

# Evaluating Data Linkage: Creating longitudinal synthetic data to provide a gold-standard linked dataset

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*University of St Andrews*



University of  
St Andrews



Administrative Data  
Research Centre  
Scotland

digitising  
**SCOTLAND**  
understanding  
Scotland's people



# Background

- Digitising Scotland project
  - will transcribe vital event records 1855-1973
    - births
    - marriages
    - deaths
  - aim to link records to form family tree(s)
    - how do we evaluate our data linkage approach?

# Why Synthetic Data?

- Inspired by real world hand-linked gold-standard data
  - Limited availability
  - Inherent errors
- Synthetic Data
  - Known truth gives a perfect gold-standard
  - Vary populations
    - Characteristics
    - Size
  - Many populations
  - Known level of corruption

*Data Driven problems - what synthetic data do we need to evaluate the problems we solve?*

# Our approaches

- Organic Population Model
  - Event driven micro-simulation
  - *Tom Dalton, Victor Andrei*
- Verified Population Model
  - Time step driven micro-simulation

# OPM – Overview

- Approach
  - Takes in a set of distributions defined by the user and a seed size
  - Sets up a population
  - Runs population for given time
  - Generates logging graphs
  - Outputs to desired format

# OPM – Inputs

Genealogical controlling inputs are variable over time

## **Annotations**

- female first name
- male first name
- surname
- occupation
- cause of death
- address

## **Seed**

- seed age for males
- seed age for females

## **Birth**

- children number of in cohab
- children number of in cohab then marriage
- children number of in marriage
  
- children number of in pregnancy

## **Partnering**

- partnership characteristic
- partnership remarriage characteristic
  
- marriage age for males
- marriage age for females
  
- cohabitation age for males
- cohabitation age for females
  
- cohabitation to marriage time
- cohabitation length

## **Death**

- death age at

## **Separation**

- divorce age for male
- divorce age for female
  
- divorce instigated by gender
- divorce reason male
- divorce reason female
  
- divorce remarriage boolean
- remarriage time to

## **Genealogical complexity**

- affair number of
  
- affair number of children
- affair with single or married

# OPM – Inputs

- Age at death

0	36525																			
1600	2	2	2	3	7	4	3	5	20	21	35	63	115	139	143	143	149	94	20	20
1700	2	1	2	3	7	4	3	5	20	21	35	63	115	120	125	150	160	110	25	22

- Female age at marriage

5478	36525																		
1600	6	166	222	190	150	114	82	24	24	15	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1700	6	120	222	192	148	103	93	26	22	12	10	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0

- Male age at marriage

5478	36525																		
1600	6	137	214	192	161	122	91	28	28	14	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1700	3	144	210	180	160	125	96	30	25	18	5	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1

# OPM – Approach

1. Set inputs
2. Choose start date
3. Choose seed population size
4. Decide ages of people in seed population



Head of  
queue

For each person in seed:

- Work out D.O.B.
- Make a birth event
- Insert into queue



# OPM – Creating the seed

1. Set inputs
2. Choose start date
3. Choose seed population size
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# OPM – Handling events

1. Take event from from of queue
2. Perform event
3. Create resultant events
4. Insert events into queue



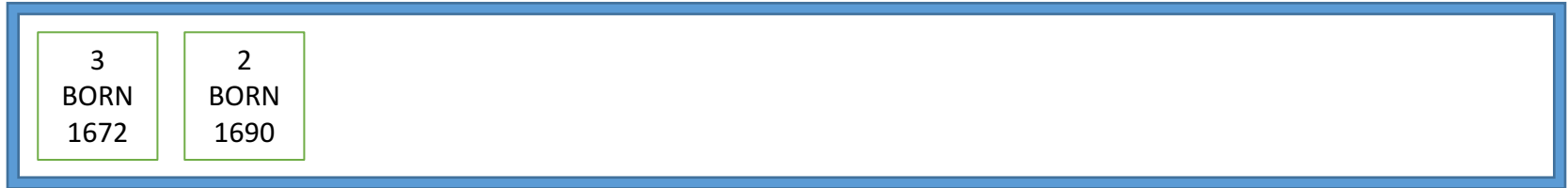
Head of  
queue

For BORN event:

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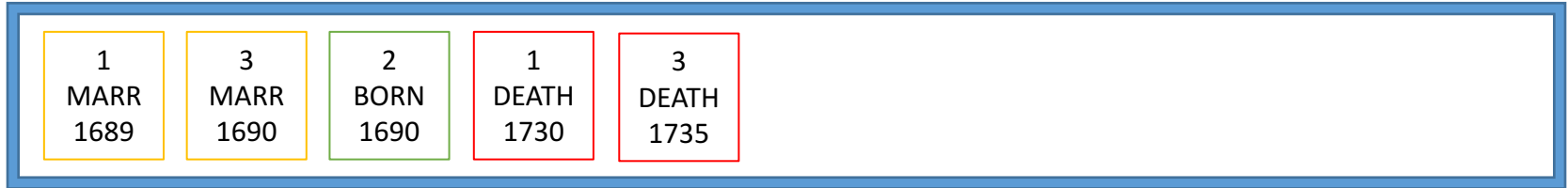
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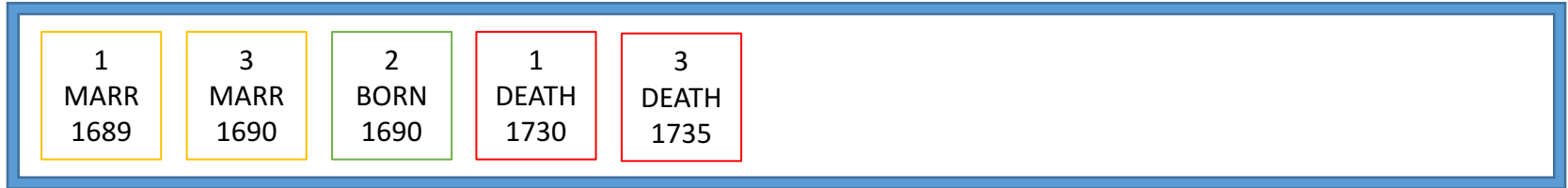
Head of  
queue

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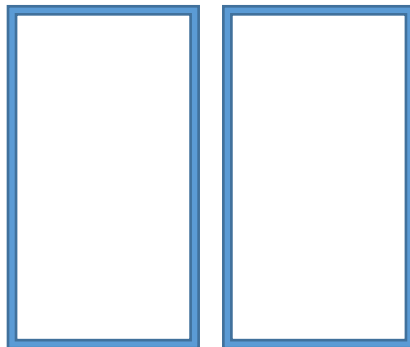
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Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

For MARRIAGE event:

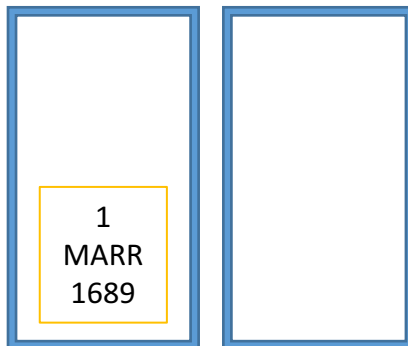
- Add person to correct marriage pairing queue

# OPM – Handling events

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Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

For MARRIAGE event:

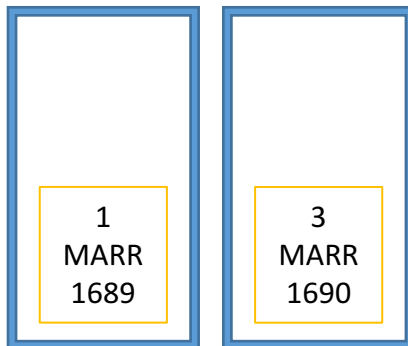
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Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

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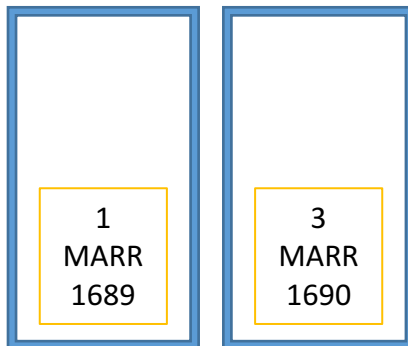
- Add person to correct marriage pairing queue

# OPM – Partnering

1. Once a year
2. Iterate over partnering queues
3. Partner together eligible individuals
4. Create resultant and insert events into queue



Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

On Partnering of individuals:

- Decide on end date
  - Insert end event
- Decide on first children
  - Insert BIRTH and BORN events

# OPM – Partnering

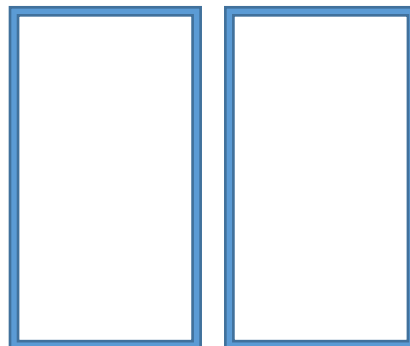
1  
MARR  
1689

3  
MARR  
1690

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Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

On Partnering of individuals:

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  - Insert end event
- Decide on children
  - Insert BIRTH and BORN events

1  
MARR  
1689

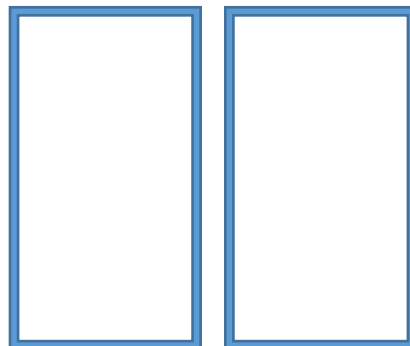
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MARR  
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Head of  
queue



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Females

Marriage

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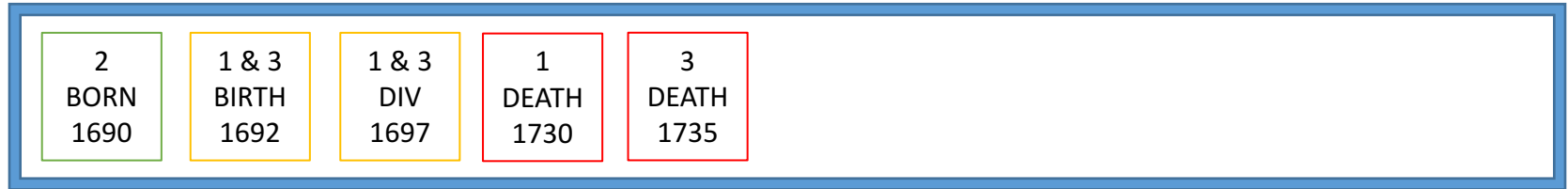
- Decide on end date
  - Insert end event
- Decide on children
  - Insert BIRTH and BORN events



# OPM – Event Handling

1  
MARR  
1689

3  
MARR  
1690



Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

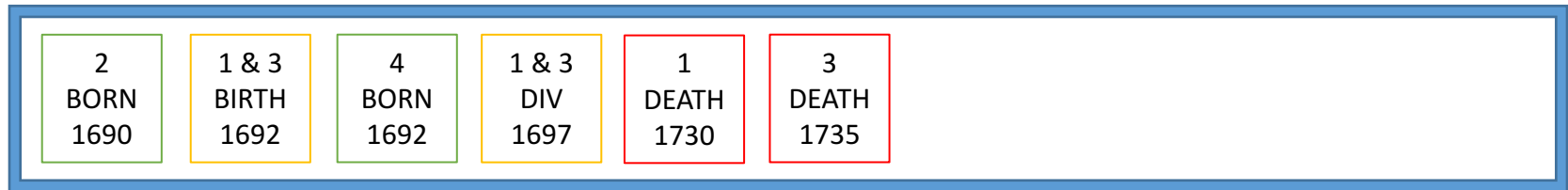
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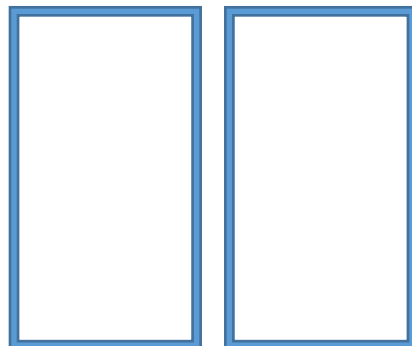
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1  
MARR  
1689

3  
MARR  
1690



Head of  
queue



Males

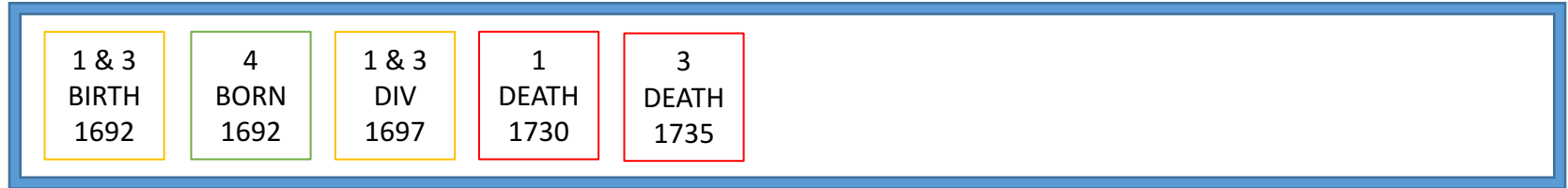
Females

Marriage

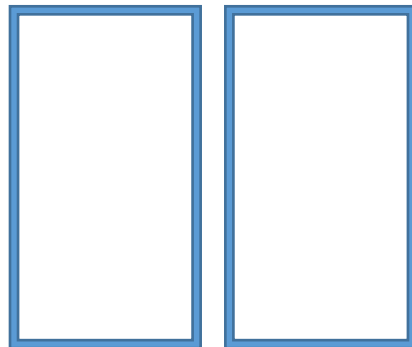
For BORN event:

