

### Why PostgreSQL

#### Introduction

PostgreSQL is a powerful, open-source object-relational database system known for its robustness, scalability, and standards compliance. It has been a popular choice for developers and businesses since its inception in 1989.

### Advantages of PostgreSQL

- Robust and Reliable: PostgreSQL offers ACID compliance and advanced features like multi-vversion concurrency control (MVCC).
- Scalability: It can handle large amounts of data and high-throughput workloads.
- Extensibility: PostgreSQL supports custom functions, data types, and extensions.
- Standards Compliance: PostgreSQL adheres to SQL standards, ensuring compatibility across different platforms.

### Why Companies Are Shifting to PostgreSQL

Many companies are choosing PostgreSQL for its costeffectiveness, reliability, and strong community support, particularly for large-scale and mission-critical applications.

## Why PostgreSQL is Better Than Excel

### **Disadvantages of Excel**

- Limited data capacity: Excel has a maximum limit of 1,048,576 rows and 16,384 columns.
- Lack of data integrity: Excel is prone to errors, especially with large datasets.
- Concurrency issues: Multiple users cannot work on the same Excel tile simultaneously.
- Limited scalability: Excel is not suitable for handling large, complex datasets.

### Solutions with PostgreSQL

- High capacity: PostgreSQL can handle large datasets without limitations.
- Data integrity: PostgreSQL supports ACID transactions and strong data types.
- Concurrency: Multiple users can access and modify the database simultaneously.
- Scalability: PostgreSQL is designed for scalability and can manage increasing data volumes.

# Why PostgreSQL is Better Than MySQL

### Disadvantages of MySQL

- Slower with complex analytical queries
- Limited JSON & NoSQL-like data handling
- Less strict with data integrity (can lead to "silent" issues)

### Solutions with PostgreSQL

- Faster performance for complex queries
- Better support for JSON & NoSQL data
- Stronger data integrity with stricter enforcement

# Why PostgreSQL is Better Than SQLite

### **Disadvantages of SQLite**

- Perfect for small/local apps, but not built for heavy traffic
- Lacks advanced features like replication & partitioning
- Not ideal for multi-user, high-concurrency environments

### Solutions with PostgreSQL

- Built for heavy traffic and large-scale applications.
- · Supports replication & partitioning features.
- Designed to support multi-user applications and high-concurrency.