have names that are

elements of the union of poolNames and timeSymbol

poolNames The ordered poolnames

timeSymbol The name of the argument of obj that represents time.

#### Value

f\_vec(vec,t) A new function that extracts the arguments of obj from a complete vector of state variables and the time argument t and applies the original function to these arguments The ode solvers used by SoilR expect a vector valued function of the state vector and time that represents the derivative. The components of this vector are scalar functions of a vector argument and time. It is possible for the user to define such functions directly, but the definition always depends on the order of state variables. Furthermore these functions usually do not use the complete state vector but only some parts of it. It is much clearer more intuitive and less error prone to be able to define functions that have only formal arguments that are used. This is what this method is used for.

#### **Examples**

```
leaf_resp=function(leaf_pool_content){leaf_pool_content*4}
leaf_resp(1)
poolNames=c(
    "some_thing"
    ,"some_thing_else"
    ,"some_thing_altogther"
    ,"leaf_pool_content"
)
leaf_resp_vec=by_PoolIndex(leaf_resp,poolNames,timeSymbol='t')
# The result is the same since the only the forth position in the vector leaf_resp_vec(c(1,27,3,1),5)
```

by\_PoolIndex,InFluxList\_by\_PoolName,character,character-method

\*Transform pool names to indices\*\*

#### **Description**

Transform pool names to indices

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InFluxList_by_PoolName, character, character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

## **Arguments**

obj no manual documentation
poolNames no manual documentation
timeSymbol no manual documentation

by\_PoolIndex,InFlux\_by\_PoolName,character,character-method

\*Convert the pool names to indices\*\*

# Description

Convert the pool names to indices

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InFlux_by_PoolName, character, character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

## **Arguments**

obj no manual documentation
poolNames no manual documentation
timeSymbol no manual documentation

 $\label{eq:by_PoolIndex} by \_PoolIndex, InternalFluxList\_by\_PoolName, character\_method \\ \textit{automatic title}$ 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InternalFluxList_by_PoolName, character, character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

## Arguments

obj no manual documentation
poolNames no manual documentation
timeSymbol no manual documentation

 ${\it by\_PoolIndex,InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName,character,character-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InternalFlux_by_PoolName, character, character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj no manual documentation
poolNames no manual documentation
timeSymbol no manual documentation

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'OutFluxList_by_PoolName,character,character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

## Arguments

obj no manual documentation
poolNames no manual documentation
timeSymbol no manual documentation

 $\label{eq:by_PoolName, character, character-method} by \_PoolIndex\,, \\ OutFlux\_by\_PoolName\,, \\ character\,, \\ character-method\\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'OutFlux_by_PoolName, character, character'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames, timeSymbol)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj no manual documentation
poolNames no manual documentation
timeSymbol no manual documentation

by\_PoolName

```
by_PoolIndex,PoolConnection_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY-method

constructor from strings of the form 'x->y' new object with the source

pool id and the destination pool id guaranteed to be of class PoolIndex
```

## Description

converts the ids if necessary otherwise returns an identical object

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PoolConnection_by_PoolName,ANY,ANY'
by_PoolIndex(obj, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

obj an object of class PoolConnection\_by\_PoolName

poolNames names of pools

by\_PoolName automatic title

## Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

obj see method arguments
poolNames see method arguments

## Description

convert to a list indexed by pool names

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex'
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

obj object of class ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

poolNames names of pools

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} by $\tt PoolName, ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex-method \\ new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary \\ \end{tabular}$ 

## Description

new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFluxRate_by_PoolIndex'
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj an object of class ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex

poolNames names of pools

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} by $\tt PoolName, ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex-method \\ new \ object \ with \ the \ source \ pool \ id \ converted \ to \ a \ PoolIndex \ if \ necessary \\ \end{tabular}
```

#### **Description**

new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolIndex if necessary

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFlux_by_PoolIndex'
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

obj an object of class ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

poolNames names of pools

by\_PoolName,ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex-method convert to a list indexed by pool names

## **Description**

convert to a list indexed by pool names

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex'
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj an object of class ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex

poolNames names of pools

### **Description**

convert to a list indexed by pool names

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex'
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

# **Arguments**

obj an object of class ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex

poolNames names of pools

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} by $\tt PoolName, ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex-method \\ new object with the source pool id converted to a PoolName if necessary \\ \end{tabular}$ 

### **Description**

This method exists only for classes that do not contain functions of the state\_variables since we cannot automatically translate functions with a state vector arguments to functions of the respective state variables which would require symbolic computations. The reverse direction is always possible and is therefore the preferred way to input rate functions that depend on state variables.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantOutFluxRate_by_PoolIndex'
by_PoolName(obj, poolNames)
```

### **Arguments**

obj an object of class ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex

poolNames names of pools

38 C14Atm\_NH

C14Atm

Atmospheric 14C fraction

### **Description**

Atmospheric 14C fraction in units of Delta14C for the bomb period in the northern hemisphere. @note This dataset will be deprecated soon. Please use C14Atm\_NH or Hua2013 instead.

### Usage

```
data(C14Atm)
```

### **Format**

A data frame with 108 observations on the following 2 variables.

1. V1 a numeric vector

# **Examples**

```
#Notice that C14Atm is a shorter version of C14Atm_NH
require("SoilR")
data("C14Atm_NH")
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="l")
lines(C14Atm,col=2)
```

C14Atm\_NH

Post-bomb atmospheric 14C fraction

### **Description**

Atmospheric 14C concentrations for the post-bomb period expressed as Delta 14C in per mile. This dataset contains a combination of observations from locations in Europe and North America. It is representative for the Northern Hemisphere.

# Usage

```
data(C14Atm_NH)
```

### **Format**

A data frame with 111 observations on the following 2 variables.

- 1. YEAR a numeric vector with year of measurement.
- 2. Atmosphere a numeric vector with the Delta 14 value of atmospheric CO2 in per mil.

# **Examples**

```
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1")
```

CenturyModel 39

CenturyModel	Implementation of the Century model

# Description

This function implements the Century model as described in Parton et al. (1987).

# Usage

# Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.	
ks	A vector of length 7 containing the values of the decomposition rates for the different pools. Units in per week.	
C0	A vector of length 7 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 7 pools.	
surfaceIn	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of aboveground litter inputs to the soil surface by time (mass per area per week).	
soilIn	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of belowground litter inputs to the soil by time (mass per area per week).	
LN	A scalar representing the lignin to nitrogen ratio of the plant residue inputs.	
Ls	A scalar representing the fraction of structural material that is lignin.	
clay	Proportion of clay in mineral soil.	
silt	Proportion of silt in mineral soil.	
xi	A scalar, data.frame, function or anything that can be converted to a scalar function of time ScalarTimeMap object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.	
xi_lag	A time shift/delay for the automatically created time dependent function xi(t)	
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.	

40 CenturyModel14

#### **Details**

This is one of the few examples that internally make use of the new infrastructure for flux based descriptions of models (see examples).

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Parton, W.J, D.S. Schimel, C.V. Cole, and D.S. Ojima. 1987. Analysis of factors controlling soil organic matter levels in Great Plain grasslands. Soil Science Society of America Journal 51: 1173–1179. Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

#### See Also

RothCModel. There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

### **Examples**

CenturyModel14

Implementation of a radiocarbon version of the Century model

### **Description**

This function implements a radiocarbon version of the Century model as described in Parton et al. (1987).

```
CenturyModel14(
    t,
    ks = 52 * c(STR.surface = 0.076, MET.surface = 0.28, STR.belowgroun = 0.094,
    MET.belowground = 0.35, ACT = 0.14, SLW = 0.0038, PAS = 0.00013),
C0 = rep(0, 7),
surfaceIn,
```

CenturyModel14 41

```
soilIn,
F0_Delta14C,
LN,
Ls,
clay = 0.2,
silt = 0.45,
xi = 1,
inputFc,
lag = 0,
lambda = -0.0001209681,
xi_lag = 0,
solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper
```

# Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 7 containing the values of the decomposition rates for the different pools. Units in per year.
C0	A vector of length 7 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 7 pools.
surfaceIn	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of aboveground litter inputs to the soil surface by time (mass per area per year).
soilIn	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of belowground litter inputs to the soil by time (mass per area per year).
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 7 containing the initial fraction of radiocarbon for the 7 pools in Delta14C format.
LN	A scalar representing the lignin to nitrogen ratio of the plant residue inputs.
Ls	A scalar representing the fraction of structural material that is lignin.
clay	Proportion of clay in mineral soil.
silt	Proportion of silt in mineral soil.
xi	A scalar, data.frame, function or anything that can be converted to a scalar function of time ScalarTimeMap object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lag	A time shift/delay for the radiocarbon inputs
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
xi_lag	A time shift/delay for the automatically created time dependent function xi(t)
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.

# Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Parton, W.J, D.S. Schimel, C.V. Cole, and D.S. Ojima. 1987. Analysis of factors controlling soil organic matter levels in Great Plain grasslands. Soil Science Society of America Journal 51: 1173–1179. Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

#### See Also

RothCModel. There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

### **Examples**

### **Description**

Check that poolNames are unique

### Usage

```
check_duplicate_pool_names(poolNames)
```

# **Arguments**

poolNames character vector which will be tested for duplicats

check\_id\_length 43

check\_id\_length

helper function to check that the length of the argument is exactly 1

# Description

helper function to check that the length of the argument is exactly 1

### Usage

```
check_id_length(id)
```

### **Arguments**

id

Either a string or a number

check\_pool\_ids

Check pool ids

# Description

Check pool ids

### Usage

```
check_pool_ids(obj, pools)
```

# Arguments

obj see method arguments pools see method arguments

 $check\_pool\_ids, PoolConnection\_by\_PoolIndex, integer-method \\ automatic\ title$ 

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PoolConnection_by_PoolIndex,integer'
check_pool_ids(obj, pools)
```

### **Arguments**

obj no manual documentation pools no manual documentation

computeResults

Computes results

# Description

Computes results

# Usage

```
computeResults(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

computeResults, MCSim-method

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
computeResults(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 ${\tt ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

```
ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see methods

 ${\tt ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex,ConstInFluxes-method}\\ constructor\ from\ ConstInFluxes$ 

### **Description**

constructor from ConstInFluxes

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstInFluxes'
ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### Arguments

object An object of class ConstInFluxes

### Value

An object of class ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

 ${\tt ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex,list\_method} \\ constructor\ from\ a\ normal\ list$ 

### **Description**

constructor from a normal list

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

# Arguments

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex or a list where the names of the elements are strings of the form '1->3' (for the flux rate from pool 1 to 2

### Value

An object of class ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

 ${\tt ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex,numeric\_method} \\ constructor from \ numeric \ vector$ 

# Description

constructor from numeric vector

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex-class

Subclass of list that is guaranteed to contain only elements of type ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

# Description

Subclass of list that is guaranteed to contain only elements of type ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

 ${\tt ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolName}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolName(object)

# **Arguments**

object see methods

 ${\tt ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolName-class}$ 

Subclass of list that is guaranteed to contain only elements of type ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolName

### **Description**

Subclass of list that is guaranteed to contain only elements of type ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolName

ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex-class

Describes a flux rates.

### **Description**

The purpose is to avoid creation of negative rates or in accidental confusion with fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data. If the state variables are known indices can be converted to pool names.

ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolName

Constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolName(destinationName, rate\_constant)

### **Arguments**

 ${\tt destinationName}$ 

Index of the receiving pool (positive integer)

rate\_constant Rate (Flux/content) positive real number

ConstantInFluxRate\_by\_PoolName-class

Describes a flux rates.

### **Description**

The purpose is to avoid creation of negative rates or in accidental confusion with fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data. If the state variables are known indices can be converted to pool names.

The purpose is to avoid creation of negative rates or in accidental confusion with fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data. If the state variables are known indices can be converted to pool names.

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex-class

class for a constant influx to a single pool identified by index

### **Description**

class for a constant influx to a single pool identified by index

ConstantInFlux\_by\_PoolName-class

class for a constant influx to a single pool identified by pool name

### **Description**

class for a constant influx to a single pool identified by pool name

 ${\tt ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex(object)

### **Arguments**

object see methods

ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex,list-method constructor from a normal list

### **Description**

constructor from a normal list

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
ConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex or a list where the names of the elements are strings of the form '1->3' (for the flux rate from pool 1 to 2)

#### Value

An object of class ConstantInternalFluxRateList by PoolIndex

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

 ${\tt ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex, numeric-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
ConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 $\label{linear} Constant Internal Flux Rate List\_by\_Pool Index-class \\ \textit{Describes a list of flux rates}.$ 

### **Description**

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName(object)

### **Arguments**

object

see methods

ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName,list-method

\*Constructor from a normal list of fluxes\*

### **Description**

Constructor from a normal list of fluxes

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
ConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolName(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolName or a list where the names of the elements are strings of the form 'somePool>someOtherPool' (for the flux rate from pool somePool to someOtherPool)

#### Value

An object of class ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

ConstantInternalFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName-class

\*Describes a list of flux rates.\*

### **Description**

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

 ${\tt ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolIndex(
  sourceIndex,
  destinationIndex,
  src_to_dest,
  rate_constant
)
```

# Arguments

 ${\tt ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex,numeric,numeric,missing,numeric-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric,numeric,missing,numeric'
ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolIndex(
   sourceIndex,
   destinationIndex,
   rate_constant
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
\begin{array}{ccc} {\tt sourceIndex} & {\tt no \ manual \ documentation} \\ {\tt destinationIndex} & {\tt no \ manual \ documentation} \\ {\tt rate\_constant} & {\tt no \ manual \ documentation} \end{array}
```

ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex-class
S4 class representing a constant internal flux rate

# Description

The class is used to dispatch specific methods for the creation of the compartmental matrix which is simplified in case of constant rates.

ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

```
ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolName(
  sourceName,
  destinationName,
  src_to_dest,
  rate_constant
)
```

# Arguments

sourceName name of the source pool

destinationName

name of the destination pool

src\_to\_dest flux rate
rate\_constant rate constant

 $Constant Internal Flux Rate\_by\_Pool Name, character, character, missing, numeric-method \\ constructor\ with\ argument\ conversion$ 

# Description

constructor with argument conversion

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character,character,missing,numeric'
ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolName(
    sourceName,
    destinationName,
    rate_constant
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
sourceName name of source pool destinationName
```

name of destination pool

rate\_constant a value of the rate constant

ConstantInternalFluxRate\_by\_PoolName, missing, missing, character, numeric-method constructor from strings of the form 'a->b'

### **Description**

constructor from strings of the form 'a->b'

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,character,numeric'
ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolName(src_to_dest, rate_constant)
```

### **Arguments**

```
src_to_dest a string indicating the source to destination pools rate_constant a value of the rate constant
```

```
ConstantInternalFluxRate_by_PoolName-class
```

S4-class to represent a constant internal flux rate with source and target indexed by name

### **Description**

S4-class to represent a constant internal flux rate with source and target indexed by name

ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

see methods

 ${\tt ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex, list-method}\\ constructor\ from\ a\ normal\ list$ 

### **Description**

constructor from a normal list

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex or a list where the names of the elements are integer strings of the form '3' (for the flux rate from pool 3)

#### Value

 $An\ object\ of\ class\ ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex$ 

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

 ${\tt ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex,numeric-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

 $\label{local_constant_outflux} ConstantOutfluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex-class \\ \textit{Describes a list of flux rates}.$ 

# Description

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

 ${\tt ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName(object)

# Arguments

object see methods

ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName,list-method constructor from a normal list

### **Description**

constructor from a normal list

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolName(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolName or a list where the names of the elements are integer strings of the form '3' (for the flux rate from pool 3)

#### Value

An object of class ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

 ${\tt ConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolName,numeric-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
ConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolName(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 $\label{local_constant_outflux} ConstantOutfluxRateList\_by\_PoolName-class \\ \textit{Describes a list of flux rates}.$ 

### **Description**

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex(sourceIndex, rate\_constant)

### **Arguments**

sourceIndex index of the source pool rate\_constant rate of output flux

ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex,numeric,numeric-method automatic title

### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric,numeric'
ConstantOutFluxRate_by_PoolIndex(sourceIndex, rate_constant)
```

### **Arguments**

sourceIndex no manual documentation rate\_constant no manual documentation

ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolIndex-class

S4 Class to represent a single constant out-flux rate with the source pool specified by an index

# Description

S4 Class to represent a single constant out-flux rate with the source pool specified by an index

58 ConstFc-class

ConstantOutFluxRate\_by\_PoolName-class

S4 Class to represent a single constant out-flux rate with the source pool specified by name

### **Description**

S4 Class to represent a single constant out-flux rate with the source pool specified by name

ConstFc

creates an object containing the initial values for the 14C fraction needed to create models in SoilR

### **Description**

The function returns an object of class ConstFc which is a building block for any 14C model in SoilR. The building blocks of a model have to keep information about the formats their data are in, because the high level function dealing with the models have to know. This function is actually a convenient wrapper for a call to R's standard constructor new, to hide its complexity from the user.

### Usage

```
ConstFc(values = c(0), format = "Delta14C")
```

### **Arguments**

values a numeric vector

format a character string describing the format e.g. "Delta14C"

### Value

An object of class ConstFc that contains data and a format description that can later be used to convert the data into other formats if the conversion is implemented.

ConstFc-class

S4 class representing a constant ^14C fraction

### **Description**

S4 class representing a constant ^14C fraction

ConstInFluxes 59

ConstInFluxes

Constant input fluxes

# Description

Constant input fluxes

# Usage

```
ConstInFluxes(map, numberOfPools)
```

# Arguments

map see method arguments numberOfPools see method arguments

 ${\tt ConstInFluxes, ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex, numeric-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex,numeric'
ConstInFluxes(map, numberOfPools)
```

# **Arguments**

map no manual documentation numberOfPools no manual documentation

ConstInFluxes, numeric, ANY-method automatic title

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric,ANY'
ConstInFluxes(map)
```

# Arguments

map no manual documentation

ConstLinDecompOp

ConstInFluxes-class

S4 class for a constant influx vector

### **Description**

It is mainly used to dispatch S4-methods for computations that are valid only if the influx is constant. This knowledge can either be used to speed up computations or to decide if they are possible at all. E.g. the computation of equilibria for a model run requires autonomy of the model which requires the influxes to be time independent. If the model is linear and compartmental then the (unique) equilibrium can be computed. Accordingly a method with ConstInFluxes in the signature can be implemented, whereas none would be available for a general InFluxes argument.

ConstLinDecompOp

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
ConstLinDecompOp(
  mat,
  internal_flux_rates,
  out_flux_rates,
  numberOfPools,
  poolNames
)
```

### **Arguments**

ConstLinDecompOp, matrix, missing, missing, missing, missing, missing missing method

\*Constructor of object of ConstLinDecompOp class\*

### **Description**

Constructor of object of ConstLinDecompOp class

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,missing,missing,missing,missing'
ConstLinDecompOp(mat)
```

### **Arguments**

mat

a compartmental matrix

ConstLinDecompOp-class

A class to represent a constant (=nonautonomous,linear) compartmental matrix or equivalently a combination of ordered constant internal flux rates and constant out flux rates.

# Description

A class to represent a constant (=nonautonomous,linear) compartmental matrix or equivalently a combination of ordered constant internal flux rates and constant out flux rates.

ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

```
ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor(
  mat,
  internal_flux_rates,
  out_flux_rates,
  numberOfPools,
  xi
)
```

### **Arguments**

mat a square compartmental matrix

internal\_flux\_rates

internal transfer rates among pools

out\_flux\_rates rates out of pools

numberOfPools number of pools in the system
xi rate modifier for the entire matrix

 ${\tt ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor-class}$ 

A class to represent a constant (=nonautonomous,linear) compartmental matrix with a time dependent (linear) scalar pre factor This is a special case of a linear compartmental operator/matrix

### **Description**

A class to represent a constant (=nonautonomous,linear) compartmental matrix with a time dependent (linear) scalar pre factor This is a special case of a linear compartmental operator/matrix

ConstLinDecompOp\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
{\tt ConstLinDecompOp\_by\_PoolName(internal\_flux\_rates, out\_flux\_rates, poolNames)}
```

### **Arguments**

internal\_flux\_rates

rates of transfer among pools

out\_flux\_rates rates out of pools
poolNames names of the pools

cycling 63

cycling

Cycling analysis of compartmental matrices

# Description

Computes the fundamental matrix N, and the expected number of steps from a compartmental matrix A

# Usage

cycling(A)

# Arguments

Α

A compartmental linear square matrix with cycling rates in the diagonal and transfer rates in the off-diagonal.

### Value

A list with 2 objects: the fundamental matrix N, and the expected number of steps Et.

# See Also

systemAge

DecompOp-class

S4-class to represent compartmental operators

# Description

S4-class to represent compartmental operators

DecompositionOperator-class

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

Delta14C

Conversion of radiocarbon values

# Description

Conversion of radiocarbon values

# Usage

Delta14C(F)

# **Arguments**

F

see method arguments

```
Delta14C,BoundFc-method
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BoundFc' Delta14C(F)
```

# **Arguments**

F

no manual documentation

```
Delta14C,ConstFc-method
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstFc' Delta14C(F)
```

### **Arguments**

F

no manual documentation

Delta14C\_from\_AbsoluteFractionModern

\*Conversion of radiocarbon values\*

# Description

Conversion of radiocarbon values

### Usage

Delta14C\_from\_AbsoluteFractionModern(AbsoluteFractionModern)

# Arguments

AbsoluteFractionModern see method arguments

 $\label{lem:conversion} \mbox{Delta14C\_from\_AbsoluteFractionModern,matrix-method} \\ \mbox{Conversion of radiocarbon values}$ 

### **Description**

Conversion of radiocarbon values

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
Delta14C_from_AbsoluteFractionModern(AbsoluteFractionModern)
```

### **Arguments**

Absolute Fraction Modern

Matrix of radiocarbon values in absolute fraction modern

Delta14C\_from\_AbsoluteFractionModern,numeric-method Conversion of radiocarbon values

# Description

Conversion of radiocarbon values

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
Delta14C_from_AbsoluteFractionModern(AbsoluteFractionModern)
```

66 eCO2

### **Arguments**

AbsoluteFractionModern

radiocarbon value in absolute fraction modern

deSolve.lsoda.wrapper deSolve.lsoda.wrapper

### **Description**

The function serves as a wrapper for Isoda using a much simpler interface which allows the use of matrices in the definition of the derivative. To use Isoda we have to convert our vectors to lists, define tolerances and so on. This function does this for us, so we don't need to bother about it.

### Usage

```
deSolve.lsoda.wrapper(t, ydot, startValues)
```

### **Arguments**

t A row vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.

ydot The function of y and t that computes the derivative for a given point in time and

a column vector y.

startValues A column vector with the starting values.

### Value

A matrix. Every column represents a pool and every row a point in time

eCO2

Soil CO2 efflux from an incubation experiment

### Description

A dataset with soil CO2 efflux measurements from a laboratory incubation at controlled temperature and moisture conditions.

### Usage

data(eCO2)

### Format

A data frame with the following 3 variables.

Days A numeric vector with the day of measurement after the experiment started.

eCO2mean A numeric vector with the release flux of CO2. Units in ug C g-1 soil day-1.

eCO2sd A numeric vector with the standard deviation of the release flux of CO2-C. Units in ug C g-1 soil day-1.

entropyRatePerJump 67

#### **Details**

A laboratory incubation experiment was performed in March 2014 for a period of 35 days under controlled conditions of temperature (15 degrees Celsius), moisture (30 percent soil water content), and oxygen levels (20 percent). Soil CO2 measurements were taken using an automated system for gas sampling connected to an infrared gas analyzer. The soil was sampled at a boreal forest site (Caribou Poker Research Watershed, Alaska, USA). This dataset presents the mean and standard deviation of 4 replicates.

### **Examples**

```
head(eCO2)

plot(eCO2[,1:2],type="o",ylim=c(0,50),ylab="CO2 efflux (ug C g-1 soil day-1)")

arrows(eCO2[,1],eCO2[,2]-eCO2[,3],eCO2[,1],eCO2[,2]+eCO2[,3], angle=90,length=0.3,code=3)
```

entropyRatePerJump

Entropy rate per jump

### **Description**

Computes the entropy rate per jump of the Markov chain generated by the compartmental system

### Usage

```
entropyRatePerJump(A, u)
```

# Arguments

A A constant compartmental square matrix with cycling rates in the diagonal and transfer rates in the off-diagonal.

u A one-column matrix defining the amount of inputs per compartment.

### Value

A scalar value with the entropy rate per jump

#### References

```
Metzler, H. (2020). Compartmental systems as Markov chains: age, transit time, and entropy (T. Oertel-Jaeger, I. Pavlyukevich, and C. Sierra, Eds.) [PhD thesis](https://suche.thulb.uni-jena.de/Record/1726091651)
```

# Examples

```
B6=matrix(c(-1,1,0,0,-1,1,0,0,-1),3,3); u6=matrix(c(1,0,0)) entropyRatePerJump(A=B6, u=u6)
```

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entropyRatePerTime

Entropy rate per time

### **Description**

Computes the entropy rate per time of the Markov chain generated by the compartmental system

### Usage

```
entropyRatePerTime(A, u)
```

### **Arguments**

A A constant compartmental square matrix with cycling rates in the diagonal and

transfer rates in the off-diagonal.

u A one-column matrix defining the amount of inputs per compartment.

### Value

A scalar value with the entropy rate per time

#### References

Metzler, H. (2020). Compartmental systems as Markov chains: age, transit time, and entropy (T. Oertel-Jaeger, I. Pavlyukevich, and C. Sierra, Eds.) [PhD thesis](https://suche.thulb.uni-jena.de/Record/1726091651)

# **Examples**

```
B6=matrix(c(-1,1,0,0,-1,1,0,0,-1),3,3); u6=matrix(c(1,0,0)) entropyRatePerTime(A=B6, u=u6)
```

euler

euler

### **Description**

This function can solve arbitrary first order ode systems with the euler forward method and an adaptive time-step size control given a tolerance for the deviation of a coarse and fine estimate of the change in y for the next time step. It is an alternative to deSolve.lsoda.wrapper and has the same interface. It is much slower than ode and should probably be considered less capable in solving stiff ode systems. However it has one main advantage, which consists in its simplicity. It is quite easy to see what is going on inside it. Whenever you don't trust your implementation of another (more efficient but probably also more complex) ode solver, just compare the result to what this method computes.

