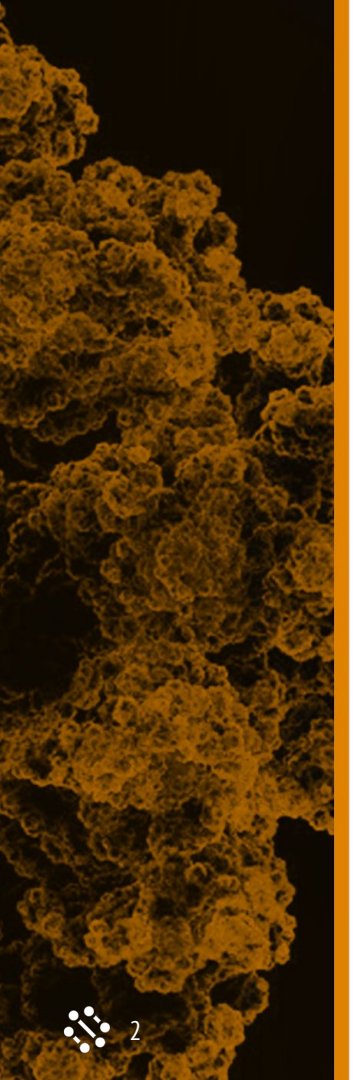
AUTOHOPTS

Hyperparameter Optimization

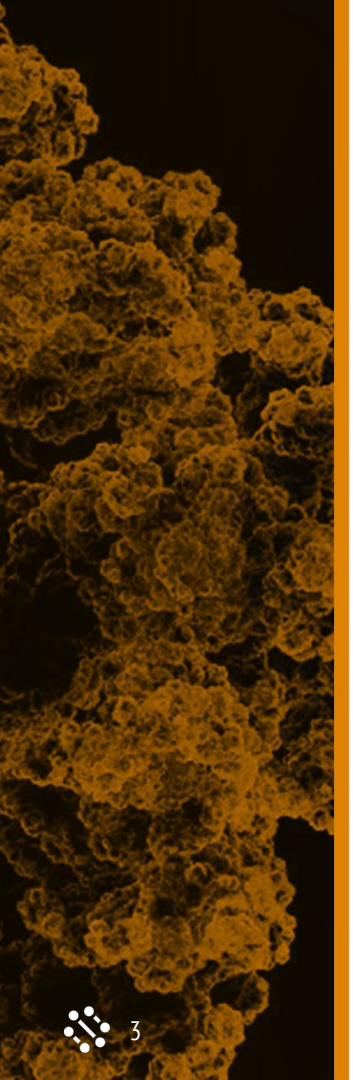
Developed by Rudresh Nitinku, Kristen Laird,
Daniel Belmes, James Michaud, and Ira Ceka



DeepCure

Using AI to discover highly effective small-molecule drug candidates

Analyzing a space of one trillion compounds and multiple hyperparameters in parallel



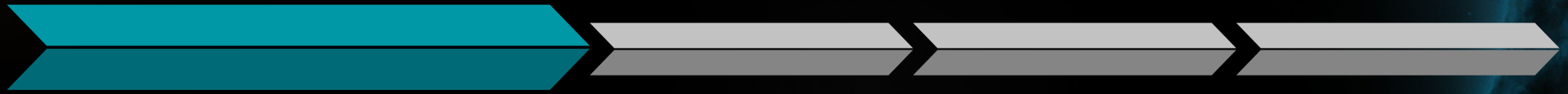
Problem

DeepCure trains and evaluates hundreds of machine learning models every day

Algorithms are run by command line, making it:

- Easy to make mistakes because there is minimal validation
- Hard to get new employees up to speed
- Inaccessible to employees without a strong machine-learning background

Project Scope



Start New Experiment

Configure search space and experiment setup. Send to scheduler to start training

Monitor Experiment

Has anything broken or failed?

