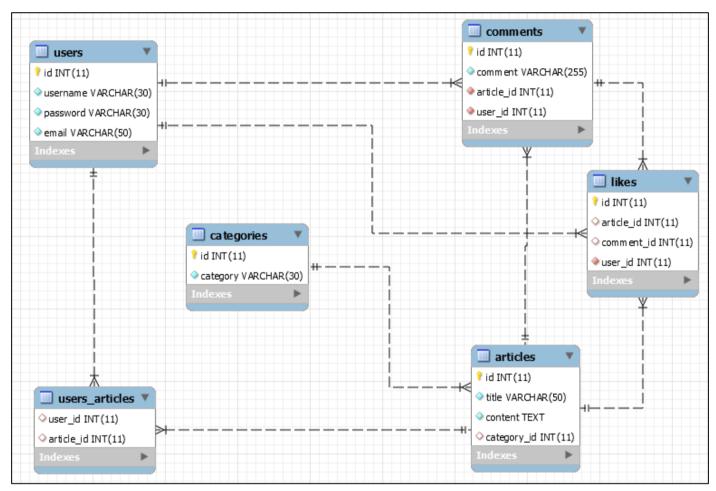
# **MySQL** Retake Exam

# **Colonial Blog Database**

After the successful Colonial Journey to the SoftUnia Galaxy and the success of the management system the Council has started a new Colonial Blog and your task is to create the Colonial Blog Database.

### 1. Section: Database Overview

You have given and Entity / Relationship Diagram of the Colonial Blog Database:



The Colonial Blog Database holds information about users, their articles, information about the article categories, likes and comments. Your task is to create a database called colonial\_blog\_db. Then you will have to create several tables.

- users contains information about users.
- categories contains information about categories.
- articles contains information about articles.
- users\_articles mapping table between users and articles.
- comments contains information about comments.
- likes contains information about likes.

Make sure you implement the whole database correctly on your local machine, so that you could work with it.

















# 2. Section: Data Definition Language (DDL) - 40pts

# 1. Table Design

You have been tasked to create the tables in the database by the following models:

#### users

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints
id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Primary Key AUTO_INCREMENT
username	A <b>string</b> containing a maximum of <b>30 characters</b> . Unicode is <b>NOT</b> needed.	NULL is NOT permitted. UNIQUE values.
password	A <b>string</b> containing a maximum of <b>30 characters</b> . Unicode is <b>NOT</b> needed.	NULL is NOT permitted.
email	A <b>string</b> containing a maximum of <b>50 characters</b> . Unicode is <b>NOT</b> needed.	NULL is NOT permitted.

#### categories

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints
id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Primary Key AUTO_INCREMENT
category	A <b>string</b> containing a maximum of <b>30 characters</b> . Unicode is <b>NOT</b> needed.	NULL is NOT permitted.

#### articles

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints
id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Primary Key AUTO_INCREMENT
title	A <b>string</b> containing a maximum of <b>50 characters</b> . Unicode is <b>NOT</b> needed.	<b>NULL</b> is <b>NOT</b> permitted.
content	A <b>string</b> containing more than <b>255 characters</b> . Unicode is <b>NOT</b> needed.	<b>NULL</b> is <b>NOT</b> permitted.
category_id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table categories.

















### users\_articles

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints
user_id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table <b>users</b> .
article_id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table <b>articles</b> .

#### comments

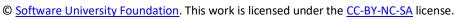
Column Name	Data Type	Constraints
id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Primary Key AUTO_INCREMENT
comment	A string containing a maximum of 255 characters. Unicode is NOT needed.	NULL is NOT permitted.
	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table articles.
article_id		<b>NULL</b> is <b>NOT</b> permitted.
	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table users.
user_id		<b>NULL</b> is <b>NOT</b> permitted.

### likes

Column Name	Data Type	Constraints
id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Primary Key AUTO_INCREMENT
article_id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table articles.
comment_id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table comments.
user_id	Integer, from 1 to 2,147,483,647.	Relationship with table users. <b>NULL</b> is <b>NOT</b> permitted.

Submit your solutions in Judge on the first task. Submit **all** SQL table creation statements.





















You will also be given a data.sql file. It will contain a dataset with random data which you will need to store in your local database. This data will be given to you so you will not have to think of data and lose essential time in the process. The data is in the form of **INSERT** statement queries.

