PALAPES Jelle 1 SYSTEM STEELS STEELS

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B03210702 - BITI S1G2 - YEAR 2 SEM 1

INTRODUCTION

- System Name: PALAPES UTeM Fitness System.
- Purpose: Manage fitness records for cadets, coaches, and administrators.
- Key Features:
 - a. Role-based access control.
 - b. Modular programming for clear and adaptable functionalities.
 - c.Integration with MySQL for efficient data storage and retrieval.
 - d. Emphasis on structured coding practices (arrays, selection mechanisms, error handling).



PROBLEM STATEMENT

Problem Statement

- Challenges:
 - a. Inefficient manual data tracking prone to errors.
 - b. Role-based access limitations.
 - c. Lack of centralized data storage.
- Issues:
 - d. Dependency on live database connections (MySQL).
 - e. Insufficient error-handling mechanisms affecting system robustness.

PROBLEM STATEMENT



OBJECTIVE

- 1. Develop a role-based system for cadets, coaches, and admindata management.
- 2. Automate fitness information recording, storage, and retrieval to reduce errors.
- 3. Design a scalable, user-friendly interface for interaction and data visualization.
- 4. Ensure system reliability with robust error-handling and dynamic data management.



SCOPE

4.1 Modules to Be Developed

- 1. Login Module: Secure user authentication and role-based permissions.
- 2. Registration Module: Create accounts with role-specific rules and input validation.
- 3. User Management Module: Manage user details based on role permissions.
- 4. Fitness Management Module:
 - a. Admin: Full access to fitness records.
 - b Coach: Manage squad-specific fitness records.
 - c. Cadet: View official and update unofficial fitness records.
- 5. Report Module: Generate reports for individuals, squads, and overall performance.



SCOPE

4.2 Target Users

- Administrator: Oversees system functionality, manages users, fitness records, and generates reports.
- Coach: Manages fitness data for their squad and provides feedback.
- Cadet: Tracks personal fitness data and views progress reports.

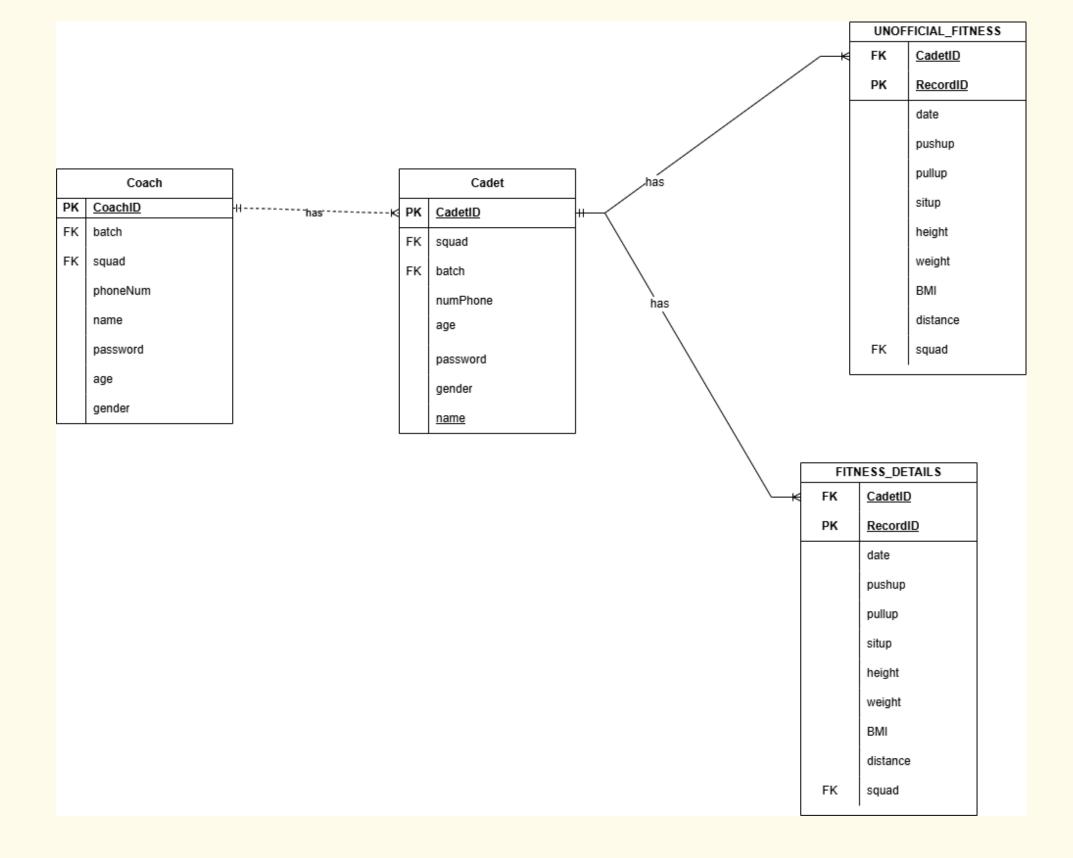


5. Project Significance

- 1. Efficiency: Digitizes fitness data management, reducing errors and paperwork.
- 2. **Data Security:** Role-based access ensures data integrity and prevents unauthorized access.
- 3. **Analytics for Decision-Making:** Reporting module identifies trends for better training programs.
- 4. Personalized Experience:
 - Cadets: Track progress through reports.
 - Coaches: Focus on squad-specific data for better mentorship.
- 5. Scalability: Structured design supports growth and wider adoption.
- 6. **Technological Advancement:** Demonstrates digital transformation and modern practices.