Analyze Results

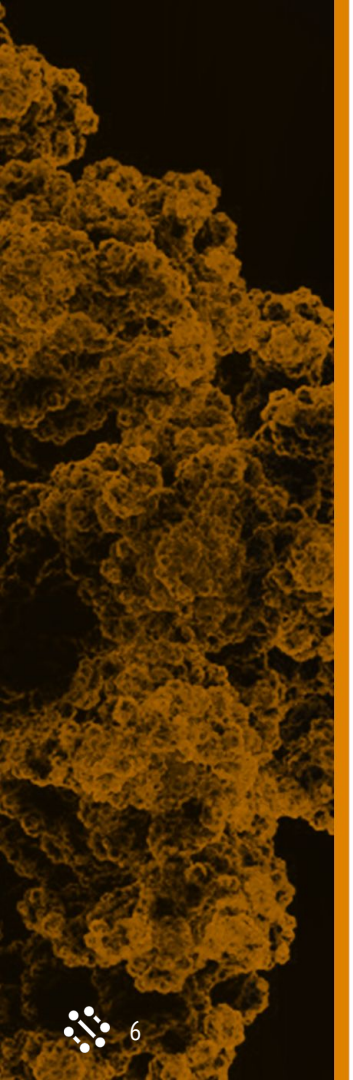
What models performed best? What should be considered next?

Investigate

Once there's a good drug candidate, investigate further

Goal

Minimize the overhead in problem solving and increase the speed of DeepCure's hypothesis testing cycle by making it easier to start an experiment



Target Users

- New employees with minimal ML experience
- Employees with some ML experience
- Advanced users with significant ML and DeepCure experience

Solution

Intuitive web app that lets DeepCure employees easily start a new experiment

- Accessible to users regardless of level of ML knowledge, with advanced options available for more advanced users
- Code must adapt to DeepCure's changing needs

Begin New Experiment

Submit

Experiment Name:
3rd cephalosporins

Path to Data:
C:/MoleculeSet

Answer Column:
delta_g

Worker Class:
Generic

Split Type:
train-test

Test Size:
1

Problem:
regression

Models:
classical

Flag File: optional
Upload

Model Configurations: optional
Upload

Models

Platform Flags

Search Space Resources

Problem Space Parameters

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Models

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Search Space Resources

Problem Space Parameters

Demo

Product Highlights

- Adaptive Interface
- Reusable Components
- Dynamically Generated Forms
- Input Validation

Adaptability

Default flags and models are maintained by DeepCure. Changes to these defaults are parsed automatically, ensuring all users start from the same baseline.

```
"n_neighbors": {
    "display_name": "Number of Neighbors",
    "lower": 3,
    "upper": 20,
    "quantization": 1,
```

Number of Neighbors:

Lower

3

Upper

20

Quantization

1

```
"n_neighbors": {
    "display_name": "Number of Nay-bohrs",
    "lower": 10,
    "upper": 200,
    "quantization": 10,
```

Number of Nay-bohrs:

Lower

10

Upper

200

Quantization

10

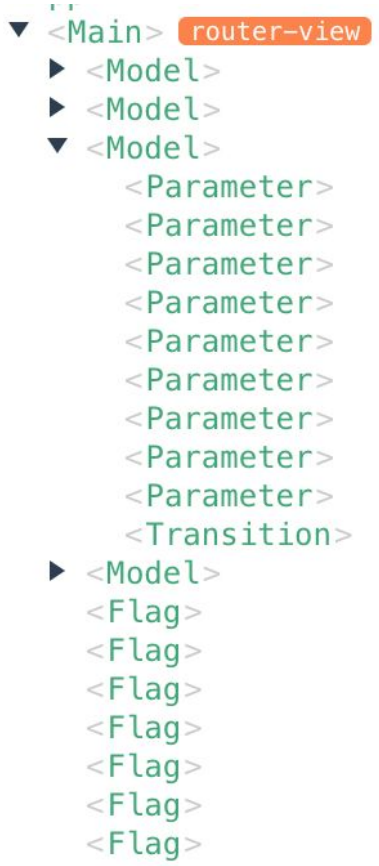
Reusable Components

Each Model contains multiple Parameter components, and each Model is a component.

Each Flag is a separate component.

Creating a component is like using an object constructor, allowing the same code to be reused in a for loop.