# 3. Section: Data Manipulation Language (DML) - 30 pts

Here we need to do several manipulations in the database, like changing data, adding data etc.

#### 2. Data Insertion

You will have to INSERT records of data into the likes table, based on the users table.

For users with id between 16 and 20(inclusive), insert data in the likes table with the following values:

- For users with even id, the like will be on an article, else comment.
- Users' username length will determine the article\_id.
- **Users' email length** will determine the **comment\_id**.

## 3. Data Update

**UPDATE** comments with id between 1 and 15(inclusive) and meet the following conditions:

- If the comment's id is dividable by 2 without remainder 'Very good article.'.
- If the comment's id is dividable by 3 without remainder 'This is interesting.'.
- If the comment's id is dividable by 5 without remainder 'I definitely will read the article again.'.
- If the comment's id is dividable by 7 without remainder 'The universe is such an amazing thing.'.

#### 4. Data Deletion

The Council does not like articles without category. Delete all articles without category.

# 4. Section: Querying - 50 pts

And now we need to do some data extraction. Note that the example results from this section use a fresh database. It is highly recommended that you clear the database that has been manipulated by the previous problems from the DML section and insert again the dataset you've been given, to ensure maximum consistency with the **examples** given in this section.

# 5. Extract 3 biggest articles

Extract from the database, the 3 biggest articles and summarize their content. The summary must be 20 symbols long plus "..." at the end. Order the results by article id.

#### **Required Columns**

- title
- summary

title	summary
She Wants Revenge	She Wants Revenge is

















Montana gubernatorial election, 1988	The 1988 Montana gub
Jackie Torrens	Jackie Torrens (born

#### 6. Golden Articles

When article has the same id as its author, it is considered Golden Article. Extract from the database all golden articles. Order the results ascending by article id.

### **Required Columns**

- article\_id
- title

### **Example**

article_id	title		
1	John Hyrcanus		
3	Denmark in the Eurovision Song Contest 1988		
• • •			

# 7. Extract categories

Extract from the database, all categories with their articles, and likes. Order them by count of likes descending, then by article's count descending and lastly by category's id ascending.

# **Required Columns**

- category
- articles (count of articles for the given category)
- likes (total likes for the given category)

category	articles	likes
Animals	5	7
Nature	7	5
	•••	•••















#### 8. Extract the most commented Social article

Extract from the database, the most commented social article with the number of comments.

### **Required Columns**

- title
- comments (total articles comments)

#### **Example**

title	comments
Metropolitan Police Clubs and Vice Unit	4

#### 9. Extract the less liked comments

Extract from the database those comments that are not liked by anyone and summarize them and order the results by comment id in descending order. The summary must be 20 symbols long plus "..." at the end.

## **Required Columns**

summary

#### **Example**

summary	
tincidunt eu felis f	
id ornare imperdiet	

# 5. Section: Programmability - 30 pts

#### Get user's articles count 10.

Create a user defined function with the name udf users articles count(username VARCHAR(30)) that receives a username and returns the number of articles this user has written.

Query
<pre>SELECT u.username, udf_users_articles_count('UnderSinduxrein') AS count</pre>
FROM articles AS a

















```
JOIN users_articles ua
ON a.id = ua.article id
JOIN users u
ON ua.user_id = u.id
WHERE u.username = 'UnderSinduxrein'
GROUP BY u.id;
                                                    count
name
UnderSinduxrein
                                                    13
```

### 11. Like article

Create a user defined stored procedure with the name udp\_like\_article(username VARCHAR(30), title VARCHAR (30)) that receives a username and article title and likes the article only if the given username and title exist. If the modifying is not successful rollback any changes and throw an exception with error code '45000' and message: "Non-existent user." or "Non-existent article.".

```
Query
CALL udp_like_article('Pesho123', 'Donnybrook, Victoria');
Response
Non-existent user.
Query
CALL udp_like_article('BlaAntigadsa', 'Na Pesho statiqta');
Response
Non-existent article.
Query
CALL udp_like_article('BlaAntigadsa', 'Donnybrook, Victoria');
SELECT a.title, u.username
FROM articles a
JOIN likes 1
ON a.id = 1.article id
JOIN users u
ON l.user id = u.id
WHERE u.username = 'BlaAntigadsa' AND a.title = 'Donnybrook, Victoria';
title
                                                username
Donnybrook, Victoria
                                                BlaAntigadsa
```