```
euler(times, ydot, startValues)
```

### **Arguments**

times A row vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.

ydot The function of y and t that computes the derivative for a given point in time and

a column vector y.

startValues A column vector with the initial values.

example.2DBoundInFluxesFromFunction

example.2DBoundInFluxesFromFunction

### **Description**

Create a 2-dimensional example of a BoundInFluxes object

### Usage

```
example.2DBoundInFluxesFromFunction()
```

### Value

The returned object represents a time dependent Influx into a two pool model.

```
example. 2D Bound Lin Decomp Op From Function \\ example. 2D Bound Lin Decomp Op From Function
```

# Description

An example used in tests and other examples.

# Usage

```
example.2DBoundLinDecompOpFromFunction()
```

```
example.2DConstFc.Args
```

example.2DConstFc.Args

### **Description**

Create a 2-dimensional examples of a Influx objects from different arguments

```
example.2DConstFc.Args()
```

 ${\it example. 2DC} onst In Fluxes From Vector \\ {\it 2D example for constant Influx}$ 

# Description

An example used in tests and other examples.

# Usage

```
example.2DConstInFluxesFromVector()
```

### Value

The returned object represents a time invariant constant influx into a two pool model.

 $example. 2D General Decomp Op Args \\ example. 2D General Decomp Op Args$ 

# Description

We present all possibilities to define a 2D DecompOp-class

### Usage

```
example.2DGeneralDecompOpArgs()
```

```
example. 2 DIn Fluxes. Args \\ example. 2 DIn Fluxes. Args
```

# **Description**

Create a 2-dimensional examples of a Influx objects from different arguments

```
example.2DInFluxes.Args()
```

 $example. 2 {\tt DUnBoundLinDecompOpFromFunction}\\ example. 2 {\tt DUnBoundLinDecompOpFromFunction}\\$ 

### **Description**

An example used in tests and other examples.

### Usage

```
example.2DUnBoundLinDecompOpFromFunction()
```

```
example. Constlin Decomp Op From Matrix\\ example. Constlin Decomp Op From Matrix
```

### **Description**

An example used in tests and other examples.

### Usage

```
example.ConstlinDecompOpFromMatrix()
```

```
example.nestedTime2DMatrixList

create an example nested list that can be
```

### **Description**

An example used in tests and other examples.

# Usage

```
example.nestedTime2DMatrixList()
```

```
example. \\ Time 2DArray List
```

create an example TimeMap from 2D array

# **Description**

An example used in tests and other examples.

```
example.Time2DArrayList()
```

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```
example. \\ Time 3DArray List
```

create an example TimeFrame from 3D array

# Description

An example used in tests and other examples.

# Usage

```
example.Time3DArrayList()
```

```
example.TimeMapFromArray
```

create an example TimeFrame from 3D array

# Description

The function creates an example TimeMap that is used in other examples and tests.

### Usage

```
example.TimeMapFromArray()
```

Fc-class

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

 ${\tt FcAtm.from.Dataframe} \quad \textit{FcAtm.from.Dataframe}$ 

# Description

This function is deprecated constructor of the deprecated class FcAtm

```
FcAtm.from.Dataframe(dframe, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun, format)
```

## Arguments

dframe	A data	frame	containing	exactly	two	columns:	the	first	one i	s inter	preted	as
arr anc	11 auu	Hunne	Containing	Chucuy	LVVO	columns.	uic	HILDU	OHC I	5 111101	preteu	us

time the second one is interpreted as atmospheric C14 fraction in the format

mentioned

lag a scalar describing the time lag. Positive Values shift the argument of the inter-

polation function forward in time. (retard its effect)

interpolation A function that returns a function the default is splinefun. Other possible values

are the linear interpolation approxfun or any self made function with the same

interface.

format a string that specifies the format used to represent the atmospheric fraction. Pos-

sible values are "Delta14C" which is the default or "afn" the Absolute Fraction

Normal representation

## Value

An object of the new class BoundFc that replaces FcAtm

## **Description**

helper function

## Usage

```
from_integer_flux_lists_with_defaults(
  internal_flux_rates = list(),
  out_flux_rates = list(),
  numberOfPools
)
```

fT.Arrhenius

Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according the Arrhenius equation

# Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the Arrhenius equation.

# Usage

```
fT.Arrhenius(Temp, A = 1000, Ea = 75000, Re = 8.3144621)
```

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## **Arguments**

Temp	A scalar or vector containing values of temperature (in degrees Kelvin) for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated.
Α	A scalar defining the pre-exponential factor.
Ea	A scalar defining the activation energy in units of J mol^-1.
Re	A scalar defining the universal gas contents in units of J K^-1 mol^-1.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

fT.Century1	Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according the the CEN-TURY model
fT.Century1	33 3 1

## Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the CENTURY model.

## Usage

```
fT.Century1(Temp, Tmax = 45, Topt = 35)
```

# Arguments

Temp	A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated.
Tmax	A scalar defining the maximum temperature in degrees C.
Topt	A scalar defining the optimum temperature for the decomposition process in degrees C.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

# References

Burke, I. C., J. P. Kaye, S. P. Bird, S. A. Hall, R. L. McCulley, and G. L. Sommerville. 2003. Evaluating and testing models of terrestrial biogeochemistry: the role of temperature in controlling decomposition. Pages 235-253 in C. D. Canham, J. J. Cole, and W. K. Lauenroth, editors. Models in ecosystem science. Princeton University Press, Princeton.

fT.Century2

fT.Century2	Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according the the CEN- TURY model

## **Description**

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the CENTURY model.

## Usage

```
fT.Century2(Temp, Tmax = 45, Topt = 35)
```

## **Arguments**

Temp A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the effects on

decomposition rates are calculated.

Tmax A scalar defining the maximum temperature in degrees C.

Topt A scalar defining the optimum temperature for the decomposition process in

degrees C.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

#### References

Adair, E. C., W. J. Parton, S. J. D. Grosso, W. L. Silver, M. E. Harmon, S. A. Hall, I. C. Burke, and S. C. Hart. 2008. Simple three-pool model accurately describes patterns of long-term litter decomposition in diverse climates. Global Change Biology 14:2636-2660.

fT.Daycent1 Effects of temperature on decompos CENT model	ition rates according to the DAY-
-----------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

#### **Description**

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the DAYCENT model.

#### Usage

fT.Daycent1(Temp)

# Arguments

Temp A scalar or vector containing values of soil temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

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#### References

Kelly, R. H., W. J. Parton, M. D. Hartman, L. K. Stretch, D. S. Ojima, and D. S. Schimel (2000), Intra-annual and interannual variability of ecosystem processes in shortgrass steppe, J. Geophys. Res., 105.

fT.Daycent2

Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the DAY-CENT model

#### **Description**

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the Daycent/Century models.

## Usage

fT.Daycent2(Temp)

#### **Arguments**

Temp

A scalar or vector containing values of soil temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

#### References

Del Grosso, S. J., W. J. Parton, A. R. Mosier, E. A. Holland, E. Pendall, D. S. Schimel, and D. S. Ojima (2005), Modeling soil CO2 emissions from ecosystems, Biogeochemistry, 73(1), 71-91.

fT.Demeter

Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the DEMETER model

# Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the DEMETER model.

# Usage

```
fT.Demeter(Temp, Q10 = 2)
```

## Arguments

Temp A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the
------------------------------------------------------------------------

decomposition rates are calculated

Q10 A scalar. Temperature coefficient Q10

fT.KB 77

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

#### References

Foley, J. A. (1995), An equilibrium model of the terrestrial carbon budget, Tellus B, 47(3), 310-319.

FT.KB Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a model proposed by M. Kirschbaum (1995)

## **Description**

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a model proposed by Kirschbaum (1995).

## Usage

fT.KB(Temp)

## **Arguments**

Temp

a scalar or vector containing values of soil temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

## References

Kirschbaum, M. U. F. (1995), The temperature dependence of soil organic matter decomposition, and the effect of global warming on soil organic C storage, Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 27(6), 753-760.

fT.LandT Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a function proposed by Lloyd and Taylor (1994)

## **Description**

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a function proposed by Lloyd and Taylor (1994).

## Usage

fT.LandT(Temp)

78 fT.linear

## **Arguments**

Temp A scalar or vector containing values of soil temperature for which the effects on

decomposition rates are calculated

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

## References

Lloyd, J., and J. A. Taylor (1994), On the Temperature Dependence of Soil Respiration, Functional Ecology, 8(3), 315-323.

fT.linear	Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a linear model

## Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a linear model.

## Usage

```
fT.linear(Temp, a = 0.198306, b = 0.036337)
```

#### **Arguments**

Temp	A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated.
a	A scalar defining the intercept of the linear function.
b	A scalar defining the slope of the linear function.

## Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

# References

Adair, E. C., W. J. Parton, S. J. D. Grosso, W. L. Silver, M. E. Harmon, S. A. Hall, I. C. Burke, and S. C. Hart. 2008. Simple three-pool model accurately describes patterns of long-term litter decomposition in diverse climates. Global Change Biology 14:2636-2660.

fT.Q10

fT.Q10	Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to a Q10 function

## Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the modified Van't Hoff function (Q10 function).

# Usage

```
fT.Q10(Temp, k_ref = 1, T_ref = 10, Q10 = 2)
```

## **Arguments**

Temp	A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated.
k_ref	A scalar representing the value of the decomposition rate at a reference temperature value.
T_ref	A scalar representing the reference temperature.
Q10	A scalar. Temperature coefficient Q10.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

fT.RothC	Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the func-
	tions included in the RothC model

# Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the functions included in the RothC model.

## Usage

```
fT.RothC(Temp)
```

## Arguments

Temp A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the effects on

decomposition rates are calculated.

# Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

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#### Note

This function returns NA for Temp  $\leq$  -18.3

## References

Jenkinson, D. S., S. P. S. Andrew, J. M. Lynch, M. J. Goss, and P. B. Tinker (1990), The Turnover of Organic Carbon and Nitrogen in Soil, Philosophical Transactions: Biological Sciences, 329(1255), 361-368.

fT.Standcarb	Effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the Stand-Carb model
	Carb model

## Description

Calculates the effects of temperature on decomposition rates according to the StandCarb model.

## Usage

```
fT.Standcarb(Temp, Topt = 45, Tlag = 4, Tshape = 15, Q10 = 2)
```

## **Arguments**

Temp	A scalar or vector containing values of temperature for which the effects on decomposition rates are calculated.
Topt	A scalar representing the optimum temperature for decomposition.
Tlag	A scalar that determines the lag of the response curve.
Tshape	A scalar that determines the shape of the response curve.
Q10	A scalar. Temperature coefficient Q10.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of temperature on decomposition rates (unitless).

## References

Harmon, M. E., and J. B. Domingo (2001), A users guide to STANDCARB version 2.0: A model to simulate carbon stores in forest stands. Oregon State University, Corvallis.

fW.Candy 81

model	fW.Candy	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the Candy model
-------	----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------

# Description

Calculates the effects of water content and pore volume on decomposition rates.

#### Usage

```
fW.Candy(theta, PV)
```

## **Arguments**

theta A scalar or vector containing values of volumetric soil water content.

PV A scalar or vector containing values of pore volume.

#### References

J. Bauer, M. Herbst, J.A. Huisman, L. Weiherm\"uller, H. Vereecken. 2008. Sensitivity of simulated soil heterotrophic respiration to temperature and moisture reduction functions. Geoderma, Volume 145, Issues 1-2, 15 May 2008, Pages 17-27.

fW.Century	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the CENTURY model

## **Description**

Calculates the effects of precipitation and potential evapotranspiration on decomposition rates.

## Usage

```
fW.Century(PPT, PET)
```

## **Arguments**

PPT A scalar or vector containing values of monthly precipitation.

PET A scalar or vector containing values of potential evapotranspiration.

## Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of precipitation and potential evapotranspiration on decomposition rates (unitless).

fW.Daycent1

#### References

Adair, E. C., W. J. Parton, S. J. D. Grosso, W. L. Silver, M. E. Harmon, S. A. Hall, I. C. Burke, and S. C. Hart (2008), Simple three-pool model accurately describes patterns of long-term litter decomposition in diverse climates, Global Change Biology, 14(11), 2636-2660. Parton, W. J., J. A. Morgan, R. H. Kelly, and D. S. Ojima (2001), Modeling soil C responses to environmental change in grassland systems, in The potential of U.S. grazing lands to sequester carbon and mitigate the greenhouse effect, edited by R. F. Follett, J. M. Kimble and R. Lal, pp. 371-398, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton.

fW.Daycent1	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the DAYCENT model
	model

#### **Description**

Calculates the effects of Soil Water Content on decomposition rates according to the Daycent Model.

## Usage

```
fw.Daycent1(
   swc,
   a = 0.6,
   b = 1.27,
   c = 0.0012,
   d = 2.84,
   partd = 2.65,
   bulkd = 1,
   width = 1
)
```

## **Arguments**

SWC	A scalar or vector with soil water content of a soil layer (cm).
a	Empirical coefficient. For fine textured soils $a = 0.6$ . For coarse textured soils $a = 0.55$ .
b	Empirical coefficient. For fine textured soils $b = 1.27$ . For coarse textured soils $b = 1.70$ .
С	Empirical coefficient. For fine textured soils $c = 0.0012$ . For coarse textured soils $c = -0.007$ .
d	Empirical coefficient. For fine textured soils $d = 2.84$ . For coarse textured soils $d = 3.22$ .
partd	Particle density of soil layer.
bulkd	Bulk density of soil layer (g/cm <sup>3</sup> ).
width	Thickness of a soil layer (cm).

## Value

A data frame with values of water filled pore space (wfps) and effects of soil water content on decomposition rates. Both vectors are unitless.

fW.Daycent2

#### References

Kelly, R. H., W. J. Parton, M. D. Hartman, L. K. Stretch, D. S. Ojima, and D. S. Schimel (2000), Intra-annual and interannual variability of ecosystem processes in shortgrass steppe, J. Geophys. Res., 105.

fW.Daycent2 Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the DAYCENT model

#### **Description**

Calculates the effects of volumetric water content on decomposition rates according to the Daycent/Century models.

# Usage

```
fW.Daycent2(W, WP = 0, FC = 100)
```

## **Arguments**

W A scalar or vector of volumetric water content in percentage.

WP A scalar representing the wilting point in percentage.

FC A scalar representing the field capacity in percentage.

# Value

A data frame with values of relative water content (RWC) and the effects of RWC on decomposition rates (fRWC).

#### References

Del Grosso, S. J., W. J. Parton, A. R. Mosier, E. A. Holland, E. Pendall, D. S. Schimel, and D. S. Ojima (2005), Modeling soil CO2 emissions from ecosystems, Biogeochemistry, 73(1), 71-91.

fW.Demeter Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the DEME-TER model

## Description

Calculates the effects of soil moisture on decomposition rates according to the DEMETER model.

# Usage

```
fW.Demeter(M, Msat = 100)
```

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## **Arguments**

M A scalar or vector containing values of soil moisture for which the effects on

decomposition rates are calculated.

Msat A scalar representing saturated soil moisture.

#### Value

A scalar or a vector containing the effects of moisture on decomposition rates (unitless).

#### References

Foley, J. A. (1995), An equilibrium model of the terrestrial carbon budget, Tellus B, 47(3), 310-319.

fW. Gompertz Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the Gompertz function

## Description

Calculates the effects of water content on decomposition rates.

## Usage

```
fW.Gompertz(theta, a = 0.824, b = 0.308)
```

## **Arguments**

theta A scalar or vector containing values of volumetric soil water content.

a Empirical parameterb Empirical parameter

## References

I. Janssens, S. Dore, D. Epron, H. Lankreijer, N. Buchmann, B. Longdoz, J. Brossaud, L. Montagnani. 2003. Climatic Influences on Seasonal and Spatial Differences in Soil CO2 Efflux. In Valentini, R. (Ed.) Fluxes of Carbon, Water and Energy of European Forests. pp 235-253. Springer.

fW.Moyano 85

fW.Moyano	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the function proposed by Moyano et al. (2013)

## **Description**

Calculates the effects of water content on decomposition rates.

## Usage

```
fW.Moyano(theta, a = 3.11, b = 2.42)
```

## **Arguments**

theta A scalar or vector containing values of volumetric soil water content.

a Empirical parameterb Empirical parameter

#### References

F. E. Moyano, S. Manzoni, C. Chenu. 2013 Responses of soil heterotrophic respiration to moisture availability: An exploration of processes and models. Soil Biology and Biochemistry, Volume 59, April 2013, Pages 72-85

fW.RothC	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the RothC model

## Description

Calculates the effects of moisture (precipitation and pan evaporation) on decomposition rates according to the RothC model.

# Usage

```
fW.RothC(P, E, S.Thick = 23, pClay = 23.4, pE = 0.75, bare = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

0	
Р	A vector with monthly precipitation (mm).
Е	A vector with same length with open pan evaporation or evapotranspiration (mm).
S.Thick	Soil thickness in cm. Default for Rothamsted is 23 cm.
pClay	Percent clay.
pE	Evaporation coefficient. If open pan evaporation is used pE=0.75. If Potential evaporation is used, pE=1.0.
bare	Logical. Under bare soil conditions, bare=TRUE. Default is set under vegetated soil.

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#### Value

A data.frame with accumulated top soil moisture deficit (Acc.TSMD) and the rate modifying factor b.

## References

Coleman, K., and D. S. Jenkinson (1999), RothC-26.3 A model for the turnover of carbon in soil: model description and windows user guide (modified 2008), 47 pp, IACR Rothamsted, Harpenden.

fW.Skopp	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the function
	proposed by Skopp et al. 1990

## Description

Calculates the effects of relative soil water content on decomposition rates.

## Usage

```
fW.Skopp(rwc, alpha = 2, beta = 2, f = 1.3, g = 0.8)
```

# Arguments

rwc	relative water content
alpha	Empirical parameter
beta	Empirical parameter
f	Empirical parameter
g	Empirical parameter

# References

J. Skopp, M. D. Jawson, and J. W. Doran. 1990. Steady-state aerobic microbial activity as a function of soil water content. Soil Sci. Soc. Am. J., 54(6):1619-1625

fW.Standcarb	Effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the StandCarb model

# Description

Calculates the effects of moisture on decomposition rates according to the StandCarb model.

GaudinskiModel14 87

#### Usage

```
fW.Standcarb(
  Moist,
  MatricShape = 5,
  MatricLag = 0,
  MoistMin = 30,
  MoistMax = 350,
  DiffuseShape = 15,
  DiffuseLag = 4
)
```

#### **Arguments**

Moist A scalar or vector containing values of moisture content of a litter or soil pool

(%).

MatricShape A scalar that determines when matric limit is reduced to the point that decay can

begin to occur.

MatricLag A scalar used to offset the curve to the left or right.

MoistMin A scalar determining the minimum moisture content.

MoistMax A scalar determining the maximum moisture content without diffusion limita-

tions.

DiffuseShape A scalar that determines the range of moisture contents where diffusion is not

limiting.

DiffuseLag A scalar used to shift the point when moisture begins to limit diffusion.

## Value

A data frame with limitation due to water potential (MatricLimit), limitation due to oxygen diffusion (DiffuseLimit), and the overall limitation of moisture on decomposition rates (MoistDecayIndex).

#### References

Harmon, M. E., and J. B. Domingo (2001), A users guide to STANDCARB version 2.0: A model to simulate carbon stores in forest stands. Oregon State University, Corvallis.

Gaudinski Model 14 Implementation of a the six-pool C14 model proposed by Gaudinski et al. 2000

# **Description**

This function creates a model as described in Gaudinski et al. 2000. It is a wrapper for the more general functions GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

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## Usage

```
GaudinskiModel14(
    t,
    ks = c(kr = 1/1.5, koi = 1/1.5, koeal = 1/4, koeah = 1/80, kA1 = 1/3, kA2 = 1/75, kM =
        1/110),
    C0 = c(FR0 = 390, C10 = 220, C20 = 390, C30 = 1370, C40 = 90, C50 = 1800, C60 = 560),
    F0_Delta14C = rep(0, 7),
    LI = 150,
    RI = 255,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
    lag = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.
ks	A vector of length 7 containing the decomposition rates for the 6 soil pools plus the fine-root pool.
C0	A vector of length 7 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 6 pools plus the fine-root pool.
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 7 containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction for the 7 pools as Delta14C values in per mil.
LI	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
RI	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of root inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda= $-0.0001209681\ y^-1$ . This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A positive integer representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. An alternative to the default is euler or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

## Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

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#### References

Gaudinski JB, Trumbore SE, Davidson EA, Zheng S (2000) Soil carbon cycling in a temperate forest: radiocarbon-based estimates of residence times, sequestration rates and partitioning fluxes. Biogeochemistry 51: 33-69

## See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

## **Examples**

```
years=seq(1901,2010,by=0.5)
Ex=GaudinskiModel14(
t=years,
ks=c(kr=1/3, koi=1/1.5, koeal=1/4, koeah=1/80, kA1=1/3, kA2=1/75, kM=1/110),
inputFc=C14Atm_NH
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
plot(
C14Atm_NH,
type="l",
xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C (per mil)")),
xlim=c(1940,2010)
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
points(HarvardForest14C02[1:11,1],HarvardForest14C02[1:11,2],pch=19,cex=0.5)
points(HarvardForest14C02[12:173,1], HarvardForest14C02[12:173,2], pch=19, col=2, cex=0.5)
points(HarvardForest14C02[158,1],HarvardForest14C02[158,2],pch=19,cex=0.5)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend(
"topright",
c("Delta 14C Atmosphere",
"Delta 14C SOM",
"Delta 14C Respired"
),
lty=c(1,1,1),
col=c(1,4,2),
bty="n"
)
## We now show how to bypass soilR s parameter sanity check if nacessary
\#\# (e.g in for parameter estimation ) in functions
## which might call it with unreasonable parameters
years=seq(1800,2010,by=0.5)
Ex=GaudinskiModel14(
t=years,
ks=c(kr=1/3,koi=1/1.5,koeal=1/4,koeah=1/80,kA1=1/3,kA2=1/75,kM=1/110),
inputFc=C14Atm_NH,
pass=TRUE
)
```

GeneralDecompOp

A generic factory for subclasses of GeneralDecompOp

# Description

A generic factory for subclasses of GeneralDecompOp

## Usage

```
GeneralDecompOp(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

A SoilR object

GeneralDecompOp, DecompOp-method

Pass through factory for objects of subclasses of DecompOp

## **Description**

This method takes and returns an (identical) object that inherits from DecompOp. It's purpose it to be able to call the generic function on arguments that are already

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DecompOp'
GeneralDecompOp(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

An object that already is of class DecompOp

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`'
GeneralDecompOp(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

```
{\tt GeneralDecompOp,list-method} \\ automatic\ title
```

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
GeneralDecompOp(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

```
GeneralDecompOp,matrix-method
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
GeneralDecompOp(object)
```

# Arguments

object

no manual documentation

```
{\tt GeneralDecompOp,TimeMap-method}
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
GeneralDecompOp(object)
```

## Arguments

object

no manual documentation

92 GeneralModel

|--|

## **Description**

In previous SoilR Version GeneralModel was the function to create linear models, a task now fulfilled by the function Model. To ensure backward compatibility this function remains as a wrapper. In future versions it might take on the role of an abstract factory that produces several classes of models (i.e autonomous or non-autonomous and linear or non-linear) depending on different combinations of arguments. It creates a Model object from any combination of arguments that can be converted into the required set of building blocks for a model for n arbitrarily connected pools.

## Usage

```
GeneralModel(
    t,
    A,
    ivList,
    inputFluxes,
    solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE,
    timeSymbol
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
A	Anything that can be converted by GeneralDecompOp to any of the available DecompositionOperator classes
ivList	A vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools. The length of this vector is equal to the number of pools and thus equal to the length of k. This is checked by an internal function.
inputFluxes	something that can be converted to any of the available InFluxes classes
solverfunc	The function used by to actually solve the ODE system. This can be deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid
timeSymbol	A string (character vector of length 1) identifying the variable name

# Value

A model object that can be further queried.