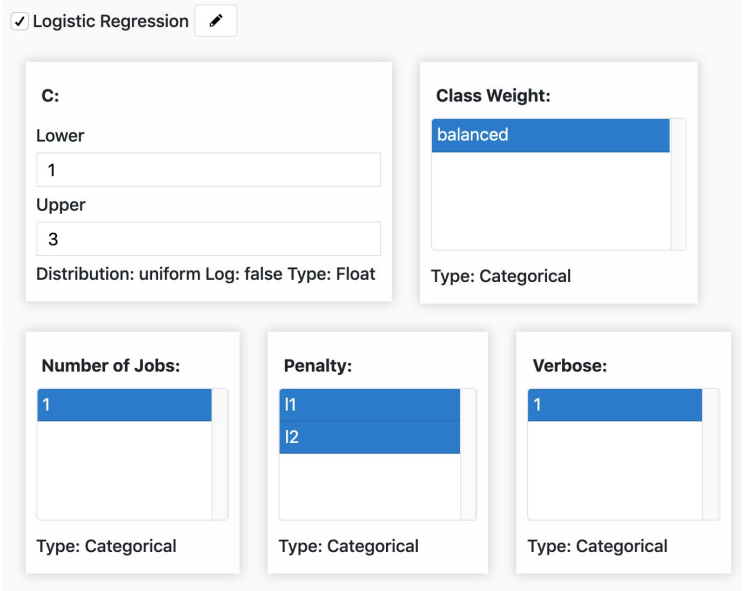
```
<div v-for="(param_value, param_name) in model_params">
  <Parameter :param_name="param_name"
             :param_value="param_value"
             :lower.sync="param_value.lower"
             :upper.sync="param_value.upper"
             :quantization.sync="param_value.quantization"
             :selected.sync="param_value.selected"
             :error_count.sync="param_value.error_count"
             class="content"
             ></Parameter>
</div>
```



Dynamically Generated Content

Input cards are created based on the object they represent. Card type is dynamically chosen based on input type.

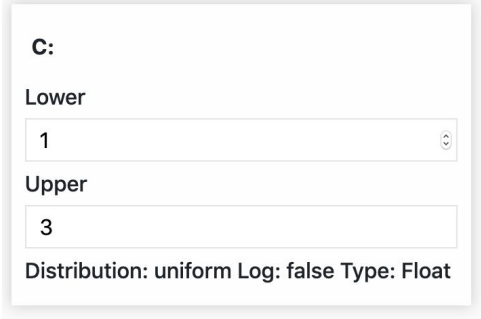
```
"logistic_reg": {
    "display_name": "Logistic Regression",
    "parameters": {
        "penalty": {"display_name": "Penalty"...},
        "C": {"display_name": "C"...},
        "class_weight": {"display_name": "Class Weight"...},
        "verbose": {"display_name": "Verbose"...},
        "n_jobs": {"display_name": "Number of Jobs"...}
    },
```



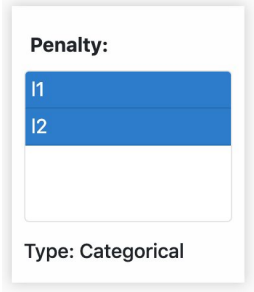
Dynamically Generated Content

Input cards are created based on the object they represent. Card type is dynamically chosen based on input type.

```
"C": {
    "display_name": "C",
    "type": "Float",
    "lower": 1,
    "lower_min": 0,
    "lower_max": 1000,
    "upper": 3,
    "upper_min": 50,
    "upper_max": 1000,
    "quantization": null,
```



