Database Frameworks – Spring Data Exam

Alara Restaurant

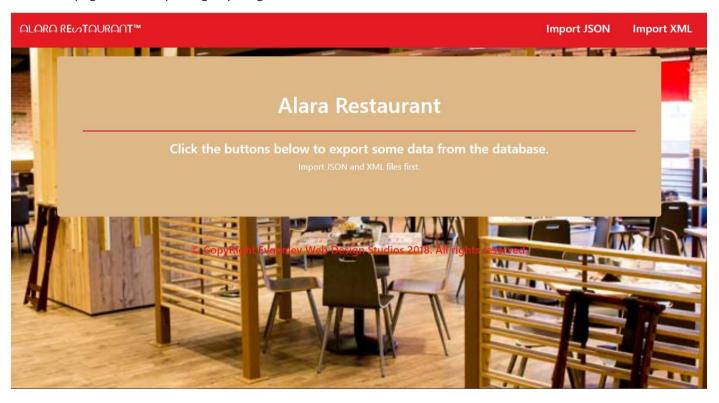
On the planet Alara, one of the first colonists and great friend of yours, decided to establish a restaurant. The restaurant is named after the planet – Alara Restaurant. You have been asked by your mate to finish the database layer, which supports basic functionality like importing JSON and XML data and exporting some results.

1. Functionality Overview

After finishing the Colonial Council Bank application, your friend has asked you to implement the database layer. The application should be able to easily import hard-formatted data from XML and JSON and support functionality for also **exporting** the imported data. The application is called **– Alara Restaurant**.

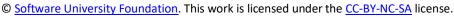
Look at the pictures below to see what must happen:

Home page before importing anything:



Import JSON page before importing anything:





Follow us: (S) (S) (T) (D) (E) (G) (In) (D)





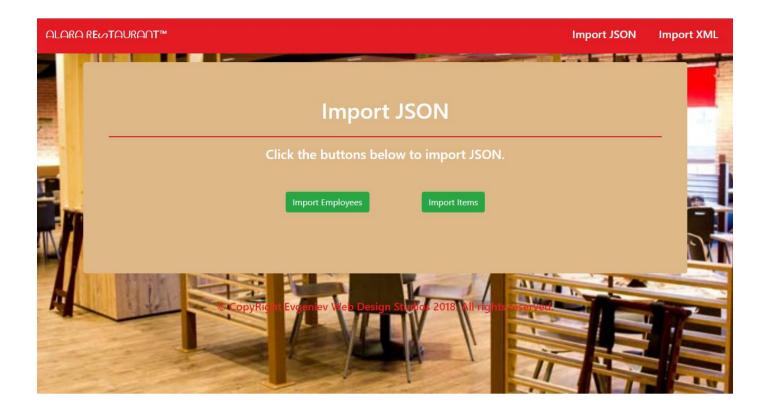












Import XML page before importing anything:



Import Employees page after reading the employees.json file:







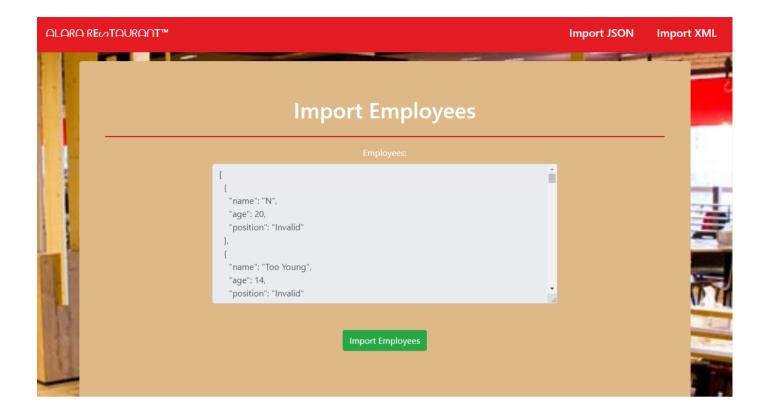




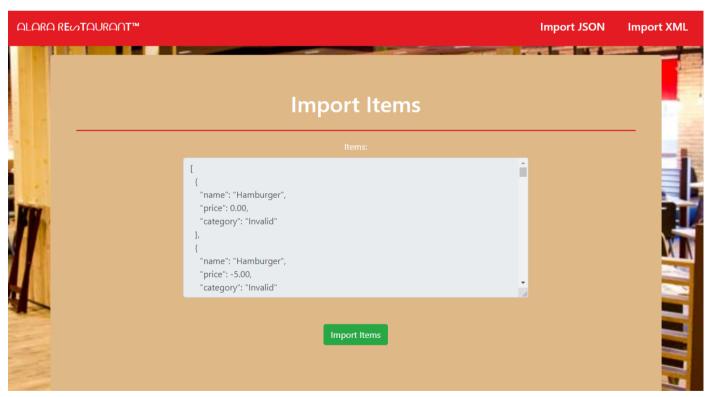








Import Items page after reading the items.json file:



