Calculate the angle above horizontal that a gun on a ship has to point to hit arenemy ship. (no air/air resistance) Also calculate bearing of gun given bearing of enemy ship from own ship direction

enemy

distance = speed. fine range = horizontal speed. flight time horizontal speed = cost. initial speed flight time = 2. resticle speed (up and down)

flight time = $\frac{2}{9}$ · Sind · initial speed

range = $\frac{2}{9}$ sind cost initial speed 2 $sin\theta \cdot cos\theta = \frac{1}{2} sin(2\theta)$

range = \frac{1}{9} \cdot \sin(20) \cdot initial speed 2

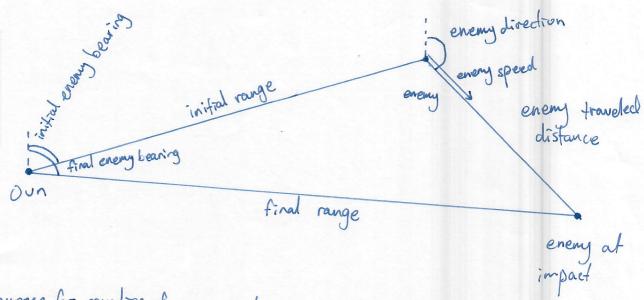
sin(20) = 9 range initial speed²

gun = 1. Sin (g. range initial speed2)

enemy gund bearing bearing gun bearing = enemy bearing

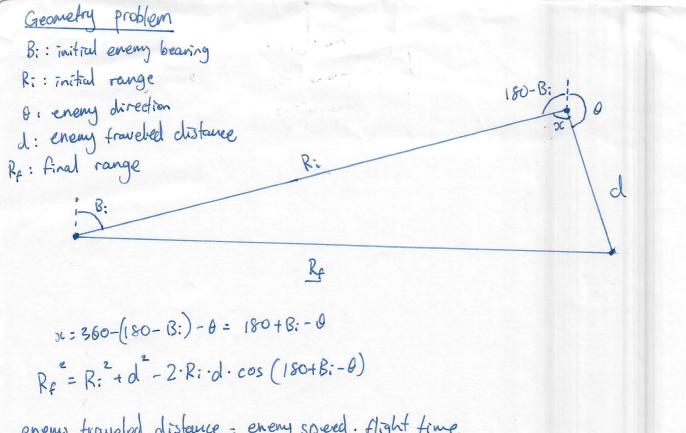
Part 2

Calculate angle above horizon and bearing of gun if own ship is still and eveny ship is moving (no air/air resistance)



Solving sequence for equation of gun angle:

- · Convert diagram to geometry proplem to find range, deduce expression for it with cosine rule.
- Substitute, from part 1, final range as equation for range, flight time as equation for flight time
- rearrange/solve for gun angle
 (all other variables are known values)



enemy traveled distance = enemy speed. flight time

Rf = R: 2+ enemy speed. flight time - 2. R: enemy speed. flight time . cos(180+B:-9)

underline = unknowns

From part 1:

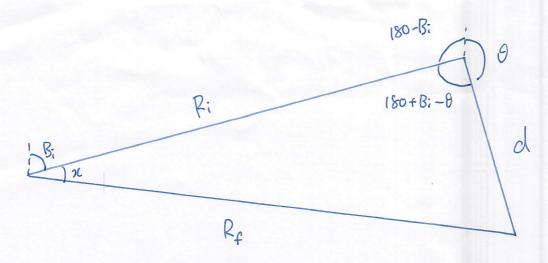
flight time = 2 initial speed · sin (gun angle)

range = g. initial speed . sin (2. gun angle)

solve for gun angle:

Cheat: numerically solve by using trial and improvement using python, (takes computer result to a few dp. in degrees)

Calculate gun bearing



gun bearing = B; + 2 2/0 360

$$\frac{\sin x}{d} = \frac{\sin(180+Bi-\theta)}{R_f}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{d}{R_f} \sin (180 + R; -\theta)$$

$$sc = sin' \left(\frac{d}{R_f} \cdot sin(180 + Bi - \theta) \right)$$

gun bearing = mod (
$$B:+S:n^{-1}(\frac{d}{R_{f}}-S:n(180+B:-\theta))$$
, 360)