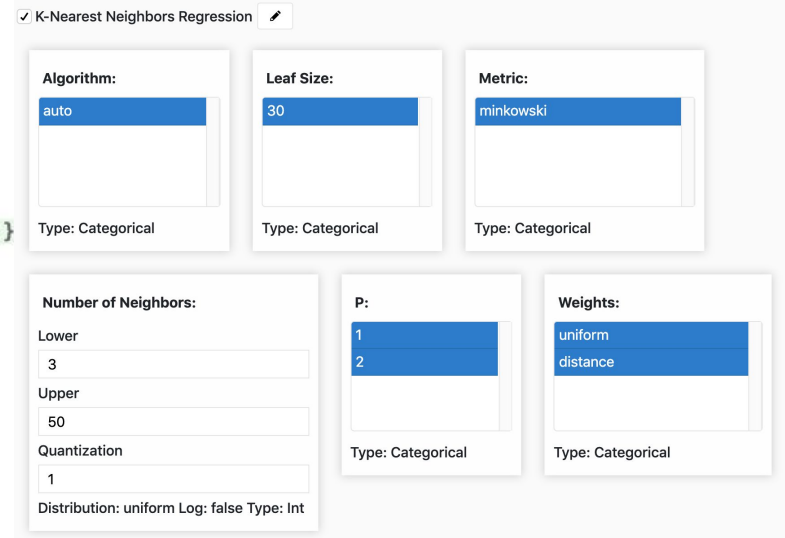

```
"penalty": {
    "display_name": "Penalty",
    "type": "Categorical",
    "selected": [...],
    "sequence": [...],
    "error_count": 0
},
```



Dynamically Generated Content

Input cards are created based on the object they represent. Card type is dynamically chosen based on input type.

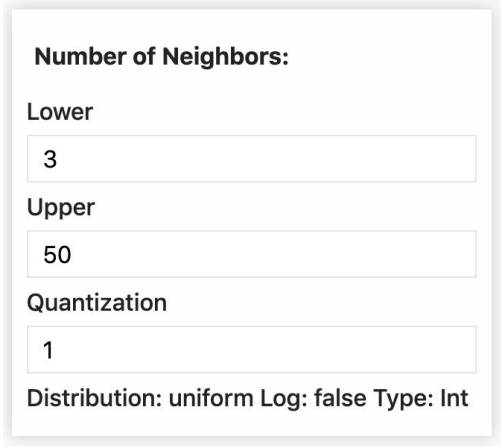
```
"knn_reg": {
    "display_name": "K-Nearest Neighbors Regression",
    "parameters": {
        "n_neighbors": {"display_name": "Number of Neighbors"...}
        "weights": {"display_name": "Weights"...},
        "algorithm": {"display_name": "Algorithm"...},
        "leaf_size": {"display_name": "Leaf Size"...},
        "p": {"display_name": "P"...},
        "metric": {"display_name": "Metric"...}
    },
     },
```



Dynamically Generated Content

Input cards are created based on the object they represent. Card type is dynamically chosen based on input type.

```
"n_neighbors": {
    "display_name": "Number of Neighbors",
    "type": "Int",
    "lower": 3,
    "lower_min": 0,
    "lower_max": 50,
    "upper": 50,
    "upper_min": 50,
    "upper_max": 1000,
    "quantization": 1,
```



Input Validation

Input validation reflects values contained in the default options file.

```
"n_neighbors": {
    "display_name": "Number of Neighbors",
    "type": "Int",
    "lower": 3,
    "lower_min": 0,
    "lower_max": 50,
    "upper": 50,
    "upper_min": 50,
    "upper_max": 1000,
```

Number of Neighbors:

