

Aula 23 - 16.7/27

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• S_1 parabolóide:

$$\pi(x, z) = x\mathbf{i} + (x^2 + z^2)\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k} \quad ; \quad x^2 + z^2 \leq 1$$

$$F(\pi(x, z)) = 0\mathbf{i} + (x^2 + z^2)\mathbf{j} - z\mathbf{k}$$

$$\pi_x \times \pi_z = 2x\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2z\mathbf{k}$$

• Calculando a integral de S_1

$$\iint_{S_1} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \iint_{x^2 + z^2 \leq 1} [0 \cdot 2x + (x^2 + z^2) \cdot (-1) + (-z) \cdot (2z)] dA \Rightarrow$$

$$\iint_{S_1} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \iint_{x^2 + z^2 \leq 1} [-(x^2 + z^2) - 2z^2] dA = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 [-r^2 - 2r^2 \cos^2(\theta)] r dr d\theta \Rightarrow$$

$$\iint_{S_1} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \int_0^{2\pi} (-1 - 2\cos^2(\theta)) d\theta \int_0^1 r^3 dr = \left[-\theta - \left(\theta - \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2} \right) \right]_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r^4}{4} \right]_0^1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\iint_{S_1} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = -4\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4} = -\pi$$

• Para S_2

$$\pi(x, z) = x\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k} \quad ; \quad x^2 + z^2 \leq 1$$

$$F(\pi(x, z)) = 0\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - z\mathbf{k}$$

$$\pi_z \times \pi_x = 0\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 0\mathbf{k}$$

$$\therefore \iint_{S_2} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \iint_{x^2 + z^2 \leq 1} [0 \cdot 0 + 1 + (-z) \cdot 0] dA \Rightarrow$$

$$\iint_{S_2} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \iint_{x^2 + z^2 \leq 1} [1] dA = \pi \cdot 1$$

$$\iint_{S_2} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \iint_{S_1} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} + \iint_{S_2} F \cdot d\mathbf{S} = -\pi + \pi = 0$$