Import Orders page after reading orders.xml file:







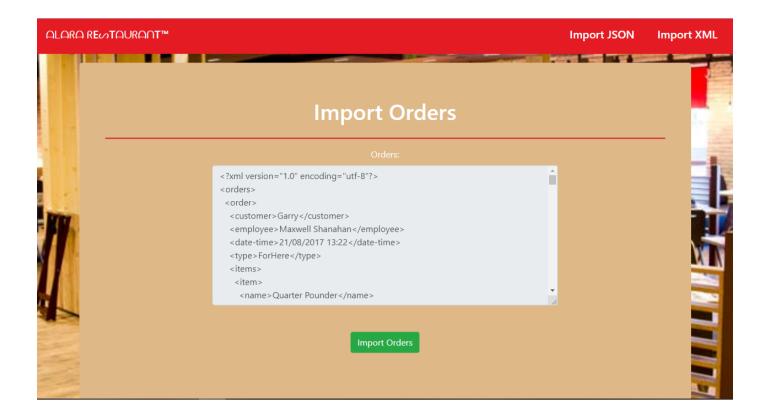




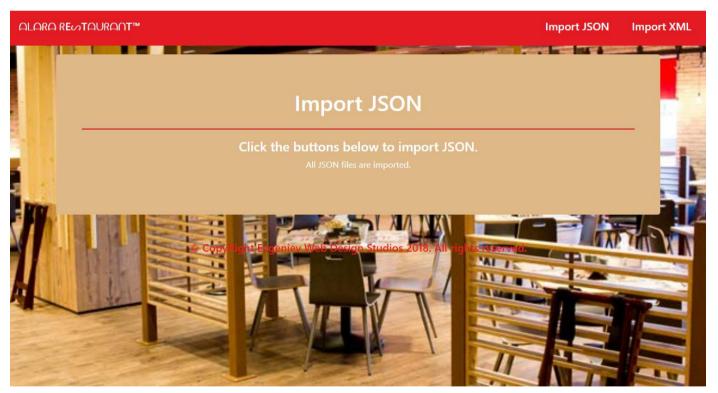








Import JSON page after importing the given data:



Import XML page after importing the given data:







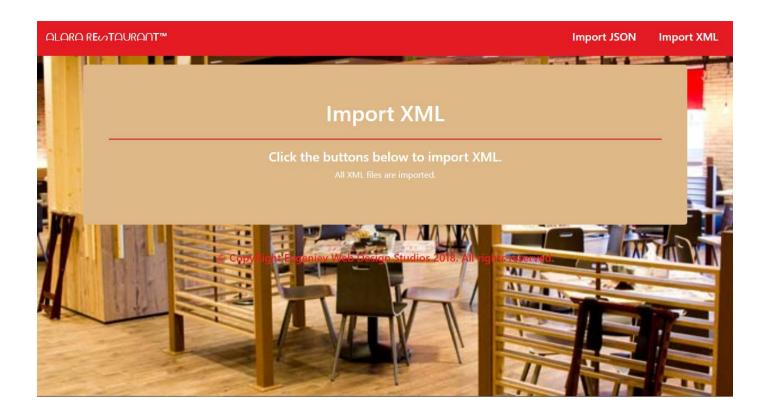




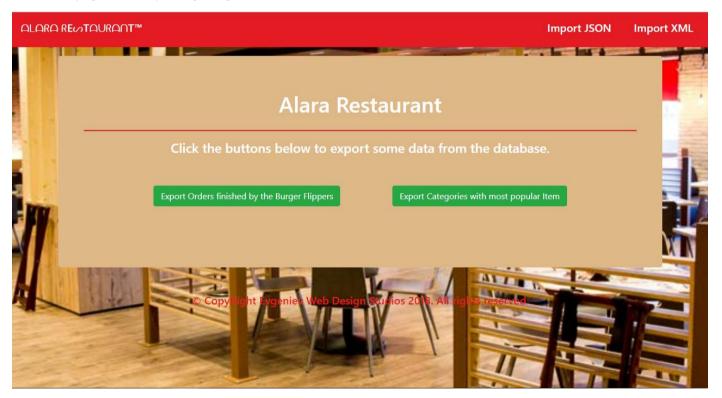








Home page after importing the given data:



