

(PR 4)

$$\begin{aligned} & 8 - 4 - 4 = 0 \\ (1) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 2x - 4}{x^2 - x - 2} & \stackrel{\text{"L'H"} \quad \frac{0}{0}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3x^2 - 2}{2x - 1} = \frac{10}{3} \\ & 3 \cdot 4 - 2 = 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 4 - 2 - 2 = 0 \\ (2) \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{x^3} & \stackrel{\text{"L'H"} \quad \frac{\infty}{\infty}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x} \cdot 2}{3x^2} = \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{x^3} & = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^3}}{\frac{1}{e^{2x}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{x^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{x^2} \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \frac{2}{3} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x} \cdot 2}{2x} \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \frac{2}{3} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x}}{x}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x} \cdot 2}{1} = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{2x} = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \infty = \infty$$

③  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left( \frac{1}{2 \ln x} - \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1 - 2 \ln x}{2 \ln x (x^2 - 1)}$

$\frac{0}{0}$

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{2 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{x} \cdot (x^2 - 1) \right) + 2 \ln x \cdot 2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cancel{2} \left( x - \frac{1}{x} \right)}{\cancel{2} \left( \cancel{x} - \frac{1}{x} + \ln(2x) \right)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{x^2 - 1}{\cancel{x}}}{\underbrace{x^2 - 1 + 2x^2 \ln x}_0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\overbrace{x^2 - 1}^0}{\underbrace{x^2 - 1 + 2x^2 \ln x}_0}$$

$$\stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cancel{x}}{2x + 4x \ln x + 2x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{x}}} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\cancel{2} (x)}{\cancel{2} (x + 2x \ln x + x)} = \frac{1}{1+0+1} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

0.1-201

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \ln x = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{x^{-1}} \stackrel{L'H}{=}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} = - \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^2}{\cancel{x}} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

(5)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{x} \cdot \ln x = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \frac{L}{L}$

$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{3}{2}}} = -2 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{2}-1} = \underline{\underline{0}}$

(6)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos x \cot^2 x$  "1"

$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} e^{\ln \cos x}$  "1" "1"

$=$



$$= e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cot^2 x \ln(\cos x)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cot^2 x \ln(\cos x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(\cos x)}{\tan^2 x}$$

"0/0"

$$\stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot (-\sin x)}{2 \tan x \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{-\sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{2 \sin x}{\cos^3 x}} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\cos^2 x}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{e}}$$

0 // 0

7

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^3}$$

0

L'H

1-1=0

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{3x^2}$$

0

L'H

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{6x} \stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{6} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{6}}}$$

$\frac{0}{0}$

⑧  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right| \stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - x}{x \sin x}$

$\frac{0}{0}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{\sin x + x \cdot \cos x} \stackrel{L'H}{=}$$



$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\sin x}{\cos x + \cos x + x(-\sin x)} = \frac{0}{2} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$

⑨  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[x]{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{\ln x^{\frac{1}{x}}}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{\frac{1}{x} \ln x} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} \ln x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} \stackrel{L'H}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} =$$

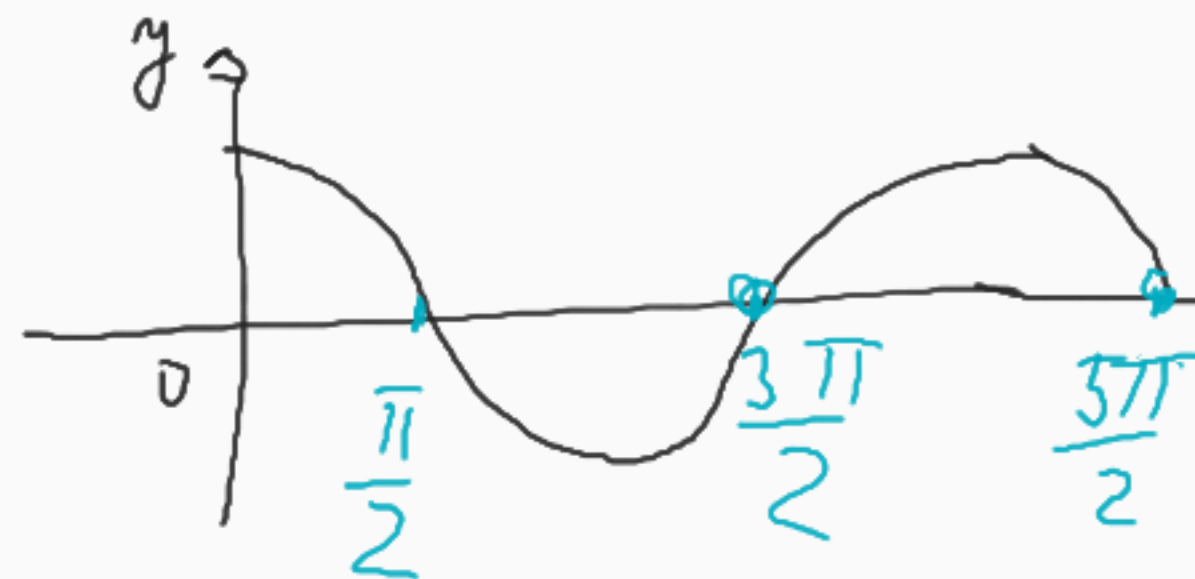
$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow e^0 = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

