

Characterizing the Affect of Down-Sampling on Specialist Preservation

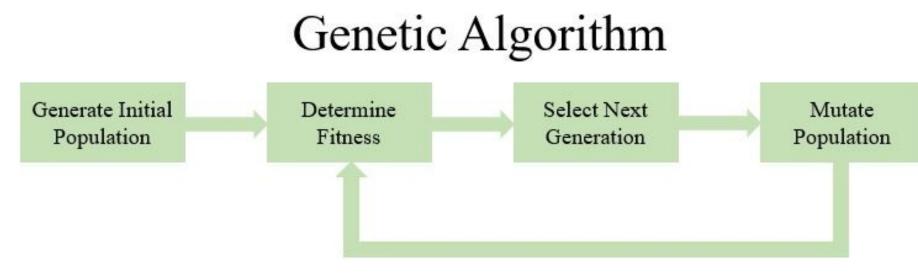
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Research Question

How does random sub sampling affect a genetic algorithms ability to preserve specialists?

Background



Genetic algorithms evolve candidate solutions in order to solve mathematical and engineering problems.

Introduction

- Selection schemes aim to pick the best candidate solutions to reproduce.
- Candidate solutions can be categorized as generalists or specialists.
- Specialists are candidate solutions that are exceptional at solving a few tests.
- Preserving specialists is important because they ensure that no tests are ignored, and more options are explored for finding a perfect solution.
- Traditional selection schemes (e.g., Roulette and Tournament) often struggle to preserve specialists.
- Lexicase is a selection scheme that preserves specialists by continuously shifting which test cases are most important.

Methods

- > 30 experimental conditions with differing configuration variables was created.
- > Data sets were created using the 30 experimental
- Selection probabilities for each individual was calculated for every selection scheme used.
- A Kruskal-Wallis test was performed to see if there is a significant difference in the probability a selection scheme selects a specialist.

conditions.

Results

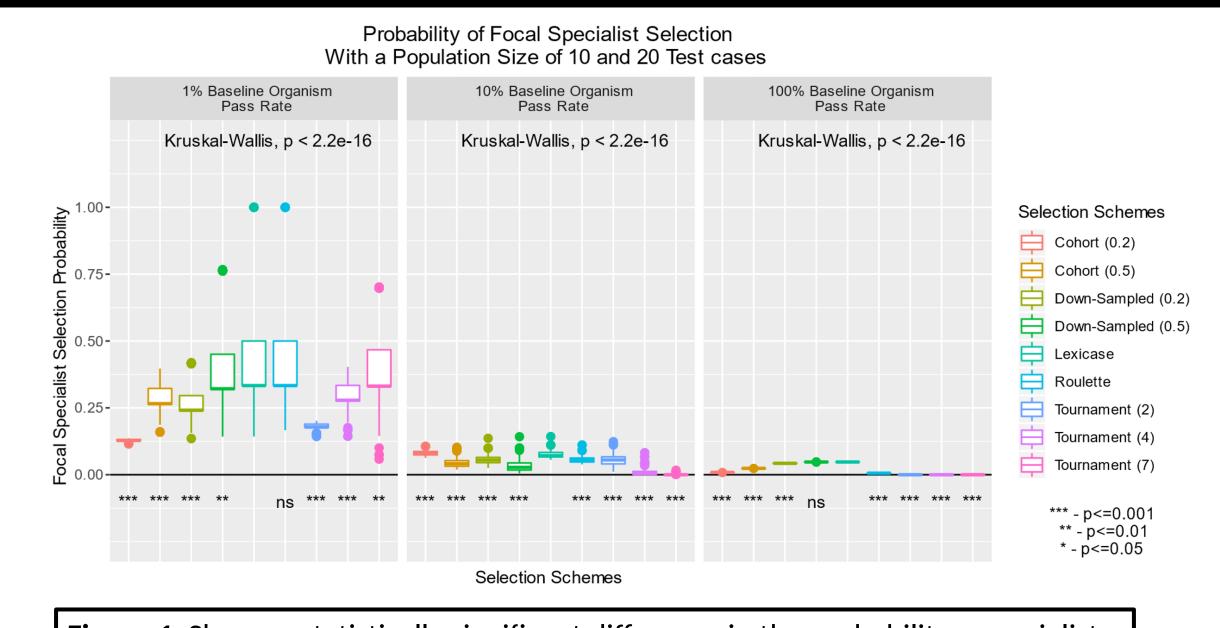


Figure 1. Shows a statistically significant difference in the probability a specialist will be selected between Lexicase and its sub sampled variants.

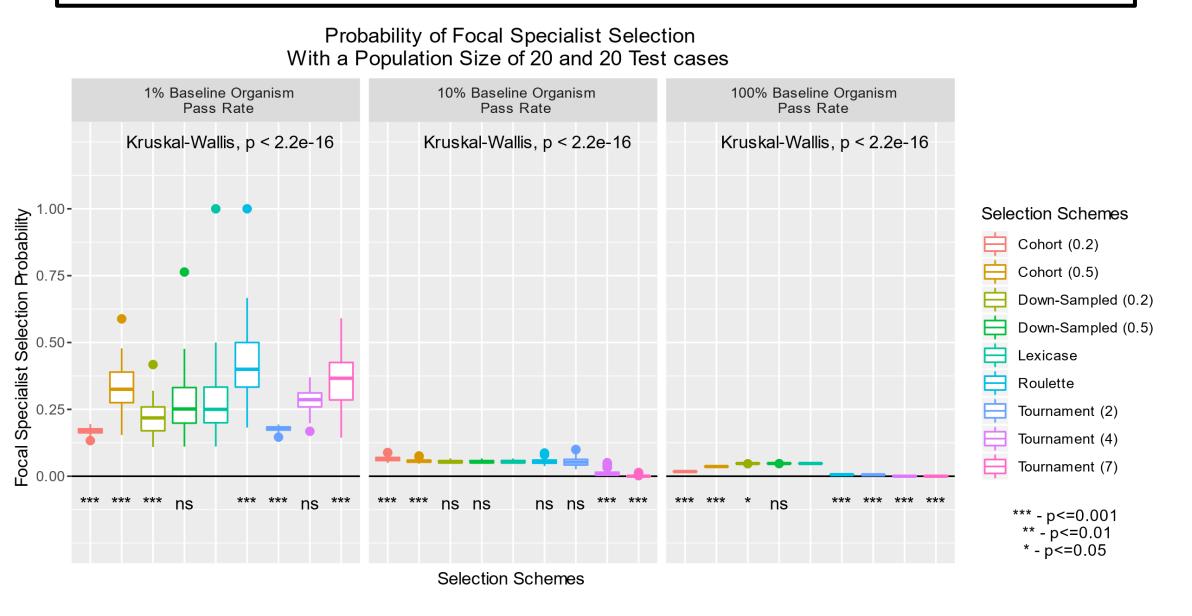


Figure 2. Shows a statistically significant difference in the probability a specialist will be selected between Lexicase and Cohort Lexicase.

Conclusions

Random sub sampling negatively affects Cohort Lexicase's ability to preserve specialists.

Future Directions

Future research will hopefully shed light on how down-sampled lexicase was able to preserve specialists at a higher rate than other randomly sub sampled lexicase variants.

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References

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