

(PR 10)

$$x_0 = 0; \quad n, f(x) = e^x$$

$$f(x) = e^x$$

$$f(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f'(x) = e^x$$

$$f'(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f''(x) = e^x$$

$$f''(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f^{(n)}(x) = e^x$$

$$f^{(n)}(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f^{(n+1)}(x) = e^x$$

$$\Rightarrow R_n(x) = \frac{1}{(n+1)!} e^x x^{n+1}$$

$$e^x = 1 + 1x + \frac{1}{2!}x^2 + \frac{1}{3!}x^3 + \dots + \frac{1}{n!}x^n +$$

$$+ \frac{1}{(n+1)!} e^{\xi} x^{n+1}$$

$$R_n(x)$$

$$M_n(e^x, x)$$

$$KDE \int_{\mathbb{C}} u \in \mathbb{C}^n$$

$$MEDZ_i \quad 0 \leq x$$

(PR 11)

$$\xi < 0.01 \quad ; \quad e^1$$

$$R_n(x) = \frac{\xi^{(n+1)} | \xi |}{(n+1)!} x^{n+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(n+1)!} e \cdot \xi^{n+1} < 0.01$$

$$e^1 = e^x \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 1}$$

$$\xi \text{ w\u00e4re m\u00e4\u00dfig 0 a 1} \Rightarrow \boxed{\xi = 1}$$

VERIFIZIEREN

AB 7 BOL

$\frac{1}{(n+1)!} e \cdot 1 < 0.01$

$$\frac{2.72}{(n+1)!} < 0.01$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{272 < (n+1)!}$$

272000 MAXIMAL

$$n = 1 \Rightarrow (n+1)! = 2$$

$$n = 2 \Rightarrow (n+1)! = 3! = 6$$

$$n = 3 \Rightarrow (n+1)! = 4! = 24$$

$$n = 4 \Rightarrow (n+1)! = 5! = 120$$

$$n = 5 \Rightarrow (n+1)! = 6! = 720$$

AK LOBERIEM $n = 5$ take $\epsilon < 0.01$

$$e^1 \approx 1 + 1 + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{4!} + \frac{1}{5!} = \underline{\underline{2.718}}$$

$\ln(1.3)$ ПОМОЩЬ T_2 + ОДНАД MAX
КАКОУ

$$f(x) = \ln x \quad x_0 = 1 \Rightarrow f(x_0) = \ln 1 = 0$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad f'(x_0) = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$f''(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} \quad f''(x_0) = -1$$

$$T_2(\ln x, 1, x) = 0 + \frac{1}{1!}(x-1) + \frac{-1}{2!}(x-1)^2 =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{x - 1 - \frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2}}$$

$$T_2(1.3) = 1.3 - 1 - \frac{1}{2}(1.3 - 1)^2 = 0.3 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.3^2 =$$

$$= 0.3 - \frac{0.09}{2} = 0.3 - 0.045 = \underline{\underline{0.255}}$$

$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} (x - x_0)^{n+1}$$

$f'''(x) = \frac{2}{x^3} \Rightarrow f'''(\xi) = \frac{2}{\xi^3}$

$n=2$
 $x = 1.3$
 $x_0 = 1$

$$P_2(x) = \frac{\frac{2}{\xi^3}}{(2+1)!} (1,3-1)^{2+1} = \frac{2}{3! \xi^3} (0,3)^3 =$$

$$= \frac{1}{3 \xi^3} \cdot 0,027 = \frac{0,0009}{\xi^3}$$

$\xi \in$
MEDZI

$$x_0 = 1 ; x = 1,3$$

$\xi = 1 \Rightarrow \text{MAX. CHYBA}$

$$\varepsilon = 0,0009$$

