

FASIT OPPGAVER UKE 6-7, STA-1001 2024

3.14

a) $P(\text{mindre enn } 12) = P(X < 12/60) = F(0.2) = 0.551$

b) $P(\text{mindre enn } 12) = \int_0^{0.2} 4e^{-4x} dx = 0.551$

3.30

a) $k = \frac{3}{16}$

b) $P\left(X < \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{99}{128}$

c) $P(|X| > 0.8) = P(X < -0.8) + P(X > 0.8) = 0.164$

3.41

a) $P(X + Y < 0.5) = \int_0^{0.5} \int_0^{0.5-y} 24xy \, dx dy = \int_0^{0.5} (3y - 12y^2 + 12y^3) dy = \frac{1}{16}$

b) $g(x) = \int_0^{1-x} 24xy \, dx = 12x(1-x)^2, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$

c) $f(y | x) = \frac{f(x,y)}{g(x)} = \frac{24xy}{12x(1-x)^2} = \frac{2y}{(1-x)^2}, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$

$$P\left(Y < \frac{1}{8} \mid X = \frac{3}{4}\right) = \int_0^{1/8} f(y | x = 0.75) dy = \int_0^{1/8} \frac{2y}{(1-0.75)^2} dy = \frac{1}{4}$$

4.1

$$E(X) = \sum_x xf(x) = \sum_{x=1}^4 xf(x) = 0.88$$

4.13

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xf(x) dx = \int_0^2 xf(x) dx = \int_0^1 x \cdot x dx + \int_1^2 x(2-x) dx = 1$$

4.17

$$E[g(X)] = E[(2X + 1)^2] = \sum_x (2x + 1)^2 f(x) = 209$$

4.21

Fortjeneste er her $g(X) = 5000 \cdot X^2$.

$$E[g(X)] = E(5000 \cdot X^2) = \int_0^1 5000 \cdot x^2 \cdot 2(1-x) dx = 833.33$$

A3

For å finne sannsynlighetene kan vi integrere $f(x, y)$ over det aktuelle området.

$$1. P(X < 1) = \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^1 f(x, y) dx dy = \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^1 2e^{-2y} e^{-x} dx dy = \int_0^{\infty} 2e^{-2y} (1 - e^{-1}) dy = 1 - e^{-1} = 0.632$$

$$2. P(X > Y) = \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^x f(x, y) dy dx = \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^x e^{-x} 2e^{-2y} dy dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} (1 - e^{-2x}) dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

A4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{a)} \quad \begin{array}{c|ccc} t & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline P(T=t) & 0.20 & 0.35 & 0.45 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c|ccc} e & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline P(E=e) & 0.20 & 0.35 & 0.45 \end{array} \\ \text{Betinging fordeling for } E \text{ når } T=2: \quad \begin{array}{c|ccc} t & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline P(E=e|T=2) & \frac{1}{9} & \frac{2}{9} & \frac{6}{9} \end{array} \end{array}$$

b) Prøver med $E = 0$ og $T = 0$:

$$P(E = 0, T = 0) = 0.1 \quad P(E = 0) \cdot P(T = 0) = 0.20 \cdot 0.20 = 0.04$$

Avhengige.

$$\text{c) Fordeling for antall solge krabber, } S: \begin{array}{c|ccc} s & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline P(S=s) & \frac{3}{10} & \frac{4}{10} & \frac{3}{10} \end{array}$$