## See Also

 ${\bf TwopParallelModel, TwopSeriesModel, TwopFeedbackModel}$ 

GeneralModel\_14 93

GeneralModel\_14 create objects of class Model\_14

# Description

At the moment this is just a wrapper for the actual constructor Model\_14 with additional support for some now deprecated parameters for backward compatibility. This role may change in the future to an abstract factory where the actual class of the created model will be determined by the supplied parameters.

## Usage

```
GeneralModel_14(
    t,
    A,
    ivList,
    initialValF,
    inputFluxes,
    Fc = NULL,
    inputFc = Fc,
    di = -0.0001209681,
    solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

pass

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
A	something that can be converted by GeneralDecompOp to any of the available subclasses of DecompOp.
ivList	A vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools. The length of this vector is equal to the number of pools and thus equal to the length of k. This is checked by an internal function.
initialValF	An object equal or equivalent to class ConstFc containing a vector with the initial values of the radiocarbon fraction for each pool and a format string describing in which format the values are given.
inputFluxes	something that can be converted by InFluxes to any of the available subclasses of InFluxes.
Fc	deprecated keyword argument, please use inputFc instead
inputFc	An object describing the fraction of C_14 in per mille (different formats are possible)
di	the rate at which $C_14$ decays radioactively. If you don't provide a value here we assume the following value: $k=-0.0001209681 \text{ y}^{-1}$ . This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year. Thus beside time itself it also affects decay rates the input and the output
solverfunc	The function used by to actually solve the ODE system. This can be deSolve.lsoda.wrapper

or any other user provided function with the same interface. Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid 94 GeneralNIModel

#### Value

A model object that can be further queried.

#### See Also

TwopParallelModel, TwopSeriesModel, TwopFeedbackModel

#### **Description**

The function creates a numerical model for n arbitrarily connected pools. It is one of the constructors of class NlModel. It is used by some more specialized wrapper functions, but can also be used directly.

# Usage

```
GeneralNlModel(
    t,
    TO,
    ivList,
    inputFluxes,
    solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

t A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sough
----------------------------------------------------------------------

TO A object describing the model decay rates for the n pools, connection and feed-

back coefficients. The number of pools n must be consistent with the number of

initial values and input fluxes.

ivList A numeric vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools. The

length of this vector is equal to the number of pools.

inputFluxes A TimeMap object consisting of a vector valued function describing the inputs

to the pools as functions of time TimeMap.new.

solverfunc The function used by to actually solve the ODE system.

pass Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid. If set to TRUE,

does not enforce the requirements for a biologically meaningful model, e.g. does

not check if negative values of respiration are calculated.

## Value

Tr=getTransferMatrix(Anl) #this is a function of C and t

Ynonlin=getC(modnl) lt1=2 lt2=4 plot(t,Ynonlin[,1],type="l",lty=lt1,col=1, ylab="Concentrations",xlab="Time",ylim=clines(t,Ynonlin[,2],type="l",lty=lt2,col=2) legend("topleft",c("Pool 1", "Pool 2"),lty=c(lt1,lt2),col=c(1,2))

GeneralPoolId 95

#### See Also

GeneralModel.

#### **Examples**

```
t_start=0
t_end=20
tn=100
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start, t_end, timestep)
k1=1/2
k2=1/3
Km=0.5
nr=2
alpha=list()
alpha \hbox{\tt ["1\_to\_2"]]=} function(C,t) \{
1/5
}
alpha[["2_to_1"]]=function(C,t){
1/6
}
f=function(C,t){
\# The only thing to take care of is that we release a vector of the same
# size as C
S=C[[1]]
M=C[[2]]
O=matrix(byrow=TRUE,nrow=2,c(k1*M*(S/(Km+S)),
k2*M))
return(0)
}
\verb| Anl=new("TransportDecompositionOperator", t\_start, Inf, nr, alpha, f)| \\
c01=3
c02=2
iv=c(c01,c02)
inputrates=new("TimeMap",t_start,t_end,function(t){return(matrix(
nrow=nr,
ncol=1,
c(2, 2)
# we check if we can reproduce the linear decomposition operator from the
# nonlinear one
```

GeneralPoolId

General pool Id

## Description

General pool Id

General pool Id

## Usage

```
GeneralPoolId(id)
GeneralPoolId(id)
```

## **Arguments**

id

see method arguments

```
GeneralPoolId, character-method automatic title
```

## Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
GeneralPoolId(id)
```

# Arguments

id

no manual documentation

```
{\it General Pool Id, numeric-method} \\ {\it generic factory for this virtual class}
```

# Description

the class returned depends on the method dispatched depending on the supplied arguments

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
GeneralPoolId(id)
```

# Arguments

id

a numerical id

getAccumulatedRelease Accumulated release flux out of the pools

## **Description**

Accumulated release flux out of the pools

## Usage

getAccumulatedRelease(object)

## **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

getAccumulatedRelease, Model-method

Compute the time integral of the relaese fluxes over time

## **Description**

The definite integral of the vector of release fluxes over time from start to t, computed for all t in the times argument the modelrun has been created with.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getAccumulatedRelease(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

## Value

A matrix with as many columns as there are pools and as many rows as there are entries in the times argument the model has been build with.

98 getC,Model-method

getC

Calculates the content of the pools

## **Description**

This function computes the content of the pools as function of time. In the original (and most of the present) Models these are Carbon pools hence the name. Have a look at the methods for details.

#### Usage

```
getC(object, as.closures = F)
```

## **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

as.closures

a logical variable. Default to FALSE

#### Value

A matrix with m columns representing where m is the number of pools, and n rows where n is the number times as specified by the times of the model.

getC, Model-method

Pool Contents for all times

## **Description**

Pool Contents for all times

The solution of the initial value problem (IVP) for the pool contents. Since the first models in SoilR had only Carbon pools the function name getC could be interpreted as referring to the C content. If the model includes other element cycles e.g. N or P this interpretation is no longer valid. In this case the C in 'getC' stands for 'content' since the function will always return the solution for all pools, regardless of the chemical element the author of the model associated them with.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getC(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

#### Value

A matrix with as many columns as there are pools and as many rows as there are entries in the times argument the model has been build with.

```
{\tt getC,Model\_by\_PoolNames-method}
```

Pool Contents for all times

#### **Description**

Pool Contents for all times

The solution of the initial value problem (IVP) for the pool contents. Since the first models in SoilR had only Carbon pools the function name getC could be interpreted as referring to the C content. If the model includes other element cycles e.g. N or P this interpretation is no longer valid. In this case the C in 'getC' stands for 'content' since the function will always return the solution for all pools, regardless of the chemical element the author of the model associated them with.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
getC(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

# Value

A matrix with as many columns as there are pools and as many rows as there are entries in the times argument the model has been build with.

100 getC14

getC,NlModel-method Po

Pool Contents for all times

## **Description**

Pool Contents for all times

The solution of the initial value problem (IVP) for the pool contents. Since the first models in SoilR had only Carbon pools the function name getC could be interpreted as referring to the C content. If the model includes other element cycles e.g. N or P this interpretation is no longer valid. In this case the C in 'getC' stands for 'content' since the function will always return the solution for all pools, regardless of the chemical element the author of the model associated them with.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getC(object, as.closures = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

as.closures If TRUE will return the result as a list of approximating functions of time indexed

by the pool number.

## Value

If as.closures is FALSE (the default) the return value is a matrix with as many columns as there are pools and as many rows as there are entries in the times argument the model has been built with.

getC14

Generic that yields the ^14C content for all pools and all times

## **Description**

Generic that yields the ^14C content for all pools and all times

# Usage

```
getC14(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

a SoilR object

```
getC14,Model_14-method
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_14'
getC14(object)
```

## Arguments

object no manual documentation

 ${\tt getCompartmentalMatrixFunc}$ 

Compartmental matrix function

# Description

Compartmental matrix function

## Usage

```
getCompartmentalMatrixFunc(object, timeSymbol, state_variable_names)
```

# Arguments

object see method arguments
timeSymbol see method arguments
state\_variable\_names

see method arguments

 ${\tt getCompartmentalMatrixFunc,BoundLinDecompOp-method}\\ automatic\ title$ 

## **Description**

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BoundLinDecompOp'
getCompartmentalMatrixFunc(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 $\label{lem:compartmental} {\it Compartmental Matrix} {\it Func, ConstLinDecompOp-method} \\ {\it Compartmental matrix function}$ 

## **Description**

Compartmental matrix function

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getCompartmentalMatrixFunc(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

a ConstLinDecompOp object

 ${\it getCompartmentalMatrixFunc,TransportDecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
getCompartmentalMatrixFunc(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 $\label{lem:composition} {\it Extract the matrix valued function of time and state vector for the compartmental matrix}$ 

# **Description**

Extract the matrix valued function of time and state vector for the compartmental matrix automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundNonLinDecompOp'
getCompartmentalMatrixFunc(object)

## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundNonLinDecompOp'
getCompartmentalMatrixFunc(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

## Description

Constant compartmental matrix

## Usage

getConstantCompartmentalMatrix(object)

## **Arguments**

object see method arguments

 $\label{lem:constantCompartmentalMatrix} getConstantCompartmentalMatrix, ConstLinDecompOp-method \\ \textit{Constant compartmental matrix}$ 

## **Description**

Constant compartmental matrix

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getConstantCompartmentalMatrix(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

a ConstLinDecompOp object

 ${\it getConstantCompartmentalMatrix, ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor'
getConstantCompartmentalMatrix(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

getConstantInFluxVector

Input flux vector

# Description

Input flux vector

# Usage

getConstantInFluxVector(object)

## **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

 ${\tt getConstantInFluxVector,ConstInFluxes-method}\\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstInFluxes'
getConstantInFluxVector(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

# Description

Constant internal flux rate list by pool index

## Usage

```
getConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

# Description

Constant internal flux rate list by pool index

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getConstantInternalFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

a ConstLinDecomOp object

## **Description**

Constant out flux rate list by pool index

## Usage

```
getConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

## Arguments

object

see method arguments

 $\label{linear} {\it getConstantOutFluxRateList\_by\_PoolIndex}, {\it ConstLinDecompOp-method} \\ {\it Constant\ out\ flux\ rate\ list\ by\ pool\ index}$ 

## **Description**

Constant out flux rate list by pool index

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getConstantOutFluxRateList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

a ConstLinDecompOp object

getConstLinDecompOp

Constant linear decomposition operator

## Description

Constant linear decomposition operator

# Usage

```
getConstLinDecompOp(object)
```

## Arguments

object

see method arguments

 ${\it getConstLinDecompOp,ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor'
getConstLinDecompOp(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

getCumulativeC

Cumulative pool contents

## **Description**

Cummulative pool contents

## Usage

```
getCumulativeC(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see method arguments

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getCumulativeC(object)
```

## Arguments

object

no manual documentation

getDecompOp

Decomposition operator of a model

#### **Description**

Decomposition operator of a model

#### Usage

```
getDecompOp(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

getDecompOp, Model-method

Extract the Compartmental Operator

#### **Description**

The method is usually used internally by other methods operating on models. The information it yields has either been provided by the user in creating the modelrun or can be obtained by directly transforming the arguments that were used.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getDecompOp(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

#### Value

The actual class of the result can vary. It will be a subclass of DecompOp. These objects are an abstraction for a complete description of the fluxes in the pool system regardless of the form it is provided in. The information contained in these objects is equivalent to the set of internal and outward fluxes as functions of pool contents and time and sufficient to infer the "Compartmental Matrix" as a matrix valued function of the same arguments. In the general case of a nonautonomous nonlinear Model this function is a true function of both, the pool contents and time. In the case of an non-autonomous linear model it is a function of time only, and in case of a autonomous linear model it is a constant matrix. The vector valued function can be inferred by the generic function getFunctionDefinition.

getDecompOp, N1Model-method

Extract the Compartmental Operator

#### **Description**

Extract the Compartmental Operator

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getDecompOp(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

#### Value

The actual class of the result can vary. It will be a subclass of <code>DecompOp</code>. These objects are an abstraction for a complete description of the fluxes in the pool system regardless of the form it is provided in. The information contained in these objects is equivalent to the set of internal and outward fluxes as functions of pool contents and time and sufficient to infer the "Compartmental Matrix" as a matrix valued function of the same arguments. In the general case of a nonautonomous nonlinear Model this function is a true function of both, the pool contents and time. In the case of an non-autonomous linear model it is a function of time only, and in case of a autonomous linear model it is a constant matrix. The vector valued function can be inferred by the generic function <code>getFunctionDefinition</code>.

getDotOut

Dot out

# Description

Dot out

# Usage

getDotOut(object)

# **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

 ${\it getDotOut}, TransportDecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
getDotOut(object)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation

getF14 Generic that yields the ^14C fraction for the content all pools and all

times

# Description

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction for the content all pools and all times

# Usage

```
getF14(object)
```

# Arguments

object

A SoilR object of class Model14

```
getF14,Model_14-method
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_14'
getF14(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

getF14C 111

getF14C

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction for the cumulative content of all pools and all times

# Description

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction for the cumulative content of all pools and all times

#### Usage

```
getF14C(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

a SoilR object of class Model 14

```
getF14C,Model_14-method
```

automatic title

# **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_14'
getF14C(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

getF14R

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction for the release flux of all pools and all times

# Description

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction for the release flux of all pools and all times

# Usage

```
getF14R(object)
```

# Arguments

object

a SoilR object of class Model14

112 getFormat,Fc-method

```
getF14R,Model_14-method
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_14'
getF14R(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

getFormat

Get format of SoilR object

# **Description**

Get format of SoilR object

#### Usage

```
getFormat(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see method arguments

 ${\tt getFormat}, {\tt Fc-method}$ 

automatic title

# **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Fc'
getFormat(object)
```

# Arguments

object

getFunctionDefinition 113

```
getFunctionDefinition Function definition of SoilR model
```

# Description

Function definition of SoilR model

# Usage

```
getFunctionDefinition(object, timeSymbol, poolNames, numberOfPools)
```

# Arguments

object see method arguments timeSymbol see method arguments poolNames see method arguments numberOfPools see method arguments

```
{\it getFunctionDefinition, ConstInFluxes-method} \\ automatic\ title
```

#### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstInFluxes'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

```
{\it getFunctionDefinition, ConstLinDecomp0p-method}\\ Function\ describing\ an\ object\ of\ class\ ConstLinDecomp0p
```

#### **Description**

Function describing an object of class ConstLinDecompOp

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

# Arguments

object of class ConstLinDecompOp

getFunctionDefinition,ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor-method

convert names of vectors or lists to class ConstantOutFluxRate convert names of vectors or lists to class ConstantInternalFluxRate helper function

#### **Description**

convert names of vectors or lists to class ConstantOutFluxRate convert names of vectors or lists to class ConstantInternalFluxRate helper function

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

an object of class ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor

 ${\it getFunctionDefinition, DecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic \ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

## S4 method for signature 'DecompositionOperator'
getFunctionDefinition(object)

#### **Arguments**

object

 ${\it getFunctionDefinition, InFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex-method} \\ {\it automatic\ title}$ 

#### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InFluxList_by_PoolIndex'
getFunctionDefinition(object, numberOfPools)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation numberOfPools no manual documentation

 ${\it getFunctionDefinition, InFluxList\_by\_PoolName-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InFluxList_by_PoolName'
getFunctionDefinition(object, timeSymbol, poolNames)
## S4 method for signature 'InFluxList_by_PoolName'
getFunctionDefinition(object, timeSymbol, poolNames)
```

#### **Arguments**

object no manual documentation timeSymbol no manual documentation poolNames no manual documentation  ${\it getFunctionDefinition,StateDependentInFluxVector-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

#### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'StateDependentInFluxVector'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 ${\it getFunctionDefinition, TransportDecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

 ${\it getFunctionDefinition, UnBoundInFluxes-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundInFluxes'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

# Description

Extracts the time dependent matrix valued function (compartmental matrix)

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundLinDecompOp'
getFunctionDefinition(object)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation

#### See Also

 $Other\ UnBound Lin Decomp Op\_constructor:\ UnBound Lin Decomp Op\_function-method$ 

getInFluxes

Extract the influxes

#### **Description**

Extract the influxes

#### Usage

```
getInFluxes(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see method arguments

```
getInFluxes,Model-method
```

Extract the InFluxes as provided during creation of the model

#### **Description**

Since the influxes had to be provided to create the model this method yields no new information that can not be obtained simpler. It is usually called internally by other functions.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getInFluxes(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

```
{\tt getInFluxes,NlModel-method}
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getInFluxes(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

getInitialValues

Initial values of SoilR object

# Description

Initial values of SoilR object

# Usage

```
getInitialValues(object)
```

# Arguments

object

a SoilR object

```
{\tt getInitialValues,NlModel-method} \\ automatic\ title
```

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getInitialValues(object)
```

# Arguments

object

120 getMeanTransitTime

getLinearScaleFactor Linear scale factor

#### Description

Linear scale factor

#### Usage

```
getLinearScaleFactor(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

 ${\it getLinearScaleFactor}, {\it ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor'
getLinearScaleFactor(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 ${\tt getMeanTransitTime}$ 

Mean transit time for SoilR objects

#### **Description**

Mean transit time for SoilR objects

#### Usage

```
getMeanTransitTime(object, inputDistribution)
```

# Arguments

```
object see method arguments inputDistribution see method arguments
```

getMeanTransitTime,ConstLinDecompOp-method

Mean transit time obtained through a numerical simulation. It produces an estimate with numerical errors. We recommend to use the function transitTime instead.

# Description

Mean transit time obtained through a numerical simulation. It produces an estimate with numerical errors. We recommend to use the function transitTime instead.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getMeanTransitTime(object, inputDistribution)
```

# **Arguments**

```
object a ConstLinDecompOp object inputDistribution a distribution of input contents among pools
```

getNumberOfPools

Number of pools in a model

# Description

Number of pools in a model

#### Usage

```
getNumberOfPools(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see method arguments

```
{\it getNumberOfPools}, {\it MCSim-method}\\ automatic\ title
```

#### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
getNumberOfPools(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

```
{\tt getNumberOfPools,NlModel-method} \\ automatic\ title
```

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getNumberOfPools(object)
```

# Arguments

object

no manual documentation

```
{\it getNumberOfPools, TransportDecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic\ title
```

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
getNumberOfPools(object)
```

# Arguments

object

getOutputFluxes 123

getOutputFluxes

Generic Function to obtain the fluxes out of of the pools

#### **Description**

Generic Function to obtain the fluxes out of of the pools

#### Usage

```
getOutputFluxes(object, as.closures = F)
```

# **Arguments**

object a SoilR object

as.closures a logical variable. Default to FALSE

```
{\tt getOutputFluxes,NlModel-method}
```

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getOutputFluxes(object, as.closures = F)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation as.closures no manual documentation

getOutputReceivers

Pools receiving outputs from other pools

# Description

Pools receiving outputs from other pools

#### Usage

```
getOutputReceivers(object, i)
```

# **Arguments**

object see method arguments i see method arguments

 ${\it getOutputReceivers, TransportDecompositionOperator, numeric-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator,numeric'
getOutputReceivers(object, i)
```

#### **Arguments**

object no manual documentation
i no manual documentation

#### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
getParticleMonteCarloSimulator(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object see method arguments

 ${\it getParticleMonteCarloSimulator,NlModel-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getParticleMonteCarloSimulator(object)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation

getReleaseFlux 125

getReleaseFlux

Generic Function to obtain the vector of release fluxes out of the pools for all times.

#### **Description**

Generic Function to obtain the vector of release fluxes out of the pools for all times.

#### Usage

```
getReleaseFlux(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

A SoilR object

```
getReleaseFlux, Model-method {\it The~release~fluxes~\frac{[content]}{[time]}~for~all~pools}.
```

# Description

```
The release fluxes \frac{[content]}{[time]} for all pools.
```

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getReleaseFlux(object)
```

# Arguments

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

#### Value

A matrix with as many columns as there are pools and as many rows as there are entries in the times argument the model has been build with.

# Description

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
getReleaseFlux(object)
```

# Arguments

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

 ${\tt getReleaseFlux,NlModel-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

#### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getReleaseFlux(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

getReleaseFlux14 127

getReleaseFlux14

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction in the release flux

#### **Description**

Generic that yields the ^14C fraction in the release flux

#### Usage

```
getReleaseFlux14(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_14'
getReleaseFlux14(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

```
getRightHandSideOfODE Right hand side of ODE of a SoilR model
```

# Description

Right hand side of ODE of a SoilR model

#### Usage

```
getRightHandSideOfODE(object, timeSymbol, poolNames, numberOfPools)
```

# Arguments

```
object see method arguments timeSymbol see method arguments poolNames see method arguments numberOfPools see method arguments
```

```
{\tt getRightHandSideOfODE,Model-method}
```

Derivative of the state variables as function

# Description

For non-linear models or models with state dependent influxes the returned function is a true function of state and time For linear models with state independent influxes the returned function is in fact a function of time only.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getRightHandSideOfODE(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

#### Value

A function f(t)

```
getRightHandSideOfODE,Model_by_PoolNames-method
```

Provide the (vector valued) derivative of the stocks with respect to time

#### **Description**

This function is required by the ODE solvers.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
getRightHandSideOfODE(object)
```

# Arguments

object

The model

getSolution 129

getSolution	Calculates all stocks all fluxes to, in and out of the compartment system
	and also their integrals over time

# Description

Have a look at the methods for details.

#### Usage

```
getSolution(object, params, as.closures = F)
```

# Arguments

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

params parameter values

as.closures a logical variable. Default to FALSE

#### Value

A matrix with columns representing the name of the statevariable, flux and accumulated flux for every time

as specified by the times of the model.

```
{\it getSolution, Model\_by\_PoolNames-method} \\ {\it All Fluxes \ and \ stocks \ for \ all \ times}
```

#### **Description**

All Fluxes and stocks for all times

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
getSolution(object, params)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

params

parameter values

#### Value

A matrix with as many columns as there are pools and as many rows as there are entries in the times argument the model has been build with.

getTimeRange

Time range of a model simulation

# Description

Time range of a model simulation

#### Usage

```
getTimeRange(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

# **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstInFluxes'
getTimeRange(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

getTimeRange,ConstLinDecompOp-method

Time range of a simulation described in an object of class ConstLin-DecompOp

# Description

Time range of a simulation described in an object of class ConstLinDecompOp

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getTimeRange(object)
```

# Arguments

object

no manual documentation

```
{\tt getTimeRange,ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor-method} \\ automatic\ title
```

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOpWithLinearScalarFactor'
getTimeRange(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

```
{\tt getTimeRange, Decomposition Operator-method} \\ automatic \ title
```

#### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DecompositionOperator'
getTimeRange(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

```
getTimeRange,TimeMap-method
```

The time interval where the function is defined

# Description

The time interval where the function is defined

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
getTimeRange(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

a TimeMap object

```
{\tt getTimeRange,UnBoundInFluxes-method}\\ automatic\ title
```

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundInFluxes'
getTimeRange(object)
```

# Arguments

object

no manual documentation

```
{\tt getTimeRange, UnBoundLinDecompOp-method}
```

Extracts the time interval for which the function is valid.

# Description

Extracts the time interval for which the function is valid.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundLinDecompOp'
getTimeRange(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

getTimes 133

getTimes

Time vector of SoilR object

# Description

Time vector of SoilR object

# Usage

```
getTimes(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

a SoilR object

```
getTimes,Model-method Extract the times vector
```

# Description

Since the times had to be provided to create the model this method yields no new information. It is usually called internally by other functions that deal with models.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
getTimes(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

# Description

Since the times had to be provided to create the model this method yields no new information. It is usually called internally by other functions that deal with models.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
getTimes(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A modelrun as produced by the constructors: Model, Model\_by\_PoolNames, Model\_14 the function GeneralModel or the functions listed in predefinedModels. A model represents the initial value problem (IVP) for the contents of the pool consisting of

- The initial values of the pool content
- The system of ordinary differential equations, as dictated by the fluxes
- The times for which the solution of the IVP is evaluated.

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getTimes(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object no r

getTransferCoefficients 135

```
{\tt getTransferCoefficients}
```

Transfer coefficients

# Description

Transfer coefficients

Transfer coefficients

# Usage

```
getTransferCoefficients(object, as.closures = F)
getTransferCoefficients(object, as.closures = F)
```

# Arguments

object see method arguments as.closures see method arguments

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
getTransferCoefficients(object, as.closures = F)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation as.closures no manual documentation

 ${\it getTransferCoefficients, TransportDecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

#### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
getTransferCoefficients(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

 ${\tt getTransferMatrix}$ 

 $deprecated, \ use \ getTransferMatrixFunc \ instead$ 

#### **Description**

deprecated, use getTransferMatrixFunc instead

#### Usage

getTransferMatrix(object)

# Arguments

object

A compartmental operator

 ${\tt getTransferMatrixFunc} \ \ \textit{Transfer matrix function}$ 

# Description

Transfer matrix function

#### Usage

getTransferMatrixFunc(object)

# Arguments

object

see method arguments

 ${\tt getTransferMatrixFunc,TransportDecompositionOperator-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
getTransferMatrixFunc(object)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation

 $\label{thm:condition} get Transit Time Distribution Density \\ \textit{Transit time distribution for SoilR objects}$ 

# Description

Transit time distribution for SoilR objects

#### Usage

```
getTransitTimeDistributionDensity(object, inputDistribution, times)
```

# Arguments

object see method arguments

input Distribution

see method arguments

times see method arguments

138 getValues

getTransitTimeDistributionDensity,ConstLinDecompOp-method

Transit time distribution obtained through a numerical simulation. It introduces numerical errors. We recommend to use the function transitTime instead

#### **Description**

Transit time distribution obtained through a numerical simulation. It introduces numerical errors. We recommend to use the function transitTime instead

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
getTransitTimeDistributionDensity(object, inputDistribution, times)
```

# **Arguments**

object a ConstLinDecompOp object

 $input \\ Distribution$ 

an input distribution among pools

times a variable with times to obtain the distribution

getValues

Get values of SoilR object

# Description

Get values of SoilR object

# Usage

```
getValues(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

see method arguments

```
getValues,ConstFc-method
```

automatic title

#### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstFc'
getValues(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

Graven2017

Compiled records of radicarbon in atmospheric CO2 for historical simulations in CMIP6

#### **Description**

Historical Delta-14C in atmospheric CO2 used as forcing dataset for CMIP6 simulation experiments. Data is reported for three hemispheric zones, for the period 1850-2015.

# Usage

```
data(Graven2017)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 166 rows and 4 variables.

```
Year.AD Year (AD).
```

NH Delta14C for the northern hemisphere, betwen 30N to 90N latitude. Values in per mil.

Tropics Delta14C for the tropics, between 30N to 30S latitude. Values in per mil.

SH Delta14C for the southern hemisphere, between 30S to 90S latitude. Values in per mil.

# **Details**

All details about the derivation of this dataset are provided in Graven et al. (2017)

#### Author(s)

Carlos Sierra <csierra@bgc-jena.mpg.de>

# Source

<a href="https://doi.org/10.22033/ESGF/input4MIPs.1602">https://doi.org/10.22033/ESGF/input4MIPs.1602</a>

140 HarvardForest14CO2

#### References

Graven, Heather; Allison, Colin; Etheridge, David; Hammer, Samuel; Keeling, Ralph; Levin, Ingeborg; Meijer, Harro A. J.; Rubino, Mauro; Tans, Pieter; Trudinger, Cathy; Vaughn, Bruce; White, James (2017). Compiled Historical Record of Atmospheric Delta14CO2 version 2.0. Earth System Grid Federation. https://doi.org/10.22033/ESGF/input4MIPs.1602

Graven, H., Allison, C. E., Etheridge, D. M., Hammer, S., Keeling, R. F., Levin, I., Meijer, H. A. J., Rubino, M., Tans, P. P., Trudinger, C. M., Vaughn, B. H., and White, J. W. C. 2017. Compiled records of carbon isotopes in atmospheric CO2 for historical simulations in CMIP6, Geosci. Model Dev., 10, 4405–4417, https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-10-4405-2017.

#### **Examples**

HarvardForest14C02

Delta14C in soil CO2 efflux from Harvard Forest

#### **Description**

Measurements of Delta14C in soil CO2 efflux conducted at Harvard Forest, USA, between 1996 and 2010.

#### Usage

HarvardForest14C02

#### **Format**

A data frame with the following 3 variables.

- 1. Year A numeric vector with the date of measurement in years
- 2. D14C A numeric vector with the value of the Delta 14C value measured in CO2 efflux in per mil
- 3. Site A factor indicating the site where measurements were made. NWN: Northwest Near, Drydown: Rainfall exclusion experiment.

#### **Details**

Samples for isotopic measurements of soil CO2 efflux were collected from chambers that enclosed an air headspace in contact with the soil surface in the absence of vegetation using a closed dynamic chamber system to collect accumulated CO2 in stainless steel traps with a molecular sieve inside. See Sierra et al. (2012) for additional details.

# References

Sierra, C. A., Trumbore, S. E., Davidson, E. A., Frey, S. D., Savage, K. E., and Hopkins, F. M. 2012. Predicting decadal trends and transient responses of radiocarbon storage and fluxes in a temperate forest soil, Biogeosciences, 9, 3013-3028, doi:10.5194/bg-9-3013-2012

Hua2013

#### **Examples**

```
plot(HarvardForest14C02[,1:2])
```

Hua2013

Atmospheric radiocarbon for the period 1950-2010 from Hua et al. (2013)

#### Description

Atmospheric radiocarbon for the period 1950-2010 reported by Hua et al. (2013) for 5 atmospheric zones.

#### Usage

data(Hua2013)

#### **Format**

A list containing 5 data frames, each representing an atmospheric zone. The zones are: NHZone1: northern hemisphere zone 1, NHZone2: northern hemisphere zone 2, NHZone3: northern hemisphere zone 3, SHZone12: southern hemisphere zones 1 and 2, SHZone3: southern hemisphere zone 3. Each data frame contains a variable number of observations on the following 5 variables.

Year.AD Year AD

mean.Delta14C mean value of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as Delta14C sd.Delta14C standard deviation of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as Delta14C mean.F14C mean value of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as fraction modern F14C sd.F14 standard deviation of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as fraction modern F14C

#### **Details**

This dataset corresponds to Table S3 from Hua et al. (2013). For additional details see the original publication.

#### **Source**

```
doi:10.2458/azu_js_rc.v55i2.16177
```

#### References

Hua Q., M. Barbetti, A. Z. Rakowski. 2013. Atmospheric radiocarbon for the period 1950-2010. Radiocarbon 55(4):2059-2072.

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#### **Examples**

```
plot(Hua2013$NHZone1$Year.AD, Hua2013$NHZone1$mean.Delta14C,
     type="1",xlab="Year AD",ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C (\u2030)")))
lines(Hua2013$NHZone2$Year.AD, Hua2013$NHZone2$mean.Delta14C,col=2)
lines(Hua2013$NHZone3$Year.AD, Hua2013$NHZone3$mean.Delta14C,col=3)
lines(Hua2013$SHZone12$Year.AD, Hua2013$SHZone12$mean.Delta14C,col=4)
lines(Hua2013$SHZone3$Year.AD, Hua2013$SHZone3$mean.Delta14C, col=5)
legend(
"topright",
c(
"Norther hemisphere zone 1",
"Norther hemisphere zone 2",
"Norther hemisphere zone 3",
                "Southern hemisphere zones 1 and 2",
"Southern Hemispher zone 3"
),
1ty=1,
col=1:5,
bty="n"
)
```

Hua2021

Atmospheric radiocarbon for the period 1950-2019 from Hua et al. (2021)

#### **Description**

Atmospheric radiocarbon for the period 1950-2019 reported by Hua et al. (2020) for 5 atmospheric zones.

#### Usage

```
data(Hua2013)
```

#### Format

A list containing 5 data frames, each representing an atmospheric zone. The zones are: NHZone1: northern hemisphere zone 1, NHZone2: northern hemisphere zone 2, NHZone3: northern hemisphere zone 3, SHZone1-2: southern hemisphere zones 1 and 2, SHZone3: southern hemisphere zone 3. Each data frame contains a variable number of observations on the following 5 variables.

```
Year Year AD
```

```
mean.Delta14C mean value of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as Delta14C sd.Delta14C standard deviation of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as Delta14C mean.F14C mean value of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as fraction modern F14C sd.F14C standard deviation of atmospheric radiocarbon reported as fraction modern F14C
```

#### **Details**

This dataset corresponds to Supplementary Material 2 from Hua et al. (2021). For additional details see the original publication.

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#### Author(s)

Carlos A. Sierra <csierra@bgc-jena.mpg.de>

#### **Source**

```
doi:10.1017/RDC.2021.95
```

#### References

Hua, Q., Turnbull, J., Santos, G., Rakowski, A., Ancapichun, S., De Pol-Holz, R., . . . Turney, C. (2021). ATMOSPHERIC RADIOCARBON FOR THE PERIOD 1950–2019. Radiocarbon, 1-23. doi:10.1017/RDC.2021.95

#### **Examples**

```
plot(Hua2021$NHZone1[,1:2],type="1")
lines(Hua2021$NHZone2[,1:2],col=2)
lines(Hua2021$NHZone3[,1:2],col=3)
lines(Hua2021$^SHZone1-2^[,1:2],col=4)
lines(Hua2021$SHZone3[,1:2],col=5)
legend("topright",names(Hua2021), col=1:5,lty=1,bty="n")
```

**ICBMModel** 

Implementation of the Introductory Carbon Balance Model (ICBM)

#### **Description**

This function is an implementation of the Introductory Carbon Balance Model (ICBM). This is simply a two pool model connected in series.

#### Usage

```
ICBMModel(
    t,
    ks = c(k1 = 0.8, k2 = 0.00605),
    h = 0.13,
    r = 1.32,
    c0 = c(Y0 = 0.3, 00 = 3.96),
    In = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

t A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.

ks A vector of length 2 with the decomposition rates for the young and the old pool.

h Humufication coefficient (transfer rate from young to old pool).

r External (environmental or edaphic) factor.

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c0	A vector of length 2 with the initial value of carbon stocks in the young and old pool.
In	Mean annual carbon input to the soil.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### References

Andren, O. and T. Katterer. 1997. ICBM: The Introductory Carbon Balance Model for Exploration of Soil Carbon Balances. Ecological Applications 7:1226-1236.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

#### **Examples**

```
# examples from external files
# inst/examples/exICBMModel.R exICBMModel_paper:
   # This example reproduces the simulations
   # presented in Table 1 of Andren and Katterer (1997).
   # First, the model is run for different values of the
   # parameters representing different field experiments.
   times=seq(0,20,by=0.1)
   Bare=ICBMModel(t=times) #Bare fallow
   pNpS=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.125, r=1,
                                             c0=c(0.3,4.11), In=0.19+0.095) #+N +Straw
   mNpS=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.125, r=1.22, c0=c(0.3, 4.05), In=0.19+0.058) #-N +Straw
   mNmS=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.125, r=1.17, c0=c(0.3, 3.99), In=0.057) #-N -Straw
   pNmS=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.125, r=1.07, c0=c(0.3, 4.02), In=0.091) #+N -Straw
   FM=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.250, r=1.10, c0=c(0.3, 3.99), In=0.19+0.082) #Manure
   SwS=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.340, r=0.97, c0=c(0.3, 4.14), In=0.19+0.106) #Sewage Sludge
   SS=ICBMModel(t=times, h=0.125, r=1.00, c0=c(0.25, 4.16), In=0.2) #Steady State
   #The amount of carbon for each simulation is recovered with the function getC
   CtBare=getC(Bare)
   CtpNpS=getC(pNpS)
   CtmNpS=getC(mNpS)
   CtmNmS=getC(mNmS)
   CtpNmS=getC(pNmS)
   CtFM=getC(FM)
   CtSwS=getC(SwS)
   CtSS=getC(SS)
   #This plot reproduces Figure 1 in Andren and Katterer (1997)
   plot(times,
     rowSums(CtBare),
      type="1",
     ylim=c(0,8),
     xlim=c(0,20),
     ylab="Topsoil carbon mass (kg m-2)",
     xlab="Time (years)"
    lines(times,rowSums(CtpNpS),lty=2)
```

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```
lines(times,rowSums(CtmNpS),lty=3)
lines(times,rowSums(CtmNmS),lty=4)
lines(times,rowSums(CtpNmS),lwd=2)
lines(times,rowSums(CtFM),lty=2,lwd=2)
lines(times,rowSums(CtSwS),lty=3,lwd=2)
#lines(times,rowSums(CtSS),lty=4,lwd=2)
legend("topleft",
  c("Bare fallow",
    "+N +Straw",
    "-N +Straw",
    "-N -Straw",
    "+N -Straw",
    "Manure",
   "Sludge"
  lty=c(1,2,3,4,1,2,3),
  lwd=c(1,1,1,1,2,2,2),
  bty="n"
)
```

ICBM\_N

Implementation of the ICBM/N model

### **Description**

This implementations follows the description in Katterer and Andren (2001, Eco Mod 136:191).

### Usage

```
ICBM_N(

i = 0.47,

k_Y = 0.259,

k_O = 0.0154,

r_e = 1,

e_Y = 0.362,

h = 0.243,

q_i = 18.8,

q_b = 5
```

#### **Arguments**

```
i
                   carbon input to the soil from plant production
k_Y
                   decomposition rate of young pool Y
k_0
                   decomposition rate of old pool O
r_e
                   external effects on decomposition rates
                   yield efficiency of the soil organism community
e_Y
                   humification coefficient. Fraction of outflux from Y that is not respired and
h
                   enters O
                   C:N ratio of plant inputs
q_i
                   C:N ratio of soil organism biomass
q_b
```

incubation\_experiment Soil CO2 efflux from an incubation experiment, along with the soil mass and carbon concentration measurements.

#### **Description**

A dataset with soil CO2 efflux measurements from a laboratory incubation at controlled temperature and moisture conditions.

## Usage

```
data(incubation_experiment)
```

#### **Format**

A list with 3 variables.

eCO2 A data.frame with the flux data.

c\_concentrations a vector with 3 measurement of the concentration of carbon in the soil.

 $soil\_mass$  the mass of the soil column in g

#### **Details**

The data.frame incubation\_experiment\$eCO2 has 3 columns.

Days A numeric vector with the day of measurement after the experiment started.

eCO2mean A numeric vector with the release flux of CO2. Units in ug C g-1 soil day-1.

eCO2sd A numeric vector with the standard deviation of the release flux of CO2-C. Units in ug C g-1 soil day-1.

A laboratory incubation experiment was performed in March 2014 for a period of 35 days under controlled conditions of temperature (15 degrees Celsius), moisture (30 percent soil water content), and oxygen levels (20 percent). Soil CO2 measurements were taken using an automated system for gas sampling connected to an infrared gas analyzer. The soil was sampled at a boreal forest site (Caribou Poker Research Watershed, Alaska, USA). This dataset presents the mean and standard deviation of 4 replicates.

```
eCO2=incubation_experiment$eCO2 head(eCO2)  
plot(eCO2[,1:2],type="o",ylim=c(0,50),ylab="CO2 efflux (ug C g-1 soil day-1)") arrows(eCO2[,1],eCO2[,2]-eCO2[,3],eCO2[,1],eCO2[,2]+eCO2[,3], angle=90,length=0.3,code=3)
```

InFlux 147

InFlux

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
InFlux(map, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

map a SoilR map

... additional arguments to function

InFluxes

A generic factory for subclasses of InFluxes

### Description

A generic factory for subclasses of InFluxes

### Usage

```
InFluxes(object, numberOfPools)
```

### Arguments

object a SoilR object

numberOfPools number of pools in the model

 ${\tt InFluxes, ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

### Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstantInFluxList_by_PoolIndex'
InFluxes(object, numberOfPools)
```

### Arguments

object no manual documentation numberOfPools no manual documentation

148 InFluxes,list-method

```
InFluxes, function-method
```

automatic title

## Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`'
InFluxes(object)
```

### Arguments

object no manual documentation

```
InFluxes,InFluxes-method
```

automatic title

### Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'InFluxes'
InFluxes(object)
```

### Arguments

object

no manual documentation

```
InFluxes,list-method automatic title
```

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
InFluxes(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object no manual documentation

InFluxes,numeric-method

automatic title

## Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
InFluxes(object)
```

# Arguments

object no manual documentation

 $In Fluxes, State Independent In Flux List\_by\_Pool Index-method \\ automatic \ title$ 

### Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'StateIndependentInFluxList_by_PoolIndex'
InFluxes(object, numberOfPools)
```

## Arguments

object no manual documentation

numberOfPools no manual documentation basically produces a vector valued function from a

list of scalar functions

InFluxes,TimeMap-method

automatic title

### Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
InFluxes(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object no

no manual documentation

InFluxes-class

A virtual S4-class representing (different subclasses) of in-fluxes to the system

## Description

A virtual S4-class representing (different subclasses) of in-fluxes to the system

InFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

```
InFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

## Arguments

object

see methods

InFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex,list-method

constructor from a normal list after checking the elements

## Description

constructor from a normal list after checking the elements

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
InFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object list

InFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex-class

Describes a list of flux rates.

### **Description**

The purpose is to avoid creation of lists that contain negative rates or in accidental confusion with list of fluxes. Instances are usually automatically created from data

InFluxList\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Usage

```
InFluxList_by_PoolName(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object see methods

152 InFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

### Description

after checking the elements

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
InFluxList_by_PoolName(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object no documentation

InFluxList\_by\_PoolName-class

Class for a list of influxes indexed by the names of the target pools

## **Description**

Class for a list of influxes indexed by the names of the target pools

InFlux\_by\_PoolIndex Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
InFlux_by_PoolIndex(func, destinationIndex)
```

### Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{func} & \text{function with influx} \\ \text{destinationIndex} & \text{index of destination pool} \end{array}$ 

InFlux\_by\_PoolIndex,function,numeric-method

Constructor from an ordered pair of PoolIndex (integer like) objects

### **Description**

Constructor from an ordered pair of PoolIndex (integer like) objects

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`, numeric'
InFlux_by_PoolIndex(func, destinationIndex)
```

#### **Arguments**

func

A function f(X,t) where X is a vector of the state variables. destinationIndex

> index of destination pool This form is required internally by the solvers and supported for backward compatibility with earlier versions of SoilR. Note that the function func given in this form can not be transformed to a different ordering of state variables, since the location of a state variable in the vector argument depends on a specific order and will be 'hardcoded' into your function. See InFlux\_by\_PoolName for the new, more powerful interface which allows subsequent reordering of the state variables by using the names of the state variables as formal arguments for func. In this case SoilR can infer (and later adapt) the vector argument form needed for the solvers.

InFlux\_by\_PoolIndex-class

S4 class for the influx to a single pool identified by the index

### **Description**

S4 class for the influx to a single pool identified by the index

InFlux\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for an influx to a single pool from an ordered pair of PoolName (string like) and function objects

## Description

Generic constructor for an influx to a single pool from an ordered pair of PoolName (string like) and function objects

#### Usage

InFlux\_by\_PoolName(func, destinationName)

#### **Arguments**

func function with input flux

destinationName

name of the destination pool

InFlux\_by\_PoolName,function,character-method

Constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName (string like) and function objects

## Description

Constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName (string like) and function objects

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,character'
InFlux_by_PoolName(func, destinationName)
```

### Arguments

func

A function. The names of the formal arguments have to be a subset of the state variable names and the time symbol This allows subsequent automatic reordering of the state variables. In the presence of a vector of state-variable-names the formulation can automatically be transformed to a function of a state VECTOR

argument and time

destinationName

PoolName (string like) object and a function

InFlux\_by\_PoolName-class

S4 class for the influx to a single pool identified by the name

### Description

S4 class for the influx to a single pool identified by the name

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConstLinDecompOp'
initialize(.Object, mat = matrix())
```

### **Arguments**

.Object no manual documentation mat no manual documentation

```
initialize, {\tt DecompositionOperator-method}\\ automatic\ title
```

### **Description**

automatic title

## Usage

```
## $4 method for signature 'DecompositionOperator'
initialize(
   .Object,
   starttime = numeric(),
   endtime = numeric(),
   map = function(t) {
        t
   },
   lag = 0
)
```

### Arguments

```
.Object no manual documentation starttime no manual documentation endtime no manual documentation map no manual documentation lag no manual documentation
```

156 initialize, Model-method

```
\verb|initialize,MCSim-method|\\
```

automatic title

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
initialize(.Object, model = new(Class = "NlModel"), tasklist = list())
```

### **Arguments**

.Object no manual documentation
model no manual documentation
tasklist no manual documentation

initialize, Model-method

Internal method to supervise creation of objects of this class

### Description

It is usually not necessary for user code to call this method. It's purpose is to enforce some sanity checks since it gets automatically called by new whenever an object of this class is created

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
initialize(
   .Object,
   times = c(0, 1),
   mat = ConstLinDecompOp(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 0)),
   initialValues = numeric(),
   inputFluxes = BoundInFluxes(function(t) {
      return(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 1))

      }, 0, 1),
      solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
      pass = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
.Object no manual documentation times no manual documentation mat no manual documentation initialValues no manual documentation inputFluxes no manual documentation solverfunc no manual documentation pass no manual documentation
```

initialize, Model\_14-method

Internal method to supervise creation of objects of this class

### **Description**

It is usually not necessary for user code to call this method. It's purpose is to enforce some sanity checks since it gets automatically called by new whenever an object of this class is created

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_14'
initialize(
  .Object,
  times = c(0, 1),
 mat = ConstLinDecompOp(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 0)),
  initialValues = numeric(),
  initialValF = ConstFc(values = c(0), format = "Delta14C"),
  inputFluxes = BoundInFluxes(function(t) {
     return(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 1))
   }, 0, 1),
 c14Fraction = BoundFc(function(t) {
     return(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 1))
 }, 0,
    1),
 c14DecayRate = 0,
  solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
 pass = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

.Object no manual documentation times no manual documentation mat no manual documentation initialValues no manual documentation initialValF no manual documentation

inputFluxes no manual documentation c14Fraction no manual documentation c14DecayRate no manual documentation solverfunc no manual documentation pass no manual documentation

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
initialize(
   .Object,
   times,
   mat,
   initialValues,
   inputFluxes,
   timeSymbol,
   pass = FALSE,
   solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper
)
```

### **Arguments**

.Object no manual documentation no manual documentation times mat no manual documentation initialValues no manual documentation inputFluxes no manual documentation  ${\tt timeSymbol}$ no manual documentation no manual documentation pass solverfunc no manual documentation

```
initialize, NlModel-method
```

automatic title

### Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
initialize(
  .Object,
  times = c(0, 1),
  DepComp = new(Class = "TransportDecompositionOperator", 0, 1, function(t) {
    return(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 0))
 }, function(t) {
     return(matrix(nrow = 1,
    ncol = 1, 0)
 }),
  initialValues = numeric(),
  inputFluxes = BoundInFluxes(function(t) {
     return(matrix(nrow = 1, ncol = 1, 1))
    }, 0, 1),
  solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
  pass = FALSE
)
```

### **Arguments**

.Object no manual documentation times no manual documentation DepComp no manual documentation initialValues no manual documentation inputFluxes no manual documentation solverfunc no manual documentation pass no manual documentation

```
initialize, TimeMap-method
```

automatic title

### **Description**

automatic title

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
initialize(
   .Object,
   starttime = numeric(),
   endtime = numeric(),
   map = function(t) {
      t
   }
)
```

### **Arguments**

.Object no manual documentation starttime no manual documentation endtime no manual documentation map no manual documentation

 $initialize, Transport Decomposition Operator-method\\ automatic\ title$ 

### **Description**

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TransportDecompositionOperator'
initialize(
   .Object,
   starttime = numeric(),
   endtime = numeric(),
   numberOfPools = 1,
   alpha = list(),
   f = function(t, 0) {
        t
   },
   lag = 0
)
```

# Arguments

```
.Object no manual documentation starttime no manual documentation endtime no manual documentation numberOfPools no manual documentation alpha no manual documentation f no manual documentation lag no manual documentation
```

 $initialize, {\tt UnBoundInFluxes-method}\\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## $4 method for signature 'UnBoundInFluxes'
initialize(
   .Object,
   map = function() {
   }
)
```

### Arguments

.Object no manual documentation map no manual documentation

 $initialize, {\tt UnBoundLinDecompOp-method}\\ automatic\ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'UnBoundLinDecompOp'
initialize(
   .Object,
   matFunc = function() {
   }
)
```

### Arguments

.Object no manual documentation matFunc no manual documentation

IntCal09

IntCal09	Northern Hemisphere atmospheric radiocarbon for the pre-bomb period
	noa

### **Description**

Northern Hemisphere atmospheric radiocarbon calibration curve for the period 0 to 50,000 yr BP.

