

HOMEWORK 1

1. Design a transducer using PZT-5H with a center frequency of 8 MHz (40 %)
 - (a) What should the thickness of the PZT-5H layer be?
 - (b) To insert a single impedance matching, find its characteristic impedance for liver imaging (ignore sound propagation in skin and fat).
 - (c) Assuming the propagation speed of sound waves in the matching layer is 2500 m/s, what is the thickness of the matching layer.
 - (d) Prove that the energy transmission from the PZT-5H to the liver is improved by the matching layer. (Hint: intensity transmission coefficient = $\frac{4Z_1Z_2}{(Z_1 + Z_2)^2}$)

	PZT-5H	Liver
Impedance (Mrayls)	30	1.65
Sound Velocity (m/s)	4350	1570

2. Re-evaluate Problem 1(b) and 1(d) when a two-layer matching is considered. Here, characteristic impedance should be $Z_{m1} = \sqrt[3]{Z_1^2 Z_2}$ and $Z_{m2} = \sqrt[3]{Z_1 Z_2^2}$, respectively for the first and the second matching layer. (30 %)

3. For the transducer operating at 5 MHz for detecting a tissue-bone interface that is 10 cm deep in tissue ($Z_{\text{tissue}}=1.5$ Mrays, $Z_{\text{bone}}=7.5$ Mrays, $\alpha_{\text{tissue}}=0.6$ dB/cm/MHz) (30 %)

- (a) Calculate the total loss of acoustic intensity in decibels (dB) for the echo generated at the tissue-bone interface relative to that of the transmitted intensity. Please combine the reflection loss together with the attenuation loss.

(Hint: intensity reflection coefficient = $\frac{(Z_2 - Z_1)^2}{(Z_2 + Z_1)^2}$)

- (b) Calculate the intensity of the reflected echo in (a) in unit of W/cm² if the transmitted intensity is 8 W/cm².