- 1. Name the three properties of a tree.
 - Connected, acyclic (no cycle) and undirected graph
- 2. Is a tree a forest?
 - Yes, a tree is a forest but a forest is not a tree because it is not connected
- 3. What do you call the special designated node in a tree?
 - Root node is the special designated node in a tree
- 4. What is the minimum number of nodes in a tree?
 - Tree must contain at least 1 node
- 5. Can a tree have no subtrees at all?
 - Yes, a tree can have no subtrees at all
- 6. Children of node 16.
 - Nodes 13, 6, 60 are children of Node 16
- 7. Parent of node 1.
 - Node 7 is the parent of Node 1
- 8. Siblings of 23.
 - Node 23 has no siblings
- 9. Ancestors of 9.
 - Nodes 22, 7, 12 and 4 are ancestors of node 9
- 10. Descendants of 16.
 - Nodes 13, 6, 60 are descendants of node 16
- 11. Leaves.
 - Leaves: Nodes 6, 23, 21, 20, 9, 1
- 12. Non-leaves.
 - Non-leaves: Nodes 22, 16, 7, 13, 60, 12 and 4
- 13. Depth of node 4.
 - Node 4 has depth 3
- 14. Degree of the tree.
 - This tree has degree 3
- 15. Height of the tree.
 - Node 22 = Height 4; Nodes 16 and 7 = Height 3; Nodes 13, 6, 60, 12 and 1 = Height 2; Nodes 23, 21, 20 and 4 = Height 1; Node 9 = Height 0
- 16. Weight of the tree.
 - The weight of this tree is 6
- 17. Is the tree a binary tree?
 - No, a binary tree can only have nodes that contain a maximum of two children
- 18. Removing 6, is the tree a full binary tree?

- No, every node has either 0 or 2 children
- 19. Removing 6, is the tree a complete binary tree?
 - No, not all of the leaves have the same depth
- 20. Is a full binary tree complete?
 - Yes, if the levels of full binary tree (all nodes have either 0 or 2 children) are filled completely except the last level nodes which are as far left as possible
- 21. Is a complete binary tree full?
 - Yes, if each node of complete binary tree is either a leaf or has degree exactly 2
- 22. How many leaves does a complete n-ary tree of height h have?
 - Number of Leaves = n^h
- 23. What is the height of a complete n-ary tree with m leaves?
 - Height of a complete tree = $log_n m$
- 24. What is the number of internal nodes of a complete n-ary tree of height h?
 - Number of internal nodes = $\frac{n^h-1}{n-1}$
- 25. What is the total number of nodes a complete n-ary tree of height h have?
 - Total number of nodes = $n^h + \frac{n^h 1}{n 1}$