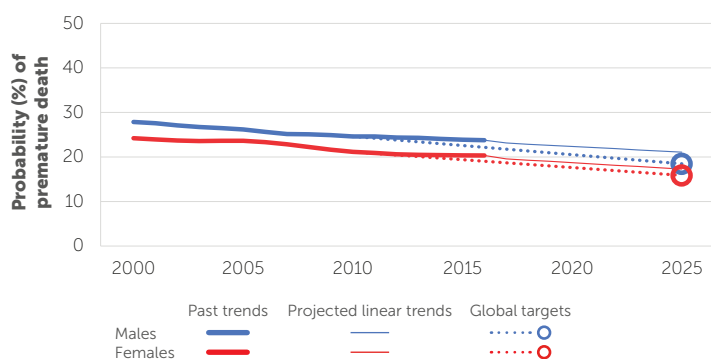


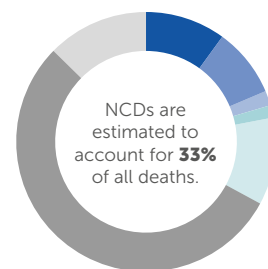
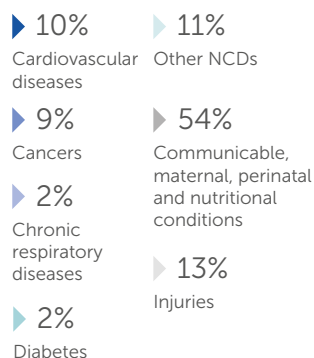
# UGANDA

2016 TOTAL POPULATION: 41 488 000  
2016 TOTAL DEATHS: 297 000












## RISK OF PREMATURE DEATH DUE TO NCDs (%)\*



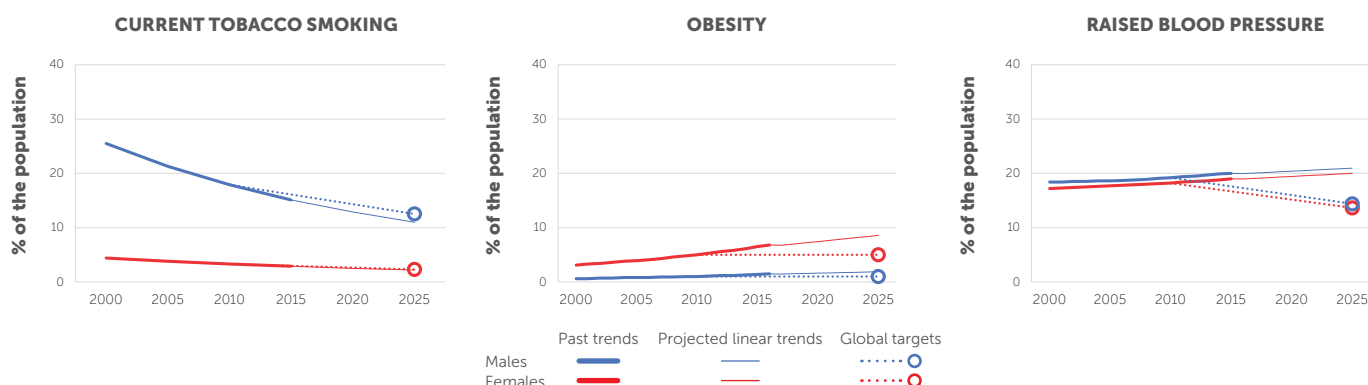
## PROPORTIONAL MORTALITY\*



5 800 LIVES CAN BE SAVED BY 2025 BY IMPLEMENTING ALL OF THE WHO "BEST BUYS"

NATIONAL TARGET SET			DATA YEAR	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL	
MORTALITY*							
	Premature mortality from NCDs	X	Total NCD deaths	2016	49 700	47 800	97 600
			Risk of premature death between 30-70 years (%)	2016	24	20	22
	Suicide mortality	-	Suicide mortality rate (per 100 000 population)	2016	-	-	10
RISK FACTORS							
	Harmful use of alcohol	X	Total alcohol per capita consumption, adults aged 15+ (litres of pure alcohol)	2016	16	3	9
	Physical inactivity	X	Physical inactivity, adults aged 18+ (%)	2016	5	6	5
	Salt/Sodium intake	X	Mean population salt intake, adults aged 20+ (g/day)	2010	6	5	5
	Tobacco use	X	Current tobacco smoking, adults aged 15+ (%)	2016	15	3	9
	Raised blood pressure	X	Raised blood pressure, adults aged 18+ (%)	2015	20	19	20
	Diabetes	X	Raised blood glucose, adults aged 18+ (%)	2014	3	3	3
	Obesity	X	Obesity, adults aged 18+ (%)	2016	2	7	4
			Obesity, adolescents aged 10-19 (%)	2016	0	2	1
	Ambient air pollution	-	Exceedance of WHO guidelines level for annual PM2.5 concentration (by a multiple of)	2016	-	-	5
	Household air pollution	-	Population with primary reliance on polluting fuels and technologies (%)	2016	-	-	>95

## SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS



## NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONSE

	Drug therapy to prevent heart attacks and strokes	X	Proportion of population at high risk for CVD or with existing CVD (%)	2014	11
			Proportion of high risk persons receiving any drug therapy and counselling to prevent heart attacks and strokes (%)	2014	14
			Proportion of primary health care centres reported as offering CVD risk stratification	2017	Less than 25%
			Reported having CVD guidelines that are utilized in at least 50% of health facilities	2017	Yes
	Essential NCD medicines and basic technologies to treat major NCDs	X	Number of essential NCD medicines reported as "generally available"	2017	5 out of 10
			Number of essential NCD technologies reported as "generally available"	2017	4 out of 6

\* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes)