

Aula 19 - 15.8/25

2 Daniel Amorim Lima de Sales - 123.145

$$\begin{cases} x = \rho \cdot \sin \varphi \cdot \cos \theta \\ y = \rho \cdot \sin \varphi \cdot \sin \theta \\ z = \rho \cdot \cos \varphi \end{cases} \quad x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = \rho^2$$

$$\cdot \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^1 \rho \cdot \sin \varphi \cdot \cos \theta e^{\rho^2} \cdot \rho^2 \sin \varphi \, d\rho d\theta d\varphi$$

$$\cdot \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^1 e^{\rho^2} \cdot \rho^3 \cdot \sin^2 \varphi \cdot \cos \theta \, d\rho d\theta d\varphi$$

$$\cdot \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 \varphi \, d\varphi \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos \theta \, d\theta \int_0^1 \rho^3 \cdot e^{\rho^2} \, d\rho$$

$$\cdot \sin^2 x = (1 - \cos 2x)/2$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 2\varphi) \, d\varphi \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos \theta \, d\theta \int_0^1 e^{\rho^2} \rho^3 \, d\rho$$

$$\cdot \left[ \frac{1}{2} \varphi - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2\varphi \right]_0^{\pi/2} \left[ \sin \theta \right]_0^{\pi/2} \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \cdot e^{\rho^2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \rho^2 \cdot e^{\rho^2} \right]_0^1$$

$$\cdot \left[ \frac{\pi}{4} - 0 \right] \cdot [1 - 0] \cdot \left[ -\frac{1}{2} e + \frac{1}{2} e - \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) + 0 \right] = \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \cdot (1) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$\iiint x \cdot e^{x^2+y^2+z^2} \, dV = \frac{\pi}{8}$$