

# Kafka Python Client

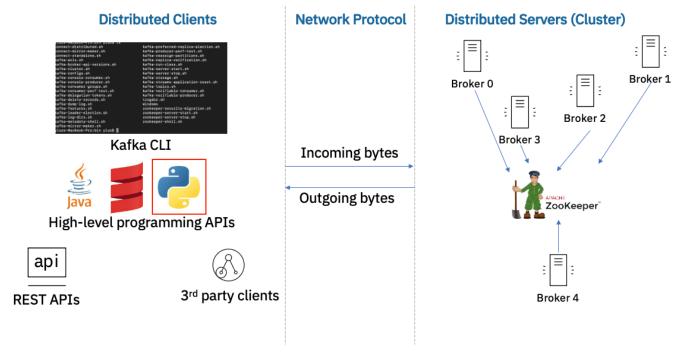
Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

### **Objectives**

After reading this article, you will be able to:

- List the common Apache Kafka clients
- Use kafka-python to interact with Kafka server in Python

# **Apache Kafka Clients**



Kafka has a distributed client-server architecture. For the server side, Kafka is a cluster with many associated servers called broker, acting as the event broker to receive, store, and distribute events. All those brokers are managed by another distributed system called ZooKeeper to ensure all brokers work in an efficient and collaborative way.

Kafka uses a TCP based network communication protocol to exchange data between clients and servers

For the client side, Kafka provides different types of clients such as:

- Kafka CLI, which is a collection of shell scripts to communicate with a Kafka server
- Many high-level programming APIs such as Python, Java, and Scala
- REST APIs
- · Specific 3rd party clients made by the Kafka community

You can choose different clients based on your requirements. In this reading, we will be focusing on a Kafka Python client called kafka-python

Note: Code snippets provided in this article are just for your reference but not the complete working code.

# kafka-python package

kafka-python is a Python client for the Apache Kafka distributed stream processing system, which aims to provide similar functionalities as the main Kafka Java client.

With kafka-python, you can easily interact with your Kafka server such as managing topics, publish, and consume messages in Python programming language.

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#### Install kafka-python

Install kafka-python is similar to other regular Python packages:

```
1. pip install kafka-python
```

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Next, let's see the use cases of the main functions provided by the kafka-python package.

### KafkaAdminClient Class

 $The \ main \ purpose \ of \ \texttt{KafkaAdminClient} \ class \ is \ to \ enable \ fundamental \ administrative \ management \ operations$ on kafka server such as creating/deleting topic, retrieving, and updating topic configurations and so on.

Let's check some concrete code examples:

## Create a KafkaAdminClient object

To use KafkaAdminClient, we first need to define and create a KafkaAdminClient object:

```
1. admin_client = KafkaAdminClient(bootstrap_servers="localhost:9092", client_id='test')
```

- bootstrap servers="localhost:9092" argument specifies the host/IP and port that the consumer should contact to bootstrap initial cluster metadata
- · client id specifies an id of current admin client

## Create new topics

Next, the most common usage of admin\_client is managing topics such as creating and deleting topics.

To create new topics, we first need to define an empty topic list:

```
1. topic_list = []
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```

Then we use the NewTopic class to create a topic with name equals bankbranch, partition nums equals to 2, and replication factor equals to 1.

```
1. new_topic = NewTopic(name="bankbranch", num_partitions= 2, replication_factor=1)
topic_list.append(new_topic)
```

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At last, we can use  $create\_topics(...)$  method to create new topics:

```
    admin_client.create_topics(new_topics=topic_list)

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```

Above create topic operation is equivalent to using kafka-topics.sh --topic in Kafka CLI client:

```
1. "kafka-topics.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092 --create --topic bankbranch --partitions 2 --replication factor 1"
Copied!
```

### Describe a topic

Once new topics are created, we can easily check its configuration details using describe\_configs() method

```
config_resources=[ConfigResource(ConfigResourceType.TOPIC, "bankbranch")])
```

Above describe topic operation is equivalent to using kafka-topics.sh --describe in Kafka CLI client:

```
1. kafka-topics.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092 --describe --topic bankbranch
Copied!
```

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## **KafkaProducer**

Now we have a new bankbranch topic created, we can start produce messages to the topic.

For kafka-python, we will use KafkaProducer class to produce messages.

Since many real-world message values are in the format of JSON, we will show you how to publish JSON messages as an example.

First, let's define and create a KafkaProducer

```
1. 1
```

1. producer = KafkaProducer(value\_serializer=lambda v: json.dumps(v).encode('utf-8'))

Copied!

Since Kafka produces and consumes messages in raw bytes, we need to encode our JSON messages and serialize them into bytes.

For the <code>value\_serializer</code> argument, we define a lambda function to take a Python dict/list object and serialize it into bytes.

Then, with the KafkaProducer created, we can use it to produce two ATM transaction messages in JSON format as follows:

```
    1. 1
    producer.send("bankbranch", {'atmid':1, 'transid':100})
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    1. 1
    producer.send("bankbranch", {'atmid':2, 'transid':101})
```

Copied!

The first argument specifies the topic bankbranch to be sent, and the second argument represents the message value in a Python dict format and will be serialized into bytes.

The above producing message operation is equivalent to using kafka-console-producer.sh --topic in Kafka CLI client:

1. 1

1. kafka-console-producer.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092 --topic bankbranch

Copied!

# KafkaConsumer

In the previous step, we published two JSON messages. Now we can use the  ${\tt KafkaConsumer}$  class to consume them.

We just need to define and create a KafkaConsumer subscribing to the topic bankbranch:

```
    1. 1
    1. consumer = KafkaConsumer('bankbranch')

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```

Once the consumer is created, it will receive all available messages from the topic bankbranch. Then we can iterate and print them with the following code snippet:

```
1. 1
2. 2
1. for msg in consumer:
2. print(msg.value.decode("utf-8"))
```

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The above consuming message operation is equivalent to using kafka-console-consumer.sh --topic in Kafka CLI client:

1. 1
 1. kafka-console-consumer.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092 --topic bankbranch
 Copied!

# **Summary**

In this reading, you have learned how to use kafka-python package to perform some main operations such as create or describe topic, produce and consume messages with a Kafka server.

#### **Authors**

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#### **Other Contributors**

#### Change Log

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| Date (YYYY-MM-DE | )) Version | Changed By          | Change Description                 |
|------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2022-10-26       | 1.1        | Appalabhaktula Hema | a Updated logo and instruction     |
| 2021-10-31       | 1.0        | Yan Luo             | Created initial version of the lab |

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