## BURUNDI

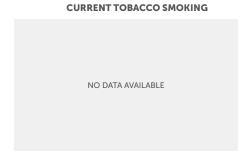


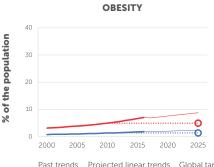
## **SELECTED ADULT RISK FACTOR TRENDS**

Ambient air pollution

Household air pollution

Obesity





Obesity, adults aged 18+ (%)

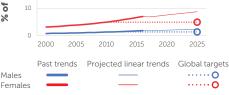
Obesity, adolescents aged 10-19 (%)

concentration (by a multiple of)

technologies (%)

Exceedance of WHO guidelines level for annual PM2.5

Population with primary reliance on polluting fuels and



## **RAISED BLOOD PRESSURE**

7

2

4

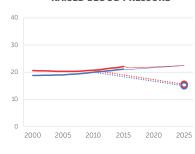
1

4

>95

2

1



## NATIONAL SYSTEMS RESPONS



**Essential NCD medicines** and basic technologies to treat major NCDs

Proportion of population at high risk for CVD or with existing CVD (%)

Proportion of high risk persons receiving any drug therapy and counselling to prevent heart attacks and strokes (%) Proportion of primary health care centres reported as offering CVD risk stratification

Reported having CVD guidelines that are utilized in at least 50% of health facilities Number of essential NCD medicines reported as generally available Number of essential NCD technologies reported as

2016

2016

2016

2016

of the population

2017 None No response

2017 2017 4 out of 10

4 out of 6

â

2017

<sup>=</sup> no data available