#### Usage

```
data(IntCal09)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 3522 observations on the following 5 variables.

```
CAL.BP Calibrated age in years Before Present (BP).
```

```
C14. age C14 age in years BP.
```

Error Error estimate for C14. age.

Delta.14C Delta.14C value in per mil.

Sigma Standard deviation of Delta. 14C in per mil.

#### **Details**

Deltal.14C is age-corrected as per Stuiver and Polach (1977). All details about the derivation of this dataset are provided in Reimer et al. (2009).

#### References

P. Reimer, M.Baillie, E. Bard, A. Bayliss, J. Beck, P. Blackwell, C. Ramsey, C. Buck, G. Burr, R. Edwards, et al. 2009. IntCal09 and Marine09 radiocarbon age calibration curves, 0 - 50,000 years cal bp. Radiocarbon, 51(4):1111 - 1150.

M. Stuiver and H. A. Polach. 1977. Rerporting of C-14 data. Radiocarbon, 19(3):355 - 363.

```
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(IntCal09$CAL.BP, IntCal09$C14.age, type="l")
polygon(x=c(IntCal09$CAL.BP,rev(IntCal09$CAL.BP)),
y=c(IntCal09$C14.age+IntCal09$Error,rev(IntCal09$C14.age-IntCal09$Error)),
col="gray",border=NA)
lines(IntCal09$CAL.BP,IntCal09$C14.age)

plot(IntCal09$CAL.BP,IntCal09$Delta.14C,type="l")
polygon(x=c(IntCal09$CAL.BP,rev(IntCal09$CAL.BP)),
y=c(IntCal09$Delta.14C+IntCal09$Sigma,rev(IntCal09$Delta.14C-IntCal09$Sigma)),
col="gray",border=NA)
lines(IntCal09$CAL.BP,IntCal09$Delta.14C)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

IntCal13 163

IntCal13

Atmospheric radiocarbon for the 0-50,000 yr BP period

### **Description**

Atmospheric radiocarbon calibration curve for the period 0 to 50,000 yr BP.

### Usage

```
data(IntCal13)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 5140 observations on the following 5 variables.

CAL.BP Calibrated age in years Before Present (BP).

C14. age C14 age in years BP.

Error Error estimate for C14.age.

Delta.14C Delta.14C value in per mil.

Sigma Standard deviation of Delta. 14C in per mil.

### **Details**

Deltal.14C is age-corrected as per Stuiver and Polach (1977). All details about the derivation of this dataset are provided in Reimer et al. (2013).

#### References

Reimer PJ, Bard E, Bayliss A, Beck JW, Blackwell PG, Bronk Ramsey C, Buck CE, Cheng H, Edwards RL, Friedrich M, Grootes PM, Guilderson TP, Haflidason H, Hajdas I, Hatte C, Heaton TJ, Hogg AG, Hughen KA, Kaiser KF, Kromer B, Manning SW, Niu M, Reimer RW, Richards DA, Scott EM, Southon JR, Turney CSM, van der Plicht J. 2013. IntCal13 and MARINE13 radiocarbon age calibration curves 0-50000 years calBP. Radiocarbon 55(4): 1869-1887. DOI: 10.2458/azu\_js\_rc.55.16947

M. Stuiver and H. A. Polach. 1977. Rerporting of C-14 data. Radiocarbon, 19(3):355 - 363.

IntCal20

IntCal20	The IntCal20 northern hemisphere radiocarbon curve for the 0-55,000 yr BP period

### **Description**

Atmospheric radiocarbon calibration curve for the period 0 to 55,000 yr BP for the northern hemosphere. This is the most recent update to the internationally agreed calibration curve and supersedes IntCal13.

### Usage

```
data(IntCal20)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 9501 rows and 5 variables.

CAL.BP Calibrated age in years Before Present (BP).

C14. age C14 age in years BP.

Sigma.C14.age Standard deviation for C14.age.

Delta.14C Delta.14C value in per mil.

Sigma.Delta.14C Standard deviation of Delta.14C in per mil.

#### **Details**

All details about the derivation of this dataset are provided in Reimer et al. (2020).

#### Author(s)

```
Ingrid Chanca <ichanca@bgc-jena.mpg.de>
```

#### Source

```
<a href="https://doi.org/10.1017/RDC.2020.41">https://doi.org/10.1017/RDC.2020.41</a>
```

#### References

Reimer, P., Austin, W., Bard, E., Bayliss, A., Blackwell, P., Bronk Ramsey, C., . . . Talamo, S. (2020). The IntCal20 Northern Hemisphere Radiocarbon Age Calibration Curve (0–55 cal kBP). Radiocarbon, 62(4), 725-757. doi:10.1017/RDC.2020.41

 $Internal Flux List\_by\_Pool Index$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

#### Usage

```
InternalFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object see methods

InternalFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex,list-method

Constructor from a normal list after checking the elements

## Description

Constructor from a normal list after checking the elements

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
InternalFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object a list

 $Internal Flux List\_by\_Pool Index-class$ 

S4-class for a list of internal fluxes with source and destination pool inidices

## Description

S4-class for a list of internal fluxes with source and destination pool inidices

InternalFluxList\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
InternalFluxList_by_PoolName(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

see methods

### **Description**

constructor from a normal list

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
InternalFluxList_by_PoolName(object)
```

### Arguments

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName or a list where the names of the elements are strings of the form '1->3' (for the flux rate from pool 1 to 2

#### Value

An object of class ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

InternalFluxList\_by\_PoolName-class

S4-class for a list of internal fluxes with indexed by (source and destination pool) names

#### **Description**

S4-class for a list of internal fluxes with indexed by (source and destination pool) names

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

#### Usage

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolIndex(func, sourceIndex, destinationIndex, src\_to\_dest)

### **Arguments**

func function with flux rate sourceIndex index of the source pool

destinationIndex

index of the destination pool

src\_to\_dest source to destination

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolIndex, function, numeric, numeric, missing-method

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolIndex (integer like) objects

and a function with vector argument

### **Description**

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolIndex (integer like) objects and a function with vector argument

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,numeric,numeric,missing'
InternalFlux_by_PoolIndex(func, sourceIndex, destinationIndex)
```

### **Arguments**

func function

sourceIndex index of source pool

destinationIndex

index of destination pool

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolIndex-class

S4-class for a single internal flux with source and destination pools specified by indices

### **Description**

S4-class for a single internal flux with source and destination pools specified by indices

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName(func, sourceName, destinationName, src\_to\_dest)

#### **Arguments**

func function with flux rate sourceName name of source pool

destinationName

name of destination pool

src\_to\_dest source to destination

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName, function, character, character, missing-method

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName (string like) objects and a function with the set of formal argument names forming a subset of the state\_variable\_names

### **Description**

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName (string like) objects and a function with the set of formal argument names forming a subset of the state\_variable\_names

### Usage

## S4 method for signature '`function`,character,character,missing'
InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName(func, sourceName, destinationName)

### **Arguments**

func A real valued function describing the flux (mass/time) as function of (some of )

the state variables and time.

sourceName A string identifying the source pool of the flux

destinationName

A string identifying the destination pool of the flux

 $Internal Flux\_by\_PoolName, function, missing, missing, character-method \\ automatic \ title$ 

## Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,missing,missing,character'
InternalFlux_by_PoolName(func, src_to_dest)
```

### Arguments

func no manual documentation src\_to\_dest no manual documentation

InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName-class

S4-class for a single internal flux with source and destination pools specified by name

### Description

S4-class for a single internal flux with source and destination pools specified by name

170 linearScalarModel

linearScalarModel	Implementation of a general model for linear non-autonomous systems with scalar modifiers
	with scalar modifiers

### **Description**

This function implements a linear model with scalar modifier for inputs and compartmental matrix.

### Usage

```
linearScalarModel(
   t,
   A,
   C0,
   u,
   gamma,
   xi,
   xi_lag = 0,
   solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper
)
```

### Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
Α	A square (n x n) matrix with compartmental structure
C0	A vector of length n containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools.
u	A vector of length n with constant mass inputs for the n pools.
gamma	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the modifier for the mass inputs.
xi	A scalar, data.frame, function or anything that can be converted to a scalar function of time ScalarTimeMap object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
xi_lag	A time shift/delay for the automatically created time dependent function xi(t)
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.

## Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

### See Also

RothCModel. There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

```
t=seq(0,52*200,1) # Fix me! Add an example.
```

linesCPool 171

existing plot	linesCPool	Add lines with the output of getC14, getC, or getReleaseFlux to an existing plot
---------------	------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### Description

This function adds lines to a plot with the C content, the C release, or Delta 14C value of each pool over time. Needs as input a matrix obtained after a call to getC14, getC, or getReleaseFlux.

### Usage

```
linesCPool(t, mat, col, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the time points for plotting.
mat	A matrix object obtained after a call to getC14, getC, or getReleaseFlux.
col	A color palette specifying color lines for each pool (columns of mat).
	Other arguments passed to plot.

listProduct	tensor product of lists

### **Description**

Creates a list of all combinations of the elements of the inputlists (like a "tensor product list" The list elements can be of any class. The function is used in examples and tests to produce all possible combinations of arguments to a function. look at the tests for example usage

### Usage

```
listProduct(\dots)
```

### **Arguments**

... lists

### Value

a list of lists each containing one combinations of the elements of the input lists

```
listProduct(list('a','b'),list(1,2))
```

Model Model

MCSim-class	Experimental Class for a Monte Carlo Simulation of particles leaving the pool

## Description

Experimental Class for a Monte Carlo Simulation of particles leaving the pool

Model Constructor for class Model

# Description

This function creates an object of class Model, The arguments can be given in different form as long as they can be converted to the necessary internal building blocks. (See the links)

# Usage

```
Model(
    t,
    A,
    ivList,
    inputFluxes,
    solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
A	something that can be converted by GeneralDecompOp to any of the available subclasses of DecompOp.
ivList	A numeric vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools. The length of this vector is equal to the number of pools. This is checked by an internal function.
inputFluxes	something that can be converted by InFluxes to any of the available subclasses of InFluxes.
solverfunc	The function used to actually solve the ODE system. The default is deSolve.lsoda.wrapper but you can also provide your own function that the same interface.
pass	Forces the constructor to create the model even if it does not pass internal sanity checks

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#### **Details**

This function Model wraps the internal constructor of class Model. The internal constructor requires the argument A to be of class DecompOp and argument inputFluxes to be of class InFluxes. Before calling the internal constructor Model calls GeneralDecompOp on its argument A and InFluxes on its argument inputFluxes to convert them into the required classes. Both are generic functions. Follow the links to see for which kind of inputs conversion methods are available. The attempted conversion allows great flexibility with respect to arguments and independence from the actual implementation. However if your code uses the wrong argument the error will most likely occur in the delegate functions. If this happens inspect the error message (or use traceback()) to see which function was called and try to call the constructor of the desired subclass explicitly with your arguments. The subclasses are linked in the class documentation DecompOp or InFluxes respectively.

Note also that this function checks its arguments quite elaborately and tries to detect accidental unreasonable combinations, especially concerning two kinds of errors.

- 1. unintended extrapolation of time series data
- 2. violations of mass balance by the DecompOp argument.

SoilR has a lot of unit tests which are installed with the package and are sometimes instructive as examples. To see example scenarios for parameter check look at:

#### Value

An object of class Model that can be queried by many methods to be found there.

#### See Also

This function is called by many of the predefinedModels. Package functions called in the examples: example.2DInFluxes.Args, example.2DGeneralDecompOpArgs,

```
# vim:set ff=unix expandtab ts=2 sw=2:
test.all.possible.Model.arguments <- function(){
    # This example shows different kinds of arguments to the function Model.
    # The model objects we will build will share some common features.
    # - two pools
    # - initial values

iv<- c(5,6)
    times <- seq(1,10,by=0.1)

# The other parameters A and inputFluxes will be different
    # The function Model will transform these arguments
    # into objects of the classes required by the internal constructor.
    # This leads to a number of possible argument types.
    # We demonstrate some of the possibilities here.
    # Let us first look at the choeices for argument 'A'.

#)
possibleAs <- example.2DGeneralDecompOpArgs()</pre>
```

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```
# Since "Model" will call "InFluxes" on its "inputFluxes"
  # argument there are again different choices
  # we have included a function in SoilR that produces 2D examples
 possibleInfluxes <- example.2DInFluxes.Args()</pre>
 print(possibleInfluxes$I.vec)
  # We can build a lot of models from the possible combinations
  # for instance
  #m1 <- Model(
           t=times,
           A=matrix(nrow=2,byrow=TRUE,c(-0.1,0,0,-0.2)),
  #
           ivList=iv,
           inputFluxes=possibleInfluxes$I.vec)
  ## We now produce all combinations of As and InputFluxes
  combinations <- listProduct(possibleAs,possibleInfluxes)</pre>
  print(length(combinations))
  # and a Model for each
 models <- lapply(</pre>
              combinations,
              function(combi){
                #Model(t=times,A=combi$A,ivList=iv,inputFluxes=combi$I)
                Model(t=times,A=combi[[1]],ivList=iv,inputFluxes=combi[[2]])
            )
  ## lets check that we can compute something#
  lapply(models,getC)
}
```

Model-class

S4 class representing a model run

### **Description**

S4 class representing a model run

Model\_14

general constructor for class Model\_14

### **Description**

This method tries to create an object from any combination of arguments that can be converted into the required set of building blocks for the Model\_14 for n arbitrarily connected pools.

#### Usage

```
Model_14(
    t,
    A,
    ivList,
    initialValF,
```

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```
inputFluxes,
  inputFc,
  c14DecayRate = -0.0001209681,
  solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
 pass = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments** t

something that can be converted by GeneralDecompOp to any of the available Α subclasses of DecompOp. ivList A vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools. The length of this vector is equal to the number of pools and thus equal to the length of k. This is checked by an internal function. initialValF An object equal or equivalent to class ConstFc containing a vector with the initial values of the radiocarbon fraction for each pool and a format string describing in which format the values are given. inputFluxes something that can be converted by InFluxes to any of the available subclasses of InFluxes. An object describing the fraction of C\_14 in per mille (different formats are inputFc possible) c14DecayRate

A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.

the rate at which C\_14 decays radioactively. If you don't provide a value here

we assume the following value: k=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year. Thus beside

time itself it also affects decay rates the inputrates and the output

The function used by to actually solve the ODE system. This can be deSolve.lsoda.wrapper solverfunc

or any other user provided function with the same interface.

Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid pass

#### Value

A model object that can be further queried.

### See Also

TwopParallelModel, TwopSeriesModel, TwopFeedbackModel

```
# examples from external files
# inst/tests/requireSoilR/runit.all.possible.Model.arguments.R test.all.possible.Model.arguments:
  # This example shows different kinds of arguments to the function Model.
  # The model objects we will build will share some common features.
   - two pools
   - initial values
      iv < -c(5,6)
  # - times
```

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```
times <- seq(1,10,by=0.1)
  # The other parameters A and inputFluxes will be different
  # The function Model will transform these arguments
  # into objects of the classes required by the internal constructor.
  # This leads to a number of possible argument types.
  # We demonstrate some of the possibilities here.
  # Let us first look at the choeices for argument 'A'.
  possibleAs <- example.2DGeneralDecompOpArgs()</pre>
  # Since "Model" will call "InFluxes" on its "inputFluxes"
  # argument there are again different choices
  # we have included a function in SoilR that produces 2D examples
  possibleInfluxes <- example.2DInFluxes.Args()</pre>
 print(possibleInfluxes$I.vec)
  # We can build a lot of models from the possible combinations
  # for instance
  #m1 <- Model(
           t=times,
           A=matrix(nrow=2,byrow=TRUE,c(-0.1,0,0,-0.2)),
           ivList=iv,
          inputFluxes=possibleInfluxes$I.vec)
  ## We now produce that all combinations of As and InputFluxes
  combinations <- listProduct(possibleAs,possibleInfluxes)</pre>
  print(length(combinations))
  # an a Model for each
  models <- lapply(</pre>
              combinations,
              function(combi){
                #Model(t=times,A=combi$A,ivList=iv,inputFluxes=combi$I)
                Model(t=times,A=combi[[1]],ivList=iv,inputFluxes=combi[[2]])
              }
            )
  ## lets check that we can compute something#
  lapply(models,getC)
# inst/examples/ModelExamples.R CorrectNonautonomousLinearModelExplicit:
  # This example describes the creation and use of a Model object that
  # is defined by time dependent functions for decomposition and influx.
  # The constructor of the Model-class (see ?Model)
  # works for different combinations of
  # arguments.
  # Although Model (the constructor function for objects of this class
  # accepts many many more convenient kinds of arguments,
  # we will in this example call the constructor whith arguments which
  # are of the same type as one of hte current internal
  # representations in the
  # Model object and create these arguments explicitly beforehand
  # to demonstrate the approach with the most flexibility.
  # We start with the Decomposition Operator.
  # For this example we assume that we are able to describe the
  # decomposition ofperator by explicit R functions that are valid
  # for a finite time interval.
```

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```
# Therefore we choose the appropriate sub class BoundLinDecompOp
# of DecompOp explicitly. (see ?'BoundLinDecompOp-class')
A=BoundLinDecompOp(
 ## We call the generic constructor (see ?BoundLindDcompOp)
 ## which has a method
 ## that takes a matrix-valued function of time as its first argument.
 ## (Although Model accepts time series data directly and
 ## will derive the internally used interpolating for you,
 ## the function argument could for instance represent the result
 ## of a very sophisticated interpolation performed by yourself)
  function(t){
   matrix(nrow=3,ncol=3,byrow=TRUE,
       c(
        -1,
               0,
                         0,
       0.5,
              -2,
                         0,
             1, sin(t)-1
         0,
     )
   )
 },
 ## The other two arguments describe the time interval where the
 ## function is valid (the domain of the function)
 ## The interval will be checked against the domain of the InFlux
 ## argument of Model and against its 't' argument to avoid
 ## invalid computations outside the domain.
 \#\# (Inf and -Inf are possible values, but should only be used
 ## if the function is really valid for all times, which is
 ## especially untrue for functions resulting from interpolations,
 ## which are usually extremely misleading for arguments outside the
 ## domain covered by the data that has been used for the interpolation.)
 ## This is a safety net against wrong results origination from unitendet EXTRApolation )
 starttime=0.
  endtime=20
I=BoundInFluxes(
   ## The first argument is a vector-valued function of time
   function(t){
    matrix(nrow=3,ncol=1,byrow=TRUE,
        c(-1, 0, 0)
    )
   }.
   ## The other two arguments describe the time interval where the
  ## function is valid (the domain of the function)
   starttime=0,
   endtime=40
## No we specify the points in time where we want
## to compute results
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep <- (t_end-t_start)/tn</pre>
times <- seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)</pre>
## and the start values
sv=c(0,0,0)
mod=Model(t=times,A,sv,I)
## No we use the model to compute some results
```

```
getC(mod)
getReleaseFlux(mod)
#also look at the methods section of Model-class
```

Model\_14-class

S4-class to represent a ^14C model run

### **Description**

S4-class to represent a ^14C model run

Model\_by\_PoolNames

Constructor for Model\_by\_PoolNames

### **Description**

Constructor for Model\_by\_PoolNames

#### Usage

```
Model_by_PoolNames(
    smod,
    times,
    mat,
    initialValues,
    inputFluxes,
    internal_fluxes,
    out_fluxes,
    timeSymbol,
    solverfunc
)
```

#### **Arguments**

smod see methods

times a vector of times

mat a compartmental matrix

initialValues a vector of initial values

inputFluxes a vector of input fluxes

internal\_fluxes

flux rate among pools

out\_fluxes flux rates out of pools

timeSymbol character symbol used to represent time solverfunc function used to solve system of ODEs

#### Value

A possibly nonlinear Model(run) that contains information about the pool names and connectivity of the pools and is therefore the preferred representation for new code.

Model\_by\_PoolNames-class

A model run based on flux functions

### **Description**

A model run based on flux functions

NlModel-class

deprecated class for a non-linear model run.

### Description

deprecated class for a non-linear model run.

no\_outflux\_warning

alternative Constructor with pool names helper function

### Description

alternative Constructor with pool names helper function

### Usage

no\_outflux\_warning()

OnepModel

Implementation of a one pool model

### **Description**

This function creates a model for one pool. It is a wrapper for the more general function General Model.

### Usage

```
OnepModel(t, k, C0, In, xi = 1, solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper, pass = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
k	A scalar with the decomposition rate of the pool.
C0	A scalar containing the initial amount of carbon in the pool.
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

OnepModel OnepModel

#### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
k=0.8
C0=100
In = 30
Ex=OnepModel(t,k,C0,In)
Ct=getC(Ex)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex)
Rc=getAccumulatedRelease(Ex)
plot(
t,
Ct,
type="1",
ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",
1wd=2
plot(
Rt,
type="1",
ylab="Carbon released (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",
1wd=2
)
plot(
t,
Rc,
type="1",
ylab="Cummulative carbon released (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",
1wd=2
)
```

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OnepModel14	Implementation of a one-pool C14 model

## **Description**

This function creates a model for one pool. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14.

## Usage

