THE

BARBADOS MERCURY,

AND BRIDGE-TOWN GAZETTE.

SIX DOLLARS ℔ ANNUM,] SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1816. *[PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMMISSARY-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
BARBADOS, *2d July,* 1816.

TENDERS for GOVERNMENT BILLS will be received at this Office.

DAVID ELLIOT,
Assistant Commissary-General.

SUCH Persons as are willing to enter into Contract for Victualling, daily, the Prisoners implicated in the late rebellion, and confined at the Town Hall, are requested to send in Tenders to JAMES CAVAN, *Esq. Colonial Commissary General, on or before Tuesday next the 16th inst. by 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when the same will be submitted to His Honor the President, and the lowest offer, if approved, accepted.*

Application to be made to the Commissary-General for the Number of Prisoners to be Victualled and quantities of the ration required for each person.

Bridge-Town, 12th July, 1816.

Parish of Saint Philip, July 7, 1816.

TWENTY-FIVE Pounds Reward will be given by the subscriber to any person, white or black, that will discover, or give such information as may lead to a discovery of the person, who fired a Pistol, or Musket through one of his Negro-houses, about 8 o'clock on Monday night last, the Moon then shining very bright, by which a valuable Negro Girl of his, about 15 years old, then sitting with her mother in the house preparing something for their supper, was wounded, of which wound she died in a few hours after. The perforation of the ball was plainly seen, but could not be extracted, and is supposed to have lodged in the lower intestines. On the body of this Girl a Coroner's Inquest sat, but the Jury could not trace any evidence to satisfy their minds as to the perpetrator of the act.

2a. *JOSHUA GITTENS.*

FOR SALE,

A small, compleat set of Sugar-works, which consists of a Mill (entirely of hard wood timber) 3 cleansing Coppers, and 3 Taches;—the Mill equal to grinding canes for 20 hds of sugar per day. Also a Still, Worm, &c. Application to be made at Scantlebury Estate, in St. Peter's parish. *July 13—2a.*

THE subscriber is now receiving a small Cargo of choice Deal-Boards, Plank, and New-England Shingles, which he is vending at reduced prices.

July 13—1n. *ROBERT HARRIS.*

WANTED to Rent, within a short distance of Bridge-Town, a good Family House with a few Acres of Land.—Apply to

July 13—2a. *WILLIAM MURRAY.*

FOR Sale, DOGOOD Farm, bounding on the Six Paths, containing 60 acres of prime Land, with a Dwelling-house and all out-buildings necessary for such a place, with a very fine well of water, and 32 prime slaves, as follows: nine first-gang men, seven do. women, five second-gang, six meat gang, four healthy infants; and a middle-aged woman, an excellent nurse, and care-taker of children;—likewise ten young bulls, three of them fit for the yoke. The payment will be made easy to any approved purchaser, and the terms known by applying to A. R. Brandon, Esq. or the Subscriber, living on the place. Who will feel himself greatly obliged to his employers, and those who are indebted to him, for their kind assistance by the 1st of next month, at which time he will be obliged to make a large payment; and suffering very materially by the late Insurrection, leaves him no other means to accomplish it but by their friendly aid.

LEWIS YOUNG.

Parish of St. Philip, July 13—tf.

I. PARFITT & Co.

Sail-makers and Ship Chandlers,

HAVE received by the Richard & Sibella, from London, a new and general assortment of articles in their line, comprising—anchors, cabouses; Charts of the West Indies, America, Para, Coast of Brazil, Bermuda, Trinidad, and Newfoundland; Journals, Epitomies, gunter's and parallel scales, log-paper, chips and reels, day and night telescopes, quadrants, brass and wood compasses; verdigrease, sulphur, red ochre, paint oil, spirits of turpentine; buntin, green and fancy table coverings, watch and boat camblet and cloth coats, pea jackets, and a variety of slops; binacle lamps, bushed blocks of all sizes; deep-sea, hand-lead, log, and fishing lines; carpenters' tools;—also, a select assortment of tin, iron, and copper ware.—On hand, cordage, canvas, tar, pitch, and turpentine; ash-oars, &c. &c. Pier-head, July 13—tf.

N.B.—Ensigns, Union-jacks, and Private Signals, correctly made on short notice.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE Ship *LANCASTER,* ROBT BANKS, Master, has commenced loading, and will sail about the 25th instant; for freight or passage apply to

July 13. HIGGINSON, DEANE & STOTT

THE Ship *PROSELYTE,* EDWARD BARTON, Commander, for London, will positively sail hence on the 25th instant. Those who have kindly promised to ship, or intend shipping by this vessel, are therefore respectfully solicited to hasten their favors.

July 13. GAB. JEMMETT,
THOS. PIERREPONT

FOR NEWHAVEN,

THE fast-sailing Coppered Ship *MONMOUTH,* WILEY, Master, will positively sail early in next week; for freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to

July 13—2n. ALEXANDER SMITH & Co.

A CARD.

DOCTOR CUTTING is prepared to resume his professional duties.

Weymouth, July 13, 1816.

IMPORTED ℔ Ships Higginson *and* Lancaster, *and for sale by the subscriber,*

Mull, book, cambric and corded muslins; tambooured and plain leno; 4-4 Irish linen, French cambric, long-lawn; thread, lace, and footing; silk, kid and Venetian beaver gloves, white, black, and coloured; ladies' and children's boots and shoes, black and white silk and cotton hose, muslin and lace caps, cheneille flowers, Mechlin lace veils, white satin, Persian, ribbons, black twilled sarcenet, ditto cambric, black crape, bombazeen, bombazet; black and white, and coloured chints; ¾ diaper; Chinese umbrellas and parasols; essences, lavender and honey water; real India bandannoe silk handkerchiefs, India dimity, broad cloths, kerseymeres, Welch flannel, 4-4 bed-tick, Russia sheeting, half-bleached linen; durants cotton platillas, nankeenett;—also, new hams, Wheeler's pickles, &c.

July 13—3a. *PETER LAWTON.*

A MANAGER WANTED

For a small Place very near Bridge-Town.—It is required that he should be an elderly man, and well recommended. Apply to the subscriber, at Holborn,

July 13—2a. *E. J. DUMMETT.*

WANTS a situation, as a Clerk, a Young Man who can be well recommended; a note directed to A. B. and left at this Office will be duly attended to.

July 13—2a.

NEW JUNE BUTTER, &c.

