Package 'CohortDiagnostics'

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```
Type Package
Title Diagnostics for OHDSI Studies
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Maintainer Gowtham Rao <gowthamrao@gmail.com>
Description
     Diagnostics for studies that use the OMOP Common Data Model and the OHDSI tools.
Depends DatabaseConnector (\xi = 3.0.0),
     FeatureExtraction (\xi = 3.1.0),
     R (i = 3.5.0)
Imports Andromeda,
     checkmate,
     digest,
     dplyr (\xi = 1.0.0),
     ggplot 2,
     ggiraph,
     ParallelLogger (\xi = 2.0.0),
     readr,
     rlang,
     RJSONIO,
     ROhdsiWebApi (\xi = 1.1.2),
     SqlRender (\xi = 1.6.7),
     stringr,
     tidyr (\xi = 1.0.0)
{\bf Suggests} \ {\rm shiny},
     shinydashboard,
     shinyWidgets,
     DT,
     plotly,
     VennDiagram,
     htmltools,
     RColorBrewer,
     scales,
     knitr,
     rmarkdown,
     Eunomia,
     testthat,
     RSQLite (\xi = 2.2.0),
```

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breakDownIndexEvents Break down index events

Description

For the concepts included in the index event definition, count how often they are encountered at the cohort index date.

Usage

```
breakDownIndexEvents(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  baseUrl = NULL,
  webApiCohortId = NULL,
  cohortJson = NULL,
  cohortSql = NULL,
  cohortId = cohortId
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example

'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

baseUrl The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI".

Needn't be provided if cohortJson and cohortSql are provided.

webApiCohortId A vector of one Cohort Ids as in the source webApi/Atlas.

cohortJson A character string containing the JSON of a cohort definition. Needn't

be provided if baseUrl and cohortId are provided.

cohortSql The OHDSI SQL representation of the same cohort definition. Needn't

be provided if baseUrl and cohortId are provided.

cohortId The cohort ID used to reference the cohort in the cohort table.

Value

A data frame with concepts, and per concept the count of how often the concept was encountered at the index date.

$\verb|buildPostgresDatabaseSchema|\\$

 $Create\ postgres\ database\ schema\ for\ cohort\ diagnostics\ results$ storage

Description

Builds full schema for Diagnostics Explorer

Usage

buildPostgresDatabaseSchema(connectionDetails, schemaName, overwrite = FALSE)

Arguments

connectionDetails

DatabaseConnector connection details compatible object. Must be dbms="postgres"

schemaName Schema to install to

overwrite Bool optionally delete and create entire schema again if it exists

compareCohortCharacteristics

Compare cohort characteristics

Description

Compare the characteristics of two cohorts, computing the standardized difference of the mean.

Usage

compareCohortCharacteristics(characteristics1, characteristics2)

Arguments

characteristics1

Characteristics of the first cohort, as created using the getCohortCharacteristics function.

characteristics2

Characteristics of the second cohort, as created using the getCohortCharacteristics function.

Value

A data frame comparing the characteristics of the two cohorts.

```
compareCovariateValueResult
```

Get cohort covariate comparison (including temporal)

Description

Get cohort covariate value comparison data for cohorts stored in cohort diagnostics results data model. The output of this function may be used, together with covariate ref to create tables/plots regarding a cohort characteristics comparison diagnostics. Because of the large volume of covariates, this function allows to filter range of covariate_value by providing the minimum and maximum proportion. Its important to note that all covariates are expected to output proportions that are between the values 0.0 to 1.0

```
compareCovariateValueResult(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  targetCohortIds,
  comparatorCohortIds,
  databaseIds,
  minProportion = 0.01,
  maxProportion = 1,
  isTemporal = TRUE,
```

```
timeIds = NULL,
resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

targetCohortIds

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

comparatorCohortIds

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds

A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table of the results data model.

minProportion

Do you want to limit the data returned by a lower threshold. Enter a number between 0.00 to 1.00. Be default the value is 0.01.

maxProportion

Do you want to limit the data returned by a upper threshold. Enter a number between 0.00 to 1.00. Be default the value is 1.

isTemporal

(optional) Get temporal covariate values?

timeIds

(optional) Used only if isTemporal = TRUE. Do you want to limit to certain 'time ids'. By default all time ids are returned.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

computeCohortOverlap

Compute overlap between two cohorts

Description

Computes the overlap between a target and a comparator cohort.

Usage

```
computeCohortOverlap(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  targetCohortId,
  comparatorCohortId
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

 ${\tt targetCohortId} \ \ {\tt The\ cohort\ ID\ used\ to\ reference\ the\ target\ cohort\ in\ the\ cohort\ table.}$ ${\tt comparatorCohortId}$

The cohort ID used to reference the comparator cohort in the cohort table.

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Value

A data frame with overlap statistics.

createCohortTable

Create cohort table(s)

Description

This function creates an empty cohort table. Optionally, additional empty tables are created to store statistics on the various inclusion criteria.

Usage

```
createCohortTable(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  createInclusionStatsTables = FALSE,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortInclusionTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion"),
  cohortInclusionResultTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_result"),
  cohortInclusionStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_stats"),
  cohortSummaryStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_summary_stats")
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

 ${\tt createInclusionStatsTables}$

Create the four additional tables for storing inclusion rule statistics?

${\tt resultsDatabaseSchema}$

Schema name where the statistics tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortInclusionTable

Name of the inclusion table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionResultTable

Name of the inclusion result table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionStatsTable

Name of the inclusion stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortSummaryStatsTable

Name of the summary stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

createConceptCountsTable

Create concept counts table

Description

Create a table with counts of how often each concept ID occurs in the CDM.

Usage

```
createConceptCountsTable(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  conceptCountsDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  conceptCountsTable = "concept_counts",
  conceptCountsTableIsTemp = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

${\tt concept Counts Database Schema}$

Schema name where your concept counts table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. Ignored if conceptCountsTableIsTemp = TRUE.

conceptCountsTable

Name of the concept counts table. This table can be created using the createConceptCountsTable.

conceptCountsTableIsTemp

Is the concept counts table a temp table?