Export Orders finished by the Burger Flippers page:









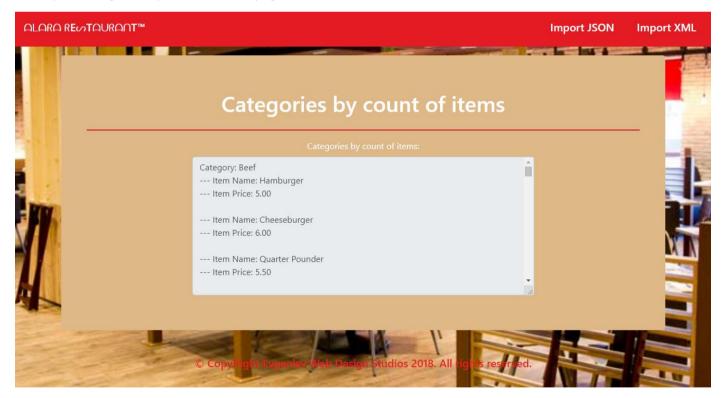








Export Categories by count of items page:



NOTE: You will be able to finish the **first** export task after importing both of the JSON files.

2. Project Skeleton Overview

You will be given a **Skeleton**, containing a **certain architecture(MVC)** with **several classes**, some of which completely empty. The **Skeleton** will include the **files** with which you will **seed** the **database**.

















3. Model Definition

Every employee has a position and orders, which they need to process. Every order has a customer, order date and a list of items. Every item has a category, a name and a price. Categories have a list of items.

The application needs to store the following data:

Employee

- id integer, Primary Key
- name text with min length 3 and max length 30 (required)
- age integer in the range [15, 80] (required)
- position the employee's position (required)
- orders the orders the employee has processed

Position

- id integer, Primary Key
- name text with min length 3 and max length 30 (required, unique)
- employees Collection of type Employee

Category

- id integer, Primary Key
- name text with min length 3 and max length 30 (required)
- items collection of type Item

Item

- id integer, Primary Key
- name text with min length 3 and max length 30 (required, unique)
- category the item's category (required)
- price decimal (non-negative, minimum value: 0.01, required)
- orderItems collection of type OrderItem

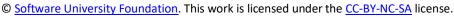
Order

- id integer, Primary Key
- customer text (required)
- dateTime date and time of the order (required)
- type OrderType enumeration with possible values: "ForHere, ToGo (default: ForHere)" (required)
- employee The employee who will process the order (required)
- orderItems collection of type OrderItem

OrderItem

- id integer, Primary Key
- order the item's order (required)
- item the order's item (required)
- quantity the quantity of the item in the order (required, non-negative and non-zero)











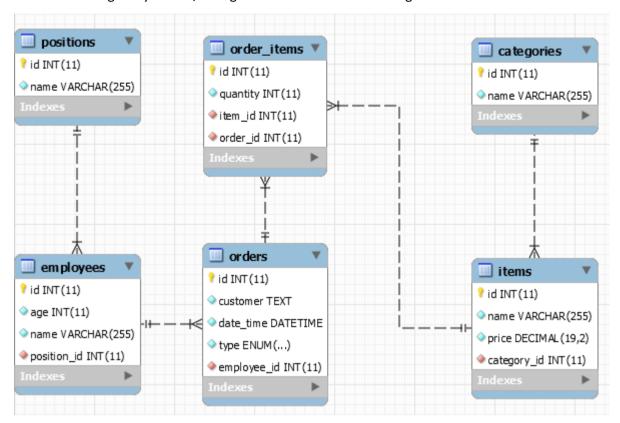








Your friend has given you an E/R Diagram for better understanding of the database:



4. Data Import

Use the provided JSON and XML files to populate the database with data. Import all the information from those files into the database.

You are not allowed to modify the provided JSON and XML files.

If a record does not meet the requirements from the first section, print an error message:

Error message
Invalid data format.

JSON Import

Import Employees

Using the file employees.json, import the data from that file into the database. Print information about each imported object in the format described below.

Constraints

- If any validation errors occur (such as if their name or position are too long/short or their age is out of range) proceed as described above
- If a position doesn't exist yet (and the position and rest of employee data is valid), create it.
- If an employee is **invalid**, **do not** import their **position**.

















```
employees.json
[
  {
    "name": "N",
    "age": 20,
    "position": "Invalid"
  },
  {
    "name": "Too Young",
    "age": 14,
    "position": "Invalid"
  },
  {
    "name": "Too Old",
    "age": 81,
    "position": "Invalid"
  },
  {
    "name": "Invalid Position",
    "age": 20,
    "position": ""
  },
  {
    "name": "InvalidPosition",
    "age": 20,
    "position": "Invalidddddddddddddddddddddd"
  },
  {
    "name": "Magda Bjork",
    "age": 44,
    "position": "CEO"
  },
                                         Output
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
```















```
Invalid data format.
Record Magda Bjork successfully imported.
```

Import Items

Using the file items.json, import the data from that file into the database. Print information about each imported object in the format described below.

