R Programming Practice Questions

Conditional Probability, Data Visualization, and Statistical Analysis

Instructions: Complete all questions by writing R code. Show your work and include comments explaining your approach.

Part 1: Conditional Probability with Data Frames and Tables

Question 1: Survey Data Analysis

Create a data frame with the following survey data about 50 students:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: StudentID, Gender, Subject, GradeLevel

- Include 25 males and 25 females
- Subjects: Math, Science, Arts (distribute as you think appropriate)
- Grade levels: HighSchool, College b) Convert it to a contingency table showing Gender vs Subject using (table()) c) Use (prop.table()) to calculate conditional probability P(Math | Male) d) Calculate the conditional probability P(Female | Science) e) Find P(Arts | GradeLevel = College)

Question 2: Medical Testing Scenario

Create a data frame representing medical test results for 100 patients:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: PatientID, Disease (Present/Absent), TestResult (Positive/Negative)

- Include 20 patients with disease present, 80 without disease
- Among those with disease: 18 test positive, 2 test negative
- Among those without disease: 8 test positive, 72 test negative b) Create a contingency table for
 Disease vs TestResult c) Use (prop.table()) to calculate the sensitivity P(Positive Test | Disease
 Present) d) Calculate the specificity P(Negative Test | Disease Absent) e) Find the positive
 predictive value P(Disease Present | Positive Test)

Question 3: Customer Purchase Behavior

Create a data frame with purchase data for 60 customers:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: CustomerID, AgeGroup (Young/Middle/Senior), PurchaseCategory (Electronics/Clothing/Books)

- Include 20 customers in each age group
- Distribute purchases across categories as you think realistic b) Make a contingency table for AgeGroup vs PurchaseCategory c) Calculate P(Electronics | Young) using prop.table() d) Find P(Young | Electronics) e) Compare purchase patterns across age groups using proportions

Part 2: Data Visualization

Question 4: Sales Performance Analysis

Create a dataset with sales data for 3 sales representatives over 4 quarters:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: Rep (Alice, Bob, Carol), Quarter (Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4), Sales

- Manually enter realistic sales figures for each rep per quarter
- Make Alice the top performer, Bob moderate, Carol improving over time b) Make a bar plot showing total sales by representative using barplot()) c) Create a bar plot showing quarterly sales for each rep d) Add appropriate titles, labels, and colors to your plots e) Make a horizontal bar plot of average quarterly sales by rep

Question 5: Student Grade Distribution

Create grade data for 30 students in 3 subjects:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: StudentID, Subject (Math/Science/English), Grade

- Manually enter grades (60-100) for each student in each subject
- Make Math grades slightly lower on average, Science moderate, English higher b) Make
 histograms for each subject's grade distribution using (hist()) c) Create box plots comparing grade
 distributions across subjects using (boxplot()) d) Make a bar plot showing average grades by
 subject e) Add proper titles, labels, and colors to all visualizations

Question 6: Temperature Data Analysis

Create temperature data for 4 seasons with 10 days each:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: Day, Season (Spring/Summer/Fall/Winter), Temperature

• Enter realistic temperatures: Spring (60-75°F), Summer (75-90°F), Fall (50-70°F), Winter (30-50°F) b) Create histograms for temperature in each season c) Make box plots showing temperature distribution by season d) Create a bar plot showing average temperature by season e) Use different colors for each season and add proper labels

Part 3: Integration Challenges

Question 7: Store Sales Analysis

Create sales data for a small store with 3 product categories over 6 months:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with columns: Month, Product (Electronics/Clothing/Books), Sales, Customers

Enter data for 6 months, 3 products each month (18 rows total) b) Calculate conditional probabilities: P(High Sales | Electronics), P(Electronics | Month = January) c) Create bar plots comparing sales by product and by month d) Make box plots showing sales distribution by product category e) Write a brief interpretation of your findings

Question 8: Survey Data Integration

Combine conditional probability and visualization for a customer satisfaction survey:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with 40 respondents: Age (Young/Old), Product (A/B), Satisfaction (High/Low)

• Distribute data to show some interesting patterns b) Calculate P(High Satisfaction | Product A), P(Product A | Young) c) Create contingency tables and use prop.table() for analysis d) Make bar plots and box plots to visualize relationships e) Summarize your findings about customer satisfaction patterns

Part 4: Final Challenge

Question 9: Complete Data Analysis Project

Create a comprehensive dataset and analysis:

Tasks: a) Create a data frame with student performance data (30 students, 2 subjects, with gender and study method) b) Perform conditional probability analysis using (table()) and (prop.table()) c) Create multiple types of visualizations (bar plots, histograms, box plots) d) Calculate and interpret at least 3 different conditional probabilities e) Write a summary of your findings with supporting visualizations

Deliverables:

- Complete R script with all code and comments
- Brief written interpretation of results
- All plots should have proper titles, labels, and colors

Submission Guidelines

- 1. Code Quality: Include comments explaining your logic
- 2. **Manual Data Entry:** Create all data manually using (c()) and (data.frame())
- 3. Visualization: Ensure all plots have proper titles, labels, and legends
- 4. Analysis: Provide brief interpretations of your conditional probability findings
- 5. Format: Submit as R script files (.R) with clear section headers

Key Functions to Use

- (data.frame()) Create data frames
- (c()) Create vectors
- (table()) Create contingency tables
- (prop.table()) Calculate proportions
- (barplot()) Create bar plots
- (hist()) Create histograms
- (boxplot()) Create box plots

Grading Criteria

- Correctness (40%): Code runs without errors and produces expected results
- Completeness (25%): All parts of each question attempted
- Code Style (15%): Clean, well-commented, readable code
- Visualization Quality (20%): Professional-looking plots with proper formatting

Due Date: [Insert your due date] Total Points: 100 points