Value

The function will by default return DatabaseConnector::executeSql output, by attempting to create a table on dbms. In addition, if getConceptCountsTable = TRUE then a tibble data frame copy of the created table will be retuned back to R.

 $\verb|extractConceptSetsJsonFromCohortJson| \\$

Extract concept set json from cohort json

Description

Extracts json that corresponds to the conceptset definition in a cohort json definition

Usage

```
\verb|extractConceptSetsJsonFromCohortJson(cohortJson)|\\
```

Arguments

cohortJson

Complete JSON specification of cohort definition. The standard form is generated by ${\tt WebApi}$

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object with one row per conceptSet id in cohort definition.

Examples

```
## Not run:
conceptSetsJson <- extractConceptSetsJsonFromCohortJson(cohortJson = json)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

extractConceptSetsSqlFromCohortSql

Extract concept set sql from cohort generation SQL

Description

Extracts SQL that corresponds to the conceptset (codeset) part from cohort generation SQL used to instantiated conceptSets during cohort construction.

Usage

```
extractConceptSetsSqlFromCohortSql(cohortSql)
```

Arguments

cohortSql

Complete SQL specification of cohort definition in OHDSI SQL dialect. May contain parameters designed to be replaced by SqlRender. The standard form SQL is generated using circe-be by WebApi and Atlas

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object with one row per concept id and concept set combination in cohort definition.

Examples

```
## Not run:
conceptSetSql <- extractConceptSetsSqlFromCohortSql(cohortSql = sql)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 $\verb|findCohortIncludedSourceConcepts|\\$

Check source codes used in a cohort definition

Description

This function first extracts all concept sets used in a cohort definition. Then, for each concept set the concept found in the CDM database the contributing source codes are identified.

```
findCohortIncludedSourceConcepts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  baseUrl = NULL,
  webApiCohortId = NULL,
```

```
cohortJson = NULL,
cohortSql = NULL,
byMonth = FALSE,
useSourceValues = FALSE
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

baseUrl

The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI".

Needn't be provided if cohortJson and cohortSql are provided.

webApiCohortId A vector of one Cohort Ids as in the source webApi/Atlas.

cohortJson

A character string containing the JSON of a cohort definition. Needn't be provided if baseUrl and cohortId are provided.

cohortSql

The OHDSI SQL representation of the same cohort definition. Needn't be provided if baseUrl and cohortId are provided.

byMonth useSourceValues

Compute counts by month? If FALSE, only overall counts are computed.

Use the source_value fields to find the codes used in the data? If not, this analysis will rely entirely on the source_concept_id fields instead. Note that, depending on the source data and ETL, it might be possible for the source_value fields to contain patient-identifiable information by accident.

Value

A data frame with source codes, with counts per domain how often the code was encountered in the CDM.

findCohortOrphanConcepts

Find orphan concepts for all concept sets in a cohort

Description

Searches for concepts that should belong to the concept sets in a cohort definition but don't, for example because of missing source-to-standard concept maps, or erroneous hierarchical relationships.

Usage

```
findCohortOrphanConcepts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  baseUrl = NULL,
  webApiCohortId = NULL,
  cohortJson = NULL,
  conceptCountsDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  conceptCountsTable = "concept_counts",
  conceptCountsTableIsTemp = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

baseUr1

The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI". Needn't be provided if cohortJson is provided.

webApiCohortId T

The ID of the cohort in the WebAPI instance. Needn't be provided if cohortJson is provided.

cohortJson

A character string containing the JSON of a cohort definition. Needn't be provided if baseUrl and webApiCohortId are provided.

conceptCountsDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your concept counts table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. Ignored if conceptCountsTableIsTemp = TRUE.

conceptCountsTable

Name of the concept counts table. This table can be created using the createConceptCountsTable.

conceptCountsTableIsTemp

Is the concept counts table a temp table?

Details

Logically, this function performs the following steps for each concept set expression in the cohort definition:

- Given the concept set expression, find all included concepts.
- Find all names of the input concepts, including synonyms, and the names of source concepts that map to them.
- Search for concepts (standard and source) that contain any of those names as substring.
- Filter those concepts to those that are not in the original set of concepts (i.e. orphans).
- Restrict the set of orphan concepts to those that appear in the CDM database and across network concept prevalence (as either source concept or standard concept).

Value

A data frame with orphan concepts, with counts how often the code was encountered in the CDM.

findOrphanConcepts

Find (source) concepts that do not roll up to their ancestor(s)

Description

Searches for concepts that should belong to the set of concepts but don't, for example because of missing source-to-standard concept maps, or erroneous hierarchical relationships.

Usage

```
findOrphanConcepts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  conceptIds,
  conceptCountsDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  conceptCountsTable = "concept_counts",
  conceptCountsTableIsTemp = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{conceptIds} & A \ vector \ of \ concept \ IDs \ for \ which \ we \ want \ to \ find \ orphans. \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{conceptCountsDatabaseSchema} \end{tabular}$

Schema name where your concept counts table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. Ignored if conceptCountsTableIsTemp = TRUE.

conceptCountsTable

Name of the concept counts table. This table can be created using the ${\sf createConceptCountsTable}$.

conceptCountsTableIsTemp

Is the concept counts table a temp table?

Details

Logically, this function performs the following steps for the input set of concept IDs:

- Find all names of the input concepts, including synonyms, and the names of source concepts that map to them.
- Search for concepts (standard and source) that contain any of those names as substring.
- Filter those concepts to those that are not in the original set of concepts (i.e. orphans).
- Restrict the set of orphan concepts to those that appear in the CDM database and across network concept prevalence (as either source concept or standard concept).

Value

A data frame with orphan concepts, with counts how often the code was encountered in the CDM.

```
getCohortCharacteristics
```

Create characterization of a cohort

Description

Computes features using all drugs, conditions, procedures, etc. observed on or prior to the cohort index date.