THE Subscribers are now landing the Cargo of the schooner Elizabeth, just arrived from Cork, consisting of new June Butter, in firkins and half-firkins; pork in barrels and half-barrels; candles, soap, lard, oats, cheese, and a few bales linen.

July 13—tf. *E. GUNNING & Co.*

MARKET PRICES.—July 12, 1816

Beef.....	1s. 6¾d. to 1s. 10½d. ℔ pound.
Veal.....	1s. 6¾d. to 1s. 10½d. ℔ pound.
Mutton ..	1s. 6¾d. to 1s. 10½d ℔ do.
Pork	10d. to 11¼d.
Poultry ..	1s. 5d. to 1s. 10½d. ℔ pound.
Potatoes ..	6 lbs. for one bit.
Yams	4 lbs. for ditto.
Eddoes....	4 lbs. for ditto.
Cabbage ..	1¼ lb for ditto.
Grain	2 pints for ditto.
Corn.....	6 pints for ditto.
Eggs	5 for ditto

By order of Colonel J. P. MAYERS,
Commanding Royal Regt.

NOW landing and for sale by the subscriber, a small cargo of Newfoundland COD-FISH, in 8, 6, and 4-quintal casks, with a few tierces of Salmon and barrels of Herrings.

Also on sale, fresh superfine flour and crackers, in barrels; pitch-pine lumber, consisting of 1¼-inch boards, four-inch plank, beams and scantling, 22-inch cedar and cypress shingles, grey-stock bricks, paints and oil.

July 9—tf. *HENRY CHEEKS.*

THE Proprietor, wishing to leave the Island, will dispose of her HOUSE opposite the Church gate, just put into complete repair, and may be entered immediately. Also a small Lot of Land in the Valley, adjoining Mr. Blacket's.—For particulars apply to STEPHEN WALCOTT, *Esq.; or F.* ALLINSON. July 6—3a.

PUBLIC SALES.

ON Monday next the 15th inst. will be sold at the store of the subscriber, without limitation of price,—

100 Firkins Dublin Butter, and 100 Barrels Black-eye Peas.

July 13. *BENJ. INNISS.*

ON Thursday next the 18th instant, at 12 o'clock, will be sold at the Commissariat Stores, St. Ann's:—

A quantity of Rum Puncheons, Oat Hogsheads and other empty packages.

By order of J. K. MACBREEDY, Esq.
Dep. Assist. Com. Gen.

July 13. *BEN. INNISS.*

ON Monday next the 15th will be sold at the store of the subscriber,

Sundry articles of Dry-Goods; 25 firkins Butter, Candles, Soap, &c.

Private Sale—*a handsome set of Cut-Glass with desert set to suit.*

July 13. *WM. DOWRICH.*

ON Monday next the 15th inst. will be sold by auction, at the store of the subscriber,

Some articles of Merchandize; a few boxes Candles; some dozens Catsup; firkins Butter; and sundry other articles.

July 13. *S. CUTTING.*

THE Subscriber's ill state of health rendering it necessary that he should leave the Island, and wishing to settle all demands against him previous to his doing so, offers for sale three prime Barbadian FIELD PEOPLE, who can be well recommended.—Any person inclined to become the purchaser of them, will apply at his residence in Bay-street.

July 9—2a. *GEO. HALLS.*

FRESH superfine Flour in barrels and half barrels, Rice in tierces, 22-inch cypress Shingles, Crackers, &c. now landing from the brig Ceres, and for sale by

July 9—3n. *J. & M. CAVAN.*

SALE OF HORSES.

JUST landed from New-York, 56 prime Saddle and Draft HORSES, *and for sale at the stables of Messrs. E. B. Walcott & Co.* *July 9—2a.*

FOR SALE or RENT,

A Comfortable HOUSE, situated at the lower end of the Roebuck, leading into High-street. For particulars inquire of

July 9—tf. *T. H. W. WHARTON.*

THE subscriber offers for sale, Georgia pitch-pine lumber, of various dimensions; cypress and Wallaba shingles, red-oak staves, rum and molasses casks, best London staple cordage, canvas assorted, superior quality salt;—also new cod-fish, herrings in barrels, and salmon in tierces, now landing, which will be sold cheap for cash payments.

He takes this opportunity of reminding his friends in the country, whose accounts are of long standing, that unless they come forward early and settle them, they will be proceeded against as soon as present circumstances may admit.

July 9—4n. *SAMUEL AMES.*

MOLASSES, &c.

WANTED by the 20th instant 3000 gallons of MOLASSES, *and a few casks good Muscovado* SUGAR.

July 9—2a. *BEZSIN K. REECE.*

FOR SALE,

THAT fertile and well-known valuable Sugar-work PLANTATION, *called GREEN'S, situated in the Parish of St. George, with Negroes, Cattle, &c. thereunto belonging. The conditions and terms will be made easy and convenient to an approved purchaser, and the title indisputable.—For further particulars apply to*

THOS. APPLEWHAITE,
THOMAS BOXILL,
July 6—4a. *WILLIAM MURRAY,*
JOHN BOVELL.

☞ *Also* Blackman's LAND, *St. Thomas's.*

THE Subscriber offers for sale, Six healthy Barbadian NEGROES—*a Woman and her four Children, and a young Carpenter Man. They are sold for no fault, he having no employment whatever for them.—For particulars apply to* SAMUEL C. NUSUM, *living in the Roebuck.—Who strictly forbids all persons harbouring or employing the said Slaves, as the Law in such case will be rigidly enforced against all offenders.*

July 6—3a.

FOR LONDON,

THE Ship *NELSON*, THOMAS BARTON, Master, is ready to receive her cargo, and will sail on or before the first of August; for freight or passage apply to the Master,

CON. A. HOWELL & SON,
July 13. THOMAS LOUIS.

Who will be particularly obliged to the friends of Messrs. DANIEL, and to Shippers generally, to expedite their shipment to this vessel, so as to enable her to sail at the time appointed. tf.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

The Brig *LORD NELSON*, LEWIS REXFORD, Master, burthen per register 207 tons;—application to be made to the said Master, on board, or to

July 13—3n. JOHN P. HARDY.

AN APPRENTICE WANTED.

THE subscribers will take a Lad as an Apprentice, (one from the country will be preferred), board and lodging found him.

July 13. *T. R. BASCOM & Co.*

N.B.—A large assortment of Ironmongery, &c. for sale cheap for cash.

LOST this morning, between Marl-hill-street and the Old Church-yard, a GOLD THIMBLE, *a little battered, marked R R; whoever has found it and will bring it to the subscriber shall be rewarded accordingly;—all Jewellers and Goldsmiths are requested to stop the same if offered for sale.*

MARY A. CURTIS,
July 13—2n. *Marl-hill street.*

BRIDGE-TOWN.

"Sit mihi fas audita loqui,"—et quæ ad Rempublicam pertinent in lucem proferre.

SATURDAY, JULY 13.

YESTERDAY, at noon, the Signal-guns at *Pilgrim* and *Charles Fort* announced the discontinuance of Martial Law, in conformity with the following Proclamation of His Honor the President:

BARBADOS.—BY the Hon. JOHN SPOONER, President of His Majesty's Council, and Commander in Chief of this Island, Chancellor, Ordinary, and Vice-Admiral of the same:

(SEAL AT ARMS.)

JOHN SPOONER.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by our Proclamation, bearing date the Fifteenth Day of April last, we found it necessary, in consequence of a sudden and dangerous INSURRECTION of the SLAVES, to place the Island under Martial Law; and forasmuch as that Peace and Tranquillity are now happily restored, We do, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Council, hereby put an End thereto, and declare the same immediately from henceforth no longer to continue in Force: of which all His Majesty's Liege Subjects are desired to take Notice.—And we do also hereby authorize and require all Judges, Justices of the Peace, and others holding Public Offices, to resume the Exercise of their several Functions; and all other Persons to demean themselves according to Law.

Given under our Hand and Seal at Arms, at *Pilgrim*, this 12th day of July, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and in the 56th Year of His Majesty's Reign.

God save the King!

By His Honor's command,

W. GILL, *Deputy Adj.-General.*

Whilst we congratulate the Community upon the termination of Martial Law, we cannot but express the hope that much good may hereafter result from those temporary privations which have been generally experienced. The late critical situation of the Country has clearly shewn, that we should be, as it were, a Military People; and as this change is obviously necessary in our Colonial System, it has certainly been considerably accelerated by the strict discipline which was observed whilst the Militia Regiments were on actual service, the importance of which has been fully admitted; and Colonel Mayers, upon discharging the St. Michael's Corps, testified his sense of its exemplary conduct in the following—

REGIMENTAL AND TOWN ORDER.

In discharging my Regiment, and retiring from the Command of this Town and District, at the termination of Martial Law, I cannot but express the high sense which I entertain of the prompt, unremitted, and zealous exertions of those whom I have had the honour to command during the late critical and alarming situation of the Island.

My confidence in their patriotic disposition ever led me to expect that, should the state of the Island demand their services, no Corps of the Militia would display a more proper and becoming spirit than the St. Michael's or Royal Regiment;—and, in retracing the events of the last twelve weeks, it is with the most heartfelt pleasure I declare, that their behaviour, in every instance, has most fully justified the confidence which I reposed in them.—Of the conduct of Lieut.-Colonel Howell, Major Oxley, and the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Privates, of the detachment of the Regiment which joined the gallant Troops from St. Ann's under Col. Codd (the judicious and able Commandant of the Garrison), on the morning of the 15th April, I feel myself called upon to make the most particular mention. When I received my orders for the Detachment to march from our Alarm Post in the Town, a considerable proportion of the men had been several hours under arms; and, considering that it was only after a most harassing and fatiguing march of nearly eight hours that they came up with the party of the Insurgents at *Sandford's* Plantation, it is impossible for me to speak in too high terms of the ardent desire which they manifested for the attack, or of the prompt and spirited manner in which they conducted it. Gratifying as it is to my feelings to be able to express myself in such terms of their conduct in the Field, equally satisfactory is it to me to pay a just tribute to their humanity, by declaring, that even under the superadded provocation of having one of their comrades killed and another of the Detachment wounded, they evinced the most humane desire to spare all unnecessary effusion of blood, by taking the Insurgents prisoners, and that I am not aware of a single instance of injury having been done to them from the moment that their submission was effected.—For the satisfactory manner in which they enabled me to carry my orders into effect for scouring the country between Mr. Hunte's Estate, called *The Grove*, and the *Thicket* Plantation, and for their steady and vigilant conduct through the night of the 15th and the morning of the 16th April, whilst posted at the latter, I now tender them my most cordial acknowledgments.—Nor are my thanks less due to Lieut.-Colonel Mayers, Major Crane, and the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Privates, of the Regiment, who remained on duty in the Town, and by whose vigilant and judicious arrangements the most perfect order and tranquillity were preserved. For the arrangements with respect to the appointment of Guards, and the very satisfactory manner in which that duty has been performed, I feel much indebted to that able, zealous, and indefatigable Officer, Major Crane, whose unwearied attention to every object connected with the duty or improvement of the Regiment during Martial Law, has been eminently conspicuous.—I feel much obliged to each individual of my Regimental Staff, for the diligence and ability with which the various duties have been conducted; and, calling to mind the kind assistance which Lieut.-Colonel Law (of the Colonial Staff), and Samuel Hinds, Esq. afforded me at a crisis when the duty was extremely pressing on my Regimental Secretary, Francis Williams, Esq. I now return my best thanks to those Gentlemen.

Although I am well aware that no observation of mine can possibly enhance the estimation in which the Corps of Life Guards is so deservedly held by the Community, in justice to my own feelings as Commandant of the Town, I cannot omit the opportunity of declaring, that I entertain the highest sense of the advantage which the Country has derived from its important services; and in the particular branch of the Patrole duty, I beg to return my thanks to Colonel Jemmett and the Corps for the assistance they have afforded.—To Captain Ifill, and the Invalids of the Royal Regiment, I feel obliged for their patriotic services. It is due to them to mention, that they have most readily performed very arduous duties, and that their aid has proved extremely efficient.—And I take this opportunity of expressing my thanks to David Martindale, Esq for his zealous and important services with the Sea Fencibles—a corps no less useful in guarding the Prisoners in the Bay, than in contributing to the security of the Town.

As the Colonial Commissariat and Medical Departments, and the branches of service connected with them, have come a good deal under my notice, I cannot but observe, that I consider the Country much indebted to Richard Cobham, Nathan Lucas, and James Cavan, Esquires, and their respective Deputies;—to Richard Cock, Esq. Captain of the Port, for his superintendency of the prison ships;—and to Dr. Caddell and the several Medical Gentlemen of this Town, who have assisted my Regimental Medical Staff, and whose personal daily attention to the prisoners has done them the highest honor

In its late calamitous situation, the Country cannot but have derived a considerable degree of consolation in contemplating its efficacious means of suppressing revolt; as well in the ever-ready aid of His Majesty's Forces at St. Ann's, as in its own powerful resources, which, when properly applied, can never fail of ensuring our internal tranquillity.