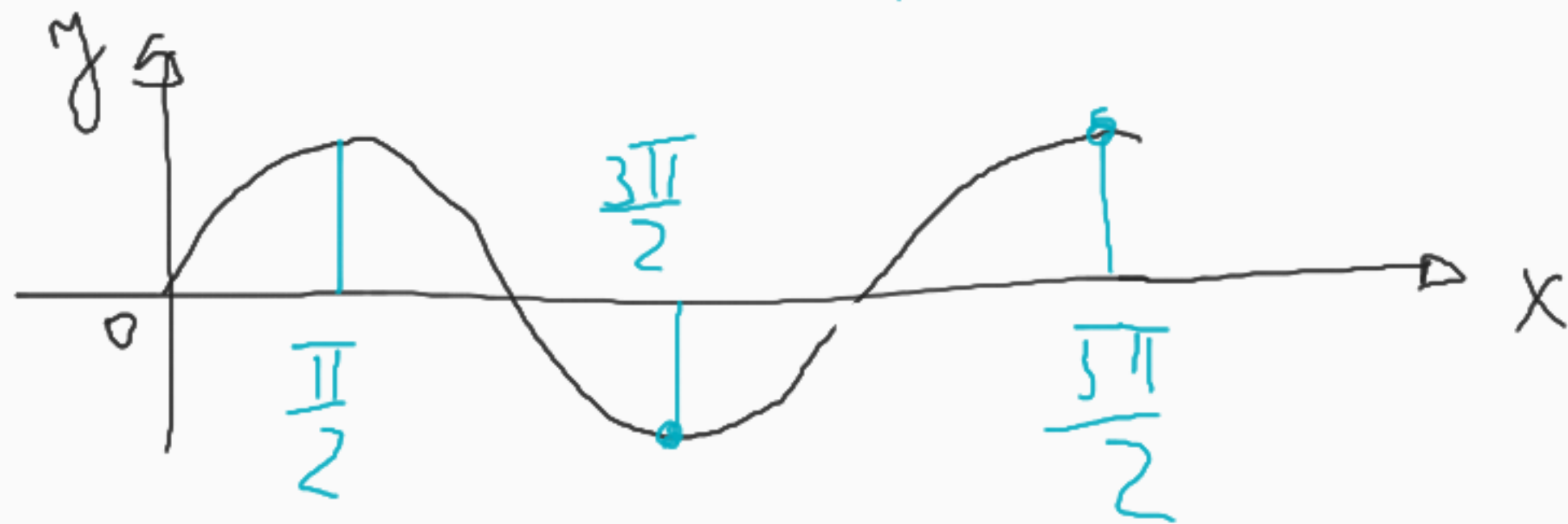
(10)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \cdot e^{-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^{\infty}}{e^x} \quad \underline{\underline{L'H}}$

$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{e^x} = \underline{\underline{0}}$

(11)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos(5x)}{\cos(3x)} \quad \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad \underline{\underline{L'H}}$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin(x) - 5}{\sin(3x) - 3} = \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{(-1)} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{5}{3}}}$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \left| \operatorname{tg} x - \frac{1}{\cos x} \right| = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \left| \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} - \frac{1}{\cos x} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x - 1}{\cos x} \quad \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \text{"0"} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \text{"0"} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{L'H} \\ \text{L'H} \end{array} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{-\sin x} \quad \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \text{"0"} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ \text{"-1"} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{0}{-1} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$



(13)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty}$$

$$\frac{\ln x}{x} = L'H$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$