Lower

51

Lower must be less than 50

Upper

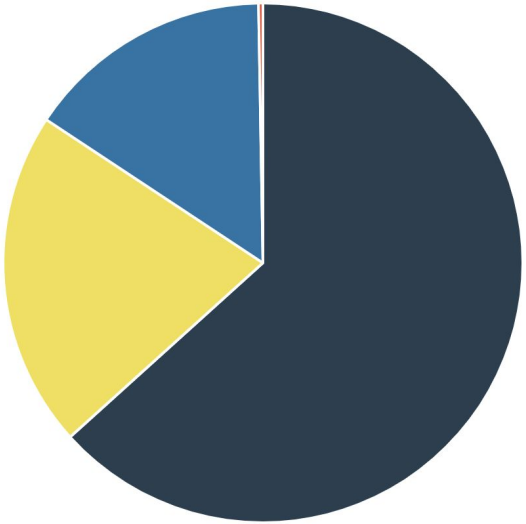
49

Upper must be greater than 50

Software and Tools

Programming languages used in this repository

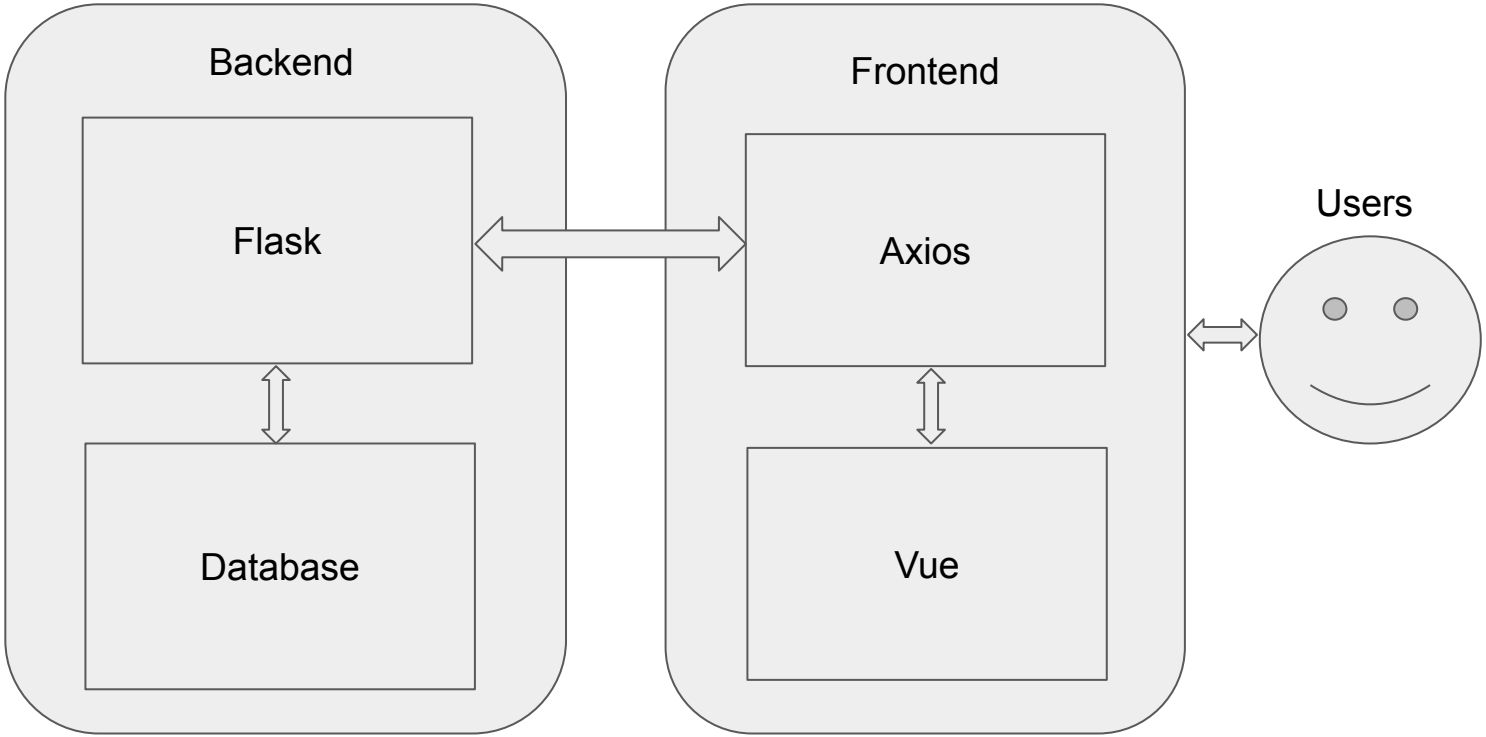
Vue	63.31 %
JavaScript	20.99 %
Python	15.43 %
HTML	0.27 %



