## System Programming 2 - Assignment 2 ReadMe

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In this assignment, we added the operations for the graphs. I will explain the main functionality and checking I did in each.

Firstly, I added a function – validGraph.

So that after each operation I'll be able to check whether my graph is now empty, not squared, or has non-zero diagonal values. Which should take care of certain cases.

- '+' The operator sums each cell of current graph and another graph and puts it in a new cell of the result graph.
- '-'-The opposite of '+'
- '+=' Changes the current graph's weights of each edge by the value
- '-= ' Opposite of +=
- 'Unary -,+' Multiplies the cell by either 1 or minus 1
- '++ / -- ' Increases the weights of each edge by 1 or decreases by 1
- '\*' Multiplies scalar or a matrix. In case of a matrix; after the multiplication has been concluded, the diagonal will be set to 0 so that multiplication will be valid.
- isContainedIn Is a function I made as an helper to check if a matrix is contained within another matrix. In case the requested matrix is bigger than the matrix that is supposed to contain it, we return false.
- '</> ' In case a matrix isContainedIn another matrix, then it is 'less' than the matrix that contains it. In case no matrix contains the other – the number of edges are being compared
- '<= / >= ' Same logic as bigger/less with equal

- '!='- If not each and every cell is exactly the same
- '=='- If each and every cell is exactly the same
- visualGraph A function that visualizes a graph by indicating its rows, columns and values in each cell by a presentable view.

## # Notes:

- 1. I was unsure as to if I should implement division, because I saw a message in the forum that stated we do not need to implement it. Also, the assignment did not mention such thing in the "read me "file, so I did not implement division.
- 2. I was confused by the request to compare the old algorithms functions to current. The algorithms themselves didn't change, hence any usage of the current operations and then calling a function on operated graph will result in an expected return value.