CS 452 Kernel 2

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1 Building, Running, and Usage

The repository for the code can be found at https://git.uwaterloo.ca/baforbes/cs452-kernel/tree/k2. To build the executable, run the following command from the root directory:

make

To build this document, run the following command from the root directory:

make docs

The executable will be built to <repo_root>/bin/kernel.elf

Once run, the program will initialize the kernel, and then create the first user task. This task will then create 3 other tasks: the Rock Paper Scissors (RPS) server, and 2 RPS clients. The clients will play 10 RPS games against each other, awaiting user input when they recieve replies from the RPS server so the game results are displayed.

2 Program Description

Note that each referenced file corresponds to a header file of the same name in the include folder (for example, src/kernel.c to include/kernel.h)

2.1 Message Passing

Each task struct now has a recieve queue (implemented via head and tail pointers). The handling for message passing syscalls is in sys_handler.c.

2.1.1 Send

When a task sends a message, it checks if the receiver is already send blocked. If so, it checks the length of the message, and compares it to the length the receiver expects. If these do not match, the return value will be set to an error.

It then copies the message into the reciever struct, up to the minimum of the two lengths. If the reciever is not send blocked, the sender is added to the send queue of the receiver.

2.1.2 Receive

If the send queue of the task is not empty, the message is immediately copied into the reciever (including the length check as above), and the sender is moved to the reply blocked state. If the send queue is empty, the reciever moves into the send blocked state.

2.1.3 Reply

After checks to ensure that the task exists and is reply blocked, as well as the message length check, the message is copied into the reply message pointer, and the reply blocked task is moved into the ready state.

2.2 Nameserver

The nameserver implementation is in name.c. On startup, the nameserver stores its TID in a global int to ensure that all tasks know it. The nameserver stores names in a simple hashtable with linear probing (discussed in the Data Structures section). After initializing its storage struct, the nameserver enters a forever loop. On each iteration of the loop, it receives a message, and executes the desired request. For WhoIs requests, the name is looked up in the hashtable. For RegisterAs, the name is added to the hash table.

2.3 RPS

The RPS implementation is in rps.c.

2.3.1 Server

The RPS server stores data in two structs (games, plays) and one int (unpaired). We chose to store only one unpaired task at a time, because there can never be two unpaired tasks at once (if there were, they ought to have been paired together already). On initialization, the data structures are initialized, and the server registers to the name server. It then enters a forever loop. On each iteration of the loop, first recieves a message. Thenm it edecutes the desired request. For signup requests: If there is no waiting task, it sets this task to the unpaired task. If there is a waiting task, it pairs the two tasks (by setting their values in the games array to each other) and replies to each of them.

For play requests: The opponent is determined via the value in the games array. If the opponent has already played their move (determined by the value in the plays array), it compares the two moves, and returns the victory (or quit) status to each task. If the opponent has not yet played, it sets the value in the plays array to the desired move.

Quit requests are implemented as play requests with a specific move value.

2.3.2 Client

After finding the RPS server TID and signing up for a game, clients play 10 moves. Each move is chosen via taking the low bits of the 40-bit debug clock modulo 3 - effectively randomly. After 10 games, they quit, and then exit.

2.4 Changes from Kernel 1

The architecture from Kernel 1 has not been significantly changed, but various optimizations were added. For example, unneccesary instructions were removed from asm/activate.s, the loop in memcpy was unrolled using duff's device, more information was added to aid GCC's optimization, and sequential stack pushes/pops of individual registers were merged into stmdb and ldmia instructions.

2.5 New Data Structures

The only major new data structure used is the hash table in the name server. We chose a hash table with linear probing because it was relatively small (only a factor 1.3 time larger than an array of the size of the maximum number of names we expected to store), easy to implement, and was a decent performance increase in the average case. We recognized that most stores and lookups only happened on kernel startup, but still saw benefit to these performance increases.

The hashtable was implemented as an array, with linear probing. To insert, the item is either put into the slot of the hash of the key, or the next empty slot below that (cyclically). Similarly, to look up a key, the slot for the hash of that key is queried. If it is not the correct item, the hashtable is probed linearly downwards (cyclically) until the key is found. In both operations, the operation fails if the hashtable is full.

As a hash function, we chose the djb2 function (from http://www.cse.yorku.ca/~oz/hash.html). This is because it is extremely simple, fast, and has good distribution of hashes.