```
getCohortCharacteristics(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds,
  cdmVersion = 5,
  covariateSettings,
  batchSize = 100
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortIds A vector of cohortIds (1 or more) used to reference the cohort in the

cohort table.

cdmVersion The version of the OMOP CDM. Default 5. (Note: only 5 is supported.)

covariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the createCovariate functions in the FeatureExtraction package, or a list of

such objects.

batchSize Maximum number of cohorts to characterize at once. A larger batch size

will be quicker, but may run out of resources on the server.

Value

An Andromeda object with information on the covariates.

getCohortCountResult Get cohort counts

Description

Get cohort counts

```
getCohortCountResult(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  databaseIds = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

databaseIds

A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table of the results data model.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
cohortCounts <- getCohortCountResult(databaseIds = c('eunomia', 'hcup'))
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getCohortCounts}$

Count the cohort(s)

Description

Computes the subject and entry count per cohort

Usage

```
getCohortCounts(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds = c()
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

scratch.dbo

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortIds The cohort Id(s) used to reference the cohort in the cohort table. If left

empty, all cohorts in the table will be included.

Value

A tibble with cohort counts

 ${\tt getCohortOverlapResult}$

Get cohort overlap

Description

Get cohort overlap data

Usage

```
getCohortOverlapResult(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  targetCohortIds,
  comparatorCohortIds,
  databaseIds,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

targetCohortIds

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

comparatorCohortIds

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds

A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table of the results data model.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

20 getCohortReference

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

getCohortReference

Get cohort information

Description

Get cohort information

Usage

```
getCohortReference(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  cohortIds = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL,
  getJson = FALSE,
  getSql = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

cohortIds A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

getJson Do you want the JSON expression of cohort?
getSql Do you want the Sql expression of cohort?

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
cohortReference <- getCohortReference()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getCohortsJsonAndSql Get cohorts JSON and parameterized OHDSI SQL

Description

This function may be used to collect a cohorts JSON and OHDSI SQL. Based on whether a baseUrl is available, the function will collect the specifications from either from WebApi or a Package.

```
getCohortsJsonAndSql(
  packageName = NULL,
  cohortToCreateFile = "settings/CohortsToCreate.csv",
  baseUrl = NULL,
  cohortSetReference = NULL,
  cohortIds = NULL
```

Arguments

baseUrl

packageName The name of the package containing the cohort definitions. Can be left

NULL if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified.

cohortToCreateFile

The location of the cohortToCreate file within the package. Is ignored if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified. The cohortToCreateFile must be .csv file that is expected to be read into a dataframe object identical to requirements for cohortSetReference argument.

object identical to requirements for conortsetkererence argument.

Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been

The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI".

specified.

cohortSetReference

A data frame with four columns, as described in the details. Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been specified.

cohortIds Optionally, provide a subset of cohort IDs to restrict the diagnostics to.

Details

Currently two ways of executing this function are supported, either (1) [Package Mode] embedded in a study package, assuming the cohort definitions are stored in that package using the ROhdsiWebApi::insertCohortDefinitionSetInPackage, or (2) [WebApi Mode] By using a WebApi interface to retrieve the cohort definitions.

When using this function in Package Mode: Use the packageName and cohortToCreateFile to specify the name of the study package, and the name of the cohortToCreate file within that package, respectively

When using this function in WebApi Mode: use the baseUrl and cohortSetReference to specify how to connect to the WebApi, and which cohorts to fetch, respectively.

Note: if the parameters for both Package Mode and WebApi Mode are provided, then Package mode is preferred.

The cohortSetReference argument must be a data frame with the following columns:

referentConceptId A standard omop concept id that serves as the referant phenotype definition for the cohort Id.

cohortId The cohort Id is the id used to identify a cohort definition. This is required to be unique. It will be used to create file names. It is recommended to be (referrent-ConceptId * 1000) + a number between 3 to 999

webApiCohortId Cohort Id in the webApi/atlas instance. It is a required field to run Cohort Diagnostics in WebApi mode. It is discarded in package mode.

cohortName The full name of the cohort. This will be shown in the Shiny app.

logic Description A human understandable brief description of the cohort definition. This logic does not have to a fully specified description of the cohort definition, but should provide enough context to help user understand the meaning of the cohort definition

Value

The function will return a R list object with cohort information including specifications such as JSON and SQL.

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Examples

getConceptReference

Get concept information

Description

Get concept information

Usage

```
getConceptReference(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  conceptIds = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

conceptIds

(optional) A vector of integers corresponding to conceptids of interest.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
conceptReference <- getConceptReference()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\tt getConceptSetDiagnosticsResults}
```

Get concept set data diagnostics

Description

Get concept set data diagnostics data

Usage

```
getConceptSetDiagnosticsResults(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  cohortIds = NULL,
  databaseIds = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails

is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of

the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

cohortIds A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds

A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table

of the results data model.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
conceptSetDataDiagnostics <- getConceptSetDiagnosticsResults()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getCovariate}\ \textit{Get cohort covariate reference (including temporal)}$

Description

Get cohort covariate reference (including temporal).

```
getCovariateReference(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  covariateIds = NULL,
  isTemporal = TRUE,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL)
```

Arguments

connection (optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect

 $function\ in\ the\ Database Connector\ package.\ Can\ be\ left\ NULL\ if\ {\tt connectionDetails}$

is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of

the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type ${\tt connectionDetails}$ as created using the ${\tt createConnectionDetails}$ function in the DatabaseConnector package.

Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

covariateIds (optional) A vector of covariateIds to subset the results

isTemporal Get temporal covariate references?

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
covariateReference <- getCovariateReference(isTemporal = FALSE)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
getCovariateValueResult
```

Get cohort covariate (including temporal)

Description

Get cohort covariate value data from data stored in cohort diagnostics results data model. The output of this function may be used, together with covariate ref (temporal covariate ref and time ref if temporal) for cohorts characteristization diagnostics. Because of the large volume of covariates, this function allows to filter range of covariate_value by providing the minimum and maximum proportion. Its important to note that all covariates are expected to output proportions that are between the values 0.0 to 1.0