```
OnepModel14(
    t,
    k,
    C0,
    F0_Delta14C,
    In,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
    lag = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.
k	A scalar with the decomposition rate of the pool.
C0	A scalar containing the initial amount of carbon in the pool.
F0_Delta14C	A scalar containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction in the pool in Delta_14C format.
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or a data frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object consisting of a function describing the fraction of C_14 in per mille. The first column will be assumed to contain the times.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A (positive) scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

# See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

#### **Examples**

```
years=seq(1901,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=700

Ex=OnepModel14(t=years,k=1/10,C0=500, F0=0,In=LitterInput, inputFc=C14Atm_NH)
C14t=getF14(Ex)

plot(C14Atm_NH,type="1",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
legend(
"topright",
c("Delta 14C Atmosphere", "Delta 14C in SOM"),
lty=c(1,1),
col=c(1,4),
lwd=c(1,1),
bty="n"
)
```

OutFlux

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
OutFlux(map, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

```
map a SoilR map additional arguments
```

 ${\tt OutFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Usage

```
OutFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

### Arguments

object see methods

 ${\tt OutFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex,list\_method} \\ constructor\ from\ a\ normal\ list$ 

## **Description**

after checking the elements

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
OutFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object a list

 ${\tt OutFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex-class} \\ A \ \textit{list of outfluxes} \\$ 

# Description

A list of outfluxes

 ${\tt OutFluxList\_by\_PoolName}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Usage

```
OutFluxList_by_PoolName(object)
```

## Arguments

object see methods

OutFluxList\_by\_PoolName,list-method constructor from a normal list

## Description

constructor from a normal list

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
OutFluxList_by_PoolName(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type OutFlux\_by\_PoolName or a list where the names of the elements are integer strings.

#### Value

An object of class ConstantInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

OutFluxList\_by\_PoolName-class

S4 class for a list of out-fluxes indexed by source pool name

### **Description**

S4 class for a list of out-fluxes indexed by source pool name

OutFlux\_by\_PoolIndex Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

```
OutFlux_by_PoolIndex(func, sourceIndex)
```

## Arguments

func function with output flux sourceIndex index of the source pool

OutFlux\_by\_PoolIndex, function, numeric-method

constructor from a PoolIndex (integer like) objects and a function with vector argument

#### **Description**

constructor from a PoolIndex (integer like) objects and a function with vector argument

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,numeric'
OutFlux_by_PoolIndex(func, sourceIndex)
```

#### **Arguments**

func A function f(X,t) where X is a vector of the state variables.

sourceIndex

index of source pool This form is required internally by the solvers and supported for backward compatibility with earlier versions of SoilR. Note that the function func given in this form can not be transformed to a different ordering of state variables, since the location of a state variable in the vector argument depends on a specific order and will be 'hardcoded' into your function. See OutFlux\_by\_PoolName for the new, more powerful interface which allows subsequent reordering of the state variables by using the names of the state variables as formal arguments for func. In this case SoilR can infer (and later adapt) the vector argument form needed for the solvers. constructor from an ordered pair of PoolIndex (integer like) objects

OutFlux\_by\_PoolIndex-class

S4 class for a single out-flux with source pool index

#### **Description**

S4 class for a single out-flux with source pool index

OutFlux\_by\_PoolName

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

#### Usage

OutFlux\_by\_PoolName(func, sourceName)

### **Arguments**

func function with output flux

sourceName name of the source pool

OutFlux\_by\_PoolName, function, character-method

constructor from a PoolName (integer like) object and a function

### **Description**

constructor from a PoolName (integer like) object and a function

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,character'
OutFlux_by_PoolName(func, sourceName)
```

## Arguments

func A function. The names of the formal arguments have to be a subset of the state

variable names and the time symbol

sourceName the name of the source pool This allows subsequent automatic reordering of

the state variables. In the presence of a vector of stave variable names the formulation can automatically be transformed to a function of a state VECTOR argument and #' time constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName (integer

like) objects

OutFlux\_by\_PoolName-class

S4 class for a single out-flux with source pool name

### **Description**

S4 class for a single out-flux with source pool name

ParallelModel 187

ParallelModel	models for unconnected pools	

### **Description**

This function creates a (linear) numerical model for n independent (parallel) pools that can be queried afterwards. It is used by the convenient wrapper functions TwopParallelModel and ThreepParallelModel but can also be used independently.

#### Usage

```
ParallelModel(
   times,
   coeffs_tm,
   startvalues,
   inputrates,
   solverfunc = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
   pass = FALSE
)
```

### Arguments

times A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. coeffs\_tm A TimeMap object consisting of a vector valued function containing the decay rates for the n pools as function of time and the time range where this function is valid. The length of the vector is equal to the number of pools. startvalues A vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the n pools. «The length of this vector is equal to the number of pools and thus equal to the length of k. This is checked by the function. An object consisting of a vector valued function describing the inputs to the inputrates pools as functions of time TimeMap.new solverfunc The function used to actually solve the ODE system. This can be deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface. pass if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### **Examples**

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
k=TimeMap(
function(times){c(-0.5,-0.2,-0.3)},
t_start,
t_end
)
c0=c(1, 2, 3)
#constant inputrates
inputrates=BoundInFluxes(
function(t){matrix(nrow=3,ncol=1,c(1,1,1))},
```

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```
t_start,
t_end
)
mod=ParallelModel(t,k,c0,inputrates)
Y=getC(mod)
lt1=1 ;lt2=2 ;lt3=3
col1=1; col2=2; col3=3
plot(t,Y[,1],type="l",lty=lt1,col=col1,
ylab="C stocks",xlab="Time")
lines(t,Y[,2],type="1",lty=lt2,col=col2)
lines(t,Y[,3],type="1",lty=lt3,col=col3)
legend(
"topleft",
c("C in pool 1",
"C in 2",
"C in pool 3"
),
lty=c(lt1,lt2,lt3),
col=c(col1,col2,col3)
Y=getAccumulatedRelease(mod)
plot(t,Y[,1],type="l",lty=lt1,col=col1,ylab="C release",xlab="Time")
lines(t,Y[,2],lt2,type="l",lty=lt2,col=col2)\\
lines(t,Y[,3],type="1",lty=lt3,col=col3)
legend("topright",c("R1","R2","R3"),lty=c(lt1,lt2,lt3),col=c(col1,col2,col3))
```

pathEntropy

Path Entropy

## Description

Computes the entropy of particles passing through the whole network of compartments for a model at equilibrium

#### Usage

```
pathEntropy(A, u)
```

#### **Arguments**

A A constant compartmental square matrix with cycling rates in the diagonal and transfer rates in the off-diagonal.

u A one-column matrix defining the amount of inputs per compartment.

#### Value

A scalar value with the path entropy

#### References

Metzler, H. (2020). Compartmental systems as Markov chains: age, transit time, and entropy (T. Oertel-Jaeger, I. Pavlyukevich, and C. Sierra, Eds.) [PhD thesis](https://suche.thulb.uni-jena.de/Record/1726091651)

plot,MCSim-method 189

### **Examples**

```
B6=matrix(c(-1,1,0,0,-1,1,0,0,-1),3,3); u6=matrix(c(1,0,0)) pathEntropy(A=B6, u=u6)
```

plot,MCSim-method

automatic title

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
plot(x, y, ...)
```

## Arguments

x no manual documentationy no manual documentation... no manual documentation

plot, Model-method

Create an overview plot

## Description

The method solves the model and plots the solutions It is intended to provide a quick overview.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model'
plot(x)
```

## Arguments

Х

The model (run) the results of which are plotted

```
{\tt plot,Model\_by\_PoolNames-method} \\ Plot \ the \ graph \ of \ pool \ connections \\
```

## Description

Plot the graph of pool connections

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model_by_PoolNames'
plot(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Х

a model

```
plot,NlModel-method
```

automatic title

## Description

automatic title

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
plot(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Χ

no manual documentation

```
plot,TimeMap-method automatic title
```

## Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap'
plot(x, y, ...)
```

## Arguments

x no manual documentationy no manual documentation... no manual documentation

plotC14Pool

plotC14Pool	Plots the output of getF14 for each pool over time

# Description

This function produces a plot with the Delta14C in the atmosphere and the Delta14C of each pool obtained after a call to getF14.

## Usage

```
plotC14Pool(t, mat, inputFc, col, ...)
```

## Arguments

t	A vector containing the time points for plotting.
mat	A matrix object obtained after a call to getF14
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
col	A color palette specifying color lines for each pool (columns of mat).
	Other arguments passed to plot.

plotCPool	Plots the output of getC or getReleaseFlux for each pool over time

# Description

This function produces a plot with the C content or released C for each pool over time. Needs as input a matrix obtained after a call to getC or getReleaseFlux.

# Usage

```
plotCPool(t, mat, col, ...)
```

# Arguments

t	A vector containing the time points for plotting.
mat	A matrix object obtained after a call to getC or getReleaseFlux
col	A color palette specifying color lines for each pool (columns of mat).
	Other arguments passed to link{plot}.

plotPoolGraph

Generic plotter

### **Description**

Generic plotter

# Usage

```
plotPoolGraph(x)
```

### **Arguments**

Х

An argument containing sufficient information about the connections between the pools as well as from and to the exterior.

```
{\tt plotPoolGraph,SymbolicModel\_by\_PoolNames-method} \\ Plot\ the\ graph\ of\ pool\ connections
```

### **Description**

Plot the graph of pool connections

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'SymbolicModel_by_PoolNames'
plotPoolGraph(x)
```

### **Arguments**

Х

The modelrun the connection graph of which is plotted

```
{\tt plotPoolGraphFromTupleLists}
```

Helper function to draw connectivity graphs

## Description

Helper function to draw connectivity graphs

### Usage

```
plotPoolGraphFromTupleLists(
  internalConnections,
  inBoundConnections,
  outBoundConnections
)
```

#### **Arguments**

internalConnections

A list of tuples(source,dest) where src and dest are either both integers or both strings(poolnames)

inBoundConnections

A list of either integers or strings (poolnames)

outBoundConnections

A list of either integers or strings (poolnames) The function is used by the plotPoolGraph generic of the newer model classes SymbolicModel\_by\_PoolNames.

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolIndex

Pool connection by pool index

### **Description**

Pool connection by pool index

#### Usage

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolIndex(source, destination, src\_to\_dest)

### **Arguments**

source see method arguments
destination see method arguments
src\_to\_dest see method arguments

 ${\tt PoolConnection\_by\_PoolIndex\,,ANY\,,ANY\,,missing-method}\\ constructor\,from\,\,an\,\,ordered\,pair\,\,of\,PoolId\,\,objects$ 

# Description

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolId objects

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,ANY,missing'
PoolConnection_by_PoolIndex(source, destination)
```

## **Arguments**

source index of source pool destination index of destination pool

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolIndex,missing,missing,character-method constructor from strings of the form '1\_to\_2'

### **Description**

constructor from strings of the form '1\_to\_2'

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,character'
PoolConnection_by_PoolIndex(src_to_dest)
```

### Arguments

src\_to\_dest charcter string describing the source to destination pools

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolIndex-class

Objects that have a source and a destination described by integer like objects ( of class PoolIndex)

### **Description**

Examples are internal Fluxes and Fluxrates Their 'topologic' part and many related sanity checks are implemented here rather than in every function that uses fluxes or rates The methods are also essential for the translation from (internal) flux lists to the respective parts of compartmental matrices and back

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolName

Pool connection by pool name

### **Description**

Pool connection by pool name

### Usage

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolName(source, destination, src\_to\_dest)

### **Arguments**

source see method arguments
destination see method arguments
src\_to\_dest see method arguments

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolName, ANY, ANY, missing-method

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName objects

### **Description**

constructor from an ordered pair of PoolName objects

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,ANY,missing'
PoolConnection_by_PoolName(source, destination)
```

### Arguments

source name of source pool destination name of destination pool

PoolConnection\_by\_PoolName-class

Objects that have a source and a destination determined by a string like object of class PoolName

### **Description**

Examples are internal Fluxes and Fluxrates Their 'topologic' part and many related sanity checks are implemented here rather than in every function that uses fluxes or rates The methods are also essential for the translation from (internal) flux lists to the respective parts of compartmental matrices and back

PoolId-class

common class for pool ids

### **Description**

examples for ids are index or name

PoolIndex

Pool index

## Description

Pool index

# Usage

```
PoolIndex(id, ...)
```

# Arguments

id see method arguments... see method arguments

PoolIndex, character-method

construct from number string like '1' or '3'

# Description

```
construct from number string like '1' or '3'
```

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
PoolIndex(id)
```

### **Arguments**

id pool id

PoolIndex, numeric-method

construct from number

# Description

construct from number

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
PoolIndex(id)
```

## **Arguments**

id pool id

PoolIndex, PoolIndex-method

pass through constructor fron an object of the same class

## Description

This is here to be able to call PoolIndex on a PoolIndex object without having to check before if it is necessary, the unnecessary poolNames argument will be ignored.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PoolIndex'
PoolIndex(id, poolNames)
```

### **Arguments**

id pool id

poolNames names of pools

PoolIndex, PoolName-method

convert to number like object

## Description

convert to number like object

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PoolName'
PoolIndex(id, poolNames)
```

## Arguments

id pool id

poolNames names of pools

PoolIndex-class S4 class for pool indices

## Description

used to dispatch pool index specific methods like conversion to names.

PoolName

Pool name

# Description

Pool name

## Usage

```
PoolName(id, ...)
```

## Arguments

id see method arguments... see method arguments

PoolName, character-method

construct from string with checks

## Description

construct from string with checks

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
PoolName(id)
```

## **Arguments**

id

pool id

PoolName, PoolIndex-method

convert to string like object

## Description

convert to string like object

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PoolIndex'
PoolName(id, poolNames)
```

### **Arguments**

id pool id

poolNames name of pools

PoolName, PoolName-method

pass through constructor fron an object of the same class

### **Description**

This is here to be able to call PoolName on a PoolName object without having to test before if we have to. This makes the calling code easier to read.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PoolName'
PoolName(id, poolNames)
```

## **Arguments**

id pool id

poolNames names of pools

PoolName-class

class for pool-name-strings

## **Description**

used to control the creation of PoolName objects which have to be valid R identifiers and to dispatch pool name specific methods like conversion to pool indices

predefinedModels

PREDEFINED MODELS

## Description

GaudinskiModel14
ICBMModel
OnepModel
OnepModel14
RothCModel
ThreepFeedbackModel
ThreepFeedbackModel14
ThreepParallelModel
ThreepParallelModel14
ThreepSeriesModel14
ThreepSeriesModel14
TwopFeedbackModel
TwopFeedbackModel14
TwopFeedbackModel14
TwopParallelModel

TwopParallelModel14
TwopMMmodel
ThreepairMMmodel
TwopSeriesModel
TwopSeriesModel14
YassoModel
bacwaveModel
Yasso07Model
SeriesLinearModel14
CenturyModel

print,NlModel-method automatic title

### **Description**

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
print(x)
```

## Arguments

Х

no manual documentation

RespirationCoefficients

helper function to compute respiration coefficients

### **Description**

This function computes the respiration coefficients as function of time for all pools according to the given matrix function A(t)

#### Usage

RespirationCoefficients(A)

## **Arguments**

Α

A matrix valued function representing the model.

### Value

A vector valued function of time containing the respiration coefficients for all pools.

RothCModel 201

RothCModel I	Implementation of the RothCModel
--------------	----------------------------------

## Description

This function implements the RothC model of Jenkinson et al. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel.

### Usage

```
RothCModel(
    t,
    ks = c(k.DPM = 10, k.RPM = 0.3, k.BIO = 0.66, k.HUM = 0.02, k.IOM = 0),
    C0 = c(0, 0, 0, 0, 2.7),
    In = 1.7,
    FYM = 0,
    DR = 1.44,
    clay = 23.4,
    xi = 1,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

### **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 5 containing the values of the decomposition rates for the different pools
C0	A vector of length 5 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 5 pools.
In	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
FYM	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of Farm Yard Manure inputs by time.
DR	A scalar representing the ratio of decomposable plant material to resistant plant material (DPM/RPM).
clay	Percent clay in mineral soil.
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Jenkinson, D. S., S. P. S. Andrew, J. M. Lynch, M. J. Goss, and P. B. Tinker. 1990. The Turnover of Organic Carbon and Nitrogen in Soil. Philosophical Transactions: Biological Sciences 329:361-368. Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

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#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

### **Examples**

```
t=0:500
Ex=RothCModel(t)
Ct=getC(Ex)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex)
matplot(t,Ct,type="l",col=1:5, ylim=c(0,25),
ylab=expression(paste("Carbon stores (Mg C ", ha^-1,")")),
xlab="Time (years)", lty=1)
lines(t,rowSums(Ct),lwd=2)
legend("topleft",
c("Pool 1, DPM",
"Pool 2, RPM",
"Pool 3, BIO",
"Pool 4, HUM",
"Pool 5, IOM",
"Total Carbon"),
1ty=1,
1wd=c(rep(1,5),2),
col=c(1:5,1),
bty="n"
)
```

ScalarTimeMap

Constructor for ScalarTimeMap-class

### **Description**

Constructor for ScalarTimeMap-class

### Usage

```
ScalarTimeMap(
  map,
  starttime,
  endtime,
  times,
  data,
  lag = 0,
  interpolation = splinefun,
  ...
)
```

# Arguments

```
map see method arguments starttime see method arguments endtime see method arguments
```

times see method arguments
data see method arguments
lag see method arguments
interpolation see method arguments
... see method arguments

ScalarTimeMap, data.frame, missing, mis

### **Description**

constructor for data given as 2 column data.frame

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,missing,missing,missing,missing'
ScalarTimeMap(map, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

#### **Arguments**

map In this case a data.frame. Only the first two columns will be used

lag a (scalar) delay

interpolation the interpolation, usually splinefun or approxfun

ScalarTimeMap, function, missing, missing, missing, missing, method manual constructor for just a function

### **Description**

The interval will be set to [-Inf,Inf]

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,missing,missing,missing,missing'
ScalarTimeMap(map, lag = 0)
```

#### **Arguments**

map a function lag a time lag

ScalarTimeMap, function, numeric, numeric, missing, missing-method manual constructor for a function and an interval

### **Description**

manual constructor for a function and an interval

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,numeric,numeric,missing,missing'
ScalarTimeMap(map, starttime, endtime, lag = 0)
```

### **Arguments**

map a function

starttime initial time of simulation endtime end time of simulation

lag a time lag

ScalarTimeMap, missing, missing, missing, numeric-method special case for a time map from a constant

## **Description**

special case for a time map from a constant

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,missing,missing,numeric'
ScalarTimeMap(starttime = -Inf, endtime = +Inf, data, lag = 0)
```

## Arguments

starttime initial time of simulation endtime end time of simulation

data data

lag a time lag

ScalarTimeMap, missing, missing, numeric, numeric-method constructor for data and times given as vectors

#### **Description**

constructor for data and times given as vectors

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,missing,numeric,numeric'
ScalarTimeMap(times, data, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

### **Arguments**

times (the times for the values in data)

data the values at times lag a (scalar) delay

interpolation the interpolation, usually splinefun or approxfun

ScalarTimeMap-class

S4 class for a scalar time dependent function on a finite time interval

### **Description**

S4 class for a scalar time dependent function on a finite time interval

SeriesLinearModel

General m-pool linear model with series structure

# Description

This function creates a model for m number of pools connected in series. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel.

## Usage

```
SeriesLinearModel(
   t,
   m.pools,
   ki,
   Tij,
   C0,
   In,
   xi = 1,
   solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
   pass = FALSE
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
m.pools	An integer with the total number of pools in the model.
ki	A vector of length m containing the values of the decomposition rates for each pool i.
Tij	A vector of length m-1 with the transfer coefficients from pool j to pool i. The value of these coefficients must be in the range [0, 1].
C0	A vector of length m containing the initial amount of carbon for the m pools.
In	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

### **Examples**

```
#A five-pool model
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t\_start, t\_end, timestep)
ks=c(k1=0.8,k2=0.4,k3=0.2, k4=0.1,k5=0.05)
Ts=c(0.5,0.2,0.2,0.1)
C0=c(C10=100,C20=150, C30=50, C40=50, C50=10)
In = 50
Ex1=SeriesLinearModel(t=t,m.pools=5,ki=ks,Tij=Ts,C0=C0,In=In,xi=fT.Q10(15))
Ct=getC(Ex1)
\verb|matplot(t,Ct,type="l",col=2:6,lty=1,ylim=c(0,sum(C0)))|\\
lines(t,rowSums(Ct),lwd=2)
legend("topright",c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2","C in pool 3",
"C in pool 4", "C in pool 5"),
lty=1,col=1:6,lwd=c(2,rep(1,5)),bty="n")
```

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SeriesLinearModel14 General m-pool linear C14 model with series structure

## Description

This function creates a radiocarbon model for m number of pools connected in series. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14.

## Usage

```
SeriesLinearModel14(
    t,
    m.pools,
    ki,
    Tij,
    C0,
    F0_Delta14C,
    In,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
    lag = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

pass

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
m.pools	An integer with the total number of pools in the model.
ki	A vector of length m containing the values of the decomposition rates for each pool i.
Tij	A vector of length m-1 with the transfer coefficients from pool j to pool i. The value of these coefficients must be in the range [0, 1].
C0	A vector of length m containing the initial amount of carbon for the m pools.
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length m containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction for the m pools.
In	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A positive scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.

if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

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#### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2014. Modeling radiocarbon dynamics in soils: SoilR version 1.1. Geoscientific Model Development 7, 1919-1931.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

## **Examples**

```
years=seq(1901,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=700
Ex=SeriesLinearModel14(
t=years,ki=c(k1=1/2.8, k2=1/35, k3=1/100), m.pools=3,
C0=c(200,5000,500), F0_Delta14C=c(0,0,0),
In=LitterInput, Tij=c(0.5, 0.1),inputFc=C14Atm_NH
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
C14t=getF14(Ex)
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
lines(years, C14t[,3],col=4,lwd=3)
legend(
"topright",
c("Delta 14C Atmosphere", "Delta 14C pool 1", "Delta 14C pool 2", "Delta 14C pool 3"),
lty=rep(1,4), col=c(1,4,4,4), lwd=c(1,1,2,3), bty="n")
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="l",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere","Delta 14C SOM", "Delta 14C Respired"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

SHCal20

The SHCal20 southern hemisphere radiocarbon curve for the 0-55,000 yr BP period

### Description

Atmospheric radiocarbon calibration curve for the period 0 to 55,000 yr BP for the southern hemisphere.

### Usage

```
data(SHCal20)
```

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#### **Format**

A data frame with 9501 rows and 5 variables.

CAL.BP Calibrated age in years Before Present (BP).

C14. age C14 age in years BP.

Sigma.C14.age Standard deviation for C14.age.

Delta.14C Delta.14C value in per mil.

Sigma.Delta.14C Standard deviation of Delta.14C in per mil.

#### **Details**

All details about the derivation of this dataset are provided in Hogg et al. (2020).

#### Author(s)

```
Ingrid Chanca <ichanca@bgc-jena.mpg.de>
```

#### Source

```
<a href="https://doi.org/10.1017/RDC.2020.59">https://doi.org/10.1017/RDC.2020.59</a>
```

#### References

Hogg, A., Heaton, T., Hua, Q., Palmer, J., Turney, C., Southon, J., . . . Wacker, L. (2020). SHCal20 Southern Hemisphere Calibration, 0–55,000 Years cal BP. Radiocarbon, 62(4), 759-778. doi:10.1017/RDC.2020.59

## Examples

show, NlModel-method

automatic title

### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel'
show(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

no manual documentation

SoilR.F0.new

deprecated function that used to create an object of class SoilR.F0

### **Description**

The function internally calls the constructor of the replacement class ConstFc-class.

### Usage

```
SoilR.F0.new(values = c(0), format = "Delta14C")
```

#### **Arguments**

values a numeric vector

format a character string describing the format e.g. "Delta14C"

#### Value

An object of class ConstFc-class that contains data and a format description that can later be used to convert the data into other formats if the conversion is implemented.

StateDependentInFluxVector-class

Input vector that is a function of the pool contenst and time

## Description

Input vector that is a function of the pool contenst and time

StateIndependentInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

StateIndependentInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex(object)

### **Arguments**

object see methods

 $State Independent In Flux List\_by\_Pool Index, list-method\\ constructor\ from\ a\ normal\ list$ 

### **Description**

constructor from a normal list

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
StateIndependentInFluxList_by_PoolIndex(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

A list. Either a list of elements of type StateIndependentInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex or a list where the names of the elements are strings of the form '3' (for an in flux connected to pool 3)

#### Value

An object of class StateIndependentInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex

The function checks if the elements are of the desired type or can be converted to it. It is mainly used internally and usually called by the front end functions to convert the user supplied arguments.

 ${\tt StateIndependentInFluxList\_by\_PoolIndex-class}$ 

Subclass of list that is guaranteed to contain only elements of type StateIndependentInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

### **Description**

Subclass of list that is guaranteed to contain only elements of type StateIndependentInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex

 ${\tt StateIndependentInFluxList\_by\_PoolName}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

#### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

### Usage

StateIndependentInFluxList\_by\_PoolName(object)

### **Arguments**

object see methods

StateIndependentInFlux\_by\_PoolIndex-class

Constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Constructor for the class with the same name

#### **Slots**

destinationIndex

flux

state\_variable\_names determine the minimum set of statevariables

## Description

determine the minimum set of statevariables

## Usage

```
state_variable_names(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

The symbolic model description

SymbolicModel\_by\_PoolNames-class

A symbolic model description based on flux functions

# Description

The set of flux functions along with the timesymbol is complete description of the structure

systemAge 213

systemAge System and pool age for constant compartment models
---------------------------------------------------------------

## Description

Computes the density distribution and mean for the system and pool ages of a constant compartmental model in matrix representation

# Usage

```
systemAge(A, u, a = seq(0, 100), q = c(0.05, 0.5, 0.95))
```

### **Arguments**

A	A constant compartmental square matrix with cycling rates in the diagonal and transfer rates in the off-diagonal.
u	A one-column matrix defining the amount of inputs per compartment.
а	A sequence of ages to calculate density functions
q	A vector of probabilities to calculate quantiles of the system age distribution

### Value

A list with 5 objects: mean system age, system age distribution, quantiles of system age distribution, mean pool-age, and pool-age distribution.

