# Flipper-McFlopper

Filename: flipper

The star-bellied Sneetches, they want to have fun Blooping and flooping till Sunday is done. But one little chore they have left to do: Test their Flipper-McFlopper machine for dear Sue.

The Flipper-McFlopper machine is quite grand. It takes in a single, quite large, operand. We'll call it x, and so that you know, what happens inside is recorded below: It does this until x ends in a 7 -- first add 1 or 2, then scale by 11. The Flipper-McFlopper should always choose best to stop extra fast for every new test.

Find the fewest number of scales to get to the end, assuming optimal picks (each either 1 or 2) for every addend.

#### The Problem:

Given x, calculate the minimum number of scales the Flipper-McFlopper must do before stopping.

## The Input:

The first line of the input file begins with a single, positive integer, t, representing the number of test cases. t lines follow, each containing a single integer,  $1 \le x \le 10^{18}$ , the input to the machine.

### The Output:

For each test case, output a single line saying "Input #i: s" without the quotes, where i is the number of the test case, and s the minimum number of scales required.

#### **Sample Input:**

```
3
197
4
583920682924895290
```

### **Sample Output:**

```
Input #1: 0
Input #2: 2
Input #3: 4
```

**Note:** For the first case the Flipper-McFlopper machine will stop instantly since the number already ends in a 7. For the second test case, ((4+1)\*11+2)\*11 = 627. It will stop here after multiplying twice. It is also possible to stop at 737 after 2 scales.