## Illustration of illustration

## **Question 8[6 Points]**

Illustrate QuickSelect(A, 8) where  $A = \{9, 3, 5, 1, 4, 2, 7, 6, 8, 10, 11\}$ . Please use "median of the three" to pick your pivot and show details as in your class notes. (otherwise, no credit).

k = 8.

First = A[0] = 9, last = A[10] = 11, middle value = A[(0 + 10)/2] = A[5] = 2.

So the median of three values  $\{9, 11, 2\}$  is 9. Hence the pivot = 9.

Swap pivot and last

Since  $|L| = 8 \le k$ . k remains as 8.

Recursive call QuickSelect(L, 8).

 $8 \quad 3 \quad 5 \quad 1 \quad 4 \quad 2 \quad 7 \quad 6$ 

First = A[0] = 8, last = A[7] = 6, middle value = A[(0 + 7)/2] = A[3] = 1. So the median of three values  $\{8, 6, 1\}$  is 6. Hence the pivot = 6.

Swap pivot and last

4 2 7 8 3 5 1 6 j <- j //move I and j i //swap A[i], A[j] 2 3 5 1 4 8 7 6 2 5 4 8 6 3 1 7 //i++, j i j 2 3 5 1 4 8 7 6 //move I and j j 1 1 4][6][7 //swap A[i], pivot [2 3 5 8]

|L| = 5. |E| = 1. |G| = 2. Since |L| + |E| = 6 < k = 8, the k value changes to

$$k - (|L| + |E|) = 8 - 6 = 2.$$

Recursive call QuickSelect(G, 2).

7 8

First = A[7] = 7, last = A[8] = 8, middle value = A[(7 + 8)/2] = A[7] = 7. So the median of three values  $\{7, 8, 7\}$  is 7. Hence the pivot = 7.

Swap pivot and last

8 7

IJ //move I and j.

J←

[7][8] //swap A[i], pivot

|L| = 0. |E| = 1. |G| = 1.

Since |L|+|E| = 1 < k = 2, the k value changes to

$$k - (|L| + |E|) = 2 - 1 = 1.$$

Recursive call QuickSelect(G, 1) returns 8 since G has only one item.