J. P. MAYERS,
Colonel St. Michael's or Royal Regt. and Comdt. Bridge-Town.

Town-Hall, 12th July, 1816.

The Ship *Lancaster*, in a passage of 30 days from Liverpool, arrived yesterday, and brought London papers as late as the 10th ult.—At that time, Ministers had not received any official particulars of the late Rebellion in this Country; but the account that was given in this paper, and extracts from several private letters, had been published in the whole of the Newspapers that are circulated in the British metropolis, as well as in those which we have seen from Liverpool and Bristol, and there is no doubt but that the intelligence was very widely disseminated through the medium of other Country Journals. We have thought it unnecessary to select more than the following copy of a letter from this Island, to which we have added the observations of a London Editor upon the late calamitous situation in which this Country was placed:—

"*Barbados, April* 22.—It is with deep concern I have to inform you, that an insurrection broke out on Sunday night the 14th instant, among the slaves in the windward part of this Island. Martial-law was immediately proclaimed by the Commander in Chief, the President of the Island, our Governor not being here;—and the Militia has been unremittingly employed, in conjunction with the King's troops here, in putting down the alarming rebellion, in which, I am happy to say, they have succeeded, with the loss of a very few lives. The first object of the insurgents appears to have been, the general destruction of all property by fire; and the effects of their horrible plan have been most severely experienced in the windward part of the Island, where fields of canes on nearly 40 estates, and in several places dwelling-houses and plantation buildings, presented a widely-extended scene of conflagration and ruin. The town and shipping have suffered no injury. A great many slaves were killed in this warfare; a considerable number have been already tried and executed, and about 400 prisoners are now in custody, waiting their trials by Court-martial; tho others have returned to their homes and occupations, and I hope the Island is now in safety; but not the smallest relaxation from military duty is yet allowed to any one, nor do I think the state of things will admit of it for a few weeks. Had the negroes gained the ascendancy over us in this struggle, the most horrible scenes were to have followed; but, thank God, the efforts of the militia and regular troops were too powerful for them.—It has been ascertained, that the principal instigators of this insurrection, who are negroes of the worst disposition, but superior understandings, and some of whom can read and write, availed themselves of the Slave Registry Bill introduced into Parliament, to instil into the minds of the slaves generally a belief that they were already freed by the King and Parliament, but that the Proprietors of Estates withheld their liberty from them; thus exciting them, by misrepresentations and persuasions, to fight to obtain it. There has been, and still is, a total suspension of all business, all other considerations naturally yielding to the danger and confusion which surrounded us. The preservation of the Island from the uncontrouled possession of the slaves, and the train of horrors inseparable therefrom, was the only object of the thoughts and actions of every one."

[*Remarks of the London Editor.*]

We lament to insert these particulars, which are, we fear, too true. This is one of the effects of the vague and unsettled principles so industriously propagated by our unthinking Philanthropists. Safe at home, these Sectarians, whether from weakness or wickedness, broach their doctrines, and, under the plea of humanity, disseminate the cruellest and most mischievous opinions, reckless of the danger to which they expose the Colonists and Colonies of Great Britain.

Would to Heaven these personages would be content with the reputation they have acquired by the Abolition of the Slave Trade, and not push their meddling propensities so far as to peril the most valuable possessions of the Empire, and the lives of thousands of their fellow-subjects, by filling the minds of the black population of our Colonies with expectations which cannot be realized.

If we may judge from what was said by Mr. Palmer, Chairman of the Committee of West India Merchants, in the House of Commons on the 6th ult. it is likely that there would be an interesting discussion in that House, on the 13th, respecting what has lately occurred in this Island; and it will of course be a subject of the greatest importance to the whole of the West India Settlements.—The following is the Parliamentary Report of what took place on the 6th, with regard to—

BARBADOS.

Mr. Palmer begged to be informed by the Noble Lord upon the bench below, whether Government were in possession of any authentic documents on the subject of an awful event stated to have happened in the Island of Barbados, in which, it was reported, the lives of a great number of persons were lost, and property to a great extent destroyed.

Lord Castlereagh answered, that Government had not yet received the details of the melancholy event alluded to.

Mr. Palmer gave notice, that on Thursday, the 13th, he should submit to the consideration of the House a motion on the subject of that event.

The Prince Regent has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William Barton, Esq. (of the Firm of Barton, Higginson, & Co. of Liverpool), who, as Mayor of that town, presented its Congratulatory Address upon the late Nuptials of the Princess Charlotte of Wales.

The ship *Generous*, from Wilmington, was yesterday seized by His Majesty's ship *Scamander*, as we have heard, for not being properly navigated; and a few days ago, an Officer of the Customs de-

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ARMY

War-Offic

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96th.—Ensign James W
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Walker—dated as above.

3d W. I. Regt.—Ensign
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—dated as above. Francis
Minton—dated as above.

6th Ditto.—Lieutenant
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ceased—dated as above.

Royal W. I. Rangers.—
out purchase, vice Myles,
dated as above.

York Chasseurs.—Ensig
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tained the American schooner *Fish-hawk*, also from Wilmington, upon suspicion of having warlike stores on board.

The ship *Nelson*, 27 days from Falmouth, came in this morning. The Packet, with Mails for this Island, &c. was to sail on the following day.

The ships *Europa*, from St. Kitt's, and *Commerce*, from Demerary, passed Deal on the 7th June. The *Lord Forbes*, from this Island, had also arrived off that place; and the *Jane*, from hence, had reached Liverpool.

Entered at the Custom-House—Ships *Lancaster*, from Liverpool; *Nelson*, London; snow *Lord Nelson*, Madeira; schooners *Aletta*, Tobago; *Douglas*, St. Vincent; sloops *Messenger*, Martinique; and *Francis*, Dominica.

Cleared—Ships *Richard & Sibella*, for St. Vincent; *Lady Sherbrooke* and brig *Ann*, London; brigs *Dee*, Liverpool; *Fortune*, Honduras; schooners *Aletta*, Tobago; *Jackman* and *Douglas*, Guadeloupe; *Princess*, Tortola; and sloop *Messenger*, Martinique.

Major-General Stehelin arrived here on Wednesday last, from St. Lucia.