#### See Also

transitTime

ThreepairMMmodel

Implementation of a 6-pool Michaelis-Menten model

## Description

This function implements a 6-pool Michaelis-Meneten model with pairs of microbial biomass and substrate pools.

## Usage

```
ThreepairMMmodel(t, ks, kb, Km, r, Af = 1, ADD, ival)
```

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#### **Arguments**

ks	a vector of length 3 representing SOM decomposition rate (m3 d-1 (gCB)-1)
kb	a vector of length 3 representing microbial decay rate (d-1)
Km	a vector of length 3 representing the Michaelis constant (g m-3)
r	a vector of length 3 representing the respired carbon fraction (unitless)
Af	a scalar representing the Activity factor; i.e. a temperature and moisture modifier (unitless) $\frac{1}{2}$
ADD	a vector of length 3 representing the annual C input to the soil (g m-3 d-1)
ival	a vector of length 6 with the initial values of the SOM pools and the microbial biomass pools (g $\mathrm{m}\text{-}3)$

#### Value

An object of class NIModel that can be further queried.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

### **Examples**

```
days=seq(0,1000)
#Run the model with default parameter values
MMmodel = Three pair MMmodel (t=days, ival=rep(c(100,10),3), ks=c(0.1,0.05,0.01),
kb=c(0.005,0.001,0.0005), Km=c(100,150,200), r=c(0.9,0.9,0.9),
ADD=c(3,1,0.5))
Cpools=getC(MMmodel)
#Time solution
matplot(days,Cpools,type="l",ylab="Concentrations",xlab="Days",lty=rep(1:2,3),
ylim=c(0,max(Cpools)*1.2),col=rep(1:3,each=2),
main="Multi-substrate microbial model")
legend("topright",c("Substrate 1", "Microbial biomass 1",
"Substrate 2", "Microbial biomass 2", "Substrate 3", "Microbial biomass 3"),
lty=rep(1:2,3),col=rep(1:3,each=2),
bty="n")
#State-space diagram
plot(Cpools[,2],Cpools[,1],type="1",ylab="Substrate",xlab="Microbial biomass")
lines(Cpools[,4],Cpools[,3],col=2)
lines(Cpools[,6],Cpools[,5],col=3)
legend("topright",c("Substrate-Enzyme pair 1","Substrate-Enzyme pair 2",
"Substrate-Enzyme pair 3"),col=1:3,lty=1,bty="n")
#Microbial biomass over time
plot(days,Cpools[,2],type="1",col=2,xlab="Days",ylab="Microbial biomass")
```

ThreepFeedbackModel

Implementation of a three pool model with feedback structure

# Description

This function creates a model for three pools connected with feedback. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel.

### Usage

```
ThreepFeedbackModel(
   t,
   ks,
   a21,
   a12,
   a32,
   a23,
   C0,
   In,
   xi = 1,
   solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
   pass = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 3 containing the values of the decomposition rates for pools 1, 2, and 3.
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.
a12	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 1.
a32	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 3.
a23	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 3 to pool 2.
C0	A vector containing the initial concentrations for the 3 pools. The length of this vector is 3
In	A data frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

## References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

## **Examples**

"topleft",

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
\label{timestep} \\ \texttt{timestep} = (\texttt{t\_end-t\_start})/\texttt{tn}
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
ks=c(k1=0.8, k2=0.4, k3=0.2)
C0=c(C10=100,C20=150, C30=50)
In = 60
Temp=rnorm(t,15,1)
TempEffect=data.frame(t,fT.Daycent1(Temp))
\texttt{Ex1=ThreepFeedbackModel(t=t,ks=ks,a21=0.5,a12=0.1,a32=0.2,a23=0.1,C0=C0,In=In,xi=TempEffect)}
Ct=getC(Ex1)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex1)
plot(
t,
rowSums(Ct),
type="1",
ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",
1wd=2,
ylim=c(0,sum(Ct[51,]))
lines(t,Ct[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Ct[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Ct[,3],col=3)
legend(
"topleft",
c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2","C in pool 3"),
lty=c(1,1,1,1),
col=c(1,2,4,3),
1wd=c(2,1,1,1),
bty="n"
)
plot(
t,
rowSums(Rt),
type="1",
ylab="Carbon released (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",
1wd=2,
ylim=c(0,sum(Rt[51,]))
lines(t,Rt[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Rt[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Rt[,3],col=3)
legend(
```

```
c("Total C release",
"C release from pool 1",
"C release from pool 2",
"C release from pool 3"),
lty=c(1,1,1,1),
col=c(1,2,4,3),
lwd=c(2,1,1,1),
bty="n"
)
Inr=data.frame(t,Random.inputs=rnorm(length(t),50,10))
plot(Inr,type="l")
Ex2=ThreepFeedbackModel(t=t,ks=ks,a21=0.5,a12=0.1,a32=0.2,a23=0.1,C0=C0,In=Inr)
Ctr=getC(Ex2)
Rtr=getReleaseFlux(Ex2)
plot(
t,
rowSums(Ctr),
type="1",
ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",
1wd=2,
ylim=c(0,sum(Ctr[51,]))
lines(t,Ctr[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Ctr[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Ctr[,3],col=3)
legend("topright",c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2","C in pool 3"),
lty=c(1,1,1,1), col=c(1,2,4,3), lwd=c(2,1,1,1), bty="n")
plot(t,rowSums(Rtr),type="l",ylab="Carbon released (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",lwd=2,ylim=c(0,sum(Rtr[51,])))
lines(t,Rtr[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Rtr[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Rtr[,3],col=3)
legend(
"topright",
c("Total C release",
"C release from pool 1",
"C release from pool 2",
"C release from pool 3"
),
1ty=c(1,1,1,1),
col=c(1,2,4,3),
lwd=c(2,1,1,1),
bty="n")
```

ThreepFeedbackModel14 Implementation of a three-pool C14 model with feedback structure

#### **Description**

This function creates a model for three pools connected with feedback. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools with arbi-

trary connections. GeneralModel\_14 can also handle input data in different formats, while this function requires its input as Delta14C. Look at it as an example how to use the more powerful tool GeneralModel\_14 or as a shortcut for a standard task!

# Usage

```
ThreepFeedbackModel14(
  ks,
  C0,
  F0_Delta14C,
  In,
  a21,
  a12,
  a32,
  a23,
  xi = 1,
  inputFc,
  lambda = -0.0001209681,
  lag = 0,
  solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
  pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

lag

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.
ks	A vector of length 3 containing the decomposition rates for the 3 pools.
C0	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 3 pools.
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 3 containing the initial fraction of radiocarbon for the 3 pools in Delta14C format. The format will be assumed to be Delta14C, so please take care that it is.
In	A scalar or a data frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.
a12	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 1.
a32	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 3.
a23	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 3 to pool 2.
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda= $-0.0001209681 \text{ y}^{-1}$ . This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
-	

A positive scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.

solver A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper

or any other user provided function with the same interface.

pass if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid. This is

sometimes useful when SoilR is used by external packages for parameter esti-

mation.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

```
#years=seq(1901,2009,by=0.5)
years=seq(1904,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=100
k1=1/2; k2=1/10; k3=1/50
a21=0.9*k1
a12=0.4*k2
a32=0.4*k2
a23=0.7*k3
Feedback=ThreepFeedbackModel14(
t=years,
ks=c(k1=k1, k2=k2, k3=k3),
C0=c(100,500,1000),
F0_Delta14C=c(0,0,0),
In=LitterInput,
a21=a21,
a12=a12,
a32=a32,
a23=a23,
inputFc=C14Atm_NH
F.R14m=getF14R(Feedback)
F.C14m=getF14C(Feedback)
F.C14t=getF14(Feedback)
Series=ThreepSeriesModel14(
t=years,
ks=c(k1=k1, k2=k2, k3=k3),
C0=c(100,500,1000),
F0_Delta14C=c(0,0,0),
In=LitterInput,
a21=a21,
a32=a32,
inputFc=C14Atm_NH
S.R14m=getF14R(Series)
S.C14m=getF14C(Series)
S.C14t=getF14(Series)
Parallel=ThreepParallelModel14(
t=years,
ks=c(k1=k1, k2=k2, k3=k3),
C0=c(100,500,1000),
F0_Delta14C=c(0,0,0),
```

```
In=LitterInput,
gam1=0.6,
gam2=0.2,
inputFc=C14Atm_NH,
lag=2
)
P.R14m=getF14R(Parallel)
P.C14m=getF14C(Parallel)
P.C14t=getF14(Parallel)
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(
C14Atm_NH,
type="1",
xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14, "C ","(\u2030)")),
xlim=c(1940,2010)
lines(years, P.C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, P.C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
lines(years, P.C14t[,3],col=4,lwd=3)
legend(
"topright",
c("Atmosphere", "Pool 1", "Pool 2", "Pool 3"),
lty=rep(1,4),
col=c(1,4,4,4),
1wd=c(1,1,2,3),
bty="n"
)
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C ","(\u2030)")),xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,P.C14m,col=4)
lines(years,P.R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Atmosphere","Bulk SOM", "Respired C"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C ","(\u2030)")),xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, S.C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, S.C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
lines(years, S.C14t[,3],col=4,lwd=3)
legend("topright",c("Atmosphere", "Pool 1", "Pool 2", "Pool 3"),
lty=rep(1,4), col=c(1,4,4,4), lwd=c(1,1,2,3), bty="n")
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C ","(\u2030)")),xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,S.C14m,col=4)
lines(years, S.R14m, col=2)
legend("topright",c("Atmosphere","Bulk SOM", "Respired C"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C ","(\u2030)")),xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, F.C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, F.C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
lines(years, F.C14t[,3],col=4,lwd=3)
```

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```
legend("topright",c("Atmosphere", "Pool 1", "Pool 2", "Pool 3"),
lty=rep(1,4),col=c(1,4,4,4),lwd=c(1,1,2,3),bty="n")

plot(C14Atm_NH,type="1",xlab="Year",
ylab=expression(paste(Delta^14,"C ","(\u2030)")),xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,F.C14m,col=4)
lines(years,F.R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Atmosphere","Bulk SOM", "Respired C"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
```

ThreepParallelModel

Implementation of a three pool model with parallel structure

# Description

The function creates a model for three independent (parallel) pools. It is a wrapper for the more general function ParallelModel that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

# Usage

```
ThreepParallelModel(
   t,
   ks,
   C0,
   In,
   gam1,
   gam2,
   xi = 1,
   solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
   pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 3 containing the decomposition rates for the 3 pools.
C0	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 3 pools.
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
gam1	A scalar representing the partitioning coefficient, i.e. the proportion from the total amount of inputs that goes to pool 1.
gam2	A scalar representing the partitioning coefficient, i.e. the proportion from the total amount of inputs that goes to pool 2.
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	Logical that forces the Model to be created even if the chect suggest problems.

#### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

#### **Examples**

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
Ex=ThreepParallelModel(t,ks=c(k1=0.5,k2=0.2,k3=0.1),
C0=c(c10=100, c20=150,c30=50), In=20, gam1=0.7, gam2=0.1, xi=0.5)
Ct=getC(Ex)
plot(t,rowSums(Ct),type="1",lwd=2,
ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",xlab="Time",ylim=c(0,sum(Ct[1,])))
lines(t,Ct[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Ct[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Ct[,3],col=3)
legend("topright",c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2","C in pool 3"),
lty=c(1,1,1,1),col=c(1,2,4,3),lwd=c(2,1,1,1),bty="n")
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex)
plot(t,rowSums(Rt),type="l",ylab="Carbon released (arbitrary units)",
\verb|xlab="Time",lwd=2,ylim=c(0,sum(Rt[1,]))||\\
lines(t,Rt[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Rt[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Rt[,3],col=3)
legend("topright",c("Total C release","C release from pool 1",
"C release from pool 2", "C release from pool 3"),
lty=c(1,1,1,1),col=c(1,2,4,3),lwd=c(2,1,1,1),bty="n")
```

ThreepParallelModel14 Implementation of a three-pool C14 model with parallel structure

## **Description**

This function creates a model for two independent (parallel) pools. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

## Usage

```
ThreepParallelModel14(
  t,
  ks,
  C0,
  F0_Delta14C,
```

```
In,
  gam1,
  gam2,
  xi = 1,
  inputFc,
  lambda = -0.0001209681,
  lag = 0,
  solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
  pass = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is
	provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.
ks	A vector of length 3 containing the decomposition rates for the 3 pools.
C0	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 3 pools.
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction for the 3 pools in Delta14C values in per mil.
In	A scalar or a data frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
gam1	A scalar representing the partitioning coefficient, i.e. the proportion from the total amount of inputs that goes to pool 1.
gam2	A scalar representing the partitioning coefficient, i.e. the proportion from the total amount of inputs that goes to pool 2.
xi	A scalar or a data frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A positive scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

## See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

```
years=seq(1903,2009,by=0.5) # note that we
LitterInput=700
Ex=ThreepParallelModel14(
t=years,
ks=c(k1=1/2.8, k2=1/35, k3=1/100),
```

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```
C0=c(200,5000,500),
F0_Delta14C=c(0,0,0),
In=LitterInput,
gam1=0.7,
gam2=0.1,
inputFc=C14Atm_NH,
lag=2
)
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
C14t=getF14(Ex)
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="l",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
lines(years, C14t[,3],col=4,lwd=3)
legend(
"topright",
c(
"Delta 14C Atmosphere",
"Delta 14C pool 1",
"Delta 14C pool 2"
"Delta 14C pool 3"
lty=rep(1,4),
col=c(1,4,4,4),
1wd=c(1,1,2,3),
bty="n"
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="1",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere","Delta 14C SOM", "Delta 14C Respired"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

ThreepSeriesModel

Implementation of a three pool model with series structure

## **Description**

This function creates a model for three pools connected in series. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel.

#### Usage

```
ThreepSeriesModel(
t,
ks,
a21,
a32,
C0,
```

ThreepSeriesModel 225

```
In,
  xi = 1,
  solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
  pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 3 containing the values of the decomposition rates for pools 1, 2, and 3.
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.
a32	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 3.
CØ	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 3 pools.
In	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

## See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
ks=c(k1=0.8,k2=0.4,k3=0.2)
C0=c(C10=100,C20=150, C30=50)
In = 50

Ex1=ThreepSeriesModel(t=t,ks=ks,a21=0.5,a32=0.2,C0=C0,In=In,xi=fT.Q10(15))
Ct=getC(Ex1)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex1)

plot(t,rowSums(Ct),type="1",ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",lwd=2,ylim=c(0,sum(Ct[1,])))
lines(t,Ct[,1],col=2)
```

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```
lines(t,Ct[,2],col=4)
lines(t,Ct[,3],col=3)
legend("topright",c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2","C in pool 3"),
lty=c(1,1,1,1),col=c(1,2,4,3),lwd=c(2,1,1,1),bty="n")
```

## **Description**

This function creates a model for three pools connected in series. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

# Usage

```
ThreepSeriesModel14(
    t,
    ks,
    C0,
    F0_Delta14C,
    In,
    a21,
    a32,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
    lag = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.
ks	A vector of length 3 containing the decomposition rates for the 3 pools.
C0	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 3 pools.
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 3 containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction for the 3 pools.
In	A scalar or a data frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.
a32	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 3 as Delta14C values in per mil.
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.

lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A positive scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.

if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### Value

pass

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

```
years=seq(1901,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=700
Ex=ThreepSeriesModel14(
t=years,ks=c(k1=1/2.8, k2=1/35, k3=1/100),
C0=c(200,5000,500), F0_Delta14C=c(0,0,0),
In=LitterInput, a21=0.1, a32=0.01,inputFc=C14Atm_NH
)
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
C14t=getF14(Ex)
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
lines(years, C14t[,3],col=4,lwd=3)
legend(
"topright",
c("Delta 14C Atmosphere", "Delta 14C pool 1", "Delta 14C pool 2", "Delta 14C pool 3"),
lty=rep(1,4),col=c(1,4,4,4),lwd=c(1,1,2,3),bty="n")
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="1",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere","Delta 14C SOM", "Delta 14C Respired"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

TimeMap

Constructor for TimeMap-class

## **Description**

Constructor for TimeMap-class

## Usage

```
TimeMap(
   map,
   starttime,
   endtime,
   times,
   data,
   lag = 0,
   interpolation = splinefun,
   ...
)
```

# Arguments

map see method arguments starttime see method arguments endtime see method arguments times see method arguments data see method arguments lag see method arguments interpolation see method arguments ... see method arguments see method arguments

 $\label{timeMap} {\it TimeMap, data. frame, missing, missi$ 

## **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,missing,missing,missing,missing'
TimeMap(map, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

## **Arguments**

map no manual documentation lag no manual documentation interpolation no manual documentation TimeMap, function, missing, missing, missing, missing, missing-method manual constructor for just a function

# Description

The interval will be set to [-Inf,Inf]

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,missing,missing,missing,missing'
TimeMap(map, lag = 0)
```

# Arguments

map a function lag a time lag

TimeMap, function, numeric, numeric, missing, missing-method

manual constructor for a function and an interval

# Description

manual constructor for a function and an interval

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,numeric,numeric,missing,missing'
TimeMap(map, starttime, endtime, lag = 0)
```

# Arguments

map a function

starttime start time of simulation endtime end time of simulation

lag a time lag

TimeMap, list, missing, missing, missing, missing, method *automatic title* 

## **Description**

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'list,missing,missing,missing,missing'
TimeMap(map, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

#### **Arguments**

map A nested list of the form list(times=11,data=12) where 11 is a vector or list of the

time values and 12 is a list of numbers, vectors, matrices or arrays.

lag Time delay for the created function of time

interpolation The function used to compute the interpolation e.g splinefun

Interprets the received list as value table of a time dependent function

TimeMap, missing, missing, numeric, array-method automatic title

#### **Description**

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,missing,numeric,array'
TimeMap(times, data, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

## Arguments

times no manual documentation
data no manual documentation
lag no manual documentation
interpolation no manual documentation

 $\label{timeMap,missing,missing,numeric,list-method} automatic \ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,missing,numeric,list'
TimeMap(times, data, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

## **Arguments**

times no manual documentation
data no manual documentation
lag no manual documentation
interpolation no manual documentation

TimeMap, missing, missing, numeric, matrix-method automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,missing,numeric,matrix'
TimeMap(times, data, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

# Arguments

times no manual documentation
data no manual documentation
lag no manual documentation
interpolation no manual documentation

 $\label{limits} \begin{picture}(20,0) \put(0,0){\limits} \pu$ 

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,missing,missing,numeric,numeric'
TimeMap(times, data, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)
```

# Arguments

times no manual documentation
data no manual documentation
lag no manual documentation
interpolation no manual documentation

Interpolates the data as function of times and remembers the limits of the time

domain.

TimeMap, TimeMap, ANY, ANY, ANY, ANY-method automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'TimeMap,ANY,ANY,ANY,ANY'
TimeMap(map)
```

# Arguments

map no manual documentation

TimeMap-class 233

TimeMap-class S4 class for a time dependent function
------------------------------------------------------

#### **Description**

The class represents functions which are defined on a (possibly infinite) interval from [starttime,endtime] Instances are usually created internally from data frames or lists provided by the user in the high level interfaces.

#### **Details**

The class is necessary to be able to detect unwanted extrapolation of time line data which might otherwise occur for some of the following reasons: SoilR allows to specify measured data for many of its arguments and computes the interpolating functions automatically. The functions returned by the standard R interpolation mechanisms like splinefun or approxfun do not provide a safeguard against accidental extrapolation. Internally SoilR converts nearly all data to time dependent functions e.g. to be used in ode solvers. So the information of the domain of the function has to be kept.

TimeMap.from.Dataframe

TimeMap.from.Dataframe

#### **Description**

This function is a deprecated constructor of the class TimeMap.

interface.

#### Usage

TimeMap.from.Dataframe(dframe, lag = 0, interpolation = splinefun)

## **Arguments**

dframe	A data frame containing exactly two columns: the first one is interpreted as time
lag	a scalar describing the time lag. Positive Values shift the argument of the interpolation function forward in time. (retard its effect)
interpolation	A function that returns a function the default is splinefun. Other possible values are the linear interpolation approxfun or any self made function with the same

#### Value

An object of class TimeMap that contains the interpolation function and the limits of the time range where the function is valid. Note that the limits change according to the time lag this serves as a saveguard for Model which thus can check that all involved functions of time are actually defined for the times of interest

234 TimeRangeIntersection

TimeMap.new

deprecated constructor of the class TimeMap.

# Description

deprecated functions ############# use the generic TimeMap(...) instead

# Usage

```
TimeMap.new(t_start, t_end, f)
```

# Arguments

t_start	A number marking the begin of the time domain where the function is valid
t_end	A number the end of the time domain where the function is valid
f	The time dependent function definition (a function in R's sense)

# Value

An object of class TimeMap that can be used to describe models.

TimeRangeIntersection The time interval where both functions are defined

# Description

The time interval where both functions are defined

# Usage

TimeRangeIntersection(obj1, obj2)

# **Arguments**

obj1	An object on which getTimeRange can be called
obj2	An object on which getTimeRange can be called

transitTime 235

transitTime 7	Fransit times for compartment models
---------------	--------------------------------------

# Description

Computes the density distribution and mean for the transit time of a constant compartmental model

# Usage

```
transitTime(A, u, a = seq(0, 100), q = c(0.05, 0.5, 0.95))
```

# Arguments

Α	A constant compartmental square matrix with cycling rates in the diagonal and transfer rates in the off-diagonal.
u	A one-column matrix defining the amount of inputs per compartment.
а	A sequence of ages to calculate density functions
q	Vector of probabilities to calculate quantiles of the transit time distribution

# Value

A list with 3 objects: mean transit time, transit time density distribution, and quantiles.