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  - Insert
- Death
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  - Insert

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

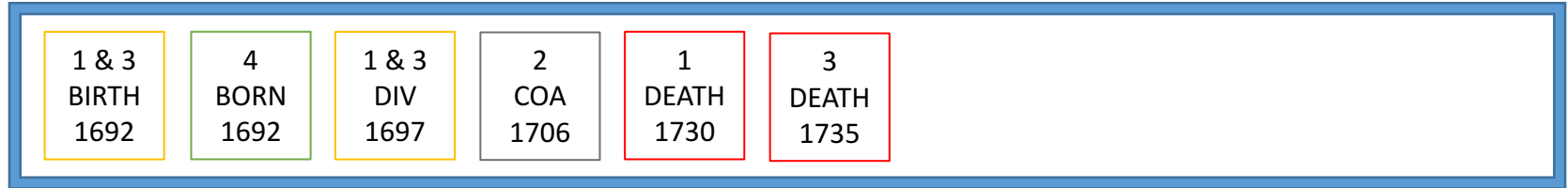
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Head of  
queue



Males

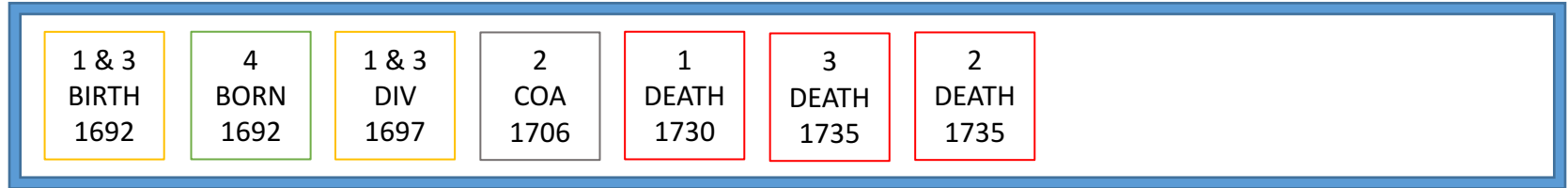
Females

Marriage

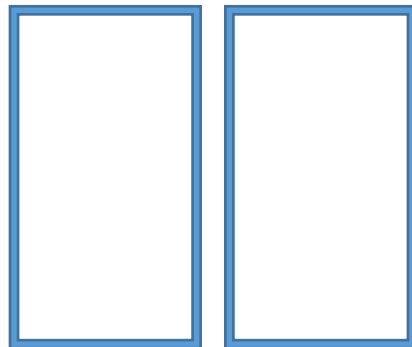
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Head of  
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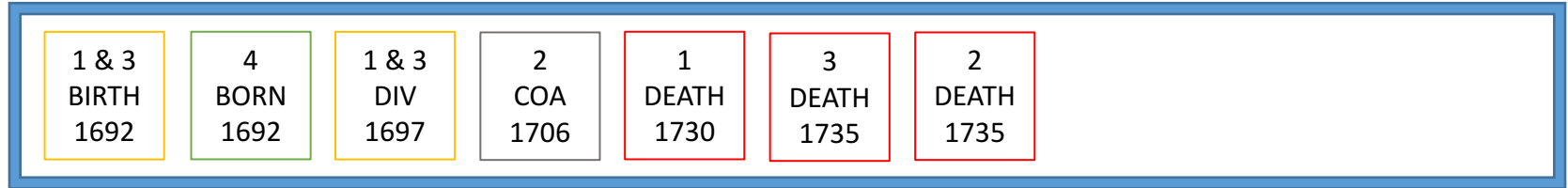
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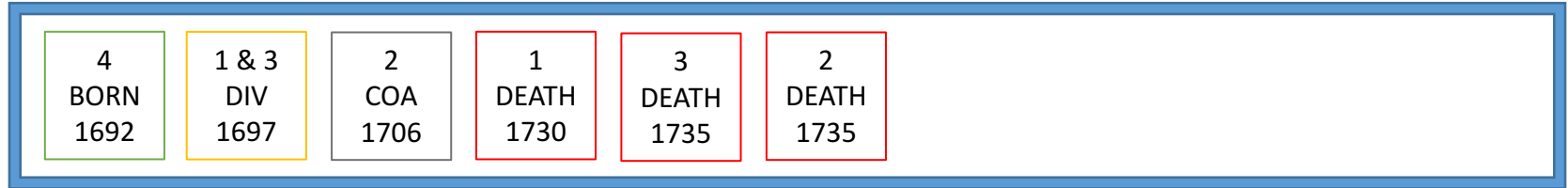
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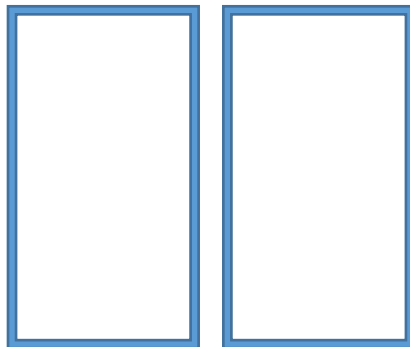
For BIRTH event:

- Decide if another birth
  - Set date
  - Insert BIRTH and BORN event

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

Females

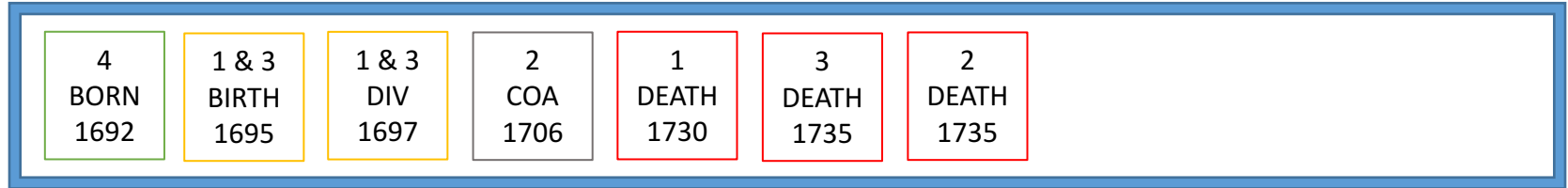
Marriage

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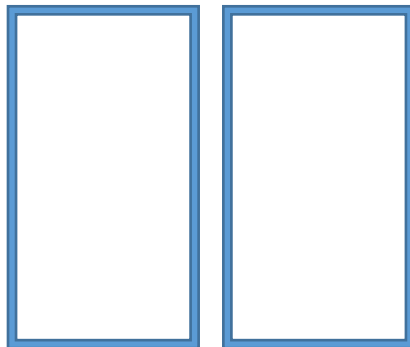
- Decide if another birth
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  - Insert BIRTH and BORN event

1 & 3  
BIRTH  
1692

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

Females

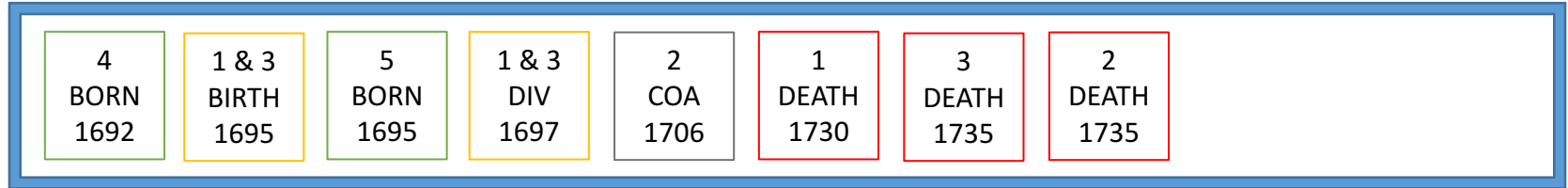
Marriage

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# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

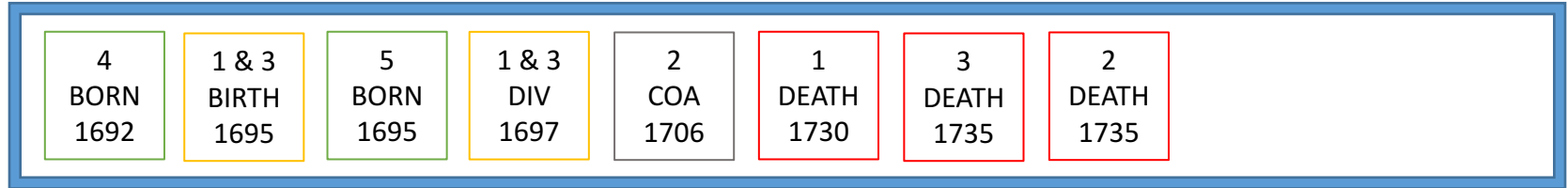
Females

Marriage

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# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

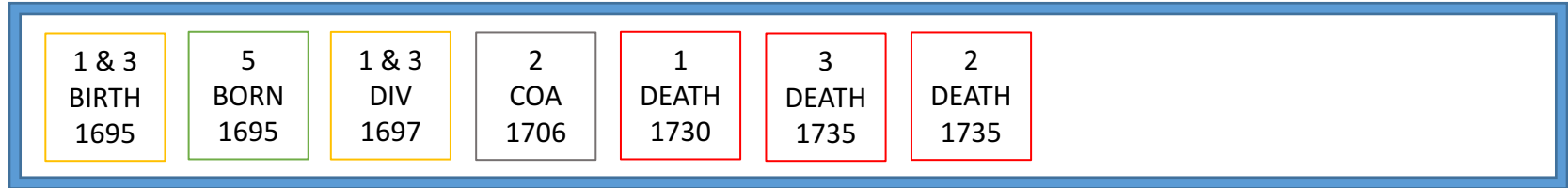
Females

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# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

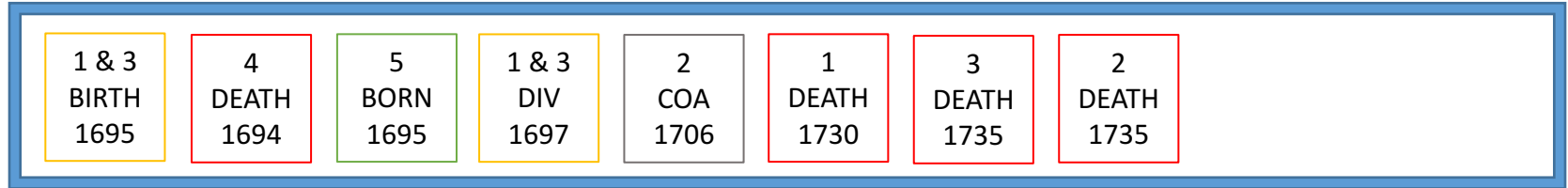
Females

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Head of  
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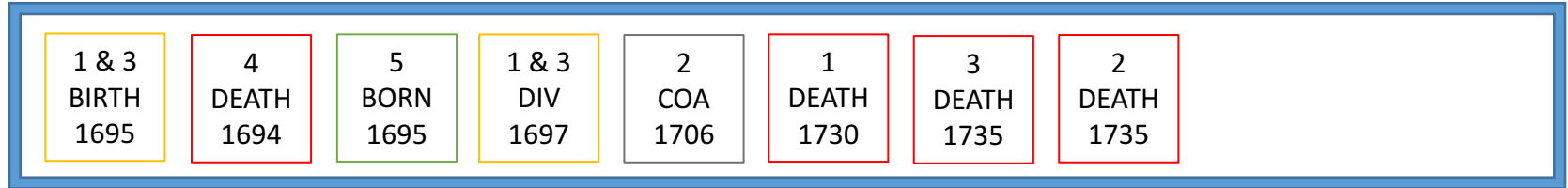
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Head of  
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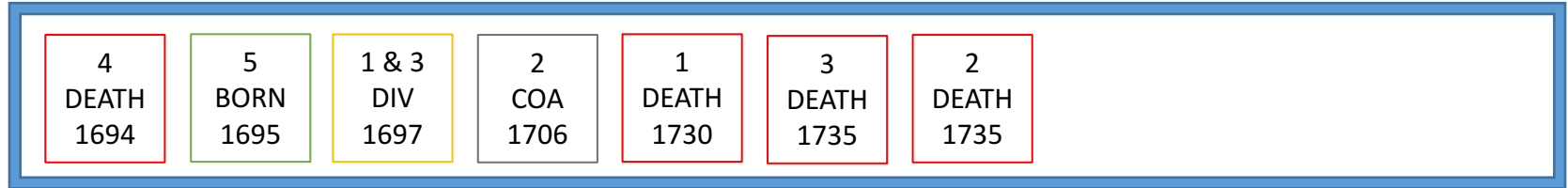
Females