Deaths.]—In this Parish, within the last few days, Mrs. Crane, relict of Henry Crane, Esq; Mrs Ann Wilson; and Mary, the wife of Mr. Mozly Elkin.

ARMY PROMOTIONS.

War-Office, June 1, 1816.

2d Foot.—Lieutenant George Richardson, from half-pay of the 8th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Williams, who exchanges—dated May 25, 1816.

96th.—Ensign James Walker to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Power, dismissed—dated May 23, 1816; —— Townshend, Gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Walker—dated as above.

3d W. I. Regt.—Ensign Thomas Minton to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Butler, promoted in the 6th W. I. Regt. —dated as above. Francis Johnston, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Minton—dated as above.

6th Ditto.—Lieutenant William H. Butler, from the 3d W. I. Regt. to be Captain of a Company, vice Eddington, deceased—dated as above.

Royal W. I. Rangers.—P. Grey, Gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Myles, promoted in the York Chasseurs—dated as above.

York Chasseurs.—Ensign Robert Myles, from the Royal West India Rangers, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Heath, deceased—dated as above.

BREVET.—Captain Thomas B. Lynch, of the 63d Foot, to be Major in the army—dated May 23, 1816.

LONDON,

May 31.]—The new Silver Coinage was taken into consideration in both Houses of Parliament last night. It appears to be the intention of Government to raise the Mint price of silver from 5s. 3½d. to 5s. and 9d. per ounce. About two millions and a half is the amount to be coined at that rate. It is expected to be ready in about seven months. It is not proposed by the plan to give any indemnity to the holders of the present base coin. If it should be adopted in that shape, the poor and hard-working classes will suffer.

A new Writ was moved last night, in the House of Commons, for Liverpool, to return a Member in the room of Mr. Canning, who has accepted the Office of President of the Board of Controul. A Morning Paper states that Mr. Wallace, one of the Members of the Board, has resigned, in consequence of Mr. Canning's appointment.

June 3.]—The Mareshal de Camp, Gruyer, who commanded the department of the Upper Saone, in 1814, and had acknowledged and proclaimed the Usurper on the 14th of March, according to the orders of Marshal Ney, has been condemned to death by the Council of War sitting at Strasburg.—He affected his Judges by the most unequivocal marks of profound repentance, and did not seek to defend himself by means of those disastrous maxims subversive of all Government and society, and still more of all honour and virtue.—Wounded almost mortally at the battle of Waterloo, the father by adoption of six nephews and nieces, he spoke of his titles to the King's clemency as an erring subject ought to do, who knows that the greatest of his titles is the very goodness of his Prince, who considers his first tie to be that of the father of his people, and whom repenting error never supplicated in vain.

The *Indefatigable* frigate, Capt. Fyffe, arrived on Saturday afternoon at Portsmouth from Rio Janeiro, bringing intelligence of the death of the Queen of Portugal, on the 20th of March, and of the assumption of the title of King by the Prince Regent; upon which event there had been public expressions of joy, of the most magnificent description.

June 6.]—The 15th inst. is the day mentioned for the marriage of the Princess Mary and the Duke of Gloucester. It will take place, we hope, without any application to Parliament, the incomes of the Princess and the Duke being adequate to a considerable establishment.

Dispatches have been sent to the Duke of Cambridge, at Hanover, with the welcome intelligence of the Prince Regent and the Queen having consented to the marriage of His Royal Highness with the Princess Sophia of Gloucester. The arrangements which it is necessary for the Duke to make in Hanover, will prevent him from returning immediately, but his Royal Highness is expected early in the ensuing month. In this case also there are incomes to be united sufficient to prevent an application to Parliament.

A most curious egg is exhibited at a tradesman's in Princess-street, Leicester-square, on which are inscribed, apparently by the hand of nature, a line in French, of which the following is a translation:—"*Bonaparte will remount the Throne of France on the 15th November.*" Great numbers of Nobility and Gentry visited Princess-street yesterday, to see this curious production.

June 7.]—A strong desire for a war with Spain appears to prevail in the United States. The capture of the famous Spanish pirate *Melor*, by an American privateer, has as much importance attached to it as if it were a splendid victory. The Session of Congress being closed, domestic politics are entirely confined to the elections which are now in progress.

The two Houses of Parliament met yesterday. In the Commons, Sir Henry Parnell brought forward his motion for granting to the Catholics of Ireland those privileges which it was agreed to concede to them two years since, but which they then declined. The Hon. Baronet, however, finding that there was no chance of obtaining support in the object which he had in view, at the present crisis, was induced to withdraw his motion.—In answer to a question proposed to Lord Castlereagh, his Lordship stated that Government had as yet received no official communication of the insurrection of the Negroes in Barbados.

June 8.]—Mr. W. Pole stated last night, in the House of Commons, that it will probably be the decision of Government to coin gold pieces of 20s. instead of guineas of 21s. Twenty-shilling gold pieces were first made part of the coin of England during the time of the Commonwealth. They were thin and broad.

In consequence of the death of General William Gordon, Lord Forbes, we understand, is to be the Colonel of the 21st Foot, and General Gascoyne, who has at present the 7th West India Regiment, which is to be disbanded, gets the 54th Regiment, in succession to Lord Forbes.

Falmouth, June 5.—Arrived the *Prince Ernest* packet, with a mail from Lisbon, in 16 days: by her we learn, that the *Hinchinbrooke* packet, Capt. Forster (acting only), was unfortunately lost on Cape St. Vincent's on the 7th ult. The crew, passengers, and mail, all saved. The mail was forwarded to Gibraltar by a small vessel, hired for the purpose. The packet had gone to pieces.

June 10.]—The last letters from the Duke of Wellington, which are of a very recent date, were written at Frankfort. We understand, notwithstanding the daily rumours of danger arising from an unsettled state of things on the Continent, his Grace states that all matters wear a very favourable aspect in that quarter. His Grace was expected to remove to Paris very soon, in order to be present at the marriage of the Duke of Berri. It is added that the Duke of Wellington had desired the Duchess, who has been some time indisposed, to join him at Paris, to witness the ceremonies on the above mentioned occasion.

The closing of the Ports of the Island of Cuba to foreign trade, a circumstance to which we have already alluded, appears in a great measure confirmed by the following extract:—

"*Cadiz, May 7.*—It is now placed beyond doubt, that Gen. Cienfuegos, who through mistake was stated to have died, but who in fact lately left this place for the Havannah, as Captain-General of the Island of Cuba, is the bearer of a peremptory order from the Spanish Government to shut all the ports of said Island against foreign trade, and it would be possible to state many reasons why it will be strictly complied with against British vessels."

