Ancestral Graphs example with Stop-signal data

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Before running throught the example bellow get an intuition for the method and stats reading Lourens Waldorp's 2011 NI paper here.

1. Getting started

Ancestral Graphs relies on a number of packages such as graphs, RBGL and ggm. These packages are updated in a fast rate, and for now you will have to run an older version of R (version 3.0.2) in order to use the validated versions of these packages for AG. You can find this version in the folder AG_codes/Rpackage_checked.

For me it works really well to use RSwich to swich between the newest version of R and this older version for AG. After installing the older version of R, and using RSwich make sure that you are running R version 3.0.2 (2013-09-25).

```
# are you running the correct version of R?
sessionInfo()
```

Now set the Base directory path to the AG_stopexample folder on your computer

```
# set datadir Base
dir_base='/Users/sarajahfari/Github/AG_stopexample'

#dir AG_codes, example_codes,
dir_agcodes=paste(dir_base,'/AG_codes',sep='')
dir_excodes=paste(dir_base,'/Example_codes',sep='')
dir_data=paste(dir_base,'/Example_data',sep='')
```

and get/source the other required codes and packages

```
# source checked packages
source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
biocLite("graph")
source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")
biocLite("RBGL")
install.packages(paste(dir_agcodes, "/Rpackage_checked/ggm-1.995-3.tar.gz",
    sep = ""), repos = NULL, type = "source")

# source AG_codes
file.sources = list.files(paste(dir_agcodes, "/rFunctions2",
    sep = ""), pattern = "*.R", full.names = TRUE, recursive = T)
sapply(file.sources, source, .GlobalEnv)
```

2. Get data, and define trials/conditions/regions

Read the single subjects data list with single trial estimates for a number of ROI's that will be used to infer connectivity. Next, I always create an index file that is easy to use with the AG codes.

```
# this reads the single subject data termed yDat, and creates
# the condition indexes in a seperate list
source(paste(dir_excodes, "/index_yDatstop.R", sep = ""), chdir = F)
head(yDat[[1]])
```

```
##          CaudateR40exc maxGPeR30exc maxGPiR30exc maxSTNR25exc       IFGR
## 01GoL_1      -0.595375     0.442298     0.066915    -0.031055 -0.329973
## 01GoL_10      0.105857    -0.026887     0.057072    -0.083707 -0.144638
## 01GoL_11      0.161698     0.380750     0.500733    -0.017357  0.291495
## 01GoL_12     -0.032499     0.463627    -0.033962    -0.052651  0.278092
## 01GoL_13      0.106706     0.105174     0.095832     0.159087  0.207860
## 01GoL_14     -0.500952    -0.032343    -0.253548     0.308119  0.607734
##          MotorCBA4aL PreSMARsmall ThalamusR40exc     type
## 01GoL_1    -0.398792    -0.369048      -0.183989  01GoL_1
## 01GoL_10   -0.194387     0.450988       0.012323 01GoL_10
## 01GoL_11    0.816016     0.066621       0.534921 01GoL_11
## 01GoL_12    0.268594    -0.064747       0.272632 01GoL_12
## 01GoL_13    0.298172     0.209098       0.401299 01GoL_13
## 01GoL_14   -0.012316    -0.080152      -0.199831 01GoL_14
```

Then, define the trial types of this task which you would like to model, and the nodes which should be in your model space

```
# these are the conditions that are evalauted seperatly in
# FitmodelsStop.R (see below)
cond = list(ST, SR, Go, GoL, GoR)
names(cond) = c("ST", "SR", "Go", "GoL", "GoR")

# this is just a list with the row_indexes per subject for
# the succesfull stop trials
head(cond$ST)
```

```
## $`sub-001`
##  [1]  50  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60  61 124 125 126 127 128
## [18] 129 130 131 132 133 134 135
##
## $`sub-002`
##  [1]  50  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60 125 126 127 128 129 130
## [18] 131 132 133 134 135 136
##
## $`sub-003`
##  [1]  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60  61 126 127 128 129 130 131
## [18] 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140
##
## $`sub-004`
##  [1]  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60  61 126 127 128 129 130 131
## [18] 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141
##
## $`sub-005`
##  [1]  49  50  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58 122 123 124 125 126 127 128
## [18] 129 130 131 132 133 134
##
## $`sub-006`
##  [1]  50  51  52  53  54  55  56  57  58  59  60  61  62  63 124 125 126
## [18] 127 128 129 130 131 132 133
```

```
# if responses are made with the left and right it can be
# difficult to fit the model with collapsed trials but also
# note that this wil reduce your number of trials by half
# cond = list(STL, STR, SRL, SRR,GoL,GoR)
# names(cond)=c('STL', 'STR', 'SRL', 'SRR','GoL','GoR')
```

```r
# Define the nodes which should be in your model space
MOroi = c("CaudateR40exc", "PreSMARsmall", "IFGR", "maxSTNR25exc",
    "maxGPeR30exc", "maxGPiR30exc", "ThalamusR40exc")

C.Lab = MOroi  # these are the regions that AG will use to evaluate connectivity between
```