Usage

```
getCovariateValueResult(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  cohortIds,
  databaseIds,
  minProportion = 0.01,
  maxProportion = 1,
  isTemporal = TRUE,
  timeIds = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of

the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

cohortIds A vector of on

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a

character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table

of the results data model.

minProportion Do you want to limit the data returned by a lower threshold. Enter a

number between 0.00 to 1.00. Be default the value is 0.01.

maxProportion Do you want to limit the data returned by a upper threshold. Enter a

number between 0.00 to 1.00. Be default the value is 1.

isTemporal (optional) Get temporal covariate values?

timeIds (optional) Will only be used if isTemporal = TRUE. Do you want to limit

to certain 'time ids'. By default time Id = c(1,2,3,4,5) are returned. These correspond to -365 to -31, -30 to -1, 0 to 0, 1 to 30, 31 to 365. If any of

time Id value = 0, all time Ids are returned. If any of time Id value = -1, will return all time Ids $\[\vdots \]$ (for time series analysis)

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

getDatabaseReference Get database information

Description

Get database information

```
getDatabaseReference(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  databaseIds = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

databaseIds

(optional) A vector of character string to identify database.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
databaseReference <- getDatabaseReference()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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getIncidenceRate

Compute incidence rate for a cohort

Description

Returns yearly incidence rate stratified by age and gender

Usage

```
getIncidenceRate(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cdmVersion = 5,
  oracleTempSchema = oracleTempSchema,
  firstOccurrenceOnly = TRUE,
  washoutPeriod = 365,
  cohortId
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{CohortTable} & \textbf{Name of the cohort table.} \\ \textbf{CdmDatabaseSchema} \end{array}$

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\sf cdmVersion$ & The version of the OMOP CDM. Default 5. (Note: only 5 is supported.) \\ & oracleTempSchema \\ \end{tabular}$

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

firstOccurrenceOnly

Use only the first occurrence of the cohort per person?

washoutPeriod The minimum amount of observation time required before the occurrence

of a cohort entry. This is also used to eliminate immortal time from the

denominator.

cohortId The cohort Id used to reference the cohort in the cohort table.

Value

Returns a data frame of cohort count, person year count, and incidence rate per 1000 persons years with the following stratifications: 1) no stratification, 2) gender stratification, 3) age (10-year) stratification, 4) calendar year and age (10-year) stratification, 5) calendar year and gender stratification, 6) calendar year, age (10-year), and gender stratification with option to save dataframes.

```
getIncidenceRateResult
```

Get incidence rate results

Description

Get incidence rate results.

Usage

```
getIncidenceRateResult(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  cohortIds,
  databaseIds,
  stratifyByGender = c(TRUE, FALSE),
  stratifyByAgeGroup = c(TRUE, FALSE),
  stratifyByCalendarYear = c(TRUE, FALSE),
  minPersonYears = 1000,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

cohortIds

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds

A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table of the results data model.

stratifyByGender

(optional) Do you want to stratify by gender.

stratifyByAgeGroup

(optional) Do you want to stratify by age group.

stratifyByCalendarYear

(optional) Do you want to stratify by calendar year.

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minPersonYears (optional) Default value = 1000. Minimum person years needed to create plot.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

getInclusionStatistics

Get statistics on cohort inclusion criteria

Description

Get statistics on cohort inclusion criteria

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Usage

```
getInclusionStatistics(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema,
  cohortId,
  simplify = TRUE,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortInclusionTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion"),
  cohortInclusionResultTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_result"),
  cohortInclusionStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_stats"),
  cohortSummaryStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_summary_stats")
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

resultsDatabaseSchema

Schema name where the statistics tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch dbo'

cohortId

The cohort definition ID used to reference the cohort in the cohort table.

simplify

Simply output the attrition table?

cohortTable

Name of the cohort table. Used only to conveniently derive names of the four rule statistics tables.

cohortInclusionTable

Name of the inclusion table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionResultTable

Name of the inclusion result table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

${\tt cohortInclusionStatsTable}$

Name of the inclusion stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortSummaryStatsTable

Name of the summary stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

Value

If 'simplify = TRUE', this function returns a single data frame. Else a list of data frames is returned.

getInclusionStatisticsFromFiles

Get inclusion criteria statistics from files

Description

Gets inclusion criteria statistics from files, as stored when using the ROhdsiWebApi::insertCohortDefinitionSe function with generateStats = TRUE.

Usage

```
getInclusionStatisticsFromFiles(
  cohortIds = NULL,
  folder,
  cohortInclusionFile = file.path(folder, "cohortInclusion.csv"),
  cohortInclusionResultFile = file.path(folder, "cohortIncResult.csv"),
  cohortInclusionStatsFile = file.path(folder, "cohortIncStats.csv"),
  cohortSummaryStatsFile = file.path(folder, "cohortSummaryStats.csv"),
  simplify = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

cohortIds

The cohort definition ID(s) used to reference the cohort in the cohort

table. If none are specified, all cohorts are included.

folder

The path to the folder where the inclusion statistics are stored.

cohortInclusionFile

Name of the inclusion table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionResultFile

Name of the inclusion result table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionStatsFile

Name of the inclusion stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

 ${\tt cohortSummaryStatsFile}$

Name of the summary stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

simplify Simply output the attrition table?

Value

If 'simplify = TRUE', this function returns a single data frame. Else a list of data frames is returned.

getRecordCountOfInstantiatedCohorts

Get record counts for a set of cohort

Description

This function get record count for a set of cohorts in the cohort table.

Usage

```
getRecordCountOfInstantiatedCohorts(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable,
  cohortIds
)
```

Arguments

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'apparts by dbs'.

's cratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortIds A vecotr of cohortIds to get counts for.

