

Introduction and Thesis

Millions are using screens in the fast-growing digital world, spending long hours working at a desk. Software engineers and computer-based professionals are greatly affected by the physical demands of a sedentary, screen-driven lifestyle. High-paying and competitive jobs come with health drawbacks that are often overlooked by workers and companies. Prolonged sitting, strain injuries, poor posture, and ligament issues are only a few of the problems that these workers face. Pairing physical health issues with the already prominent mental health problems of computer-based workers will lead to workers leaving their jobs, being burned out, and having a decreased quality of life. Finding solutions and spreading awareness are important for individuals in the fast-growing field where workers spend more than half their day at a desk. More importantly, finding easy and reproducible ways to implement these solutions is a big goal to ensure accessibility of these solutions for all workers.

Thesis

This paper will cover how prolonged sitting and poor ergonomic practices in the tech industry are big reasons for physical strain, musculoskeletal disorders, and mental fatigue. It will also cover how these health issues can occur. These health issues can be reduced through practical ergonomic improvements, workplace training, and healthy habits. Reducing these issues can improve workers' productivity and overall quality of life.

Outline and Thesis

Prolonged work that requires long periods of sitting paired with poor ergonomic practice in computer-based jobs significantly contributes to health issues like musculoskeletal disorders, repetitive strain injuries, mental fatigue, and many more that will be discussed. Health issues in computer-based workers can develop for many reasons, which is why it is important to educate workers on how to prevent them. These health issues can be reduced through ergonomic interventions, workplace education, and simple, reproducible solutions. Reducing these issues will improve productivity and job satisfaction while also improving the long-term health of these workers.

I. Intro and Thesis

- Importance of Tech Field
- Overview of Physical Health Issues
- Thesis Statement

II. Common Physical Health Issues

- Strain Injuries (Carpal Tunnel Syndrome, RSI)
- Vision Problems

- Back and Neck Issues from Poor Ergonomics
- Associated Health Risks
- III. Causes and Factors
 - Prolonged Work Hours and Lack of Rest
 - Workspace Design and Ergonomics
 - Lack of Awareness and Education
- IV. Preventative Measures and Solutions
 - Ergonomic Tools and Products for Workstation
 - Easy to Implement Solutions
 - Scheduled Breaks and Stretching Routines
 - Education and workplace programs
- V. Outcomes
 - Improved Productivity and Job Satisfaction
 - Long Term Health Costs
 - Industry Wide Changes in Workplaces
- VI. Conclusion

Bibliography

1. Kang, J., Park, R., Lee, S., Kim, J., Yoon, S., & Jung, K. (2012). The effect of the forward head posture on postural balance in long time computer based worker. *Annals of Rehabilitation Medicine*, 36(1), 98. <https://doi.org/10.5535/arm.2012.36.1.98>
 - This research paper goes into how forward head posture can change postural balance in workers who are sitting for long periods of time. They also explain how fixing posture is vital for long-term computer workers..
2. Padma, V., Anand, N., Gurukul, S. M. G., Javid, S. M. a. M., Prasad, A., & Arun, S. (2015). Health problems and stress in Information Technology and Business Process Outsourcing employees. *Journal of Pharmacy and Bioallied Sciences*, 7(5), 9. <https://doi.org/10.4103/0975-7406.155764>
 - This article explores how employees who work in IT have to tolerate high levels of stress, insomnia, back pain, and eye strain because of long shifts, weird hours, and poor ergonomics. This study puts a weight on workplace interventions to reduce physical and mental risks.

3. Zadeh, S. S., & Begum, K. (2010). Association between insomnia and quality of life: an exploratory study among software engineers. *Applied Research in Quality of Life*, 6(4), 335–347. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11482-010-9131-5>

- This study elaborates on the connection between insomnia and decreased quality of life among software engineers. They discovered that chronic sleep disruption lowers mental health, productivity, and job satisfaction..

4. Ibrahim, I., Khan, W. S., Goddard, N., & Smitham, P. (2012). Carpal tunnel syndrome: Clinical features, diagnosis, and management. *The Open Orthopaedics Journal*, 6, 69–76. <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27751557/>

- Reviews carpal tunnel syndrome more specifically, its symptoms, risk factors, and treatment options. It brings attention to how important ergonomics prevention is for computer workers.

5. Ergonomics in the workplace: evaluating and modifying jobs. (1992, March 1). PubMed. <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/1542826/>

- This article talks about how ergonomic evaluations and job redesign can reduce workplace injuries. It talks about how modifying jobs is important for workers so that they can work more productively.

6. Office ergonomics. Measurements for success. (1999, October 1). PubMed. <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/10818828/>

- This article talks about measuring success in ergonomic workplace design, like worker comfort, productivity, and injury reduction. It pushes for ergonomic assessments so that workers can see where they can improve.

7. Baker, R., Coenen, P., Howie, E., Williamson, A., & Straker, L. (2018). The short term musculoskeletal and cognitive effects of prolonged sitting during office computer work. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 15(8), 1678. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph15081678>

- This article talks about how prolonged sitting during computer work can lead to musculoskeletal discomfort and cognitive fatigue. This study also recommends some simple solutions, like regular movement breaks.

8. Duran, A. T., Friel, C. P., Serafini, M. A., Ensari, I., Cheung, Y. K., & Diaz, K. M. (2023). Breaking up prolonged sitting to improve cardiometabolic risk: Dose–Response analysis of a randomized crossover trial. *Medicine & Science in Sports & Exercise*, 55(5), 847–855.
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36728338/>

- This trial explains how having breaks throughout long periods of sitting reduces cardiometabolic risk and has measurable health benefits. They also talk about why prolonged sitting is bad for workers' health.

9. Department of Health & Human Services. (n.d.). The dangers of sitting: why sitting is the new smoking. Better Health Channel.
<https://www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/healthyliving/the-dangers-of-sitting>

- This article explains how extended sitting can increase the risk of obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, and early death. It promotes more movement and exercise in daily routines.

10. Ergonomics - Overview | Occupational Safety and Health Administration. (n.d.).
<https://www.osha.gov/ergonomics>

- This article outlines strategies to prevent musculoskeletal disorders through better ergonomics practices. It encourages proper workstation design and training. It talks about the safety of proper workstations and how they can prevent further problems.

11. Jpiersol. (2023, June 23). Workplace Ergonomics Safety: tips, equipment, and examples. School of Public Health.
<https://publichealth.tulane.edu/blog/workplace-ergonomics-safety/>

- This post covers tips and examples of the best ergonomic practices in multiple work environments. It talks about adjustable equipment, breaks, and employee education. Adjustable equipment can be a table that can move up or down so that workers can stand while doing work.