3. Define the connectivity between nodes in different models

```r
# source the models to use, these are the defined PFC-BG
# models to evaluate for connectivity/fits
source(paste(dir_excodes, "/StopModel.R", sep = ""), chdir = F)

# try [this is an interactive plot, you can change the layout
# of nodes and get out with esc]
drawGraph(Ag0)  # see StopModel.R for definitions, but this should be the hyperdirect-Indirect model

# Now do the connectivity evaluation for each subject, each
# model/condition, to compute aic/bic and n-fits
source(paste(dir_excodes, "/FitmodelsStop.R", sep = ""), chdir = F)
```

Now evaluate fit and random effects AIC/BIC at group level

```r
# this is the grouplevel AIC (see FitmodelsStop for code) for
# each model(cols)/condition(rows)
round(AMT, digits = 0)
```

```
##       hindi   hyp indir   dir nfit-hindi nfit-hyp nfit-indir nfit-dir
## ST     7161  8298  7509  7748         43       43         43       43
## SR     7456  8772  7955  8238         43       43         43       43
## Go    21763 25600 22884 23953          0        0          1        0
## GoL   11762 13772 12387 12902         11        5         16       13
## GoR   11397 13353 11998 12516         13       13         19       18
```

```r
# this is the grouplevel BIC (see FitmodelsStop for code) for
# each model(cols)/condition(rows)
round(BMT, digits = 0)
```

```
##       hindi   hyp indir   dir nfit-hindi nfit-hyp nfit-indir nfit-dir
## ST     7241  8357  7574  7807         43       43         43       43
## SR     7536  8832  8020  8298         43       43         43       43
## Go    21864 25675 22965 24028          0        0          1        0
## GoL   11852 13840 12460 12969         11        5         16       13
## GoR   11486 13419 12070 12582         13       13         19       18
```

4. Select the winning model (hindi) to derive single subject connectivity estimates

```r
# ag0 was the hindi model in StopModel.R
hindi = ag0

# conditions to get beta for [these are the conditions where
# the model fitted all ppn]
```

```
cond2 = list(ST, SR)
names(cond2) = c("ST", "SR")

# Make ST and SR lists using yDat
ST = list()
SR = list()

for (i in 1:length(yDat)) {
    ST[[i]] = yDat[[i]][cond2[[1]][[i]], C.Lab]
    SR[[i]] = yDat[[i]][cond2[[2]][[i]], C.Lab]
}


# compute covarience matrix
covList.ST = lapply(ST, cov)
covList.SR = lapply(SR, cov)

fitST = list()
fitSR = list()

for (i in 1:length(yDat)) {
    fitST[[i]] <- fitAncestralGraph(hindi, covList.ST[[i]], dim(ST[[i]])[1])
    fitSR[[i]] <- fitAncestralGraph(hindi, covList.SR[[i]], dim(SR[[i]])[1])
}

# compute the variance of beta per subject
var.g.ST <- ag.var.group(fitST, covList.ST, ST)
var.g.SR <- ag.var.group(fitSR, covList.SR, SR)

# save matrix for var beta and beta itself (zijn nog leeg)
varbeta.ST = matrix(, dim(var.g.ST)[3], dim(var.g.ST)[1])
varbeta.SR = matrix(, dim(var.g.SR)[3], dim(var.g.SR)[1])
beta.ST = matrix(, length(yDat), length(ag.theta(fitST[[1]])))
beta.SR = matrix(, length(yDat), length(ag.theta(fitSR[[1]])))

for (i in 1:length(yDat)) {
    varbeta.ST[i, ] = diag(var.g.ST[, , i])
    varbeta.SR[i, ] = diag(var.g.SR[, , i])
    beta.ST[i, ] = ag.theta(fitST[[i]])
    beta.SR[i, ] = ag.theta(fitSR[[i]])
}

# these are the standarized connections (to use for group
# comparisons)
sbeta.ST = round(beta.ST/varbeta.ST, dig = 8)
sbeta.SR = round(beta.SR/varbeta.SR, dig = 8)
```

