```
program Exercicion;
  var N:array [1..20] of integer;
  var i, j, p, a: integer;
  begin
  WriteLn('digite o vetor: ');
  for i:=1 to 20 do
  ReadLn(N[i]);
  begin
  for j:=i+1 to 20 do
  begin
  if N[i] > N[j] then
0
1
  begin
  a:=N[j];
3
  N[j] := N[i];
  N[i] := a;
4
5
  end
16
  end
  end:
8
  WriteLn('o menor valor: ');
  for i:= 1 to 1 do
9
  p:=i;
20
  WriteLn(' | ', N[i], ' | ', p);
21
22 |
  end.
```

```
program questao2;
var
    K: array[1..30] of integer;
    i, posteriores, anterior : integer;
begin
    for i := 1 to 30 do
    begin
        Writeln ('Digite o número ',i, ':');
        ReadLn (K[i]);
    end:
    for i := 1 to 30 do
    begin
        Writeln (K[i]);
    end:
    for i := 1 to 30 do
    begin
        if (i \mod 2) > 0 then
        begin
             anterior := K[i];
             posteriores := K[i+1];
            K[i] := posteriores;
            K[i+1] := anterior;
        end:
    end:
    Writeln('////////////////);
    for i := 1 to 30 do
    begin
        Writeln (K[i]);
    end;
end.
```















calc.pas 🗶

```
program questao3;
  var
      S: array[1..20] of integer;
      i, A, SOMA : integer;
  begin
      Writeln ('Digite o número de A: ');
      ReadLn (A);
      for i := 1 to 20 do
      begin
          Writeln ('Digite o número do vetor ',i,
           ReadLn (S[i]);
1
      end:
23
      for i := 1 to 20 do
      begin
4
5
6
           SOMA := SOMA + S[i];
      end;
      A := A * SOMA;
7
      WriteLn;
8
      Writeln (A);
  end.
```















calc.pas 🗶

```
program questao4;
  var
       V: array[1..20] of integer;
       i,cont : integer;
  begin
       cont:=0;
       for i := 1 to 20 do
       begin
           Writeln ('Digite o número do vetor ',i,
            ReadLn (V[i]);
       end:
0
       WriteLn:
23
       for i := 1 to 20 do
       begin
4
5
6
       WriteLn(V[i]);
       end:
       WriteLn:
7
       for i:=1 to 20 do
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
       begin
       if (V[i] \mod 2) = 0 then
       cont:=cont + 1;
       end;
       WriteLn('existem: ', cont,' par(es) neste ve
  end.
```













calc.pas X

```
Program exercicio5;
  Var num:array[1..100] of integer;
  x, y, imenor, troca: integer;
  Begin
  for x:=1 to 100 do
  Begin
       writeln('Número ',x);
       readln(num[x]);
  End:
  for x:=1 to 100 do
  Begin
1
      imenor:=x;
2
3
4
5
6
7
      for y:=x+1 to 100 do
      Begin
           if num[y]>num[imenor] then imenor:=y;
      if num[x]<>num[imenor] then
      Begin
           troca:=num[x];
          num[x]:=num[imenor];
          num[imenor]:=troca;
          end:
      End:
 End:
 writeln('Valores Ordenados');
 for x:=1 to 100 do
 Begin
      writeln(num[x]);
 End:
 End.
```













calc.pas 🗶

```
Program exercicio7;
   Var i, j, k, N: integer;
   var X, Y:array[1..15] of integer;
   begin
   k := 0:
   WriteLn('digite o vetor: ');
   for 1:= 1 to 15 do
   begin
   read(X[i]);
   if (X[i] = 2) or (A[i] = 3) then
0 begin
1 Y[k]:= X[i];
2 k := k+1;
3 end;
4 N:= trunc(sqrt(X[i]));
5 for j:= 2 to N do
6 begin
7 if X[i] mod j = 0 then break;
8 if(j=N) then
9 begin
20 Y[k]:=X[i];
21 k:=k
22 end
23 end;
24 end;
   k := k+1;
for i:= 0 to k-1 do

WriteLn(' | ', Y[i]);
end.
```

```
Program exercicio8;
const TAM = 8;
Var N,i, j, c: integer;
var A:array[1..TAM] of integer;
D:boolean:
begin
for i:=1 to TAM DO
ReadLn(A[i]);
for i:=1 to TAM do
begin
c:=0;
D:= true;
for j:=1 to TAM do
if A[i] = A[j] then
c := c+1;
if (c > 1) then
writeln('o numero ', A[i],' nao é distinto (ele
else
WriteLn('foi achado um distinto: ',A[i],' (ele s
end:
end.
```