The Madrid Gazette contains an order for arresting all persons entering the kingdom by ihe Pyrenean frontiers, who have not regular passports.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, May 23, 1816.

USURY LAWS.

Mr. Serjeant Onslow rose, pursuant to notice, to move for leave to bring in a bill to repeal the Usury Laws. Until the time of Henry VIII. there had been no laws against usury; and indeed it was to him a matter of surprise how they could ever have been enacted. But it was astonishing to what extent the prejudice against taking interest for money lent had prevailed. Divines had in former times been particularly severe in their abuse of usury, one of them having said that those who took interest for money were dogs, monsters, vipers, and devils (*A laugh*)—This prejudice even extended to the Judges, who so late as the reign of James I. had declared that to take interest for money was infamous and criminal. In later times, Mr. Locke had given his unqualified authority against the usury laws, by stating that it was impossible to fix the price of any commodity. There was also rate of interest by law, as to fix the authority of Mr. Bentham positively against the expediency of these laws. Experience, too, proved, that these laws were perfectly inefficient. Dr. Adam Smith was of opinion, that unless there was some fixed rate of interest, there would be nothing but prodigals and projectors; but this was completely refuted by Mr. Bentham. On the whole, he thought that the laws were founded on the remains of superstition—on a profound ignorance of political economy; that they were quite inefficient, as means were found to evade them, productive of serious evil. He therefore moved for leave to bring in a Bill to repeal them.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer thought, that after Parliament had borrowed eleven hundred millions, under the existence of the laws in question, and the faith of their continuance, it would neither be wise nor just to repeal them at once, and without due deliberation. The system of our public debt, which might be affected by any change of them, imposed upon the House the necessity of caution in entertaining any proposition like that of the Hon. and Learned Gentleman. The creditors of the state, who had lent their money when a certain system of restriction prevailed, might have reason to complain of a want of equity and good faith, if the laws were suddenly altered that regulated the other money transactions of the community. Such a repeal might be very injurious to public credit. He did not state it as his positive belief that this would be the consequence; but still, as it was possible such a consequence might follow, he did not think the danger ought upon slight grounds to be risked. It was said that the laws against usury had no beneficial effect in preventing it, as they were in practice evaded, and only forced the borrower to pay a higher rate than he would otherwise be required to do, if all legal interference were removed. He was ready to allow the truth of this statement in some instances; but still he would contend that the law, though sometimes evaded, served as a rule of direction in general. At any rate, any change in it might operate injuriously in the present circumstances of the country. It might affect the value of the funds, and shake the established system of money transactions. During the present Session of Parliament much of the attention of the House had been directed to measures which might tend to support confidence, and to consolidate public credit; and it would be unwise to entertain rashly and precipitately a proposition that might remotely endanger them. He would give no opinion upon what it would become Parliament to do on a subsequent occasion, and in different circumstances; but as the subject required such time and deliberation before any measure was adopted as could not be bestowed at the present period, he felt it his duty to move the previous question.

Mr. Baring observed, that the Chancellor of the Exchequer had said that the public credit would be effected by the repeal of the Usury Laws, but had not pointed out how this effect could be produced.—For his own part he did not see how it was possible that the repeal should have this effect. If it was supposed that the effect would be to cause some stock-holders to withdraw their money from the funds for the purpose of having it laid out at interest on the security of landed property, he thought such an effect would be very beneficial. At present the landed proprietors, not being able to get money at the legal rate, were obliged to have recourse to means to obtain money at the rate of ten or twelve per cent. He would not take up the time of the House in describing the different modes of evading the law for the purpose of obtaining an exorbitant interest; but he thought it would be proper to appoint a Committee to enquire into the subject. It seemed to be forgot that Government borrowed money at 6 per cent. and at the same time regulated the money market, while any rate above 5 per cent. was contrary to law. As to the motion now before the House, he did feel some objection to it, on account of the time at which it was brought forward, as owing to a variety of causes the money market was now in such a state, and money was so scarce, that mortgagees were calling in their money. In a year or two, he thought it very probable that the circumstances which occasioned mortgage money to be thus called in would pass away, and then a motion of this kind might safely be adopted. On this account he would feel it his duty to vote against the motion, although he agreed in the principle.

Sir John Newport contended that the arguments urged against the motion tended to prove its propriety. The means of evading the pressure of high rate of interest, which the laws were intended to prevent, were more grievous than that pressure would prove if those laws did not exist. In a country like this, that had flourished through commercial enterprise, it would be sufficiently safe to let the trader consult his own interest, which would be that of the Country, without binding him by legislative enactments. Let him procure money, as any other commodity, on the best terms he could, and the real interests of the Community would be consulted. It had been said, would you depart from the Statute Book? But if the Statute Book had never been departed from, by the side of the Usury Laws regulations against Sorcerers would still be found in force.

The Attorney-General could not consent to the introduction of a measure so important, so near the end of the Session, nor entertain propositions of such magnitude without the most deliberate inquiry and consideration. All that he had heard tended to show the necessity of delay; and he would therefore support the amendment of his Right Hon. Friend in moving the previous question, if the Hon. and Learned Mover did not consent to withdraw his motion.

Mr. B. Shaw was desirous that these laws, as they now stood, should be inquired into; and called the attention of the House particularly to the extreme danger in which individuals were too often placed in consequence of their ignorance of laws.

Mr. Serjeant Onslow agreed to withdraw his motion, giving notice that at a more convenient time, when he hoped more unanimity would prevail, he should again call the attention of the House to the question.

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TIFFEN Color Control Patches © The Tiffen Company, 2007
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FOR BRISTOL,

THE Brig *ANNA*, DAVID JONES, Master, stands A 1 at Lloyd's, is now ready to receive her cargo, and will sail on or about the 20th July. For freight or passage apply to

July 6. CON. A HOWELL & SON, THOMAS LOUIS.

Who will be thankful to the Friends of Messrs. DANIEL, and Shippers generally, for their favors to this vessel.

FOR LONDON,

THE new Ship *BLUCHER*, Robert Pearson, Commander. The Ship is copper fastened and coppered, stands A 1 on the 1st class at Lloyd's, burthen only 450 hogsheads, has comfortable accommodations for a few passengers, and will sail on or about the 15th July. For freight or passage apply to the Subscribers, who will be thankful for all friendly assistance in loading the ship.