Value

A tibble data frame object

${\tt getResultsDataModelSpecifications}$

Get specifications for Cohort Diagnostics results data model

Description

Get specifications for Cohort Diagnostics results data model

```
getResultsDataModelSpecifications()
```

Value

A tibble data frame object with specifications

```
getTimeDistributionResult
```

Get time distribution results

Description

Get time distribution results

Usage

```
getTimeDistributionResult(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  cohortIds,
  databaseIds,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

cohortIds

A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds

A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table of the results data model.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

getTimeDistributions Get time distributions for a set of cohorts

Description

Computes the distribution of the observation time before and after index, and time within a cohort.

Usage

```
getTimeDistributions(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds,
  cdmVersion = 5
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

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cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortIds A vector of cohortIds (1 or more) used to reference the cohort in the

cohort table.

cdmVersion The version of the OMOP CDM. Default 5. (Note: only 5 is supported.)

Value

A list object with tibbles returned from Feature Extraction

getTimeReference

Get time reference for temporal covariates

Description

Get time reference for temporal covariates

Usage

```
getTimeReference(
  connection = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = NULL)
```

Arguments

connection

(optional) An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

connectionDetails

(optional) An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

resultsDatabaseSchema

(optional) The databaseSchema where the results data model of cohort diagnostics is stored. This is only required when connectionDetails or connect is provided.

Details

Note: The output of this function may be used to create plots or tables. This function relies on data available in Cohort Diagnostics results data model. The function will use one of the two methods to connect to the results data model, 1) database mode, and 2) in-memory mode.

Database mode: In this mode, R will look for the results data model in a remote relational dbms. The database system should be one of the databases supported by DatabaseConnector package. If either connectionDetails or connect parameters are populated with an argument during a function call, the connection gets set to database mode.

In-memory mode: If both connectionDetails and connect are parameters have a NULL argument then query will be in-memory mode. R will now expect and check for a data frame object available in R's memory, as required for the function. The object should be an object specificed in Cohort Diagnostics results data model.

Objects in R's memory are expected to follow camelCase naming conventions (see HADES), while objects in a relational database system are expected to follow snake-case naming conventions.

Value

The function will return a tibble data frame object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
timeReference <- getTimeReference()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

importCsvFilesToPostgres

Import csv files in to postgres database instance

Description

This utility is a wrapper around the psql command to allow uploading large datasets to a postgres database

```
importCsvFilesToPostgres(
  connectionDetails,
  schemaName,
  pathToCsvFiles,
  winPsqlPath = ""
```

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Arguments

connectionDetails

DatabaseConnector connection details compatible object. Must be dbms="postgres"

schemaName Path to cohort diagnostics csv files to export to

pathToCsvFiles Path to cohort diagnostics (results) csv files to import from

winPsqlPath Path to folder containing postgres executables e.g. "C:/Program Files/PostgresSQL/12/bin"

instantiateCohort

Instantiate a cohort

Description

This function instantiates the cohort in the cohort table. Optionally, the inclusion rule statistics are computed and stored in the inclusion rule statistics tables described in createCohortTable).

Usage

```
instantiateCohort(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  baseUrl = NULL,
  cohortJson = NULL,
  cohortSql = NULL,
  cohortId = NULL,
  generateInclusionStats = FALSE,
  resultsDatabaseSchema = cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortInclusionTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion"),
  cohortInclusionResultTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_result"),
cohortInclusionStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_inclusion_stats"),
  cohortSummaryStatsTable = paste0(cohortTable, "_summary_stats")
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

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oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

baseUrl The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI".

Needn't be provided if cohortJson and cohortSql are provided.

cohortJson A character string containing the JSON of a cohort definition. Needn't

be provided if baseUrl and cohortId are provided.

cohortSql The OHDSI SQL representation of the same cohort definition. Needn't

be provided if baseUrl and cohortId are provided.

cohortId The cohort ID used to reference the cohort in the cohort table.

generateInclusionStats

Compute and store inclusion rule statistics?

resultsDatabaseSchema

Schema name where the statistics tables reside. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortInclusionTable

Name of the inclusion table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortInclusionResultTable

Name of the inclusion result table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

${\tt cohortInclusionStatsTable}$

Name of the inclusion stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

cohortSummaryStatsTable

Name of the summary stats table, one of the tables for storing inclusion rule statistics.

instantiateCohortSet $Instantiate\ a\ set\ of\ cohort$

Description

This function instantiates a set of cohort in the cohort table, using definitions that are fetched from a WebApi interface. Optionally, the inclusion rule statistics are computed and stored in the inclusionStatisticsFolder.

```
instantiateCohortSet(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
```

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```
oracleTempSchema = NULL,
cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
cohortTable = "cohort",
cohortIds = NULL,
packageName = NULL,
cohortToCreateFile = "settings/CohortsToCreate.csv",
baseUrl = NULL,
cohortSetReference = NULL,
generateInclusionStats = FALSE,
inclusionStatisticsFolder = NULL,
createCohortTable = FALSE,
incremental = FALSE,
incrementalFolder = NULL
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

${\tt cohortDatabaseSchema}$

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable N

Name of the cohort table.

cohortIds

Optionally, provide a subset of cohort IDs to restrict the construction to.

packageName

The name of the package containing the cohort definitions. Can be left NULL if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified.

cohortToCreateFile

The location of the cohortToCreate file within the package. Is ignored if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified. The cohortToCreateFile must be .csv file that is expected to be read into a dataframe object identical to requirements for cohortSetReference argument.

baseUrl

The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI". Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been specified.

cohortSetReference

A data frame with four columns, as described in the details. Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been specified.

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generateInclusionStats

Compute and store inclusion rule statistics?

inclusionStatisticsFolder

The folder where the inclusion rule statistics are stored. Can be left NULL if generateInclusionStats = FALSE.

createCohortTable

Create the cohort table? If incremental = TRUE and the table already exists this will be skipped.

incremental Create only cohorts that haven't been created before?

incrementalFolder

If incremental = TRUE, specify a folder where records are kept of which definition has been executed.

Details

Currently two ways of executing this function are supported, either (1) [Package Mode] embedded in a study package, assuming the cohort definitions are stored in that package using the ROhdsiWebApi::insertCohortDefinitionSetInPackage, or (2) [WebApi Mode] By using a WebApi interface to retrieve the cohort definitions.

When using this function in Package Mode: Use the packageName and cohortToCreateFile to specify the name of the study package, and the name of the cohortToCreate file within that package, respectively

When using this function in WebApi Mode: use the baseUrl and cohortSetReference to specify how to connect to the WebApi, and which cohorts to fetch, respectively.

Note: if the parameters for both Package Mode and WebApi Mode are provided, then Package mode is preferred.

The cohortSetReference argument must be a data frame with the following columns:

referentConceptId A standard omop concept id that serves as the referant phenotype definition for the cohort Id.

cohortId The cohort Id is the id used to identify a cohort definition. This is required to be unique. It will be used to create file names. It is recommended to be (referrent-ConceptId * 1000) + a number between 3 to 999

webApiCohortId Cohort Id in the webApi/atlas instance. It is a required field to run Cohort Diagnostics in WebApi mode. It is discarded in package mode.

cohortName The full name of the cohort. This will be shown in the Shiny app.

logicDescription A human understandable brief description of the cohort definition. This logic does not have to a fully specified description of the cohort definition, but should provide enough context to help user understand the meaning of the cohort definition

Value

A data frame with cohort counts

launchCohortExplorer Launch the CohortExplorer Shiny app

Description

Launch the CohortExplorer Shiny app

Usage

