

1) The mean annual college fees paid by all students in a college is ₹55 lakhs. The mean annual college fees paid **3 points** by male and female students of the college are ₹40 lakhs and ₹60 lakhs respectively. Then, the percentages of male students studying in the college is

- ☐ 60%
- ☐ 50%
- ☐ 20%
- ☐ 25%
- ☐ 30%

2) By multiplying each of the numbers 4, 5, 7, 11, 13 by 4 and then adding 7 to each of them, we obtain a new dataset. Then, the difference between the sample variance of the new dataset and the sample variance of the old dataset is

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**3 points**

3) Consider various variables that describes the specifications of flats owned by a builder. These variables **3 points** include price of flat, area of flat, BHK(number of bedrooms attached with 1 hall and 1 kitchen), furnishing(furnished, semi furnished or unfurnished), and locality. The builder owns 400 flats whose specifications are then organised in a data table. Based on this information, choose the correct option(s) from below.

- ☐ The number of variables in the data table is 5.
- ☐ The number of cases/observations in the data table is 5.
- ☐ Furnishing is a categorical variable.
- ☐ Price of flat is a numerical variable.
- ☐ Area of flat is a discrete numerical variable.
- ☐ Locality is a numerical variable.

4) If the variance of a set of non-zero observations is zero, you can conclude

**2 points**

- ☐ that the observations have same number of positive and negative data points.
- ☐ that the mean (average) value is zero.
- ☐ that all observations are the same value.
- ☐ that a mistake in calculation has been made.

☐ none of the above.

5) If first quartile ( $Q_1$ ) = 80 and third quartile ( $Q_3$ ) = 100, which of the following must be true?

**2 points**

I. The median will lie in the range [80, 100].

II. The median is 90.

III. The standard deviation is at most 20.

☐ I only

☐ II only

☐ III only

☐ I and II.

☐ All are true.

☐ None is true.

6) Suppose the correlation coefficient between two variables  $x$  and  $y$  is 0.45. What will be the new correlation coefficient if 0.10 is added to all values of the  $x$  variable, every value of the  $y$  variable is doubled, and the two variables are interchanged? **3 points**

☐ 0.55

☐ 0.65

☐ 0.90

☐ 0.45

☐ 0.80

7) The bar chart given in Figure Q.1 shows the shoe sizes of a group of 70 children. Based on this information, which of the following statements is(are) true? **3 points**



Figure Q.1: Shoe size dataset

- ☐ 16 children wear a size 8 shoe.
- ☐ 29 children wear a shoe size less than 8.
- ☐ 7 is the median shoe size.
- ☐ 35 children wear a shoe size larger than 6.
- ☐ 6 is the mode shoe size.
- ☐ Range of the shoe size is 4.
- ☐ The value of first quartile ( $Q_1$ ) for shoe size is 6.

The histogram of runs scored by a batsman in his career is given in Figure .