Group	Column Index	Column Name	Data type	Mean/ Mode	Standard Deviation	Max	Description
Status		Control P	D. J.	0.001	0.07=		Boolean indicating whether the confirmation status of a planet has been questioned in the
		Controversial Flag	Boolean	0.004	0.065	1	
Names		Planet Name	Identifyer	11 Com b	-		Planet name most commonly used in the literature
	2	Host Name	Identifyer	KOI-351	-	-	Stellar name most commonly used in the literature  Letter assigned to the planetary component of a planetary system. The first planet discovered in a
							system is given the designation "b" (the parent star is considered to be "a") and later planets are
		Planet Letter	Identifyer	b	-	-	given subsequent letters
System		Number of Stars	Numerical	1.105	0.349		Number of stars in the planetary system
Composition		Number of Planets	Numerical	1.817	1.177		Number of confirmed planets in the planetary system
		Circumbinary Flag	Boolean	0.004	0.061		Boolean indicating whether the planet orbits a binary system
Planet Discovery		Discovery Method	Categorical	Transit 2015.833	4 420		Method by which the planet was first identified
		Discovery Year Discovery Locale	Numerical Categorical		4.439		Year the planet was discovered  Location of observation of planet discovery (Ground or Space)
	,	Detections by Radial	Categorical	Space		-	Location of observation of planet discovery (Ground or Space)
Detections	10	Velocity Variations	Boolean	0.395	0.489	1	Boolean indicating if the planet host star exhibits radial velocity variations due to the planet
	11	Detected by Transits	Boolean	0.796	0.403	1	Boolean indicating if the planet transits its host star
	12	Detected by Imaging	Boolean	0.002	0.043	1	Boolean indicating if the planet has been observed via imaging techniques
Planet Parameters	13	Orbital Period (years)	Numerical	1.221	9.667	465.445	Time the planet takes to make a complete orbit around the host star or system, in Earth years
	1.4	Orbit Semi-Major Axis	Numaniaal	0.550	2.040	60	The largest radius of an elliptic orbit continuous to helf of the major axis of the ellipse
	14	(au) Planet Radius (Earth	Numerical	0.559	2.049	08	The longest radius of an elliptic orbit, equivalent to half of the major axis of the ellipse  Length of a line segment from the center of the planet to its surface, measured in units of radius
	15	Radius)	Numerical	5.511	5.182	32.6	of the Earth
	16	Planet Mass (Earth Mass)	Numerical	399.942	2459.971	89700	Best planet mass estimate available, measured in Earth masses
	17	Planet Density (g/cm**3)	Numerical	4.115	15.841	879	Amount of mass per unit of volume of the planet
	18	Eccentricity	Numerical	0.073	0.148	0.95	Amount by which the orbit of the planet deviates from a perfect circle
	10	Equilibrium Temperature	N	006.063	452.224	4050	
	19	(K)	Numerical	906.862	453.324	4050	The equilibrium temperature of the planet as modeled by a black body heated only by its host star
	20	Inclination (deg)	Numerical	86.856	9.781	176.092	Angle of the plane of the orbit relative to the plane perpendicular to the line-of-sight from Earth to the object
	21	Transit Depth (%)	Numerical	0.275	0.601	11.022	The size of the relative flux decrement caused by the orbiting body transiting in front of the star
							The length of time from the moment the planet begins to cross the stellar limb to the moment the
	22	Transit Duration (hrs)	Numerical	3.913	2.643	53.6	planet finishes crossing the stellar limb
	23	Ratio of Semi-Major Axis to Stellar Radius	Numerical	0.038	0.038	0 661	The distance between the planet and the star at mid-transit divided by the stellar radius
		Radial Velocity Amplitude					Half the peak-to-peak amplitude of variability in the stellar radial velocity (component of
	24	(m/s)	Numerical	93.044	184.805	2310	velocity in the line-of-sight from Earth to the object)
Stellar Data	25	Speatral Type	Catagorical	G0 V			Classification of the star based on their spectral characteristics following the Morgan-Keenan
	23	Spectral Type Stellar Effective	Categorical	GU V	-	-	system  Temperature of the star as modeled by a black body emitting the same total amount of
	26	Temperature (K)	Numerical	5403.262	970.953	29564	electromagnetic radiation