```
launchCohortExplorer(
  connectionDetails,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable,
  cohortId,
  sampleSize = 100,
  subjectIds = NULL
)
```

Arguments

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortId The ID of the cohort.

sampleSize Number of subjects to sample from the cohort. Ignored if subjectIds is

specified.

subjectIds A vector of subject IDs to view.

Details

Launches a Shiny app that allows the user to explore a cohort of interest.

launchDiagnosticsExplorer

Launch the Diagnostics Explorer Shiny app

Description

Launch the Diagnostics Explorer Shiny app

Usage

```
launchDiagnosticsExplorer(
  dataFolder,
  runOverNetwork = FALSE,
  port = 80,
  launch.browser = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

dataFolder A folder where the premerged file is stored. Use the preMergeDiagnosticsFiles

function to generate this file.

runOverNetwork (optional) Do you want the app to run over your network?

port (optional) Only used if runOverNetwork = TRUE.

launch.browser Should the app be launched in your default browser, or in a Shiny window.

Note: copying to clipboard will not work in a Shiny window.

Details

Launches a Shiny app that allows the user to explore the diagnostics

```
\verb|plotCohortComparisonStandardizedDifference|\\
```

Get Plotly object with cohort comparison plot.

Description

Get Plotly object with cohort comparison plot.

```
plotCohortComparisonStandardizedDifference(
   data,
   targetCohortIds = NULL,
   comparatorCohortIds = NULL,
   cohortReference = NULL,
   covariateReference = NULL,
   concept = NULL,
   absoluteStandardizedDifferenceLowerThreshold = 0.001,
   absoluteStandardizedDifferenceUpperThreshold = 1,
   databaseIds = NULL
)
```

Arguments

 ${\tt data} \qquad \qquad {\tt A \ tibble \ data \ frame \ object \ that \ is \ the \ output \ of \ {\tt compareCovariateValueResult}}$

function.

targetCohortIds

(optional) A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

comparatorCohortIds

(optional) A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

cohortReference

(optional) A tibble data frame object returned from getCohortReference

function.

covariateReference

(optional) A tibble data frame object returned from getCovariateReference

function.

concept (optional) A tibble data frame object returned from getConceptReference

function.

absolute Standardized Difference Lower Threshold

(optional) Do you want to keep a lower threshold of absolute standardized

difference for plotting

absolute Standardized Difference Upper Threshold

(optional) Do you want to keep a lower threshold of absolute standardized

difference for plotting

databaseIds A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a

character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table

of the results data model.

Value

A Plotly object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
plotCohortCompare <- plotCohortComparisonStandardizedDifference(data = data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
plotCohortOverlapVennDiagram
```

Get Vendiagram object with cohort Overlap plot.

Description

Get Vendiagram object with cohort Overlap plot.

```
plotCohortOverlapVennDiagram(
  data,
  targetCohortIds,
  comparatorCohortIds,
  databaseIds
)
```

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Arguments

data A tibble data frame object that is the output of getCohortOverlapResult

function.

targetCohortIds

(optional) A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

comparatorCohortIds

(optional) A vector of one or more Cohort Ids.

databaseIds A vector one or more databaseIds to retrieve the results for. This is a

character field values from the 'databaseId' field of the 'database' table

of the results data model.

Value

A Vendiagram object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
plotCohortOverlapVennDiagram <- plotCohortOverlapVennDiagram(data = data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

plotIncidenceRate

Get ggplot object with incidence rate plot.

Description

Get ggplot object with incidence rate plot.

Usage

```
plotIncidenceRate(
   data,
   cohortIds = NULL,
   databaseIds = NULL,
   stratifyByAgeGroup = TRUE,
   stratifyByGender = TRUE,
   stratifyByCalendarYear = TRUE,
   yscaleFixed = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data A tibble data frame object that is the output of getIncidenceRate func-

tion.

cohortIds A vector of one or more integer (bigint) to plot.

databaseIds A vector of one or more databaseIds to plot.

stratifyByAgeGroup

Do you want to stratify by age?

```
stratifyByGender

Do you want to stratify by gender?

stratifyByCalendarYear

Do you want to stratify by calendar year?

yscaleFixed

Do you want to rescale y-axis?
```

Value

A ggplot object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
incidenceRatePlot <- plotIncidenceRate(data = data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

plotTimeDistribution $Get \ ggplot \ objection$

Get ggplot object with time distribution plot.

Description

Get ggplot object with time distribution plot.

Usage

```
plotTimeDistribution(
  data,
  cohortIds = NULL,
  databaseIds = NULL,
  xAxis = "database"
)
```

Arguments

data A tibble data frame object that is the output of getTimeDistributionResult

function.

cohortIds A vector of one or more integer (bigint) to plot.

databaseIds A vector of one or more databaseIds to plot.

xAxis (optional) By default 'database' will be plotted on x-axis. Alternative is

'cohortId'.