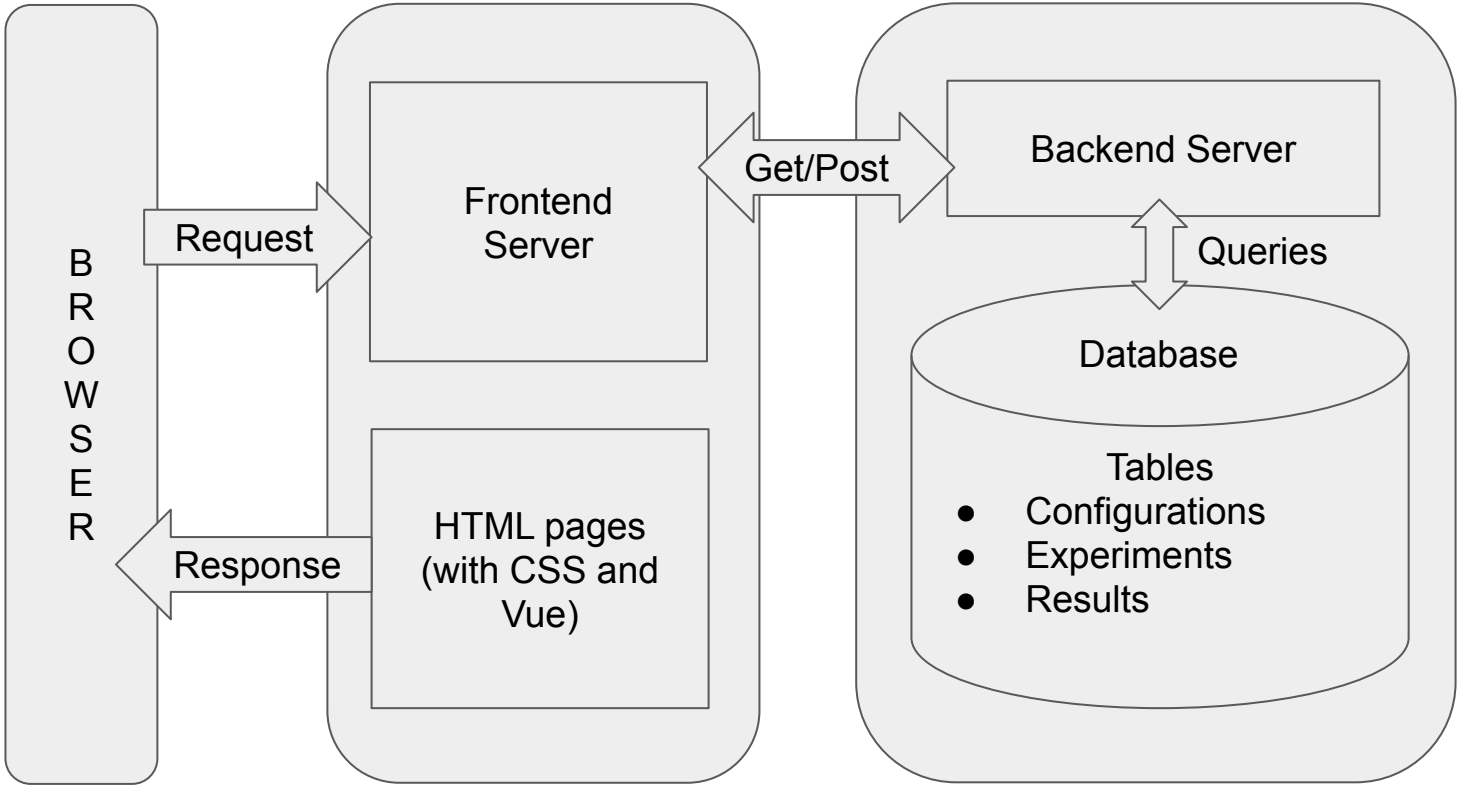
Discussion 21 | Commits 16 | Changes 5 | Show all activity | 9/10 discussions resolved

Ira Ceka @ira.ceka changed milestone to %Minimal Viable Backend Alpha Version 16 hours ago

System Architecture



Application Workflow



Next Steps

- **Documentation** for project handoff

- DeepCure **integration**
  - Use real data
  - Submission, their monitoring, analyzing experiments

- **Backlog** for features for future development

What We Learned

- **Development**
  - Confidence as software engineers, optimality: testable code vs. beautiful prototype (but deadlines!); branch structure
- **Organization**
  - Regular meetings, solid notes, timeline tags for feature implementations
- **Communication**
  - Team-client communication: clarification
  - Member-member: getting stuck & falling behind; open and collaborative on implementing issues
- **Teamwork**
  - Open and collaborative on implementing issues; all the difference passionate and serious about project
- ***Have fun!***

Thank you Thras,
Manu, Alex,

& Professor Pomplun
and the VDC!