		Stellar Radius (Solar					Length of a line segment from the center of the star to its surface, measured in units of radius of
		Radius)	Numerical	1.606	4.388		the Sun
	28	Stellar Mass (Solar mass) Stellar Metallicity (Solar	Numerical	0.983	0.393	10.94	Amount of matter contained in the star, measured in units of masses of the Sun  Measurement of the metal content of the photosphere of the star as compared to the hydrogen
	29	Metallicity)	Numerical	1.125	0.457	3.631	content, relative to the Sun's photosphere content ratio
		Stellar Luminosity (log10					
	30	(Solar))	Numerical	-0.08	0.726	3.46	Amount of energy emitted by a star per unit time, measured in units of solar luminosities
	31	Stellar Surface Gravity (log10(m/s^2))	Numerical	2.362	0.444	3.52	Gravitational acceleration experienced at the stellar surface
		Stellar Age (Gyr)	Numerical	4.453	3.066		The age of the host star, measured in billions of years
		Stellar Density (g/cm**3)	Numerical	3.124	6.826	107.449	Amount of mass per unit of volume of the star
		Stellar Rotational Period					-
	34	(days)	Numerical	60.22	371.064	7900	The time required for the planet host star to complete one rotation, assuming it is a solid body
	35	Systemic Radial Velocity (km/s)	Numerical	-2.341	32.408	244 99	Velocity of the star in the direction of the line of sight from Earth to the object
		Total Proper Motion					Angular change in position over time as seen from the center of mass of the Solar System,
System Data	36	(mas/yr)	Numerical	102.264	357.491	8644.905	
	37	Distance (ly)	Numerical	1773.786	1600.647	14621.737	Distance to the planetary system in units of lightyears
		RA	Numerical	240.824	89.165		Right Ascension of the planetary system in decimal degrees
	39	Dec	Numerical	23.958	34.458	85.737	Declination of the planetary system in decimal degrees
	40	U	Numerical	16.285	1.647	23 306	Brightness of the host star as measured using the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS) u band, in units of magnitudes
	41		Numerical	13.46	3.132		Brightness of the host star as measured using the B (Johnson) band, in units of magnitudes
							Brightness of the host star as measured using the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS) g band, in
	42		Numerical	14.782	1.513		units of magnitudes
Photometry	43	V	Numerical	12.65	3.057	20.154	Brightness of the host star as measured using the V (Johnson) band, in units of magnitudes
	44	R	Numerical	14.08	1.448	17 006	Brightness of the host star as measured using the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS) r band, in units of magnitudes
	44		1 variorical	14.00	1.440	17.770	Brightness of the host star as measured using the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS) i band, in
	45	I	Numerical	13.921	1.377	19.308	units of magnitudes
(of the		7	NT	12.00-			Brightness of the host star as measured using the Sloan Digital Sky Survey (SDSS) z band, in
system as a		Z	Numerical	13.898	1.208		units of magnitudes
			Numerical	11.059	3.008	15.453 15.593	Brightness of the host star as measured using the J (2MASS) band, in units of magnitudes  Brightness of the host star as measured using the H (2MASS) band, in units of magnitudes
system as a	47		Nimes and1	10 ((=			DUZUMESS OF THE HOSE SIZE AS THE ASUFER USING THE H (ZIVIANS) DANG IN UNITS OF MAGNIFILDES
system as a	47 48	Н	Numerical	10.667	3.014		
system as a	47 48 49	H K	Numerical	10.566	3.033	15.495	Brightness of the host star as measured using the K (2MASS) band in, units of magnitudes
system as a	47 48 49 50	H K W1	Numerical Numerical	10.566 10.607	3.033 2.996	15.495 15.438	Brightness of the host star as measured using the K (2MASS) band in, units of magnitudes Brightness of the host star as measured using the 3.4um (WISE) band, in units of magnitudes.
system as a	47 48 49 50 51	H K	Numerical	10.566	3.033	15.495	Brightness of the host star as measured using the K (2MASS) band in, units of magnitudes Brightness of the host star as measured using the 3.4um (WISE) band, in units of magnitudes. Brightness of the host star as measured using the 4.6um (WISE) band, in units of magnitudes.