Constraints

- If any validation errors occur (such as invalid item name or invalid category name), ignore the entity and print an error message.
- If an item with the same name already exists, ignore the entity and do not import it.
- If an item's category **doesn't exist**, **create it** along with the item.

Example

```
items.json
[
 {
    "name": "Hamburger",
    "price": 0.00,
    "category": "Invalid"
 },
  {
    "name": "Hamburger",
    "price": -5.00,
    "category": "Invalid"
 },
  {
    "name": "x",
    "price": 1.00,
    "category": "Invalid"
  },
  {
    "name": "Invaliddddddddddddddddddddd",
    "price": 1.00,
    "category": "Invalid"
 },
  {
    "name": "Invalid",
    "price": 1.00,
    "category": "x"
  },
```















```
{
    "name": "Invalid",
    "price": 1.00,
    "category": "Invalidddddddddddddddddddddd"
  },
  {
    "name": "Hamburger",
    "price": 5.00,
    "category": "Beef"
 },
  {
    "name": "Hamburger",
    "price": 1.00,
    "category": "Beef"
  },
  {
    "name": "Cheeseburger",
    "price": 6.00,
    "category": "Beef"
 },
                                         Output
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
```

```
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
Invalid data format.
Record Hamburger successfully imported.
Invalid data format.
Record Cheeseburger successfully imported.
```

XML Import

Import Orders

Using the file orders.xml, import the data from the file into the database. Print information about each imported object in the format described below.

If any of the model requirements is violated continue with the next entity.

Constraints

- The order dates will be in the format "dd/MM/yyyy HH:mm".
- If the order's **employee** doesn't exist, **do not** import the order.

















- If any of the order's items do not exist, do not import the order.
- Every employee will have a unique name

Example

```
orders.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<orders>
  <order>
    <customer>Garry</customer>
    <employee>Maxwell Shanahan
    <date-time>21/08/2017 13:22</date-time>
    <type>ForHere</type>
    <items>
      <item>
        <name>Quarter Pounder</name>
        <quantity>2</quantity>
      </item>
      <item>
        <name>Premium chicken sandwich</name>
        <quantity>2</quantity>
      </item>
      <item>
        <name>Chicken Tenders
        <quantity>4</quantity>
      </item>
      <item>
        <name>Just Lettuce</name>
        <quantity>4</quantity>
      </item>
    </items>
  </order>
</orders>
                                        Output
Order for Garry on 21/08/2017 13:22 added
```

5. Data Export

Get ready to export the data you've imported in the previous task. Here you will have some pretty complex database querying. Export the data in the formats specified below.



















Categories by count of items

Export all categories by count of items:

- Extract from the database, categories' names and items in the categories with their name and price.
- Order them descending by count of items in each category, and if two or more categories have same number of items, order them descending by sum of the items' prices in each category.
- The format is described below:

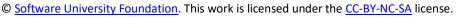
```
Category: {category1Name}
--- Item Name: {item1Name}
--- Item Price: {item1Price}
--- Item Name: {item2Name}
--- Item Price: {item2Price}
--- Item Name: {item3Name}
--- Item Price: {item3Price}
Category: {category2Name}
--- Item Name: {item1Name}
--- Item Price: {item1Price}
```

```
Category: Beef
--- Item Name: Hamburger
--- Item Price: 5.00
--- Item Name: Cheeseburger
--- Item Price: 6.00
--- Item Name: Quarter Pounder
--- Item Price: 5.50
```

Orders finished by the Burger Flippers

Export all orders which are finished by the **Burger Flippers**:





















- Extract from the database, employees' names, orders' customers and items in the orders with their name, price and quantity.
- Order them by employee name, and by order id.
- The format is described below:

Name: {employee1Name}

Orders:

Customer: {customerName}

Items:

Name: {item1Name} Price: {item1Price}

Quantity: {item1Quantity}

Name: {item2Name} Price: {item2Price}

Quantity: {item2Quantity}

Name: {employee2Name}

Orders:

Customer: {customerName}

Items:

Name: Avery Rush

Orders:

Customer: Pablo

Items:

Name: Double Cheeseburger

Price: 6.50 Quantity: 3

Name: Bacon Deluxe

Price: 9.00





