Finally, select the defined directed and undirected connections and put this in a usable list which can be saved as tsv

```
# select the defined directed and undirected connections
beta.ST=beta.ST[,c(1:8,10)]
beta.SR=beta.SR[,c(1:8,10)]
sbeta.ST=sbeta.ST[,c(1:8,10)]
```

```
sbeta.SR=sbeta.SR[,c(1:8,10)]


colnames(beta.ST) =paste('ST-',c('caud->gpe','presma->caud','presma->stn','ifg->caud',
                                 'ifg->stn','stn->gpi','gpe->gpi','gpi->thalamus',
                                 'presma-ifg'),sep='')

colnames(beta.SR) =paste('SR-',c('caud->gpe','presma->caud','presma->stn','ifg->caud',
                                 'ifg->stn','stn->gpi','gpe->gpi','gpi->thalamus',
                                 'presma-ifg'),sep='')

colnames(sbeta.ST) =colnames(beta.ST)
colnames(sbeta.SR) =colnames(beta.SR)

Beta_output=list(Connectivity_ST=beta.ST, Connectivity_SR=beta.SR,standarized_con_ST=sbeta.ST,standariz

for (rn in 1:length(Beta_output)) {rownames(Beta_output[[rn]])=names(yDat)}
}
```

```
# arrow is direct in col.names, and - (presma-ifg) is undirected
head(Beta_output$Connectivity_ST)
```

```
##          ST-caud->gpe ST-presma->caud ST-presma->stn ST-ifg->caud
## sub-001  -0.32534493     -0.55749704    -0.007316717  0.266109294
## sub-002  -0.48860562     -0.33756271    -0.276528991  0.002147515
## sub-003   0.08619859     -0.40180361    -0.041358759  0.035535550
## sub-004  -0.24045212     -0.20431636     0.628892409 -0.358360363
## sub-005  -0.12537864     -0.38403947     0.126770183 -0.227053967
## sub-006  -0.44078481     -0.02563003     0.128984510 -0.443016775
##            ST-ifg->stn   ST-stn->gpi ST-gpe->gpi ST-gpi->thalamus
## sub-001  -0.141143328  0.003738614   -0.4264254      -0.14515365
## sub-002   0.114201882  0.055687908   -0.7558637      -1.57800436
## sub-003   0.003940724  0.208368482   -0.8793710      -0.29854938
## sub-004  -0.816364543 -0.207181870   -0.2668323      -0.43127709
## sub-005  -0.396544915  0.061684750   -0.6557039      -0.05550985
## sub-006  -0.395269876  0.105049133   -0.5514878      -0.22893107
##            ST-presma-ifg
## sub-001      0.4615812
## sub-002      0.3413610
## sub-003      0.1925970
## sub-004      0.2600340
## sub-005      0.0893940
## sub-006      0.3113932
```

```
# arrow is direct in col.names, and - (presma-ifg) is undirected
head(Beta_output$standarized_con_ST)
```

```
##          ST-caud->gpe ST-presma->caud ST-presma->stn ST-ifg->caud
## sub-001  -0.00009765     -0.00005072    -0.00000064  0.00002781
## sub-002  -0.00000096     -0.00074737    -0.00002196  0.00001327
## sub-003   0.00402757     -0.70181803    -0.02425740  0.02596681
## sub-004  -0.00017681     -0.00009260     0.00002705 -0.00017788
## sub-005  -0.00122267     -0.00751744     0.00037188 -0.00204955
## sub-006  -0.00001853     -0.00018219     0.00050155 -0.00007106
##            ST-ifg->stn ST-stn->gpi ST-gpe->gpi ST-gpi->thalamus ST-presma-ifg
```

```
## sub-001 -0.00001255  0.00000026 -0.00000768      -0.00000097     0.00034208
## sub-002  0.00012644  0.00000100 -0.00000632      -0.00000051     0.00003346
## sub-003  0.01039742  0.02229524 -0.00324629      -0.00356488     0.01971200
## sub-004 -0.00007555 -0.00000733 -0.00001859      -0.00001560     0.00133518
## sub-005 -0.00057094  0.00007966 -0.00022248      -0.00005725     0.00468278
## sub-006 -0.00000868  0.00000170 -0.00000289      -0.00000834     0.00011922
```

All of these steps are also in the *EvaluateStop_example.R*. If you have questions let me know. Have fun!