Value

A ggplot object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
timeDistributionPlot <- getTimeDistributionPlot(data = data)
## End(Not run)
```

```
preMergeDiagnosticsFiles
```

Premerge Shiny diagnostics files

Description

This function combines diagnostics results from one or more databases into a single file. The result is a single file that can be used as input for the Diagnostics Explorer Shiny app. It also checks whether the results conform to the results data model specifications.

Usage

```
preMergeDiagnosticsFiles(dataFolder, tempFolder = tempdir())
```

Arguments

dataFolder

folder where the exported zip files for the diagnostics are stored. Use the runCohortDiagnostics function to generate these zip files. Zip files containing results from multiple databases may be placed in the same folder.

tempFolder

A folder on the local file system where the zip files are extracted to. Will be cleaned up when the function is finished. Can be used to specify a temp folder on a drive that has sufficent space if the default system temp space is too limited.

runCohortDiagnostics Run cohort diagnostics

Description

Runs the cohort diagnostics on all (or a subset of) the cohorts instantiated using the ROhdsiWebApi::insertCohortDefinitionSetInPackage function. Assumes the cohorts have already been instantiated.

Characterization: If runTemporalCohortCharacterization argument is TRUE, then the following default covariateSettings object will be created using RFeatureExtraction::createTemporalCovariateS Alternatively, a covariate setting object may be created using the above as an example.

```
runCohortDiagnostics(
  packageName = NULL,
  cohortToCreateFile = "settings/CohortsToCreate.csv",
  baseUrl = NULL,
  cohortSetReference = NULL,
  phenotypeDescriptionFile = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
```

```
cohortDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "cohort".
  cohortIds = NULL,
  inclusionStatisticsFolder = file.path(exportFolder, "inclusionStatistics"),
  exportFolder,
  databaseId,
  databaseName = NULL,
  databaseDescription = NULL,
  cdmVersion = 5,
  runInclusionStatistics = TRUE,
  runIncludedSourceConcepts = TRUE,
  runOrphanConcepts = TRUE,
  runTimeDistributions = TRUE,
  runVisitContext = TRUE,
  runBreakdownIndexEvents = TRUE,
  runIncidenceRate = TRUE,
  runCohortOverlap = TRUE,
  runCohortCharacterization = TRUE,
  covariateSettings = createDefaultCovariateSettings(),
  runTemporalCohortCharacterization = TRUE,
 temporalCovariateSettings = createTemporalCovariateSettings(useConditionOccurrence =
  TRUE, useDrugEraStart = TRUE, useProcedureOccurrence = TRUE, useMeasurement = TRUE,
   temporalStartDays = c(-365, -30, 0, 1, 31, seq(from = -30, to = -420, by = -30),
  seq(from = 1, to = 390, by = 30)), temporalEndDays = c(-31, -1, 0, 30, 365, seq(from = 1, to = 390, by = 30))
    = 0, to = -390, by = -30), seq(from = 31, to = 420, by = 30))),
 minCellCount = 5,
  incremental = FALSE,
  incrementalFolder = file.path(exportFolder, "incremental")
)
```

Arguments

packageName

The name of the package containing the cohort definitions. Can be left NULL if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified.

cohortToCreateFile

The location of the cohortToCreate file within the package. Is ignored if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified. The cohortToCreateFile must be .csv file that is expected to be read into a dataframe object identical to requirements for cohortSetReference argument.

baseUrl

The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI". Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been specified.

cohortSetReference

A data frame with four columns, as described in the details. Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been specified.

 ${\tt phenotypeDescriptionFile}$

(Optional) The location of the phenotype description file within the package. The file must be .csv file and have the following columns that may be read into following data types: phenotypeId (double), phenotypeName (character), referentConceptId (double), clinicalDescription (character), literatureReview (character), phenotypeNotes (character). Note: the field names are in snake_case. Also, character fields should not have

'NA' in it. 'NA's are commonly added by R when R functions exports data from dataframe into CSV. Instead please use " (empty string) to represent absence of data. The literature_review field is expected to be a html link to page that contains resources related to literature review for the phenotype, and will be used to create link-out object.

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection is provided.

connection

An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

oracleTempSchema

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write privileges for storing temporary tables.

cohortDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your cohort table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the cohort table.

cohortIds Optionally, provide a subset of cohort IDs to restrict the diagnostics to. inclusionStatisticsFolder

The folder where the inclusion rule statistics are stored. Can be left NULL if runInclusionStatistics = FALSE.

exportFolder The folder where the output will be exported to. If this folder does not exist it will be created.

databaseId A short string for identifying the database (e.g. 'Synpuf').

databaseName The full name of the database.

databaseDescription

A short description (several sentences) of the database.

cdmVersion The version of the OMOP CDM. Default 5. (Note: only 5 is supported.) runInclusionStatistics

Generate and export statistic on the cohort inclusion rules?

${\tt runIncludedSourceConcepts}$

Generate and export the source concepts included in the cohorts?

runOrphanConcepts

Generate and export potential orphan concepts?

runTimeDistributions

Generate and export cohort time distributions?

runVisitContext

Generate and export index-date visit context?

runBreakdownIndexEvents

Generate and export the breakdown of index events?

runIncidenceRate

Generate and export the cohort incidence rates?

runCohortOverlap

Generate and export the cohort overlap? Overlaps are checked within cohortIds that have the same referrent conceptId sourced from the CohortSetReference or cohortToCreateFile.

runCohortCharacterization

Generate and export the cohort characterization? Only records with values greater than 0.0001 are returned.

covariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the createCovariateSettings function in the FeatureExtraction package, or a list of such objects.

runTemporalCohortCharacterization

Generate and export the temporal cohort characterization? Only records with values greater than 0.001 are returned.

temporalCovariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the createTemporalCovariateSettings function in the FeatureExtraction package, or a list of such objects.

minCellCount The minimum cell count for fields contains person counts or fractions.

incremental Create only cohort diagnostics that haven't been created before?

incrementalFolder

If incremental = TRUE, specify a folder where records are kept of which cohort diagnostics has been executed.

Details

Currently two ways of executing this function are supported, either (1) [Package Mode] embedded in a study package, assuming the cohort definitions are stored in that package using the ROhdsiWebApi::insertCohortDefinitionSetInPackage, or (2) [WebApi Mode] By using a WebApi interface to retrieve the cohort definitions.

When using this function in Package Mode: Use the packageName and cohortToCreateFile to specify the name of the study package, and the name of the cohortToCreate file within that package, respectively

When using this function in WebApi Mode: use the baseUrl and cohortSetReference to specify how to connect to the WebApi, and which cohorts to fetch, respectively.

Note: if the parameters for both Package Mode and WebApi Mode are provided, then Package mode is preferred.

The cohortSetReference argument must be a data frame with the following columns:

referentConceptId A standard omop concept id that serves as the referant phenotype definition for the cohort Id.

cohortId The cohort Id is the id used to identify a cohort definition. This is required to be unique. It will be used to create file names. It is recommended to be (referrent-ConceptId * 1000) + a number between 3 to 999

webApiCohortId Cohort Id in the webApi/atlas instance. It is a required field to run Cohort Diagnostics in WebApi mode. It is discarded in package mode.

cohortName The full name of the cohort. This will be shown in the Shiny app.

logic Description A human understandable brief description of the cohort definition. This logic does not have to a fully specified description of the cohort definition, but should provide enough context to help user understand the meaning of the cohort definition

 $\verb"runCohortDiagnosticsUsingExternalCounts"$

Run cohort diagnostics using external concept counts

Description

Runs cohort diagnostics on all (or a subset of) the cohorts, but using external concept counts. The external counts must have the following columns:

