Mr. Neat
Java

- so far we have:
 - used lots of methods that others have written
 - written void methods that take no input parameters
- now we are going to write void methods with input parameters

Let's say we want to output the lyrics to "Let it Go" a specific number of times.

```
System.out.println("The snow glows white ");
System.out.println("on the mountain tonight ");
System.out.println("Not a footprint to be seen ");
```

Let's do it!

cntrl C, cntrl V cntrl C, cntrl V cntrl C, cntrl V

Any time you find yourself copying and pasting when writing code, there has to be a better way...

Define the method writeSong(int num) method name public static void writeSong(int num) integer doesn't return input created in the same anything can be used narameter class as main() outside of the file created

```
Define the method writeSong(int num)
   public static void writeSong(int num)
      int c = 0;
      while(c < num)
          System.out.print("The snow glows white ");
          System.out.print("on the mountain tonight ");
          System.out.println("Not a footprint to be seen ");
          c = c + 1:
```

Use the method writeSong()

```
public static void main(String args[])
{
  writeSong(5);
}
// this code will output the lyrics to
// "Let it Go" 5 times
```

What if you call the method multiple times?

```
public static void main(String args[])
{
  writeSong(3);
  writeSong(20);
  writeSong(11);
}
// this code will write the lyrics out 34 times!
```

Why is this good?

You could SELL your writeSong(int num) method to someone that wanted the "Let it Go" lyrics printed a specific number of times.

The code is packaged!

Next Lab...

- make a method in your starter class that allows the user to choose the number of boxes that appear on the screen.
- the header for the method should be: public static void makeBoxes(int nb)
 - test it!