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queue



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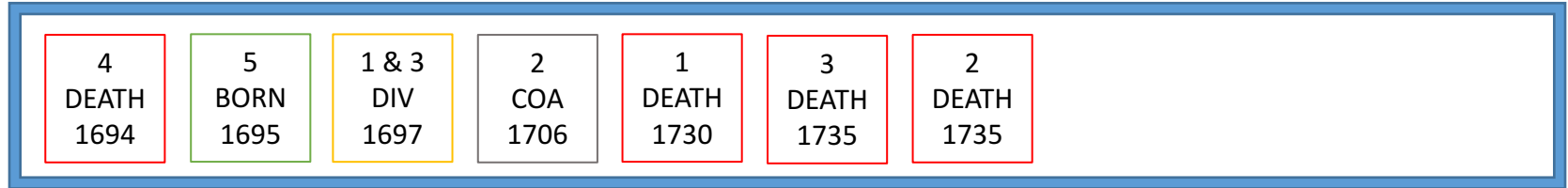
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# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

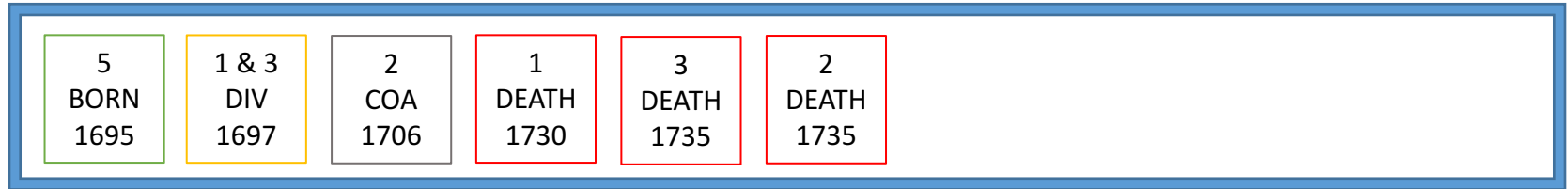
Females

Marriage

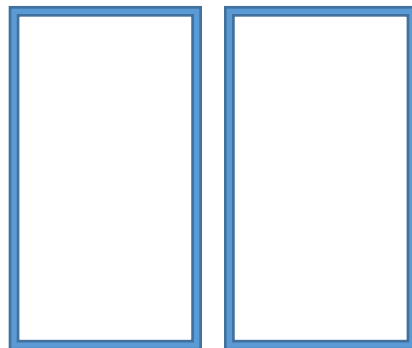
For DEATH event:

- Remove

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



Males

Females

Marriage

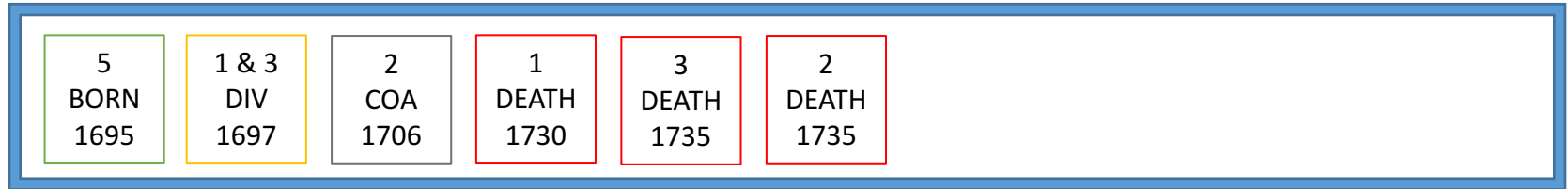
For DEATH event:

- Remove

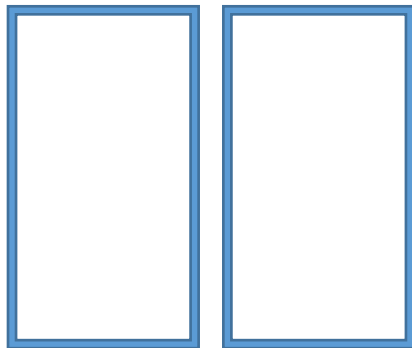


4  
DEATH  
1694

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



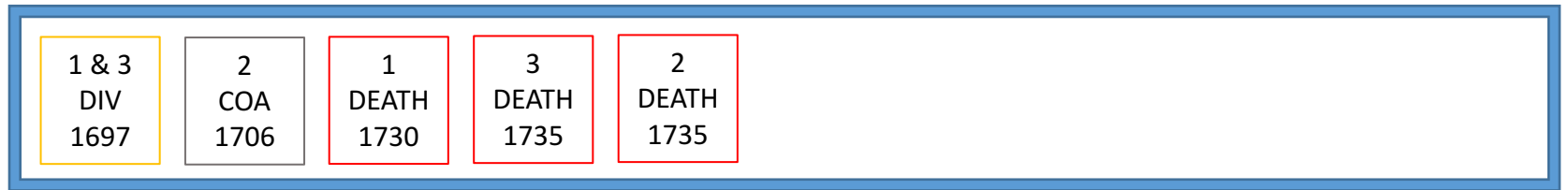
Males

Females

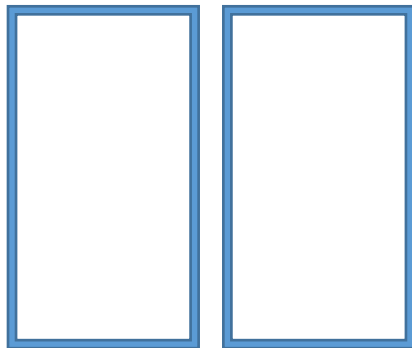
Marriage

5  
BORN  
1695

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



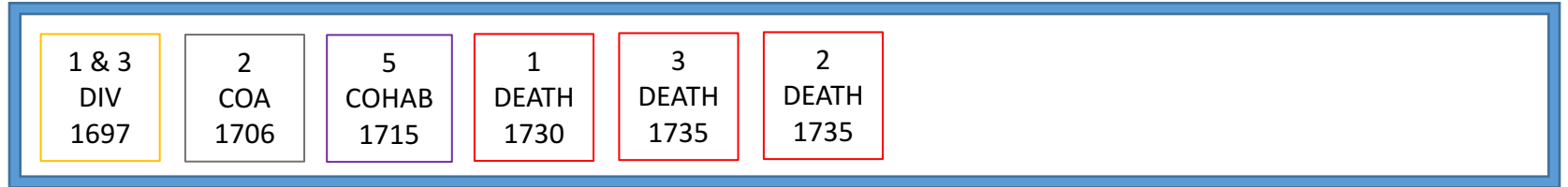
Males

Females

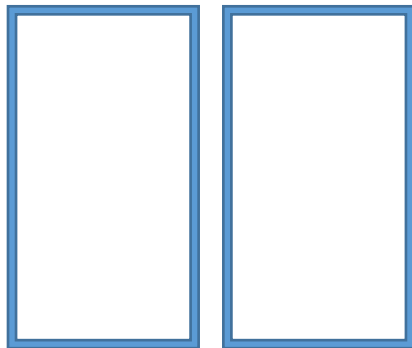
Marriage

5  
BORN  
1695

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



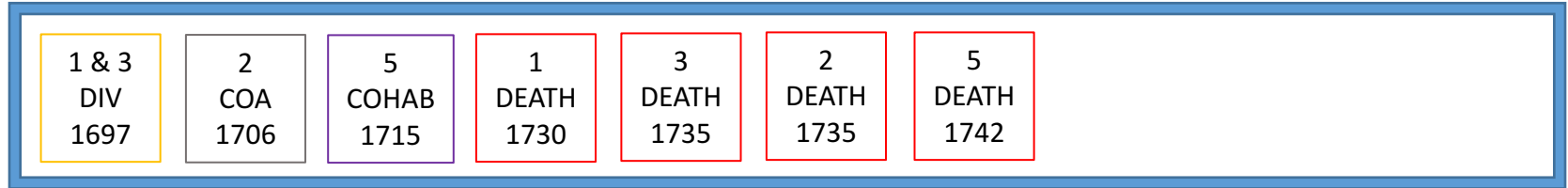
Males

Females

Marriage

5  
BORN  
1695

# OPM – Event Handling

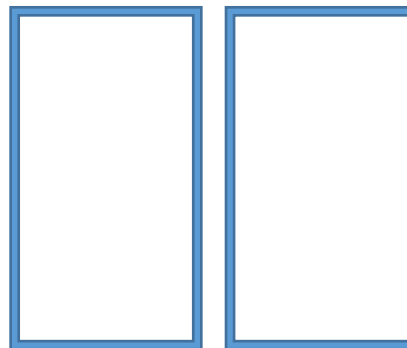


Head of  
queue



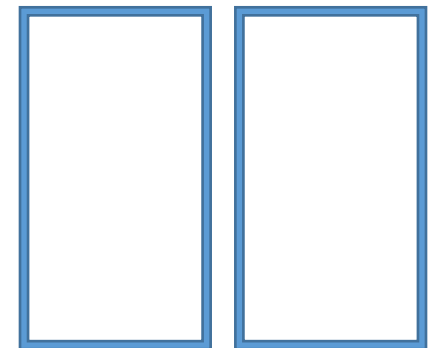
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

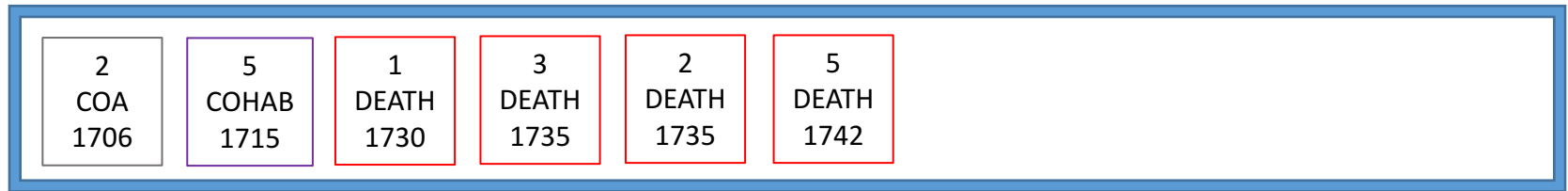
Cohab



Males Females

Single

# OPM – Event Handling



Head of  
queue



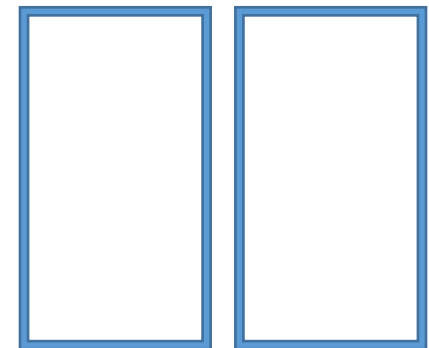
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

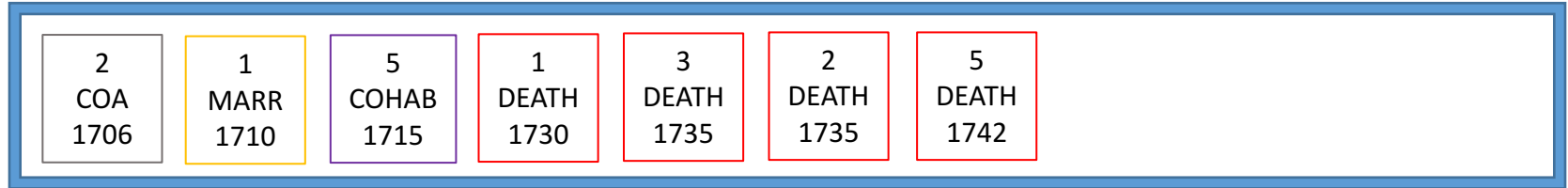
Cohab



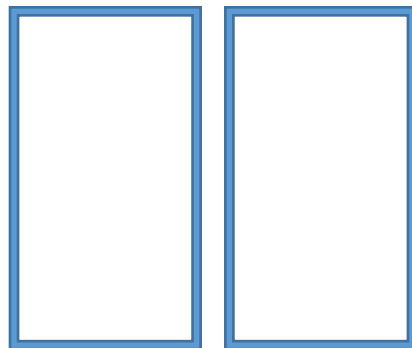
Males Females

Single

# OPM – Event Handling

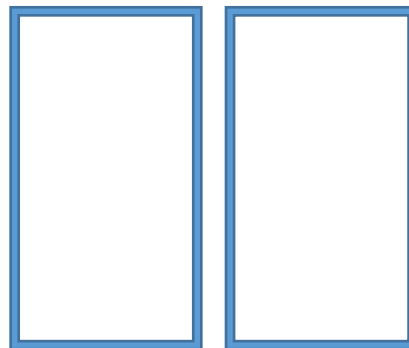


Head of  
queue



Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

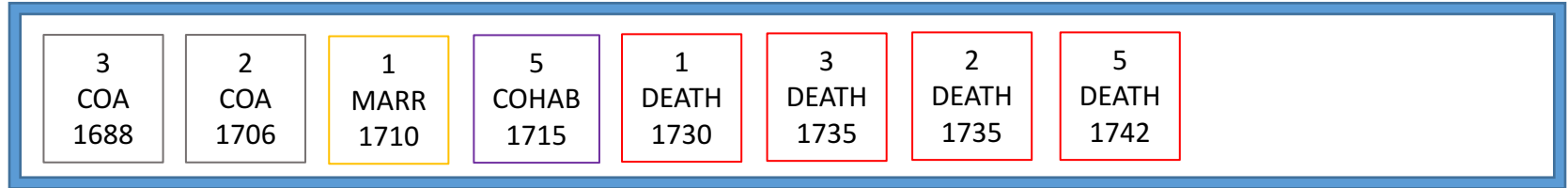
Cohab



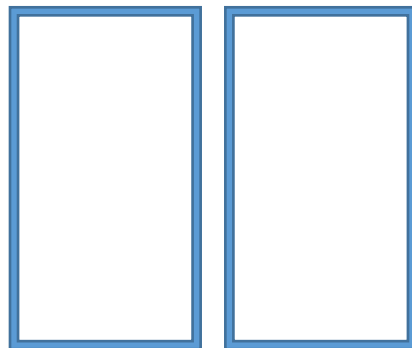
Males Females

Single

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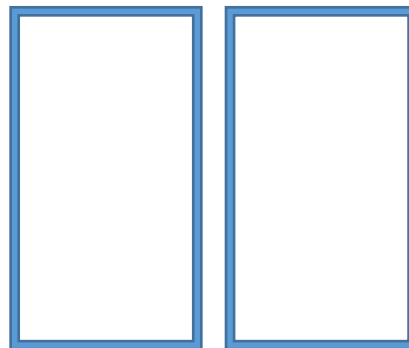


