

## Problem 1. Easter Cozonacs

Since it's Easter you have decided to make some cozonacs and exchange them for eggs.

Create a program that **calculates** how much **cozonacs** you can make with the **budget** you **have**. **First**, you will **receive** your **budget**. Then, you will **receive** the **price** for **1 kg flour**. Here is the **recipe** for **one** cozonac:

Eggs	1 pack
Flour	1 kg
Milk	0.250 l

The **price for 1 pack of eggs** is **75%** of the **price for 1 kg flour**. The **price for 1l milk** is **25% more** than price for **1 kg flour**. Notice, that you need **0.250l milk** for **one** cozonac and the calculated price is for **1l**.

**Start** cooking the cozonacs and **keep making** them until you have **enough budget**. Keep in mind that:

- For **every** cozonac that you make, you will receive **3 colored eggs**.
- For **every 3<sup>rd</sup>** cozonac that you make, you will lose some of your **colored eggs** **after** you have **received** the usual **3 colored eggs** for your cozonac. The count of eggs you will lose is calculated when you **subtract 2** from your **current count** of **cozonacs** – (**{currentCozonacsCount}** – **2**)

In the end, print the cozonacs you made, the eggs you have gathered and the money you have **left**, **formatted** to the **2<sup>nd</sup> decimal place**, in the following format:

"You made {countOfCozonacs} cozonacs! Now you have {coloredEggs} eggs and {moneyLeft}BGN left."

## Input / Constraints

- On the **1<sup>st</sup> line** you will receive the budget – a **real number** in the range [0.0...100000.0]
- On the **2<sup>nd</sup> line** you will receive the price for **1 kg flour** – a **real number** in the range [0.0...100000.0]
- The input will always be in the right format.
- You will **always** have a **remaining budget**.
- There will **not** be a case in which the **eggs** become a **negative count**.

## Output

- In the end print the **count** of **cozonacs** you have made, the colored **eggs** you have gathered and the **money** **formatted to the 2<sup>nd</sup> decimal place** in the format described above.

## Examples

Input	Output
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20.50 1.25	You made 7 cozonacs! Now you have 16 eggs and 2.45BGN left.
Comments	
<p>We start by calculating the price for a <b>pack of eggs</b>, which is <b>75%</b> of the price for <b>1 kg</b> floor, which in this case is <b>1.25</b>. The pack of eggs price is <b>0.9375</b>. The price for <b>1l milk</b> is <b>25%</b> more than the price for <b>1kg</b> floor and in this case it is – <b>1.5625</b>, but we need the price for 0.250ml, which is - <b>0.390625</b>. The total price for one cozonac is:</p> <p><b>1.25 + 0.9375 + 0.390625 = 2.578125.</b></p> <p>And we start subtracting the <b>price</b> for a <b>single cozonac from the budget</b>, and <b>for every cozonac</b> we receive <b>3</b> eggs. So after the first <b>subtraction</b> we will have <b>17.921875</b> budget, <b>1</b> cozonac and <b>3</b> eggs. After the second - <b>15.34375</b> budget, <b>6</b> eggs, and on the <b>third</b> - <b>12.765625</b> budget and <b>9</b> eggs and since it's the <b>third</b>, we need to <b>subtract</b> the <b>lost eggs</b>, which will be <math>3 - 2 = 1</math>, so we subtract 1 from 9 and our <b>eggs</b> become <b>8</b>. We continue <b>subtracting</b> money from the <b>budget</b> until the money <b>aren't enough</b> for us to make a cozonac. In the end we have 2.45BGN left.</p>	
15.75 1.4	You made 5 cozonacs! Now you have 14 eggs and 1.31BGN left.