3 Explanation of Program Output

The output of the program should be:

Created RPS Server: 2 Created RPS Client 1: 3 Created RPS Client 2: 4

After this, the output will be 20 lines of the form:

"\$(id): I played \$(play), Result: \$(result); detailing the results of 10 games. Each line represents the output from one of the RPS tasks. It contains the ID of the task, the move that task chose, and the result of that task.

Instead of having the RPS server pause after every game, we chose to have the RPS clients pause. This is to ensure that not only were moves being sent correctly and results were being computed correctly, but the clients were also recieving the correct reply message.

4 Timing Data

This data has also been emailed in the requested format, but it is added here for posterity.

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Message length	Caches	Send before Reply	Optimization	Time
4	off	yes	off	308
64	off	yes	off	641
4	on	yes	off	22
64	on	yes	off	44
4	off	no	off	298
64	off	no	off	635
4	on	no	off	22
64	on	no	off	44
4	off	yes	on	138
64	off	yes	on	242
4	on	yes	on	10
64	on	yes	on	16
4	off	no	on	137
64	off	no	on	241
4	on	no	on	10
64	on	no	on	16

5 File Hashes and Commit hash

Output of sha1sum src/* include/* asm/*

Hash 97231c9fde9f0d4155cc6733c81473fe43145871 873aa16244be9feb8696a41bd6860e380c738773 8010e18b2f848f65ca49fd70ad0250822f01d6860796c2a8d3aa58db79c116ee2fe0f7c23269396aede430e48ae75191c3981e59702be57ac6e365d2240681f6e6a4ff7e6c21913f475c010f8fa94836 93c61448622b997a5316f3630371f96eef74637c 818c1cb7dfba9b64774d250d6f43599ff823ea486bbf2f4b05ea5200dfde4529268618ff0dc4ad109 ca 83 a ed 60 b 535 b e 101 ea 973 a a 8 e 321 d fa 2605778ab24aed7959069820c1b78ae5127d3296cf7230 448dbc529557a03523524015b8771d7f91717743 a4ba75a0a842651ec25dde2fb3ada423a9394930 c27eea7678367b8e67648851035b7f216581d592304c87bfa20cc259217a5b89218c22ace9782fd7fbd69d26075f67eaf1ae17d09be5d26b202a43821f42302fdde007ec9d73a0cc37d80140c4531fe6d871edc6c39e07102bb5fbfe10cbc657bf64c4e192d08a1c7b26241036cda9d946bf78ad278282b8e400d1667b2aa52683dc8980709635beed86b455c41c6a180ea06c5e61f7e9eb3bbe858b98506309cbb7 fa eff 032 fb 3703540 cac 1a 152 a 310 a 08565 ae8eb6c8c7327bc68be8373102e7f4b19913a26a7 ac8eaf2964566e3bcda903e3dcf27b3abe49dfb5b75bead1e2e343f8b80db372925d27583c30005b 723 d801 a3 c99 cd243 bc9 e12 b15 c319 d8 ae16 da6 ae52482b9f0f9c45c6d0e7b6644c543c65238e5b382a1cc6e0e1f232f0e56eec87dc6e2173ca1fb76b988d142755c58c9321f98c4605887b0caeab2c6371c2704f5ba742ec5d1fcc5eb876036a1c10a1e dd749b1bc62069f06791465613ceece826824869464a4766793704c28e49960fb3b78283124fecd6 f5c6374f35eda215237b9692e2f5c602cb405d08d701602b5ceeff844853f2360d5a7fa3d35ade3378eb6344868e03101c348ffb0debd079530286e8 020477a7be0fdc05a32a2f918a46f4a9062750f4

File src/circlebuffer.c src/clock.c src/comio.c src/hashtable.c src/kernel.c src/minheap.c src/msg_metrics.c src/name.c src/rps.c src/sys_handler.c src/syscall.c src/tasks.c src/track_data.c src/util.c include/bwio.h include/circlebuffer.h include/clock.h include/comio.h include/debug.h include/elem.h include/err.h include/hashtable.h include/kernel.h include/message.h include/minheap.h include/msg_metrics.h include/name.h include/rps.h include/sys_handler.h include/syscall.h include/tasks.h include/track_data.h include/track_node.h include/ts7200.h include/util.h asm/activate.s