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queue



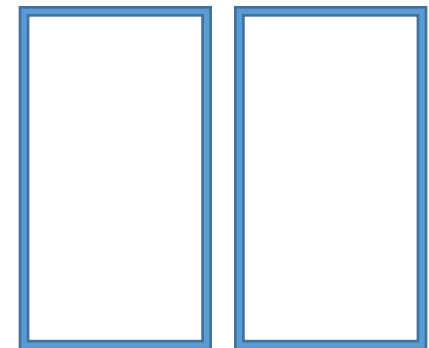
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

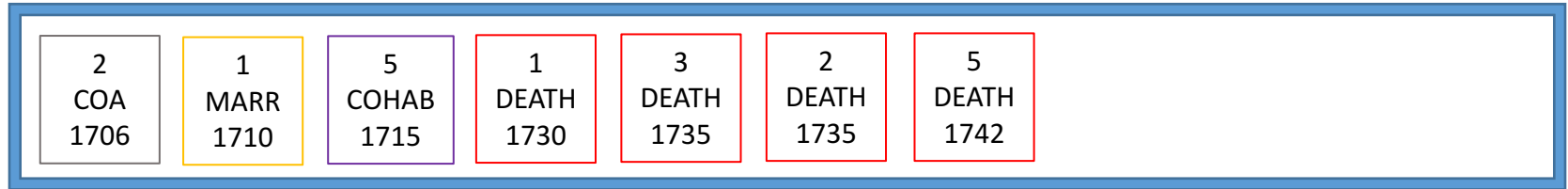
Cohab



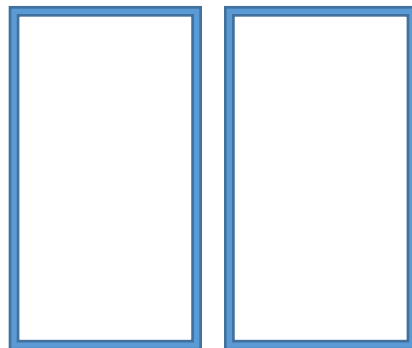
Males Females

Single

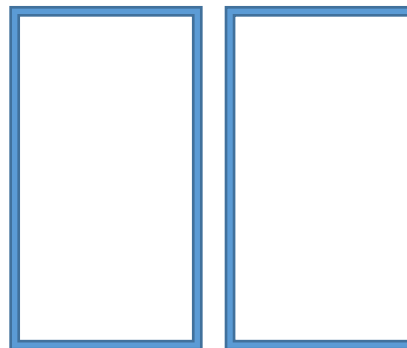
# OPM – Event Handling



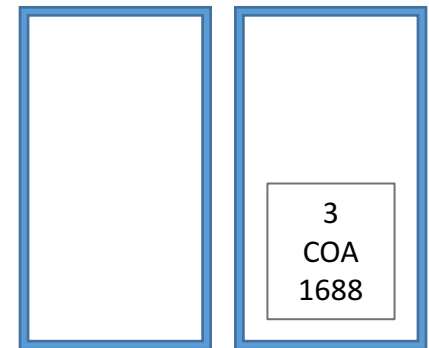
Head of  
queue



Marriage



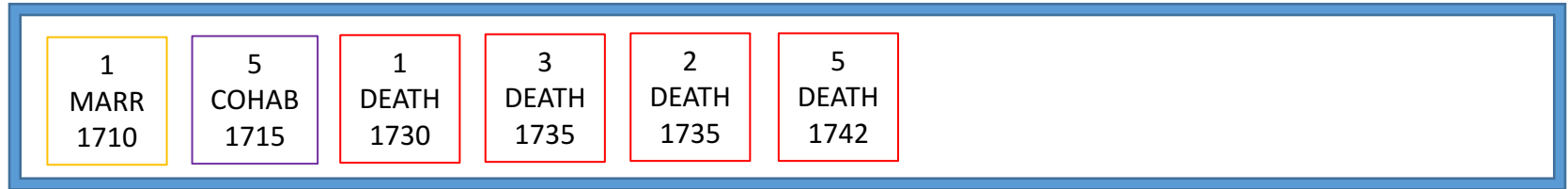
Cohab



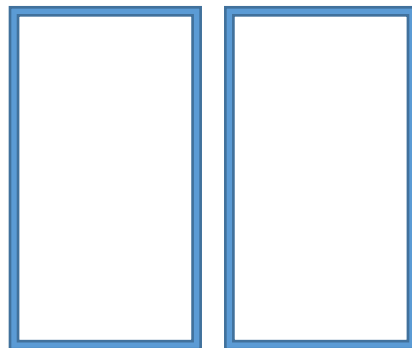
Single



# OPM – Event Handling

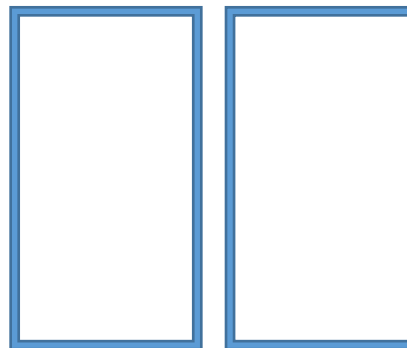


Head of  
queue



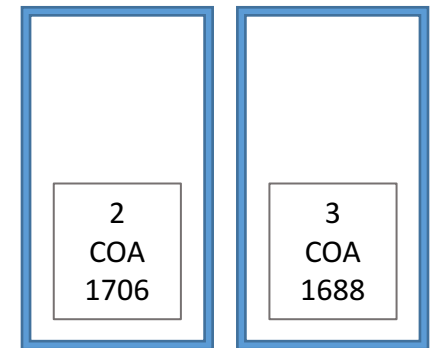
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab

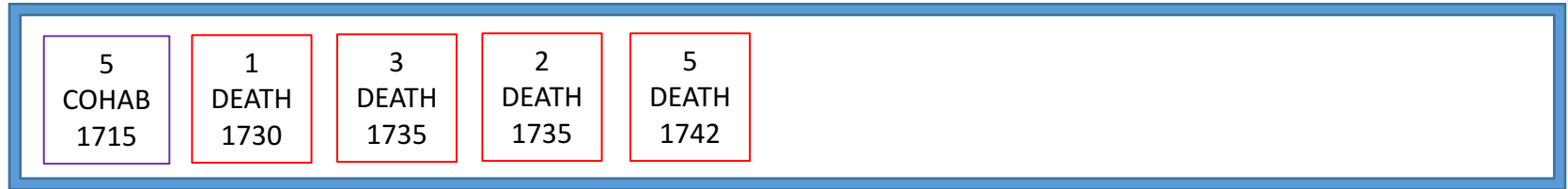


Males Females

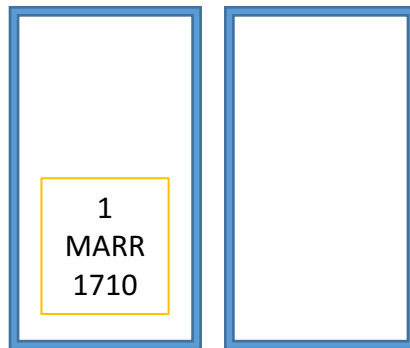
Single

# OPM – Event Handling

1  
MARR  
1710

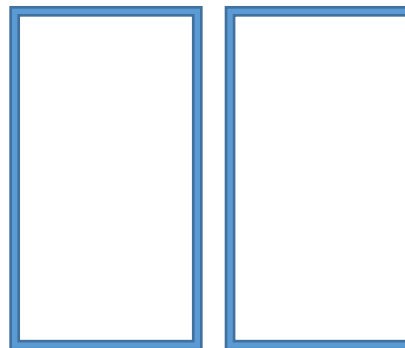


Head of  
queue



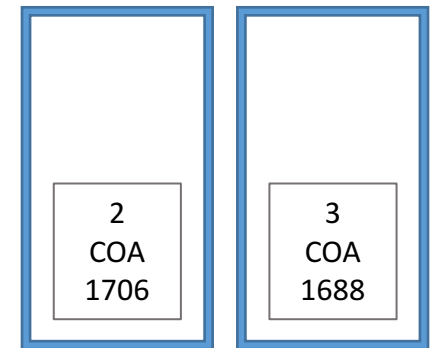
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



Males Females

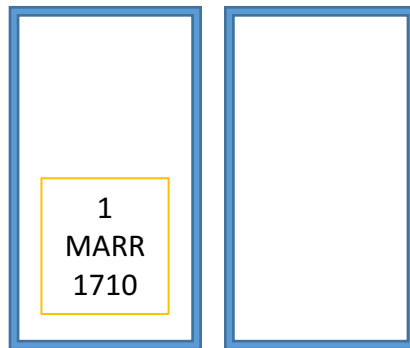
Single

# OPM – Event Handling

5  
COHAB  
1715

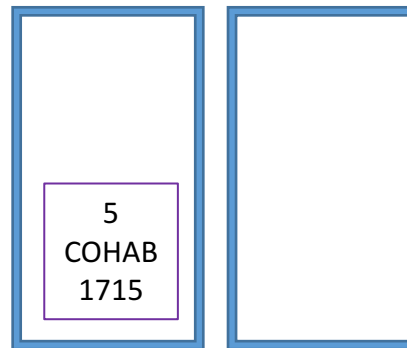


Head of  
queue



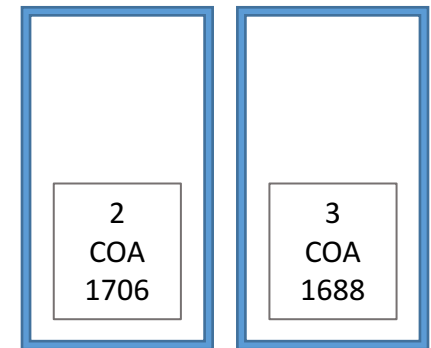
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



Males Females

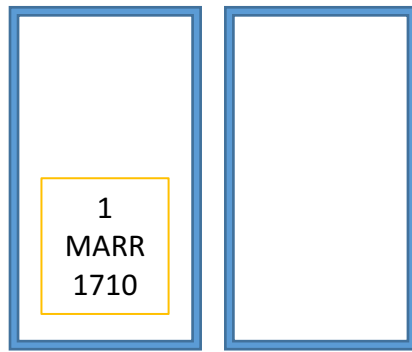
Single

# OPM – Event Handling

1  
DEATH  
1730

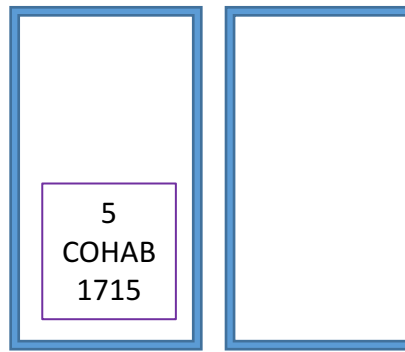


Head of  
queue



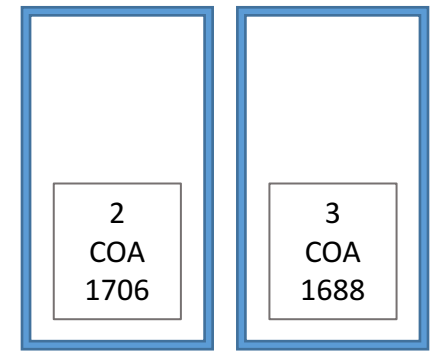
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