June 22. CHARLES CADOGAN. A. R. BRANDON.

FOR LONDON,

THE Ship *URANIA*, CHAS. M'INTOSH, Master; a vessel of the first class, with most elegant accommodations for passengers; is now ready to receive Sugars, and will sail early the next month. For freight or passage apply to said Master, or

June 15. A. R. BRANDON.

Who will feel obliged to his friends, those of Messrs. Barrow & Lousadas, and Shippers generally, for their early assistance to said vessel.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE Brig *MARQUIS OF WELLINGTON*, James Kelling, Master, is now loading, and will sail the 10th July.—For freight apply to

June 29. HIGGINSON, DEANE, & STOTT.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE Ship *HIGGINSON*, Richard Hall, Master, is now ready to receive Sugars, and will sail the 14th July.—For freight or passage apply to

June 25. HIGGINSON, DEANE, & STOTT.

On sale, two pair of handsome Carriage Horses, in excellent condition, landed from the above ship.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE new coppered Brig *MAGNET*, John Johnstone, Master, will sail on the 12th July.—For freight or passage apply to

June 29. HOZIER & MULOCK.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE Brig *DEE*, JOHN DIXON, Master, a vessel of the first class, will positively sail on or before the 1st July—having two-thirds of her cargo already engaged. For freight or passage apply to Capt. Dixon, or to

May 25. WM. FODERINGHAM.

Who will be particularly obliged to his friends, the friends of Messrs. T. Lee & Co. and all Shippers, for their early assistance to said vessel.

FOR GREENOCK,

THE Brig *TRADER*, M'CLEAN, Master, is now ready to receive freight. The friends of ARTHUR OUGHTERSON & Co and QUINTIN & JAMES LEITCH, are requested to favour the said vessel with their assistance as early as possible, as she will positively sail on or about the 15th instant. For particulars apply to

July 6. ANDREW SMITH & Co.

FOR CORK,

THE Brig *PARAGON*, E. GAMBLE, Master, will sail on the 14th inst.—For freight or passage apply to

July 6—tf. E GUNNING & Co.

FOR CORK,

THE Ship *HARRIOT*, SAM. SKILLIN, Master, is a first-rate sailer, and will be dispatched positively on or before the 1st August. For freight or passage apply to said Master, or to

July 2. JOHN P. HARDY.

FOR DUBLIN,

THE new Brig *WALLER*, ALEX. HANNAY, Master, burthen 180 tons. For freight or passage apply to

May 4 LABERTOUCHE & WALKER.

Who will be obliged to the friends of Messrs. HODGKINSON, PORTER, & Co. for their early assistance.

FOR DUBLIN,

THE fine, stanch Brig *HERCULES*, JAS. PASLEY, Master, coppered and copper fastened, will meet immediate dispatch. For freight or passage apply to

May 11. DWYER & DUFF.

FOR DUBLIN,

THE Brig *ELIZABETH*, W. CARMICHAEL, Master. She sails well, is quite new, coppered and copper fastened, and will sail in all the next month. For freight or passage apply to the Master, or

May 21. E. B. WALCOTT & Co.

Who will thank their friends, and those of Messrs. Joseph Wilson & Son, for their early favours to the above vessel.

TO expedite the loading of the brig Elizabeth, *for Dublin, the Subscribers will give a premium of One Guinea ℔ Hhd. and Twenty Shillings ℔ Tierce, for any number of casks (not less than five) shipped on board of her.*

May 25—tf. *E. B. WALCOTT & Co*

TEN Hogsheads superior Claret just landed; Bristol Wood Hoops; Earthen-ware in crates; Burton Ale and Porter in puncheons; and new Cocoa, for sale by

July 6—3n. *LABERTOUCHE & WALKER.*

WANTED to Purchase, two or three hundred casks SUGAR, if delivered in Town before the 1st August.

July 6—tf. *E. GUNNING & Co.*

FOR Sale by the Subscribers, at their Store over the Bridge,

Coals, fire-wood, bricks, crates earthenware, tea kettles, cane bills; 4d. 8d. and 10d. nails; iron pots, loaf-sugar; porter ℔ tun, tierce, or doz.; rounds beef, kegs tripe, firkins tongues, boxes bloom raisins, oats ℔ bushel, boots and shoes, Gentlemen's black and white superfine hats, sets china ware, cotton thread, a few mattresses in puncheons, sugar tierces, rum and molasses casks, wood hoops; cypress, New-England, and Wallaba shingles, &c.; which will be sold cheap for cash, or to usual customers.

July 6—4a. *T. & J. HUMPHREYS.*

THE subscribers have received, by the Richard & Sibella, a large assortment of embossed gold and silver paper and ornaments, of various shapes and colours; bordering and ornaments for cakes; lions' heads and feet, and balls for boxes.—They have also received a pattern book, containing various patterns of wrought iron roofs for houses, gates, railings, garden chairs and settees;—which may be seen and prices agreed for, and will be sent out on the shortest notice to any person who may do them the favour of ordering any of the above articles.

T. R. BASCOM & Co.

☞ *The above-mentioned Pattern-book will be sent to any person, on a dollar being left at the store until it is returned.* *Broad-street, July 6—2n.*

DEAL LUMBER ON SALE.

THE subscriber is now receiving, a small Cargo of DEAL LUMBER *and* NEW ENGLAND SHINGLES *of a very superior quality. He has also on sale, Cypress Shingles, and well cured Pitch-pine Boards and Scantling.*

RICHARD WALL.

Beckwith-square, July 6—3n.

MILL TIMBER.

THE subscriber is now landing from the schooner Princess, *from Porto Rico, a cargo of Mill Timber and Hardwood, consisting of Gregory crown and half-crown beams and rollers; bullet-tree arms, points, tail-trees, crown and half-crown beams, and foot timber.—On hand, of recent importation, bullet-tree shafts, crab-wood boards and squared logs of large dimensions; bullet-tree plank, 3 and 4 inches thick; hackia cog-wood and mastick.*

July 2—tf. *T. LAW*

FOR Sale, at the Stores next Drax-hall Yard, new butter, candles, soap, coffee; beef, pork (in barrels and half-barrels), linens, &c. &c.