```
concept_id The source or target concept ID.
concept_count The number of records having the concept.
concept_subjects The number of unique persons having the concept.
```

Usage

```
runCohortDiagnosticsUsingExternalCounts(
  packageName = NULL,
  cohortToCreateFile = "settings/CohortsToCreate.csv",
 baseUrl = NULL,
  cohortSetReference = NULL,
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cohortIds = NULL,
  conceptCountsDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  conceptCountsTable = "concept_counts",
  conceptCountsTableIsTemp = FALSE,
  exportFolder,
  databaseId,
  databaseName = databaseId,
  databaseDescription = "",
  runIncludedSourceConcepts = TRUE,
  runOrphanConcepts = TRUE,
 minCellCount = 5
)
```

Arguments

packageName

The name of the package containing the cohort definitions. Can be left NULL if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified.

cohortToCreateFile

The location of the cohortToCreate file within the package. Is ignored if baseUrl and cohortSetReference have been specified. The cohortToCreateFile must be .csv file that is expected to be read into a dataframe object identical to requirements for cohortSetReference argument.

baseUrl The base URL for the WebApi instance, for example: "http://server.org:80/WebAPI".

Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been

specified.

cohortSetReference

A data frame with four columns, as described in the details. Can be left NULL if packageName and cohortToCreateFile have been specified.

connectionDetails

An object of type connectionDetails as created using the createConnectionDetails function in the DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connection

is provided.

connection An object of type connection as created using the connect function in the

DatabaseConnector package. Can be left NULL if connectionDetails is provided, in which case a new connection will be opened at the start of

the function, and closed when the function finishes.

cdmDatabaseSchema

Schema name where your patient-level data in OMOP CDM format resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database

and schema name, for example 'cdm_data.dbo'.

 ${\tt oracleTempSchema}$

Should be used in Oracle to specify a schema where the user has write

privileges for storing temporary tables.

cohortIds Optionally, provide a subset of cohort IDs to restrict the diagnostics to.

 ${\tt conceptCountsDatabaseSchema}$

Schema name where your concept counts table resides. Note that for SQL Server, this should include both the database and schema name, for example 'scratch.dbo'. Ignored if conceptCountsTableIsTemp = TRUE.

conceptCountsTable

Name of the concept counts table. This table can be created using the createConceptCountsTable.

conceptCountsTableIsTemp

Is the concept counts table a temp table?

exportFolder The folder where the output will be exported to. If this folder does not

exist it will be created.

databaseId A short string for identifying the database (e.g. 'Synpuf').

databaseName The full name of the database.

databaseDescription

A short description (several sentences) of the database.

runIncludedSourceConcepts

Generate and export the source concepts included in the cohorts?

runOrphanConcepts

Generate and export potential orphan concepts?

minCellCount The minimum cell count for fields contains person counts or fractions.

Details

Currently two ways of executing this function are supported, either (1) [Package Mode] embedded in a study package, assuming the cohort definitions are stored in that package using the ROhdsiWebApi::insertCohortDefinitionSetInPackage, or (2) [WebApi Mode] By using a WebApi interface to retrieve the cohort definitions.

When using this function in Package Mode: Use the packageName and cohortToCreateFile to specify the name of the study package, and the name of the cohortToCreate file within that package, respectively

When using this function in WebApi Mode: use the baseUrl and cohortSetReference to specify how to connect to the WebApi, and which cohorts to fetch, respectively.

Note: if the parameters for both Package Mode and WebApi Mode are provided, then Package mode is preferred.

The cohortSetReference argument must be a data frame with the following columns:

referentConceptId A standard omop concept id that serves as the referant phenotype definition for the cohort Id.

cohortId The cohort Id is the id used to identify a cohort definition. This is required to be unique. It will be used to create file names. It is recommended to be (referrent-ConceptId * 1000) + a number between 3 to 999

webApiCohortId Cohort Id in the webApi/atlas instance. It is a required field to run Cohort Diagnostics in WebApi mode. It is discarded in package mode.

cohortName The full name of the cohort. This will be shown in the Shiny app.

logic Description A human understandable brief description of the cohort definition. This logic does not have to a fully specified description of the cohort definition, but should provide enough context to help user understand the meaning of the cohort definition

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