Males Females

Single

# OPM – Event Handling

1  
DEATH  
1730

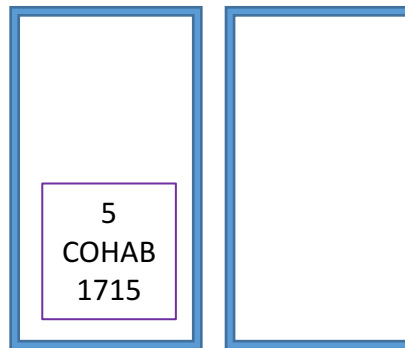


Head of  
queue



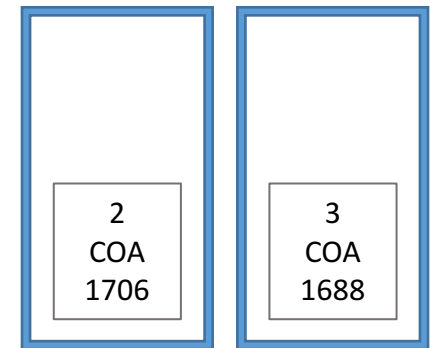
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



Males Females

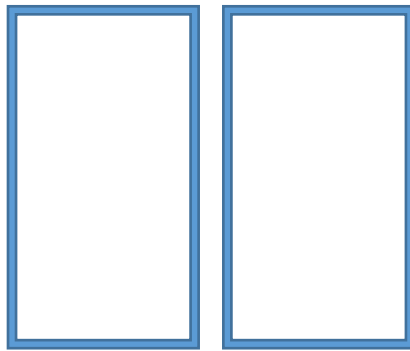
Single

# OPM – Event Handling

3  
DEATH  
1735



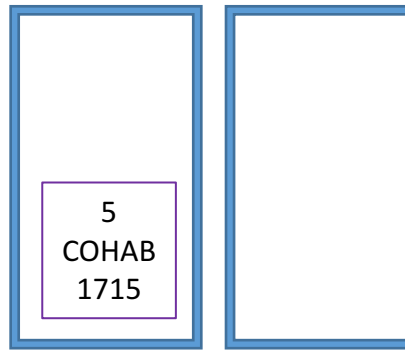
Head of  
queue



Males

Females

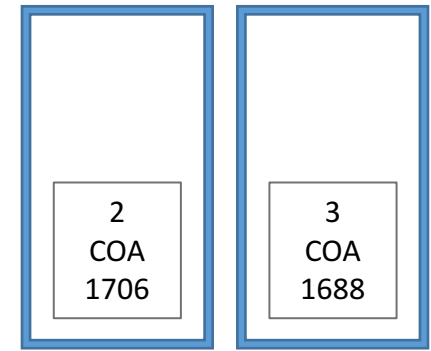
Marriage



Males

Females

Cohab



Males

Females

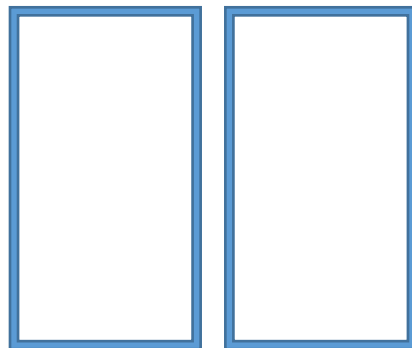
Single

# OPM – Event Handling

3  
DEATH  
1735

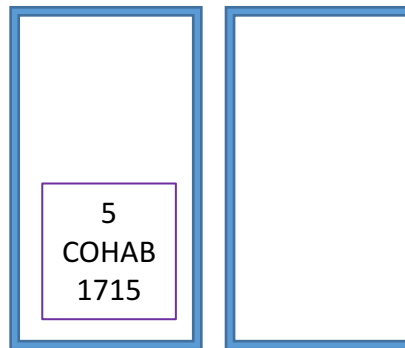


Head of  
queue



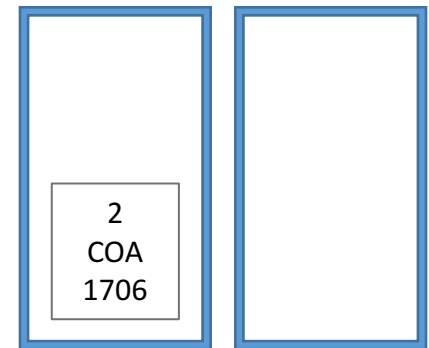
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



Males Females

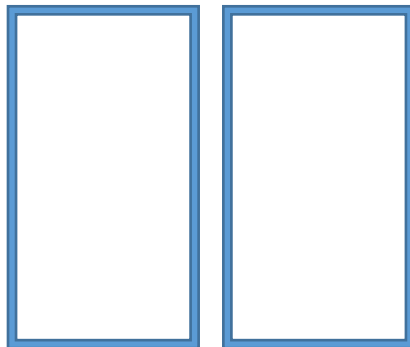
Single

# OPM – Event Handling

2  
DEATH  
1735

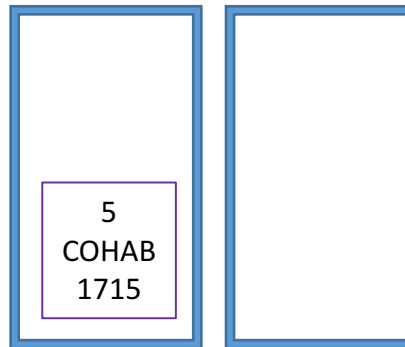
5  
DEATH  
1742

Head of  
queue



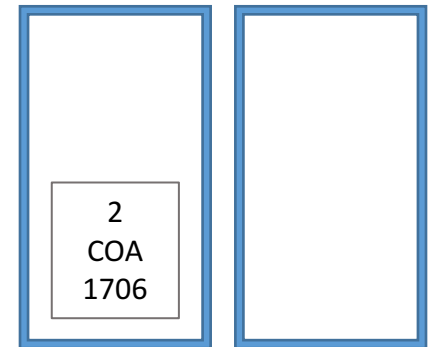
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



Males Females

Single

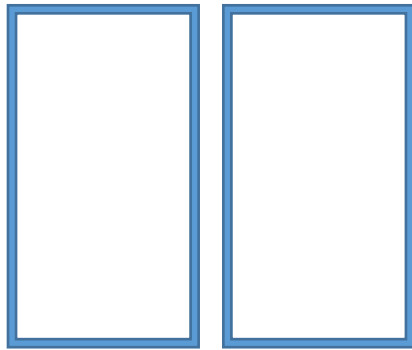


# OPM – Event Handling

2  
DEATH  
1735

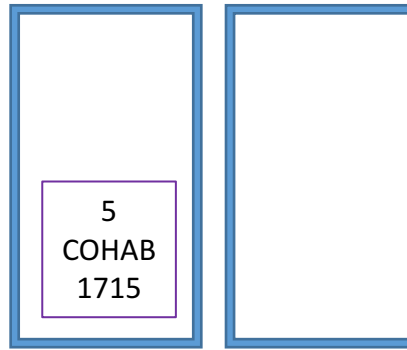
5  
DEATH  
1742

Head of  
queue



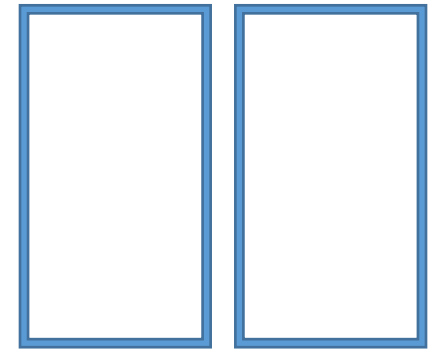
Males Females

Marriage



Males Females

Cohab



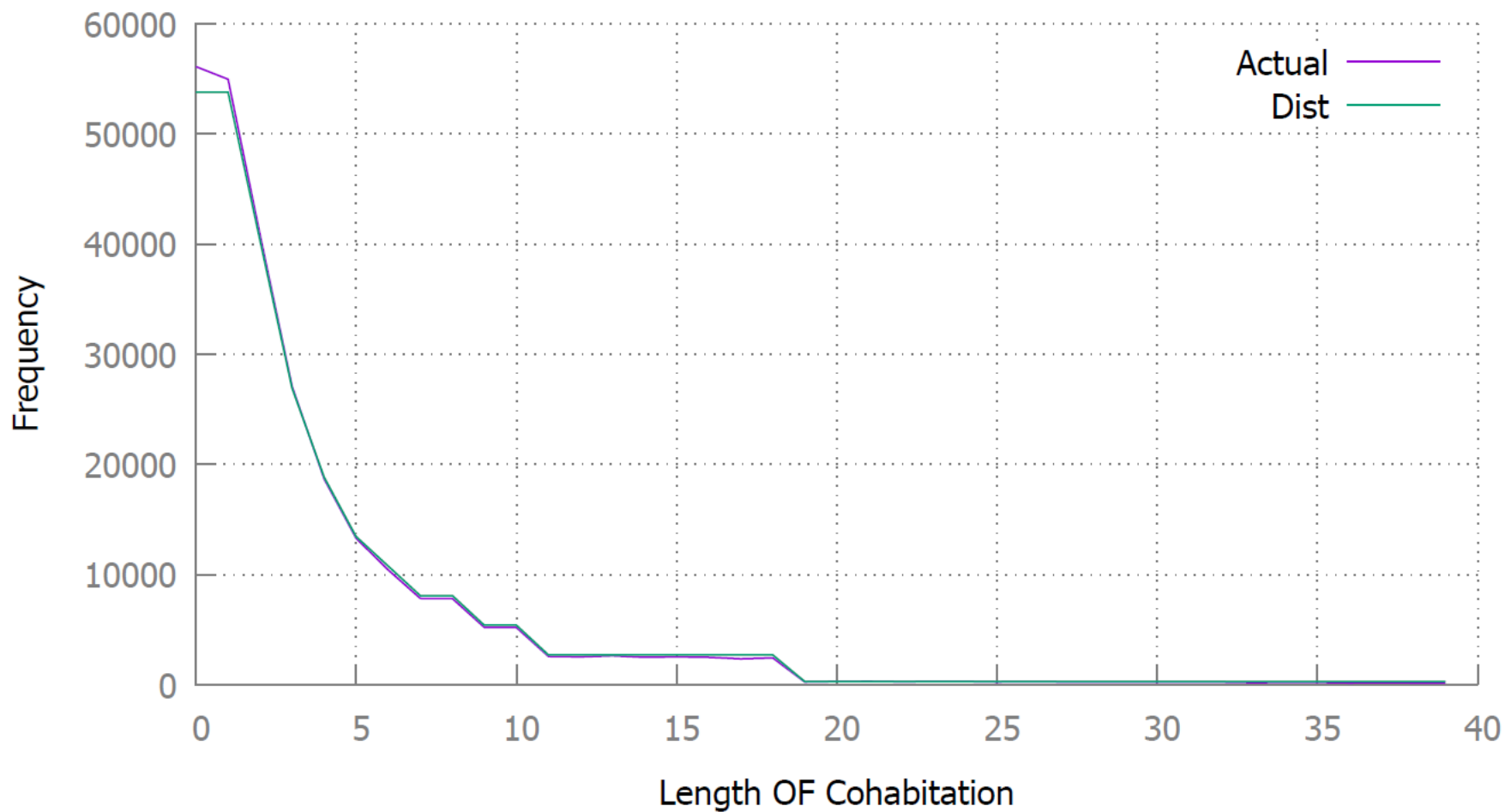
Males Females

Single

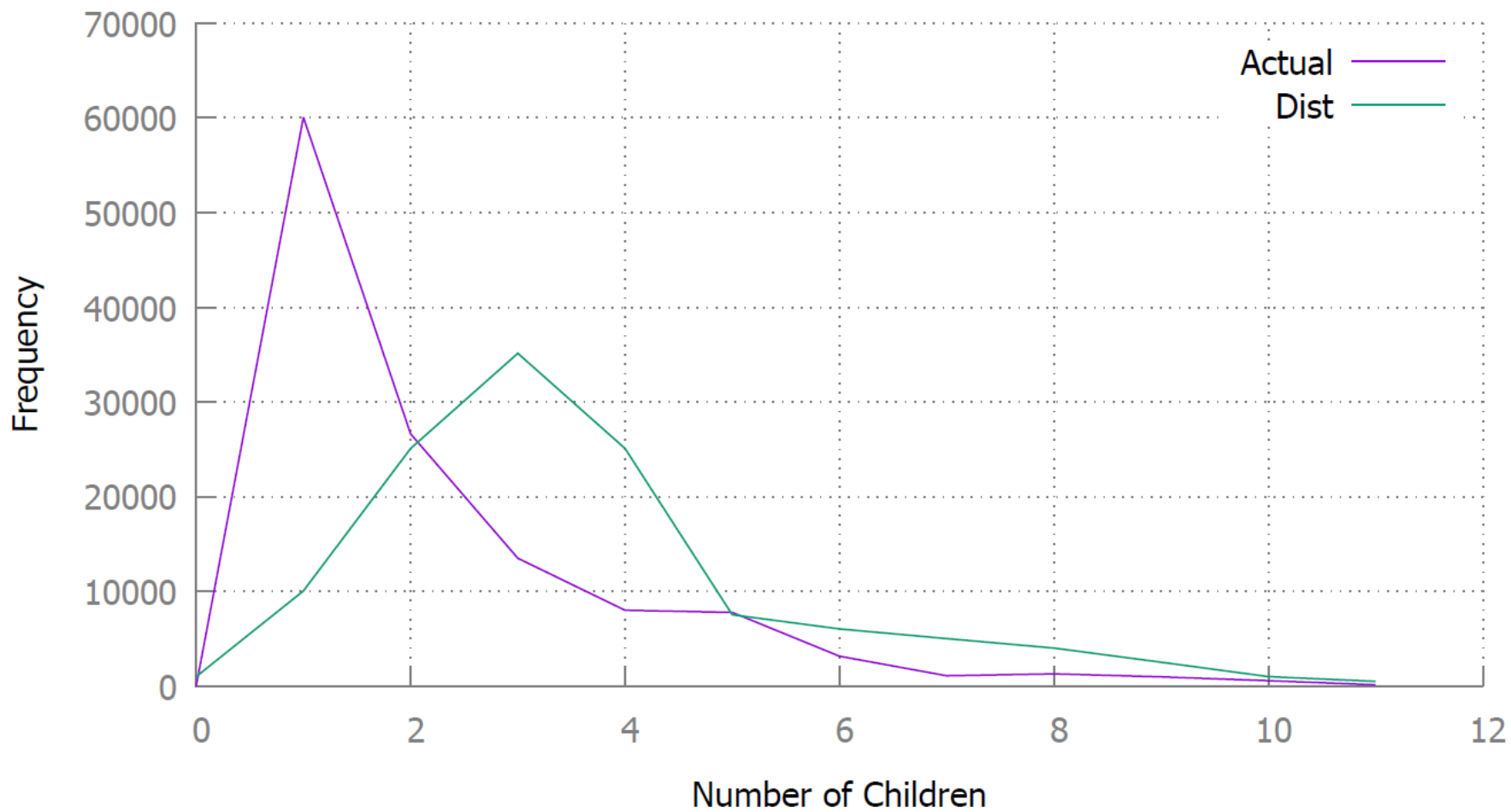
# OPM - Problems

- Clashing of inputs
- Lack of expression in the model
  - Extraordinary Events
  - Quantification of inputs
- Verifying the generated population matched the desired inputs

