January 2020 Parking Violations

Parking Tickets from Washington D.C.'s Open Data Site

justjensen.co



16 Oct, 2020

Contents

Aquiring the Data	3
Creating a Chart of Violations	4
Creating a Table of Violations	5

This notebook provides information about parking tickets in Washington D.C.

Aquiring the Data

First, we'll need to grab data directly in R using the [Parking Ticket dataset]'s API.

```
# url <- 'https://opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/009dedf-
    baf364905a8e25181b3490cd9_0.geojson'
# destination_file <- 'january_2020_dc_parking_tickets.geojson'
# download.file(url, destination_file, 'curl')
# library(rgdal)
# sp_parking_tickets <- readOGR('january_2020_dc_parking_tickets.geojson')

library(tidyverse)
url <- 'https://opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/009dedf-
    baf364905a8e25181b3490cd9_0.csv'
destination_file <- 'january_2020_dc_parking_tickets.csv'
download.file(url, destination_file, 'curl')
df_violations <- read_csv(destination_file)
colnames(df_violations) <- tolower(colnames(df_violations))</pre>
```

The first violation in our data set is a 'PARK IN OFFICIAL PARKING PERMIT ONLY SPACE' violation.

Before going further, we'll need to do a little more work to get our dataframe set up properly!

Creating a Chart of Violations

```
df_violations$issue_date <- as.Date(df_violations$issue_date,</pre>

    format='%Y/%m/%d')

df_violations_per_day <- df_violations %>% count(issue_date)
plt <- ggplot(df_violations_per_day) +</pre>
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, size=0.4, color='#3C3C3C')+
  geom_line(aes(x=issue_date, y=n), color='#6f4a8e', alpha=0.8, size=1) +
  geom_point(aes(x=issue_date, y=n), color='#6f4a8e', alpha=0.8, size=2) +
 labs(x='', y='', title='Parking Violations in Washington D.C. drop off on
 subtitle="Daily Parking Violations in January 2020 from D.C.'s Open
        → Data Site") +
  scale_x_date(date_labels='%b %d', breaks=seq(as.Date('2020-01-01'),
 → as.Date('2020-01-31'), by='weeks')) +
  theme(text=element_text(size=12, color='#3C3C3C'),
        plot.title=element_text(hjust=0, size=rel(1.5), face='bold'),
        plot.subtitle = element_text(hjust=0, size=rel(1.1)),
        plot.caption=element_text(hjust=0),
        plot.title.position = 'plot',
        plot.background = element_rect(fill='#F0F0F0'),

¬ axis.ticks=element_blank(),
        panel.background = element_rect(fill='#F0F0F0'),

    panel.grid=element_line(color=NULL),
        panel.grid.major=element_line(color='#d2d2d2'),

→ panel.grid.minor=element_blank(),
        strip.background=element_blank(),

    strip.text=element_text(face='bold'),
        plot.margin=unit(c(1,1,1,1), 'lines'))
print(plt)
```



```
ggsave('Parking Violations in Washington DC.png', plot=plt, type='cairo',
    height=5,width=8,units='in')
```

Creating a Table of Violations

```
# Preparing the final dataframe for table generation
df_violations_fines <- df_violations %>%
 drop_na(fine_amount) %>%
  group_by(fine_bin) %>%
  summarise('Tickets (thousands)'=round(length(fine_paid)/1000,1),
            'Percent
             → Paid'=paste0('%',round(sum(fine_paid)/length(fine_paid),3)*100))
  gather('Tickets (thousands)', 'Percent Paid', key='value_type',

    value='value') %>%

 spread('fine_bin', 'value') %>%
  select(value_type, '<$50', '$50 - $99', '$100 - $199', '$200+')</pre>
colnames(df_violations_fines)[1] <- 'Fine Amount'</pre>
kb <- kbl(df_violations_fines, format = 'latex',</pre>
          booktabs=T, digits=1, linesep='', align=c('lrrrr')) %>%
  kable_styling(latex_options = 'striped') %>%
  add_header_above(c(' ', 'Cheaper'=2, 'More Expensive'=2))
# kb <- kbl(df_violations_fines,</pre>
#
              'latex', booktabs=T, digits=2, linesep='',
              col.names = c('', 'Hours', strftime(recent_weeks[1],
#
\hookrightarrow '%Y-%m-%d'),
                             strftime(recent_weeks[2], '%Y-%m-%d'),'Perc.
#
→ Diff'),
              align=c('lrrrr')) %>%
    kable_styling(full_width = F, latex_options = 'striped')
print(kb)
```

	Cheaper		More Expe	nsive
Fine Amount	<\$50	\$50 - \$99	\$100 - \$199	\$200+
Percent Paid	%30.7	%22.7	%19.3	%10.3
Tickets (thousands)	62.3	40.6	27.2	3.3