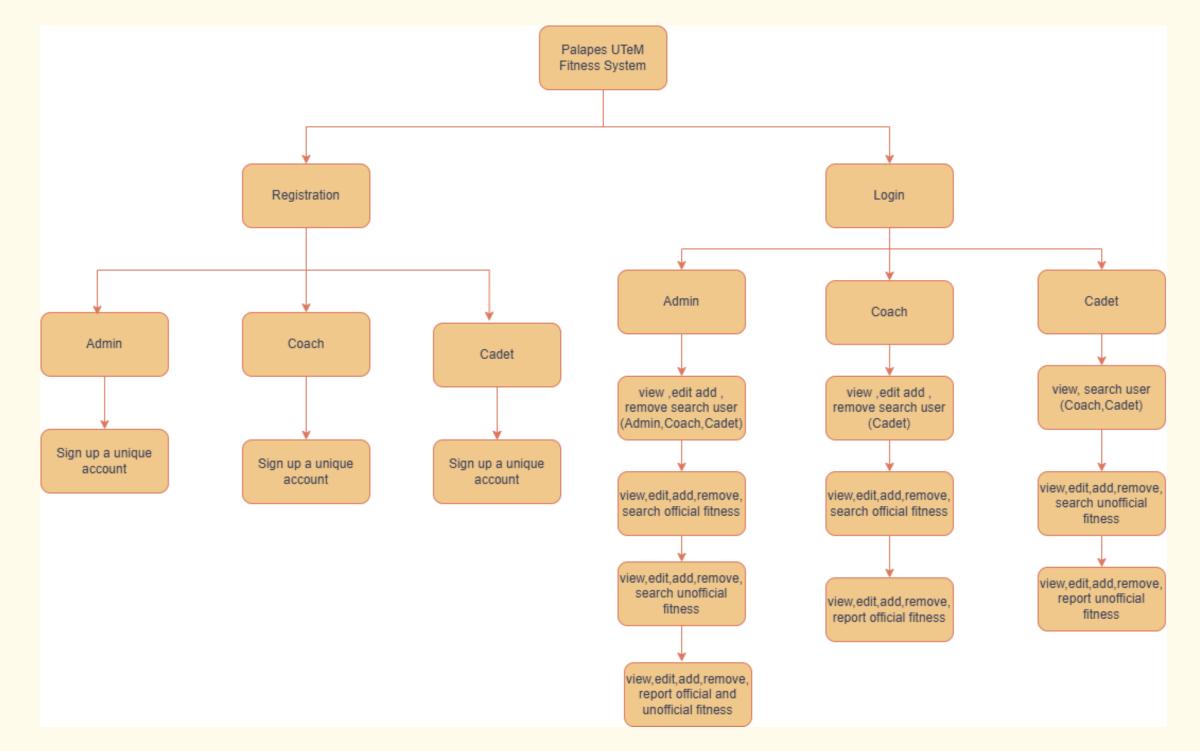




STRUCTURE

CHART





CONSTRAINTS

1. Scalability and Dependency Issues:

- Static data structures like fixed-size arrays limit the system's ability to grow.
- Heavy reliance on live MySQL database makes the system vulnerable to network disruptions.

2. User Accessibility and Role Flexibility:

- Console-based interface reduces user engagement, especially for non-technical users.
- Rigid role management restricts adaptability to complex organizational structures.

3. System Resilience and Usability:

- Lack of advanced error handling (exception management) lowers robustness.
- No offline functionality limits usability in areas with unstable internet connectivity.



FITTRE IMPROVEMENTS

1. Enhancing Scalability and Performance:

- Adopt dynamic data structures like std::vector or std::map.
- Optimize database queries to improve responsiveness.
- 2. Improving User Experience and Accessibility:
- Transition to a graphical user interface (GUI) for better usability.
- Introduce mobile app integration to expand accessibility.
- 3. Boosting Reliability and Adaptability:
- Implement offline functionality with local data caching and synchronization.
- Introduce advanced error handling through exception management and logging.



CONCLUSION

1. Centralized Fitness Management:

• The PALAPES UTeM Fitness System successfully centralizes and automates fitness record management, significantly improving efficiency and reducing manual errors.

2. Role-Based Access Control:

• The system effectively enforces role-based access, ensuring secure and structured data management for administrators, coaches, and cadets.

3. Potential for Modernization:

 The system has foundational strengths, addressing current limitations provides an opportunity for future enhancements, ensuring adaptability and scalability to meet evolving needs.



Thank You

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