Length of Cohabitation Distribution - 1600 - end



Number of Children Distribution - Cohabitation - 1849 - end



# OPM - Problems

- Clashing of inputs
- Lack of expression in the model
  - Extraordinary Events
  - Quantification of inputs
- Verifying the generated population matched the desired inputs

# OPM - Problems

- Clashing of inputs
- Lack of expression in the model
  - Extraordinary Events
  - Quantification of inputs
- Verifying the generated population matches the desired inputs

# Verified Population Model

To produce a synthetic population

- A graph (tree structure) representing the true linkage of the population
- The event records for the population

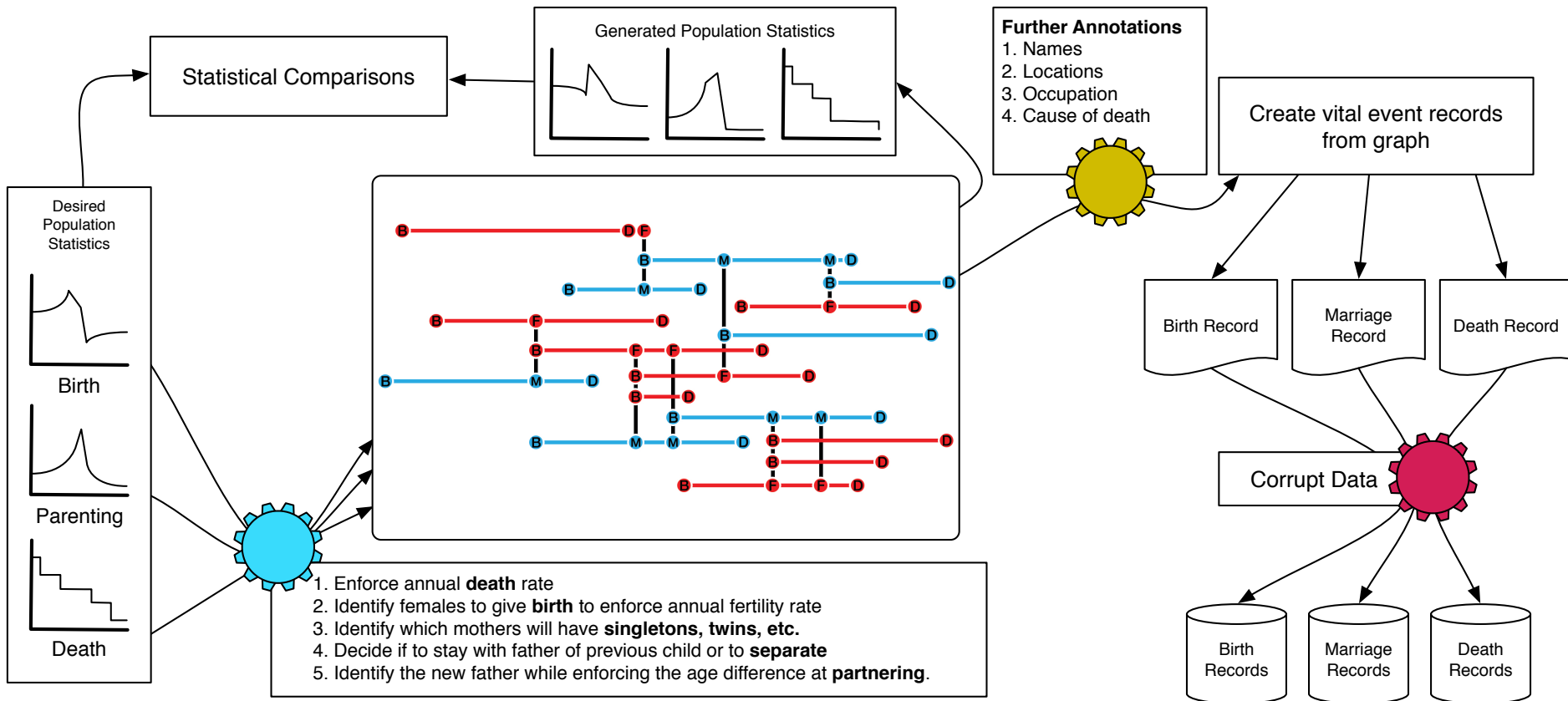
Based on a range of summative input statistics

- Ordered birth rates, death rates, parenting

Statistically verifiable

- against input statistics
- against secondary 'unseen' statistics
- ? 'Turing test'

# VPM – Overview





# VPM – Overview

- Inputs
- Integrity and Initialisation
- Simulation approach
  - Simulation
  - Self-correction
- Validation
  - Kaplan Meier
  - ANOVA

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# VPM – Inputs

Genealogical controlling inputs are variable over time

## Annotations

- female first name
- male first name
- surname
- occupation
- cause of death
- address

## Seed

- seed age for males
- seed age for females

## Birth

- children number of in cohab
- children number of in cohab then marriage
- children number of in marriage
- ordered birth rates
- children number of in pregnancy

## Partnering

- partnership characteristic
- partnership remarriage characteristic
- 
- marriage age for males
- marriage age for females
- 
- cohabitation age for males
- cohabitation age for females
- 
- cohabitation to marriage time
- cohabitation length

## Death

- death age at
- lifetable

## Separation

- divorce age for male
- divorce age for female
- 
- divorce instigated by gender
- divorce reason male
- divorce reason female
- 
- divorce remarriage boolean
- remarriage time to
- separation following number of children in partnership

## Genealogical complexity

- affair number of
- 
- affair number of children
- affair with single or married

# VPM – Inputs

- Life tables
  - Age at death
  - Sudden changes in death rate

YEAR	1630
POPULATION	SCOTLAND
SOURCE	ONS
VAR	DEATH
FORM	RATE
GENDER	M
DATA	
0	0.012996
1	0.000945
2	0.000572
3	0.000532
4	0.000403
5	0.00038
6	0.000345
7	0.000237
8	0.000323
9	0.000293
10	0.000248
11	0.00037
12	0.000324

...

81	0.138126
82	0.153255
83	0.170838
84	0.180342
85	0.197232
86	0.197111
87	0.223026
88	0.237387
89	0.237154
90	0.266047
91	0.293669
92	0.289936
93	0.267021
94	0.34
95	0.406818
96	0.415323
97	0.397727
98	0.371429
99	0.532258
100+	0.909091

# VPM – Inputs

- Ordered Birth Table
  - Fertility rate (TFR and ASFR)
  - Age of females at birth and partnering
  - Controls family size – paired with **separation**

YEAR	1980				
POPULATION	ENGWALES				
SOURCE	ONS				
VAR	BIRTH				
TYPE	ORDERED				
FORM	RATE				
LABELS	0	1	2	3	4+
DATA					
15	0.003	0	0	0	0
16	0.01067	0.00033	0	0	0
17-19	0.0386209	0.006538	0.0015411	0	0
20-24	0.069174	0.020412	0.018144	0.004536	0.001134
25-29	0.04008	0.02672	0.044088	0.016032	0.00668
30-34	0.011442424	0.010012121	0.030751515	0.012872727	0.005721212
35-39	0.0022	0.00308	0.00946	0.00462	0.00264
40-49	0.000264	0.000312	0.000864	0.000528	0.000432

# VPM - Inputs

- Multiple births in pregnancy
  - Twinning

YEAR	2013			
POPULATION	ENGWALES			
SOURCE	ONS			
VAR	MULTIPLE_BIRTH			
FORM	RATE			
LABELS	1	2	3	4
DATA				
15-19	0.994061	0.00587	0.000069	0
20-24	0.991185	0.008714	0.000101	0
25-29	0.987437	0.012378	0.00018	0.000005
30-34	0.982819	0.016912	0.000268	0
35-39	0.977418	0.022068	0.000495	0.000018
40-44	0.972353	0.027117	0.00053	0
45-49	0.906608	0.089022	0.004369	0

# VPM – Inputs

- Partnering
  - Age difference at partnering
  - Male age at partnering

POPULATION	ENGWALES							
SOURCE	ONS							
VAR	PARTNERING							
TYPE	FEMALE_AGES_ON_ROWS							
FORM	PROPORTIONS							
LABELS	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-100
DATA								
15-19	0.1868	0.5580	0.1784	0.0502	0.0173	0.0058	0.0021	0.0015
20-24	0.0211	0.4409	0.3663	0.1140	0.0373	0.0133	0.0045	0.0026
25-29	0.0048	0.1247	0.4497	0.2677	0.1026	0.0318	0.0118	0.0068
30-34	0.0030	0.0567	0.2149	0.3662	0.2124	0.0910	0.0366	0.0192
35-39	0.0024	0.0325	0.1214	0.2248	0.2983	0.1846	0.0841	0.0518
40-44	0.0016	0.0185	0.0749	0.1340	0.2111	0.2622	0.1745	0.1232
45-49	0.0004	0.0125	0.0600	0.1009	0.1459	0.1784	0.2459	0.2559

# VPM – Inputs

- Separation following number of children in partnership
  - Family size
  - A genealogy focused way of modelling separation

YEAR	1981
POPULATION	ENGWALES
SOURCE	ONS
VAR	SEPARATION
FORM	RATE
DATA	
1	0.003222
2	0.003425984
3	0.001090183
4	0.000281235
5+	7.27E-05



# VPM – Overview

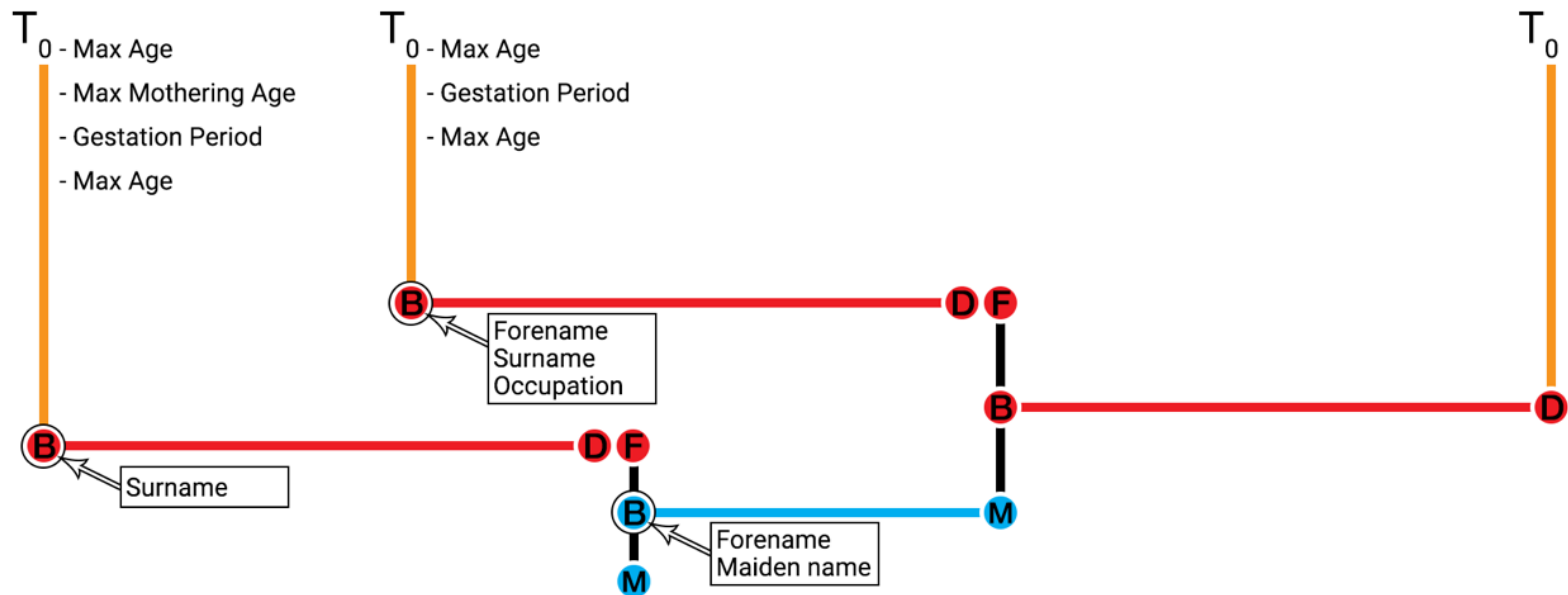
- Inputs
- Integrity and Initialisation
- Simulation approach
  - Simulation
  - Self-correction
- Validation
  - Kaplan Meier
  - ANOVA

# VPM – Integrity

How far back from our 'start date'?