# See Also

systemAge

# Description

automatic title

236 TwopFeedbackModel

# Description

This function finds two possible values of turnover time from radiocarbon sample assuming a one pool model with carbon at equilibrium.

# Usage

```
turnoverFit(obsC14, obsyr, yr0, Fatm, plot = TRUE, by = 0.5)
```

# Arguments

obsC14	a scalar with the observed radiocarbon value in Delta14C	
obsyr a scalar with the year in which the sample was taken.		
yr0	The year at which simulations will start.	
Fatm	an atmospheric radiocarbon curve as data.frame. First column must be time.	
plot logical. Should the function produce a plot?		
by	numeric. The increment of the sequence of years used in the simulations.	

#### **Details**

This algorithm takes an observed radiocarbon value and runs OnepModel14, calculates the squared difference between predictions and observations, and uses optimize to find the minimum difference.

#### Value

A numeric vector with two values of the turnover time that minimize the difference between the prediction of a one pool model and the observed radiocarbon value.

TwopFeedbackModel	Implementation of a two pool model with feedback structure	

## Description

This function creates a model for two pools connected with feedback. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel.

TwopFeedbackModel 237

#### Usage

```
TwopFeedbackModel(
    t,
    ks,
    a21,
    a12,
    C0,
    In,
    xi = 1,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.	
ks	A vector of length 2 with the values of the decomposition rate for pools 1 and 2.	
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.	
a12	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 1.	
C0	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 2 pools.	
In	A data frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.	
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.	
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.	
pass	if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid	

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

# See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

```
#This example show the difference between the three types of two-pool models times=seq(0,20,by=0.1) ks=c(k1=0.8,k2=0.00605) C0=c(C10=5,C20=5) Temp=rnorm(times,15,2) WC=runif(times,10,20) TempEffect=data.frame(times,fT=fT.Daycent1(Temp)) MoistEffect=data.frame(times,fW=fW.Daycent2(WC)[2])
```

```
InRand=data.frame(times,Random.inputs=rnorm(length(times),Inmean,0.2))
InSin=data.frame(times,Inmean+0.5*sin(times*pi*2))
Parallel=TwopParallelModel(t=times,ks=ks,C0=C0,In=Inmean,gam=0.9,
xi=(fT.Daycent1(15)*fW.Demeter(15)))
Series=TwopSeriesModel(t=times,ks=ks,a21=0.2*ks[1],C0=C0,In=InSin,
xi=(fT.Daycent1(15)*fW.Demeter(15)))
Feedback=TwopFeedbackModel(t=times,ks=ks,a21=0.2*ks[1],a12=0.5*ks[2],C0=C0,
In=InRand,xi=MoistEffect)
CtP=getC(Parallel)
CtS=getC(Series)
CtF=getC(Feedback)
RtP=getReleaseFlux(Parallel)
RtS=getReleaseFlux(Series)
RtF=getReleaseFlux(Feedback)
par(mfrow=c(2,1), mar=c(4,4,1,1))
plot(times, rowSums(CtP), type="l", ylim=c(0, 20), ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)", xlab="")
lines(times,rowSums(CtS),col=2)
lines(times,rowSums(CtF),col=3)
legend("topleft",c("Two-pool Parallel","Two-pool Series","Two-pool Feedback"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,2,3),bty="n")
plot(times, rowSums(RtP), type="l", ylim=c(0,3), ylab="Carbon release (arbitrary units)", xlab="Time")
lines(times,rowSums(RtS),col=2)
lines(times,rowSums(RtF),col=3)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

## **Description**

This function creates a model for two pools connected with feedback. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

## Usage

```
TwopFeedbackModel14(
    t,
    ks,
    C0,
    F0_Delta14C,
    In,
    a21,
    a12,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
```

```
lag = 0,
solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.
ks	A vector of length 2 containing the decomposition rates for the 2 pools.
C0	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 2 pools.
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction for the 2 pools as Delta14C values in per mil.
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.
a12	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 2 to pool 1.
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1 . This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A positive integer representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

## Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

```
years=seq(1901,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=700

Ex=TwopFeedbackModel14(t=years,ks=c(k1=1/2.8, k2=1/35),C0=c(200,5000),
F0_Delta14C=c(0,0),In=LitterInput, a21=0.1,a12=0.01,inputFc=C14Atm_NH)
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
C14t=getF14(Ex)

par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="l",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
```

240 TwopMMmodel

```
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere", "Delta 14C pool 1", "Delta 14C pool 2"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,4,4),lwd=c(1,1,2),bty="n")

plot(C14Atm_NH,type="1",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere","Delta 14C SOM", "Delta 14C Respired"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

TwopMMmodel

Implementation of a two-pool Michaelis-Menten model

## **Description**

This function implements a two-pool Michaelis-Meneten model with a microbial biomass and a substrate pool.

# Usage

```
TwopMMmodel(
    t,
    ks = 1.8e-05,
    kb = 0.007,
    Km = 900,
    r = 0.6,
    Af = 1,
    ADD = 3.2,
    ival
)
```

## Arguments

t	vector of times (in days) to calculate a solution.	
ks	a scalar representing SOM decomposition rate (m3 d-1 (gCB)-1)	
kb	a scalar representing microbial decay rate (d-1)	
Km	a scalar representing the Michaelis constant (g m-3)	
r	a scalar representing the respired carbon fraction (unitless)	
Af	a scalar representing the Activity factor; i.e. a temperature and moisture modifier (unitless)	
ADD	a scalar representing the annual C input to the soil (g m-3 d-1)	
ival	a vector of length 2 with the initial values of the SOM pool and the microbial biomass pool (g m-3)	

# Details

This implementation is similar to the model described in Manzoni and Porporato (2007).

TwopParallelModel 241

#### Value

Microbial biomass over time

#### References

Manzoni, S, A. Porporato (2007). A theoretical analysis of nonlinearities and feedbacks in soil carbon and nitrogen cycles. Soil Biology and Biochemistry 39: 1542-1556.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

#### **Examples**

```
days = seq(0, 1000, 0.5)
MMmodel=TwopMMmodel(t=days,ival=c(100,10))
Cpools=getC(MMmodel)
matplot(days, Cpools, type="l", ylab="Concentrations", xlab="Days", lty=1, ylim=c(0, max(Cpools)*1.2)) \\
legend("topleft",c("SOM-C", "Microbial biomass"), \\lty=1,col=c(1,2), \\bty="n")
ks=0.000018
kb=0.007
r=0.6
ADD=3.2
#Analytical solution of fixed points
\#Cs_=kb/((1-r)*ks) wrong look at the sympy test print twopMModel.pdf
Km=900
Af=1
Cs=kb*Km/(Af*ks*(1-r)-kb)
abline(h=Cs,lty=2)
Cb=(ADD*(1-r))/(r*kb)
abline(h=Cb,lty=2,col=2)
#State-space diagram
plot(Cpools[,2],Cpools[,1],type="1",ylab="SOM-C",xlab="Microbial biomass")
plot(days,Cpools[,2],type="1",col=2,xlab="Days",ylab="Microbial biomass")
#The default parameterization exhaust the microbial biomass.
#A different behavior is obtained by increasing ks and decreasing kb
\label{eq:mmodel} MMmodel = TwopMMmodel (t=days, ival=c(972, 304), Af=3, kb=0.0000001)
Cpools=getC(MMmodel)
\verb|matplot(days,Cpools,type="1",ylab="Concentrations",xlab="Days",lty=1,ylim=c(0,max(Cpools)*1.2))| \\
legend("topleft",c("SOM-C", "Microbial biomass"),lty=1,col=c(1,2),bty="n")
plot(Cpools[,2],Cpools[,1],type="1",ylab="SOM-C",xlab="Microbial biomass")
plot(days,Cpools[,2],type="1",col=2,xlab="Days",ylab="Microbial biomass")
```

TwopParallelModel

Implementation of a linear two pool model with parallel structure

## **Description**

This function creates a model for two independent (parallel) pools. It is a wrapper for the more general function ParallelModel that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

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#### Usage

```
TwopParallelModel(
   t,
   ks,
   C0,
   In,
   gam,
   xi = 1,
   solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
   pass = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.	
ks	A vector of length 2 containing the decomposition rates for the 2 pools.	
C0	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 2 pools.	
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.	
gam	A scalar representing the partitioning coefficient, i.e. the proportion from the total amount of inputs that goes to pool 1.	
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.	
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrappe or any other user provided function with the same interface.	
pass	Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid	

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

## See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
Ex=TwopParallelModel(t,ks=c(k1=0.5,k2=0.2),C0=c(c10=100, c20=150),In=10,gam=0.7,xi=0.5)
Ct=getC(Ex)
plot(t,rowSums(Ct),type="1",lwd=2,
ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",xlab="Time",ylim=c(0,sum(Ct[1,])))
lines(t,Ct[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Ct[,2],col=4)
```

TwopParallelModel14

```
legend("topright",c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,2,4),lwd=c(2,1,1),bty="n")

Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex)
plot(t,rowSums(Rt),type="l",ylab="Carbon released (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time",lwd=2,ylim=c(0,sum(Rt[1,])))
lines(t,Rt[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Rt[,2],col=4)
legend("topleft",c("Total C release","C release from pool 1", "C release from pool 2"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,2,4),lwd=c(2,1,1),bty="n")
```

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TwopParallelModel14 Implementation of a two-pool C14 model with parallel structure

## **Description**

This function creates a model for two independent (parallel) pools. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

# Usage

```
TwopParallelModel14(
    t,
    ks,
    C0,
    F0_Delta14C,
    In,
    gam,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
    lag = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.	
ks	A vector of length 2 containing the decomposition rates for the 2 pools.	
C0	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 2 pools.	
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of the fraction of radiocarbo for the 2 pools as Delta14C values in per mil.	
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.	
gam	A scalar representing the partitioning coefficient, i.e. the proportion from total amount of inputs that goes to pool 1.	
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.	

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inputFc	A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per mil.
lambda	Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was year.
lag	A positive scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

## **Examples**

```
lag <- 2
years=seq(1901+lag,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=700
Ex=TwopParallelModel14(t=years,ks=c(k1=1/2.8, k2=1/35),C0=c(200,5000),
F0_Delta14C=c(0,0),In=LitterInput, gam=0.7,inputFc=C14Atm_NH,lag=lag)
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
C14t=getF14(Ex)
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="l",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere", "Delta 14C pool 1", "Delta 14C pool 2"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,4,4),lwd=c(1,1,2),bty="n")
plot(C14Atm\_NH, type="l", xlab="Year", ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)", xlim=c(1940, 2010))
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere","Delta 14C SOM", "Delta 14C Respired"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

TwopSeriesModel

Implementation of a two pool model with series structure

# Description

This function creates a model for two pools connected in series. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel.

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## Usage

```
TwopSeriesModel(
   t,
   ks,
   a21,
   C0,
   In,
   xi = 1,
   solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
   pass = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.	
ks	A vector of length 2 with the values of the decomposition rate for pools 1 and 2.	
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.	
C0	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 2 pools.	
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.	
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.	
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.	
pass	if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid	

# Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

## References

Sierra, C.A., M. Mueller, S.E. Trumbore. 2012. Models of soil organic matter decomposition: the SoilR package version 1.0. Geoscientific Model Development 5, 1045-1060.

## See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

```
t_start=0
t_end=10
tn=50
timestep=(t_end-t_start)/tn
t=seq(t_start,t_end,timestep)
ks=c(k1=0.8,k2=0.4)
a21=0.5
C0=c(C10=100,C20=150)
In = 30
#
Temp=rnorm(t,15,1)
TempEffect=data.frame(t,fT.Daycent1(Temp))
```

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```
#
Ex1=TwopSeriesModel(t,ks,a21,C0,In,xi=TempEffect)
Ct=getC(Ex1)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex1)
#
plot(t,rowSums(Ct),type="1",ylab="Carbon stocks (arbitrary units)",
xlab="Time (arbitrary units)",lwd=2,ylim=c(0,sum(Ct[1,])))
lines(t,Ct[,1],col=2)
lines(t,Ct[,2],col=4)
legend("bottomright",c("Total C","C in pool 1", "C in pool 2"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,2,4),lwd=c(2,1,1),bty="n")
```

TwopSeriesModel14

Implementation of a two-pool C14 model with series structure

# Description

This function creates a model for two pools connected in series. It is a wrapper for the more general function GeneralModel\_14 that can handle an arbitrary number of pools.

# Usage

```
TwopSeriesModel14(
    t,
    ks,
    C0,
    F0_Delta14C,
    In,
    a21,
    xi = 1,
    inputFc,
    lambda = -0.0001209681,
    lag = 0,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought. It must be specified within the same period for which the Delta 14 C of the atmosphere is provided. The default period in the provided dataset C14Atm_NH is 1900-2010.	
ks	A vector of length 2 containing the decomposition rates for the 2 pools.	
CØ	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of carbon for the 2 pools.	
F0_Delta14C	A vector of length 2 containing the initial amount of the radiocarbon fraction for the 2 pools as Delta14C values in per mil.	
In	A scalar or a data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time.	
a21	A scalar with the value of the transfer rate from pool 1 to pool 2.	
xi	A scalar or a data.frame specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.	

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inputFc A Data Frame object containing values of atmospheric Delta14C per time. First column must be time values, second column must be Delta14C values in per lambda Radioactive decay constant. By default lambda=-0.0001209681 y^-1. This has the side effect that all your time related data are treated as if the time unit was A (positive) scalar representing a time lag for radiocarbon to enter the system. lag A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper solver

or any other user provided function with the same interface.

if TRUE Forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid pass

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model\_14.

#### **Examples**

```
years=seq(1901,2009,by=0.5)
LitterInput=700
#
Ex=TwopSeriesModel14(t=years,ks=c(k1=1/2.8, k2=1/35),
C0=c(200,5000), F0_Delta14C=c(0,0),
In=LitterInput, a21=0.1,inputFc=C14Atm_NH)
R14m=getF14R(Ex)
C14m=getF14C(Ex)
C14t=getF14(Ex)
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(C14Atm_NH, type="1", xlab="Year",
ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years, C14t[,1], col=4)
lines(years, C14t[,2],col=4,lwd=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere", "Delta 14C pool 1", "Delta 14C pool 2"),
lty=c(1,1,1),col=c(1,4,4),lwd=c(1,1,2),bty="n")
plot(C14Atm_NH,type="l",xlab="Year",ylab="Delta 14C (per mil)",xlim=c(1940,2010))
lines(years,C14m,col=4)
lines(years,R14m,col=2)
legend("topright",c("Delta 14C Atmosphere","Delta 14C SOM", "Delta 14C Respired"),
lty=c(1,1,1), col=c(1,4,2),bty="n")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

UnBoundInFluxes

Unbound input fluxes

#### **Description**

Unbound input fluxes

## Usage

```
UnBoundInFluxes(map)
```

# Arguments

map

see method arguments

 ${\tt UnBoundInFluxes, function-method} \\ automatic\ title$ 

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`'
UnBoundInFluxes(map)
```

## **Arguments**

map

no manual documentation

UnBoundInFluxes-class automatic title

# Description

automatic title

 ${\tt UnBoundLinDecompOp}$ 

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Description

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

UnBoundLinDecompOp(matFunc)

# Arguments

matFunc

function providing a compartmental matrix

UnBoundLinDecompOp, function-method

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`'
UnBoundLinDecompOp(matFunc)
```

## **Arguments**

 ${\sf matFunc}$ 

no manual documentation

## See Also

 $Other\ UnBound Lin Decomp Op\_constructor:\ getFunction Definition, UnBound Lin Decomp Op\_method$ 

UnBoundLinDecompOp-class

An S4 class to represent a linear nonautonomous compartmental matrix

## **Description**

An S4 class to represent a linear nonautonomous compartmental matrix

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp Generic constructor for the class with the same name

#### **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## Usage

```
UnBoundNonLinDecompOp(
  matFunc,
  internal_fluxes,
  out_fluxes,
  numberOfPools,
  state_variable_names,
  timeSymbol,
  operator
)
```

#### **Arguments**

matFunc function providing a compartmental matrix

internal\_fluxes

fluxes among pools

out\_fluxes fluxes out of the pools

numberOfPools number of pools in the system

state\_variable\_names

names of the pools

timeSymbol character used to represent time

operator a SoilR operator

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp, function, missing, missing, missing-method *Constructor for the class with the same name* 

## **Description**

Constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '`function`,missing,missing,missing'
UnBoundNonLinDecompOp(matFunc)
```

#### **Arguments**

matFunc A matrix valued function of the state vector and time

#### See Also

 $Other\ UnBoundNonLinDecompOp\_constructor:\ UnBoundNonLinDecompOp\_missing, vector, vector, numeric-method and the property of the property of$ 

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp, missing, vector, vector, numeric-method

\*Constructor for the class with the same name\*

# Description

Constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'missing,vector,vector,numeric'
UnBoundNonLinDecompOp(internal_fluxes, out_fluxes, numberOfPools)
```

#### **Arguments**

internal\_fluxes

vector of elements of type InternalFlux\_by\_PoolName

out\_fluxes vector of elements of type OutFlux\_by\_PoolName

numberOfPools number of pools in a model

#### See Also

 $Other\ UnBoundNonLinDecompOp\_constructor:\ UnBoundNonLinDecompOp,function,missing,missing,missing-measurements and the property of the prope$ 

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp-class

An S4 class to represent a nonlinear nonautonomous compartmental matrix

## **Description**

An S4 class to represent a nonlinear nonautonomous compartmental matrix

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp\_by\_PoolNames

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

## **Description**

Generic constructor for the class with the same name

# Usage

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp\_by\_PoolNames(internal\_fluxes, out\_fluxes, timeSymbol)

# **Arguments**

internal\_fluxes

flux rates among pools

out\_fluxes output flux rates from pools
timeSymbol character used to represent time

UnBoundNonLinDecompOp\_by\_PoolNames-class

An S4 class to represent the of nonlinear nonautonomous compartmental system independently of the order of state variables

## **Description**

An S4 class to represent the of nonlinear nonautonomous compartmental system independently of the order of state variables

252 Yasso07Model

Yasso07Model	Implementation of	the Yasso07 model
1455607116461	imprementation of	ine responsi

## **Description**

This function creates a model for five pools as described in Tuomi et al. (2009)

## Usage

```
Yasso07Model(
    t,
    ks = c(kA = 0.66, kW = 4.3, kE = 0.35, kN = 0.22, kH = 0.0033),
    p = c(p1 = 0.32, p2 = 0.01, p3 = 0.93, p4 = 0.34, p5 = 0, p6 = 0, p7 = 0.035, p8 = 0.005, p9 = 0.01, p10 = 5e-04, p11 = 0.03, p12 = 0.92, pH = 0.04),
    C0,
    In,
    xi = 1,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 5 containing the values of the decomposition rates for each pool.
p	A vector of length 13 containing transfer coefficients among different pools.
C0	A vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the 5 pools. The length of this vector must be 5.
In	A single scalar or data.frame object specifying the amount of litter inputs by time
xi	A scalar or data.frame object specifying the external (environmental and/or edaphic) effects on decomposition rates.
solver	A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper or any other user provided function with the same interface.
pass	if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

## References

Tuomi, M., Thum, T., Jarvinen, H., Fronzek, S., Berg, B., Harmon, M., Trofymow, J., Sevanto, S., and Liski, J. (2009). Leaf litter decomposition-estimates of global variability based on Yasso07 model. Ecological Modelling, 220:3362 - 3371.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

YassoModel 253

#### **Examples**

```
years=seq(0,50,0.1)
C0=rep(100,5)
In=0

Ex1=Yasso07Model(t=years,C0=C0,In=In)
Ct=getC(Ex1)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex1)

plotCPool(years,Ct,col=1:5,xlab="years",ylab="C pool",
ylim=c(0,max(Ct)))
legend("topright",c("xA","xW","xE","xN","xH"),lty=1,col=1:5,bty="n")

plotCPool(years,Rt,col=1:5,xlab="years",ylab="Respiration",ylim=c(0,50))
legend("topright",c("xA","xW","xE","xN","xH"),lty=1,col=1:5,bty="n")
```

YassoModel

Implementation of the Yasso model.

### **Description**

This function creates a model for seven pools as described in Liski et al. (2005). Model not yet implemented due to lack of data in original publication: values of vector p not completely described in paper. 0.1 was assumed.

## Usage

```
YassoModel(
    t,
    ks = c(a_fwl = 0.54, a_cwl = 0.03, k_ext = 0.48, k_cel = 0.3, k_lig = 0.22, k_hum1 =
        0.012, k_hum2 = 0.0012),
    p = c(fwl_ext = 0.1, cwl_ext = 0.1, fwl_cel = 0.1, cwl_cel = 0.1, fwl_lig = 0.1,
        cwl_lig = 0.1, pext = 0.05, pcel = 0.24, plig = 0.77, phum1 = 0.51),
    C0,
    In = c(u_fwl = 0.0758, u_cwl = 0.0866, u_nwl_cnwl_ext = 0.251 * 0.3, u_nwl_cnwl_cel =
        0.251 * 0.3, u_nwl_cnwl_lig = 0.251 * 0.3, 0, 0),
    xi = 1,
    solver = deSolve.lsoda.wrapper,
    pass = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

t	A vector containing the points in time where the solution is sought.
ks	A vector of length 7 containing the values of the exposure and decomposition rates for each pool.
р	A vector of containing transfer coefficients among different pools.
C0	A vector containing the initial amount of carbon for the 7 pools. The length of this vector must be 7.
In	A vector of constant litter inputs.

XI	A scalar or data.i	TAILIE ODIECLS	DECHANDA	HE EXICIIAL (	CHVIIOHIIICHIAL	and/or guar	,,,,,,

effects on decomposition rates.

solver A function that solves the system of ODEs. This can be euler or deSolve.lsoda.wrapper

or any other user provided function with the same interface.

pass if TRUE forces the constructor to create the model even if it is invalid

#### Value

A Model Object that can be further queried

#### References

Liski, J., Palosuo, T., Peltoniemi, M., and Sievanen, R. (2005). Carbon and decomposition model Yasso for forest soils. Ecological Modelling, 189:168-182.

#### See Also

There are other predefinedModels and also more general functions like Model.

#### **Examples**

```
years=seq(0,500,0.5)
C0=rep(100,7)
#
Ex1=YassoModel(t=years,C0=C0)
Ct=getC(Ex1)
Rt=getReleaseFlux(Ex1)
#
plotCPool(years,Ct,col=1:7,xlab="years",ylab="C pool",ylim=c(0,200))
legend("topright",c("fwl","cwl","ext","cel","lig","hum1","hum2"),lty=1,col=1:7,bty="n")
#
plotCPool(years,Rt,col=1:7,xlab="years",ylab="Respiration",ylim=c(0,50))
legend("topright",c("fwl","cwl","ext","cel","lig","hum1","hum2"),lty=1,col=1:7,bty="n")
```

[,Model,character,missing,missing-method

Experimentally overloaded index operator

## Description

The method provides shortcuts and a unified interface to some of the methods that can be applied to a model. For a given model 'M' the code 'M['C'] is equivalent to 'getC(M)' and 'M['ReleaseFlux']' is equivalent to 'getReleaseFlux(M)' 'M['AccumulatedRelease']' is equivalent to 'getAccumulatedRelease(M)'

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Model,character,missing,missing' x[i]
```

# Arguments

x no manual documentation i no manual documentation [,NlModel,character,ANY,ANY-method automatic title

# Description

automatic title

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel,character,ANY,ANY'
x[i]
```

## **Arguments**

- no manual documentation
- i no manual documentation

automatic title

# [[,MCSim-method

# Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MCSim'
x[[i]]
```

## **Arguments**

no manual documentation

i no manual documentation \$,NIModel-method

[[<-,MCSim-method

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MCSim' x[[i, j, ...]] \leftarrow value
```

# Arguments

X	no manual documentation
i	no manual documentation
j	no manual documentation
	no manual documentation
value	no manual documentation

\$,NlModel-method

automatic title

# Description

automatic title

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'NlModel' xname
```

# Arguments

x no manual documentationname no manual documentation

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