#### **Web Services**

# Introduction

Lecture "XML in Communication Systems" Chapter 11

Dr.-Ing. Jesper Zedlitz
Research Group for Communication Systems
Dept. of Computer Science
Christian-Albrechts-University in Kiel



# Recommended Reading

Informatik · CAU Kiel

- Booth, D. et al.:
   Web Services Architecture
   http://www.w3.org/TR/ws-arch/
- Christensen, E., Curbera, F., Meredith, G., Weerawarana, S.: Web Services Description Language (WSDL) 1.1 http://www.w3.org/TR/wsdl
- Booth, D., Liu, C.K.: Web Services Description Language (WSDL) Version 2.0 Part 0: Primer http://www.w3.org/TR/wsdl20-primer
- Ballinger, K., Ehnebuske, D., Gudgin, M., Nottingham, M., Yendluri, P.: Web Services Interoperability Organization Basic Profile Version 1.0 http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/BasicProfile-1.0.html

Informatik · CAU Kiel

### Terminology

- Intranet:
  - operated by a single organisation,
  - applies Internet technolgies (TCP/IP, SMTP, http, ...),
  - possibly consists of several interrelated local area networks,
  - → provides information services for business processes

Informatik · CAU Kiel

#### Terminology (cont'd.)

#### – Extranet:

- enables sharing part of an organization's business processes with suppliers, vendors, partners, customers, etc.
- extends company's intranet to users outside the company,
- provides services offered by one company to a group of other companies.
- → "loose coupling"

Informatik · CAU Kiel

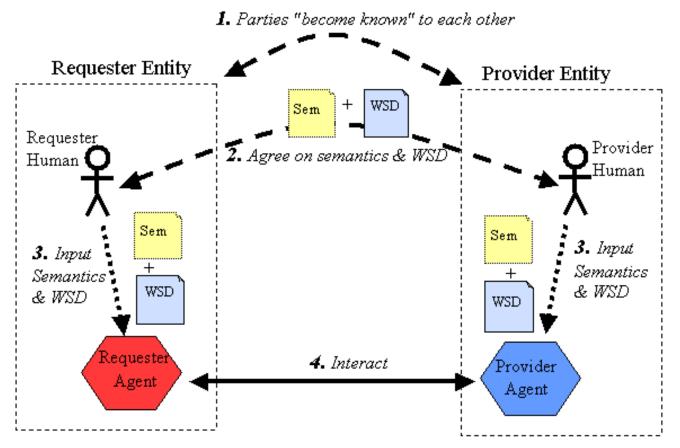
- Distributed Object Infrastructures
  - Distributed object infrastructure= component technology + wire protocol
  - Current distributed object infrastructures:
     COM/DCOM, Java RMI/JRMP, CORBA/GIOP
  - Disadvantages of proprietary distributed object infrastructures
    - Lack of interoperability: Vendor- and/or platform specific
    - Administrative costs:
       Custom runtime environment, configuring firewalls

#### Web Service definition

A Web service is a software system designed to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network. It has an interface described in a machine-processable format (specifically WSDL).

Other systems interact with the Web service in a manner prescribed by its description using SOAP messages, typically conveyed using HTTP with an XML serialization in conjunction with other Web-related standards.

# "Engaging a Web Service"



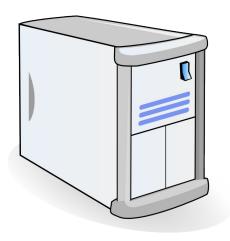
from: Web Services Architecture W3C Working Group Note 11 February 2004

#### WS basic operation



Web Service Client

```
Request for WS Description
          WS Description
          Web Service Request
<definitions>
      Web Service Response
  <element <Envelope>
              <Body>
  <ope=n/eilope> <add>
       <Body>
                  < x > 12 < / x >
</definitivesult>7次分级外块大>
      </Body>
               <x>27</x>
    </Envelope×/add>
              </Body>
            </Envelope>
```

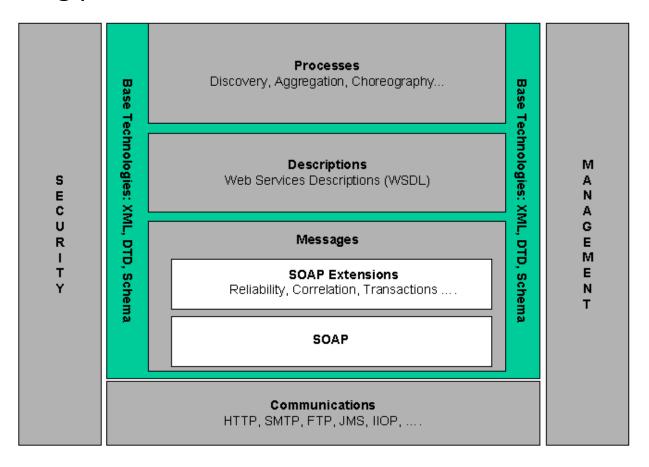


Web Service Server

Informatik · CAU Kiel

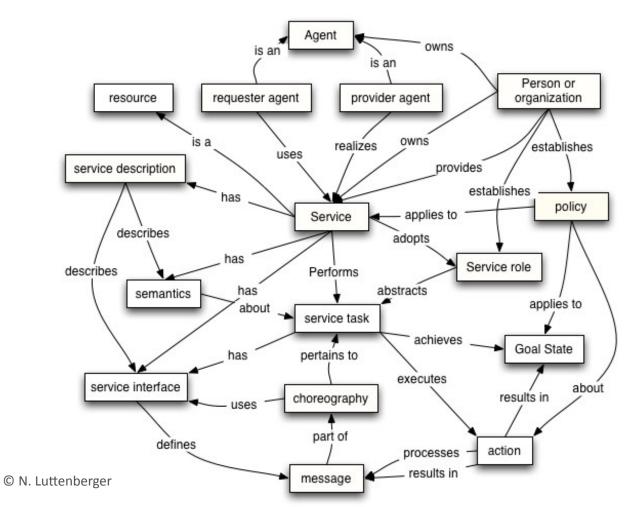
- Web Services: Core element of Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA)
  - Middleware for distributed systems:
     Independent of OS or programming language
  - XML-encoded messages in
     XML-based "framing protocol": SOAP
  - Formal interface description:
     Web Service Description Language (WSDL)

### "Big picture"



from: Web Services Architecture W3C Working Group Note 11 February 2004

#### Service-oriented model



from: Web Services Architecture W3C Working Group Note 11 February 2004