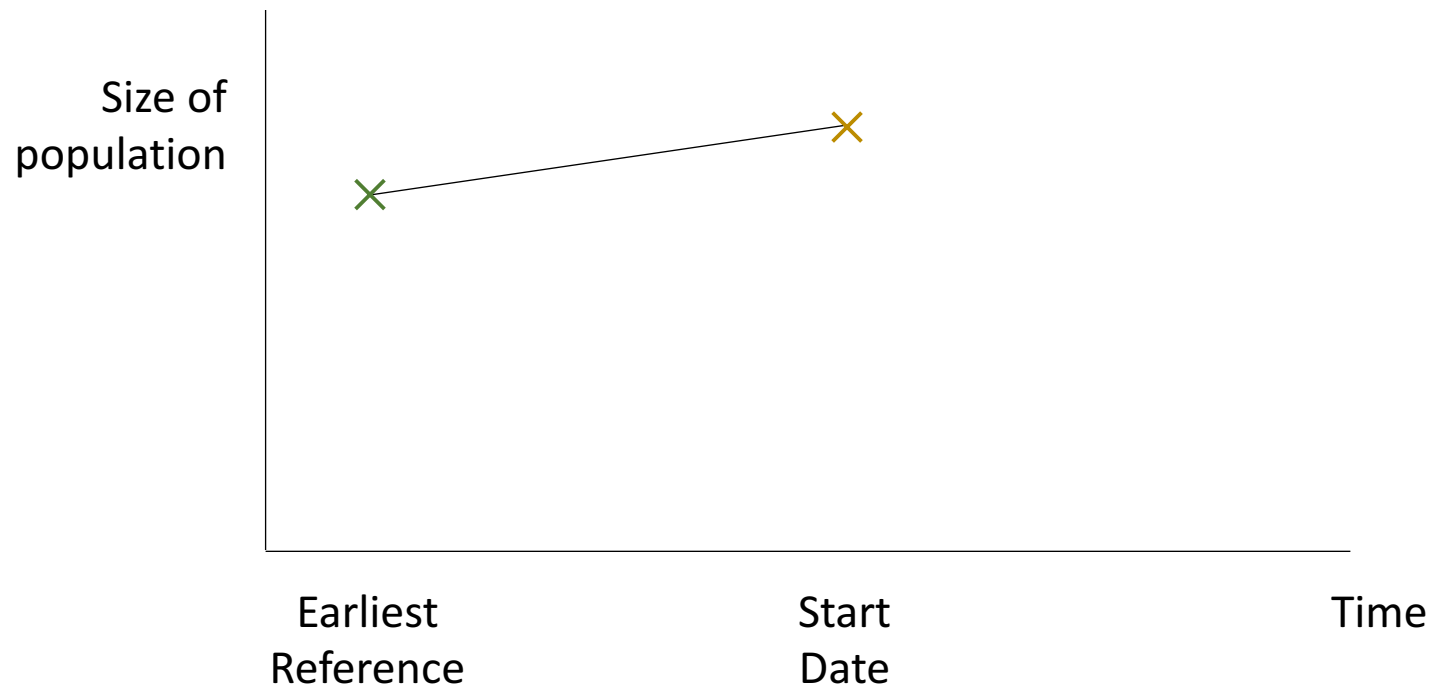
- Integrity
- Dependent on desired records

For a death certificate:

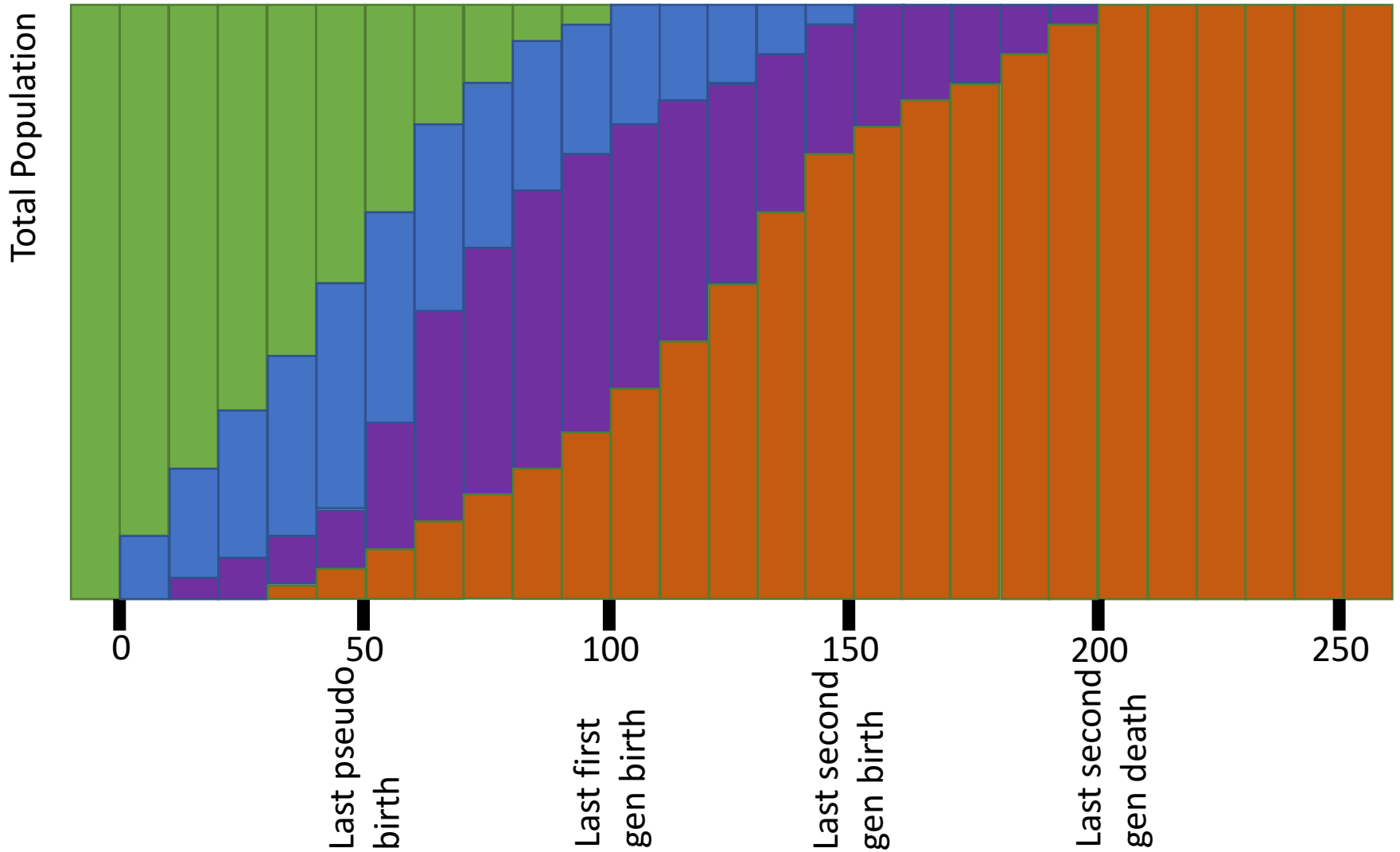


# VPM – Initialisation

- Information known
  - Start Date
  - Desired initial population size
  - Earliest reference
  - Pre-model BR and DR



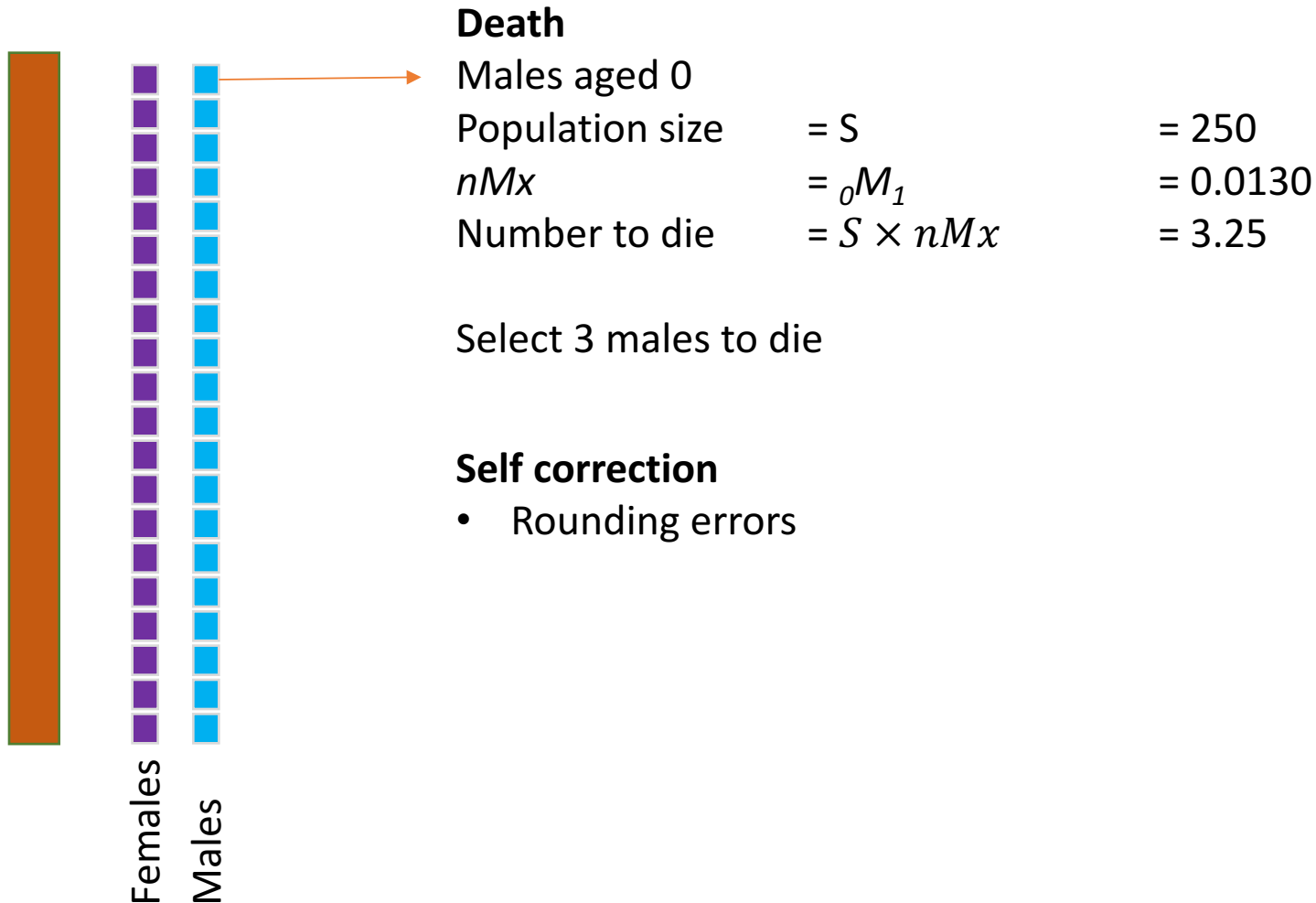
# VPM – Initialisation



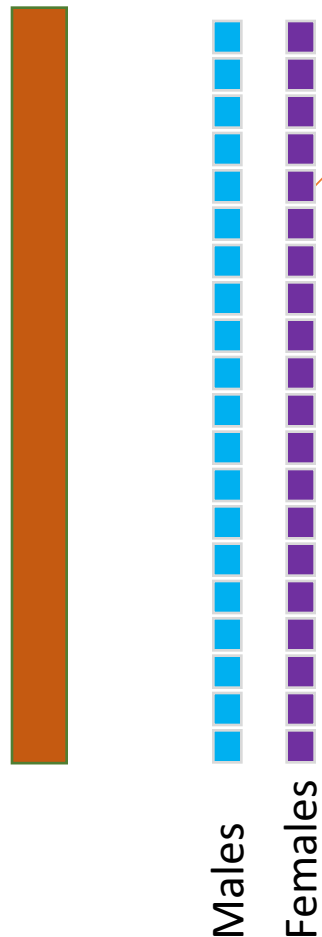
# VPM – Overview

- Inputs
- Integrity and Initialisation
- Simulation approach
  - Simulation
  - Self-correction
- Validation
  - Kaplan Meier
  - ANOVA