July 6—2a. *B. PRENDERGAST*

At the STORE of ABEL CLINCKETT,

NOW landing from the Richard & Sibella, *from London, the following articles, which, added to an extensive variety of elegant and fashionable Goods (many imported in March and April only), will be sold on very moderate terms:—*

Ladies' and maids' fashionable black, white, and fancy-coloured beaver bonnets; boys' and youths' ditto superfine beaver, improved willow and leghorn hats; gentlemen's fashionable beaver hats, of first quality; ladies' best dog-skin walking shoes, fashionable parasols, silk umbrellas; superfine woodstock habit gloves, gentlemen's superior stout white cotton do; a few pair leather gaiters.—Military articles: among which are—rich gold-embroidered Hospital-Staff full-dress epaulettes, silver cavalry braid, gilt ball buttons, regulation feathers, &c. &c.—Ladies' black and white lace squares, rich Mecklin lace net, 4-4 and 6-4 white and coloured leno; elegant silk spencers, trimmed in the latest taste; plated and gilt-spring silk purses, steel-top silver thimbles, netting needles, white bugles, best morocco pocket books; spectacles in tortoise-shell, blue, green, and white glasses; stout finished ivory teeth-brushes; best cased shaving, nail, and buckle do.; a few excellent violins, with bows and cases; Violin and Flute Instructions, music paper; melon moulds, figured jelly do.; best white and coloured kid skins; green, blue, pink, and buff morocco do.; shoe knives, hemp, flax, &c. &c. &c.

Great encouragement will be given to ready-money purchasers, and every endeavour used to oblige the regular and punctual customers of the store.—Mr. C. left this Country impressed with a high sense of the kind readiness of many of his old friends who hastened to pay off their bills previous to his departure.—Those who were disappointed at the moment, of complying with their friendly promises, on which Mr. C. had relied with perfect confidence, are respectfully solicited to be speedy in their assistance, in order that his undoubted expectations of immediate and considerable remittances may be realized.

No. 7, High-street, June 22—tf.

NEW BUTTER.

JUST received ℔ ship Harriot, in 26 days from Cork, a few firkins new Butter, Candles, Soap, Checks, and Linens, and for sale by

July 2—4n. *JOHN P. HARDY.*

MR. BENJ. ARMSTRONG

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that (in addition to a very large and general assortment of fresh and new Drugs by recent arrivals) he is now receiving by the Richard & Sibella, the undermentioned Articles, and will be very glad to supply them on his usual terms, which he is persuaded are as moderate as they can be furnished in the Island. Mr. Armstrong, deeming it unnecessary to particularise every article he has for sale, begs leave to solicit his friends and persons in general, to feel no reluctance in inquiring of him for any article they may require in the Druggist line which does not appear here, as also for some other articles unconnected with Drugs, which he has for some time past been vending.—

Caffarata's anti-rheumatic and anti-goutical pills, Vincent's cough do. Church's drops and Whitehead's essence of horehound for the cough, essence of waterdock for the scurvy, &c.; Keyzar's and Anderson's pills, Brodum's botanical syrup and nervous cordial, Grant's and Jesuit's drops, Cundell's balsam of honey and Hill's Canada balsam, essence of mustard, Taylor's remedy for deafness, Costello's collyrium for the eyes, the genuine Seidlitz powders in boxes, Beal's carbonated soda powders for making soda water, Thompson's Cheltenham salts, ginger-beer powders for making ginger beer in the highest perfection, concentrated essence of ginger, Henry's and Glass's calcined magnesia, Ching's worm lozenges, vermicelli, macaroni, Rock's infallible rat powder, bloom of ninon, pomade divine, Pear's Imperial face powder in boxes, Russia rose and macassar oils; Russia pearl milk for curling the hair, and Patey Butt's fluid for keeping in the curls; large and small tooth brushes, and various kinds of tooth powder; Day & Martin's real japan blacking, Rigg's magnetic razor tablets; Estcourt's criterion and Packwood's razor straps and paste for do. bleaching liquid, silver snuff boxes in morocco cases, Quin's mixture and other snuffs; best hyson tea and refined sugar, pomatum in pots and rolls, patent soaps, Smyth's and other lavender waters, cupping instruments in mahogany cases, sportsmen's pen and other knives, nail nippers and scissors, slates; black, red, and coloured wafers; red and black wax, wafer seals, stationery of every kind, church and school books (of which a catalogue may be seen), small memorandum books with and without asses' skin, blank books of all sorts, wire and map files for papers, small 12-inch ivory rules folding in four for the pocket; pewter syringes to hold from half an ounce to four pints; a large assortment of pickles and sauces; the Dartford gunpowder and patent shot, patent shot belts and powder flasks; besides various other articles frequently recommended to a generous Public. *June 25.*

FOR THE LADIES.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, a quantity of Cornelian NECKLACES, of different sizes and colours, very reasonable for cash, at No. 8, Swan-street.

June 15—8a. *LEVI ELEASER.*

NEWFOUNDLAND COD-FISH

NOW landing, in excellent order, in casks of 3, 4, 6, and 8-quintals each, and for sale by

June 18—tf. *GILL & LOUIS.*

Also a few thousand Red-oak Staves, which will be sold at a low price to close sales.

FOR Sale, a large and commodious HOUSE, situated near the Jews' Synagogue, with a Bathing-house, pump of excellent water, and every accommodation for a large family;—the whole standing on 15,000 square feet of land, and at present tenanted by Mr. J. P. F. Armstrong. And a neat, pleasant COTTAGE, situated near St. Ann's, with a pump of good water, and every accommodation for a small family; with a neat shrubbery, &c. attached. This lot comprises 30,000 feet of Land, and at present tenanted by Captain Spelling.—To both indisputable titles will be made, and, to an approved purchaser, little or no money will be immediately required.

Also a strong English CHARGER, *16 hands high, takes the draft remarkably well, and has been in the Island only three months;—and a small Guadeloupe* PONY, *not more than 4 years old.—They are sold in consequence of the subscriber having no use for them.*

JONATHAN DUNN, Jun.

Palmeto-street, June 1—tf.

NOW landing by the subscriber—Pitch-pine boards, plank, scantling, and beams; and 22-inch cypress shingles.—And just received from Madeira, ℔ brig Mary, Capt. Keen, Choice old London particular Madeira wine, in pipes and hhds.; and Tinta and Sercial Madeira Wine, in quarter casks; fine rose butter in firkins, &c. all of which he offers for sale at his store and lumber-yard, opposite J. P. Clarke's, Esq. Broad-street.

June 22—4n. *ALEX. HALL.*

Printed and published every Tuesday and Saturday by

WILLIAM WALKER & Co.

At Six Dollars ℔ annum; and if sent to the neighbouring Islands, Eight Dollars;

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.