calc.pas 🗙

```
Program exercicio9;
  Var N,i, j, c: integer;
  var A:array[1..50] of integer;
  begin
  c : = -1;
  for i:=1 to 50 do
  begin
  write('digite o componente',i,'do vetor A:');
  ReadLn(A[i]);
  end;
0 while (c<0) or (c>2) do
1 begin
2 WriteLn('digite 0 para finalizar o programa, 1
3 ReadLn(c);
4 end;
5 if (c=0) then
6 begin
7 WriteLn('fim do programa.');
8 end;
9 if (c=1) then
20 begin
21 WriteLn('o vetor e: [');
22 for i:=1 to 50 do
23 begin
24 WriteLn(A[i]), ' ')
25
  end;
26 WriteLn(']');
27 end;
28 if (c=2) then
29 begin
30 for i:=1 to 49 do
31|for j:=i+1 to 50 do
32 if (if<j) then
  begin
```

```
begin
  WriteLn('digite 0 para finalizar o programa,
3
  ReadLn(c);
4
  end:
5
  if (c=0) then
16
  begin
7
  WriteLn('fim do programa.');
8
  end;
9
  if (c=1) then
20
  begin
21
22
23
24
25
26
  WriteLn('o vetor e: [');
  for i:=1 to 50 do
  begin
  WriteLn(A[i]), ' ')
  end;
  WriteLn(']');
27
  end;
28
  if (c=2) then
29
  begin
30
  for i:=1 to 49 do
31
  for j:=i+1 to 50 do
32
  if (if<j) then
33
  begin
34
35
36
37
  N:=A[j];
  A[j]:=A[i];
  A[i]:=N;
  end;
88
  write('seu vetor com os elementos invertidos fic
39
  for i:=1 to 50 do
10
  begin
1
  WriteLn(A[i],
2
  end;
  WriteLn(']');
4
  end;
  end.
```

```
Program exercicio10;
  Var i, j, a: integer;
  var L:array[1..9] of integer;
  begin
  write('digite o vetor: ');
  for i = 0 to 9 do
  ReadLn(L[i]);
  for i := 0 to 9 do
  begin
  for j:=i+1 to 9 do
0 begin
  if L[i] > L[j] then
2
  begin
  a:= L[j];
4
  L[j]:= L[i];
5
  L[i]:=a;
6
  end;
  end
8
  end;
9
  WriteLn('os tres menores elementos sao: ');
  for i := 0 to 2 do
20
  writeln(' | ', L[i]);
21
22
  end.
```

3

7















calc.pas 🗙

```
Program exercicio 11;
  Var
  A:array[1..10] of integer;
  B:array[1..10] of integer;
  i,e,fat,troca :integer;
  Begin
      for i:=1 to 10 do
      Begin
          Writeln ('Digite o valor ',i,' do vetor
           Readln (A[i]);
0
      End:
      for i:=1 to 10 do
Begin
          fat := 1;
          for e:=1 to A[i] do
           Begin
               fat := fat*e;
           end:
           B[i] := fat;
      end:
      Writeln;
      for i:=1 to 10 do
      Begin
          Writeln (B[i]);
24
      End:
  end.
```















calc.pas 🗙

```
Program exercicio12;
  const TAM = 9;
  Var L:array[1..TAM] of integer;
  i,a:integer;
  Begin
          Writeln ('Digite o vetor: ');
          for i:= 0 to 9 do
          Readln (L[i]);
          for i:=0 to (TAM div 2) do
      begin
      a:=L[i];
      L[i]:=L[TAM-i];
1
2 3 4 5 6
      L[TAM-i] := a;
      End:
      WriteLn('vetor invertido: | ');
      for i:=0 to TAM do
      write(L[i],' | ');
7
      writeln;
  end.
```