# VPM - Death



# VPM - Birth



## Birth

Females aged 20 with 2 children

Population size =  $S$  = 5000

$nMx$  =  ${}_{20(2)}M_1$  = 0.069

Number to birth =  $S \times nMx$  = 345

Select 345 females to give birth

## Separation

We have 345 females where they have had 2 children in a partnership

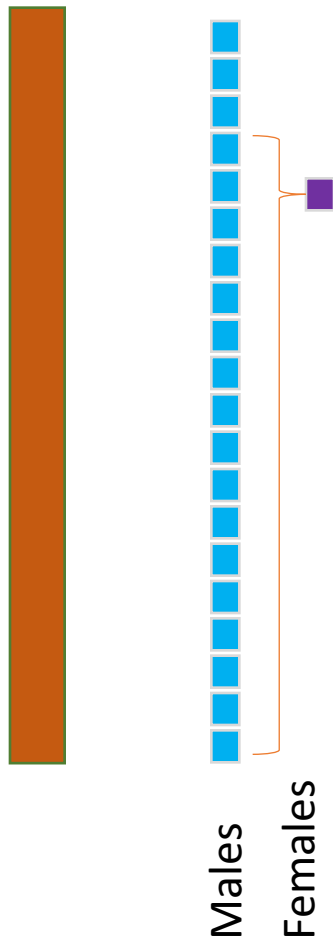
Population size =  $S$  = 345

$nMx$  =  ${}_{2c}M_{1c}$  = 0.0034

Number to sep. =  $S \times nMx$  = 1.173

Select 1 female to separate

# VPM - Partnering



## Partnering

We have 1 female selected to be a mother in need of a partner

We also have the females of other birth orders

- Total of 350 mothers

	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-100
20-24	0.021	0.441	0.366	0.114	0.037	0.013	0.004	0.003
Exact	7.388	154.321	128.194	39.888	13.068	4.666	1.562	0.913
Chosen	7	154	128	40	13	5	2	1

## Self correction

- Rounding errors
- Insufficient people



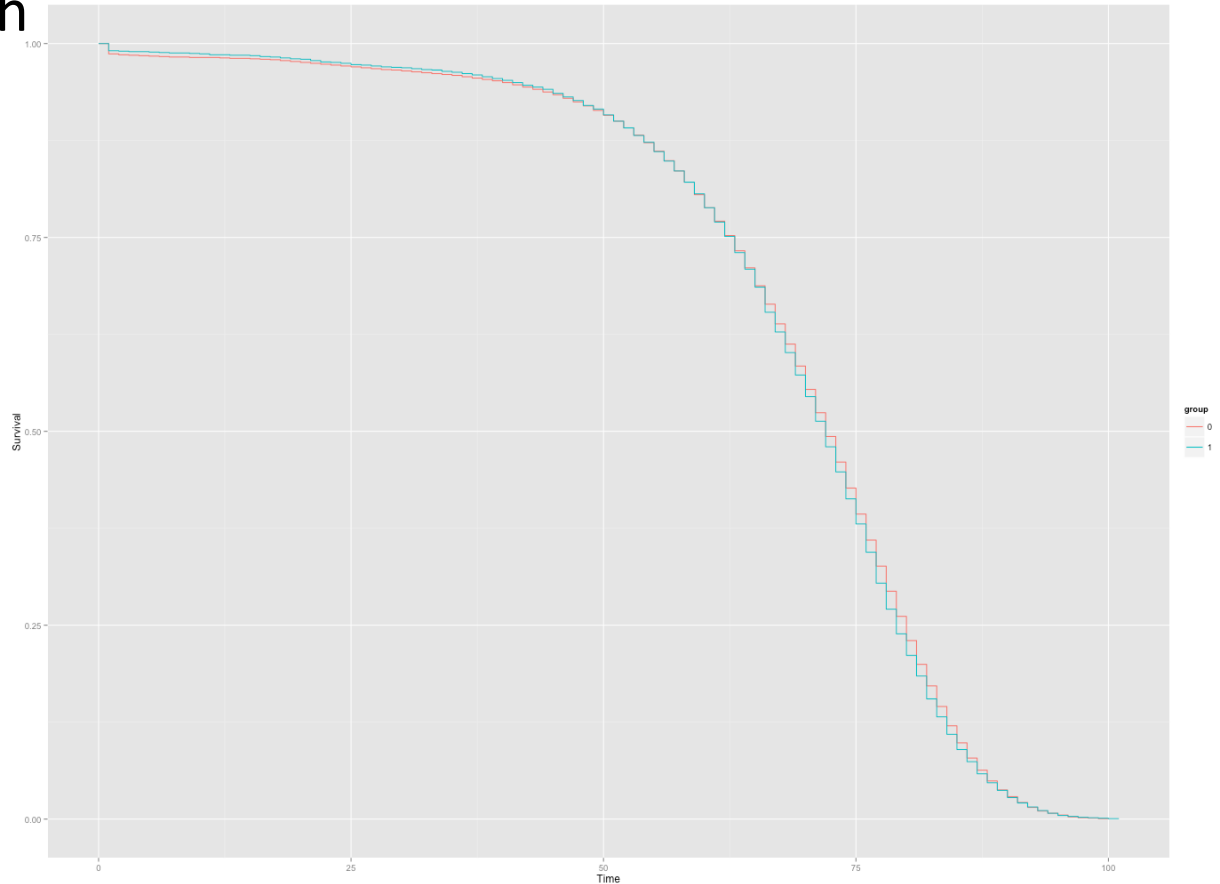
# VPM – Overview

- Inputs
- Integrity and Initialisation
- Simulation approach
  - Simulation
  - Self-correction
- **Validation**
  - Kaplan Meier
  - ANOVA

# VPM – Statistical Verification

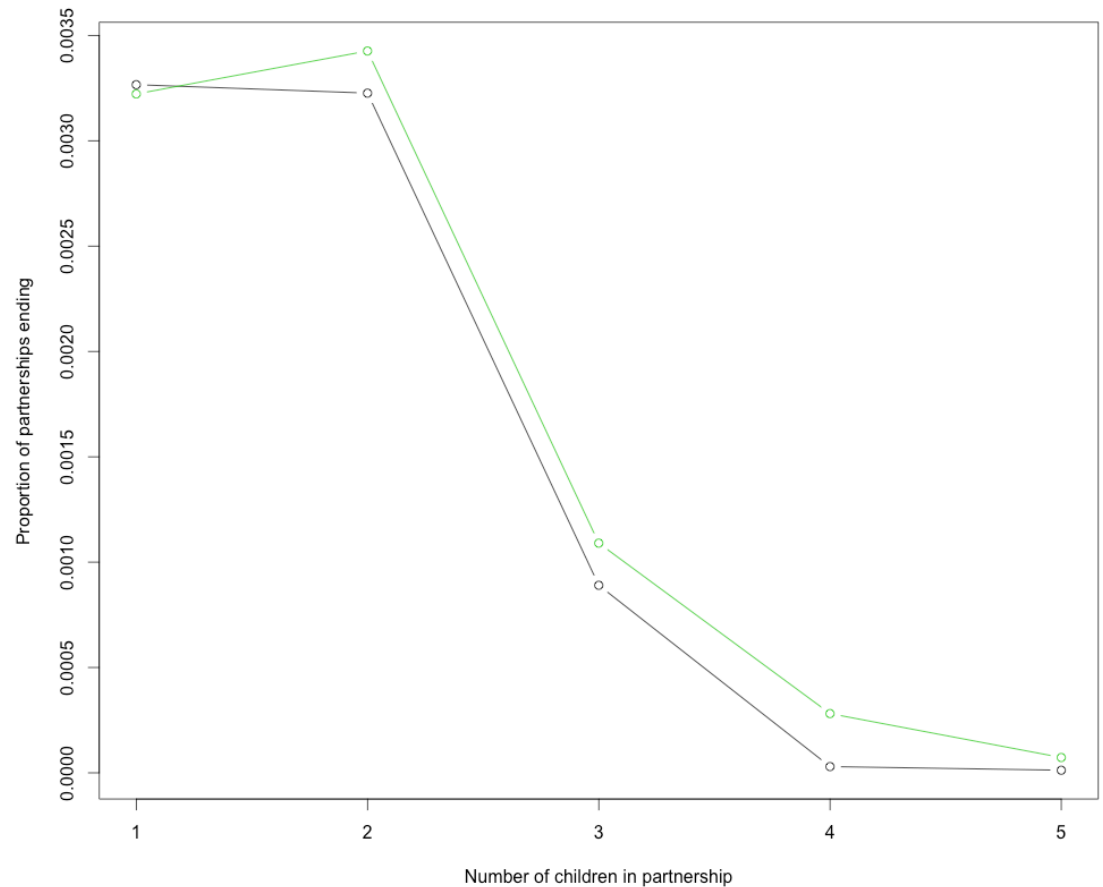
- Kaplan Meier Analysis

- Ordered birth
- Death
- Separation



# VPM – Statistical Verification

- ANOVA
  - Partnering
  - Multiple births



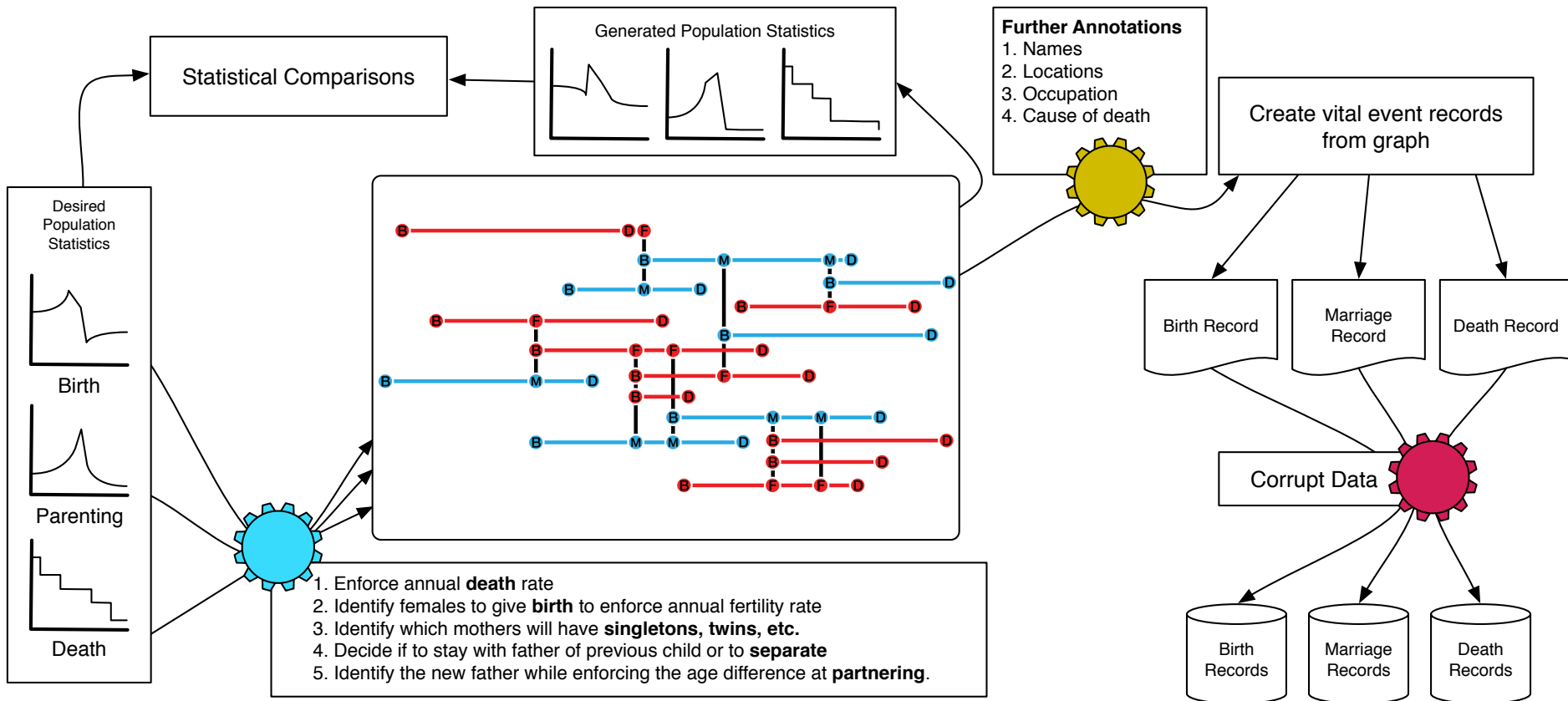
# VPM – Evaluation

- Infinite number of possible input combination
- How to test?
  - Characteristics
  - Input generation
  - Objective correctness measure
- Generalising to different domains

# VPM – Overview

- Inputs
- Integrity and Initialisation
- Simulation approach
  - Simulation
  - Self-correction
- Validation
  - Kaplan Meier
  - ANOVA

# VPM – Overview



# Future work and Other Uses

Creating synthetic data sets in privacy sensitive environments

- Data safe havens

Opportunities to explore supervised learning approaches to linkage based on synthetic population topologies

# Questions?

Tom Dalton – [tsd4@st-andrews.ac.uk](mailto:tsd4@st-andrews.ac.uk)