



AuE-8230 Autonomy: Science and Systems

Capstone Project

Group 1: Chinmay Samak, Tanmay Samak









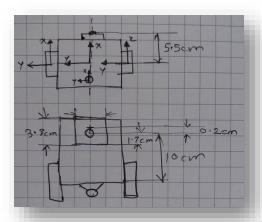
Project Tools

Robot: TurtleBot3 Burger (with camera)

Simulation: Gazebo

Framework: ROS 2 Foxy

Programming: Python, C++





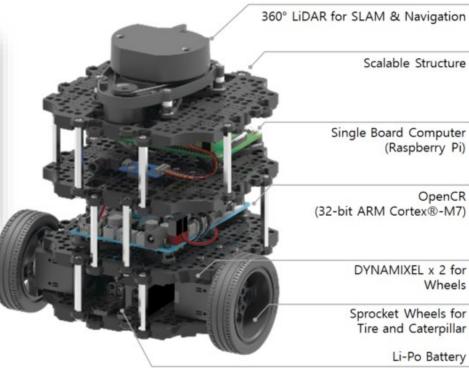








TurtleBot3 Burger



Source: Robotis Inc.

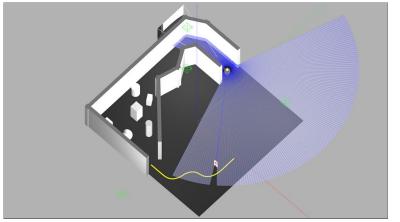
Wheels





Project Tasks

- Task 1: Wall Following
- Task 2: Obstacle Avoidance
- Task 3: Line Following
- Task 4: Stop Sign Detection
- Task 5: AprilTag Tracking



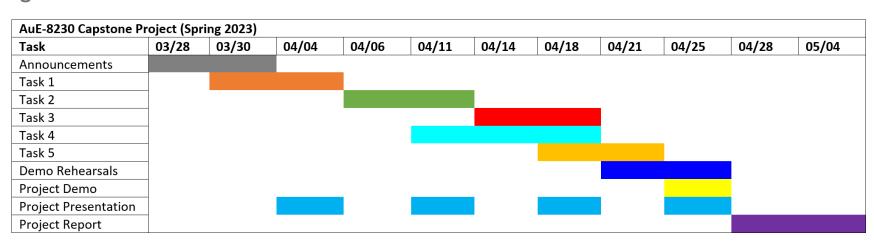






Project Timeline

- Task 1: Wall Following
- Task 2: Obstacle Avoidance
- Task 3: Line Following
- Task 4: Stop Sign Detection
- Task 5: AprilTag Tracking







Responsibility Assignment Matrix

• Task 1: Wall Following

• Task 2: Obstacle Avoidance

• Task 3: Line Following

Task 4: Stop Sign Detection

Task 5: AprilTag Tracking

RESPONSIBILITY	Task 1	Task 2	Task 3	Task 4	Task 5	Integration
Algorithm development	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Chinmay	Chinmay
Simulation setup	Chinmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Chinmay
Simulation deployment	Chinmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Tanmay	Chinmay
Real-world deployment	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Tanmay
Git repository management	Chinmay	Chinmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay
Documentation	Tanmay	Tanmay	Tanmay	Chinmay	Tanmay	Tanmay

<u>Note</u>: Responsibility does not directly indicate contribution. Both members contributed equally to this project and have no conflict of interest to declare.

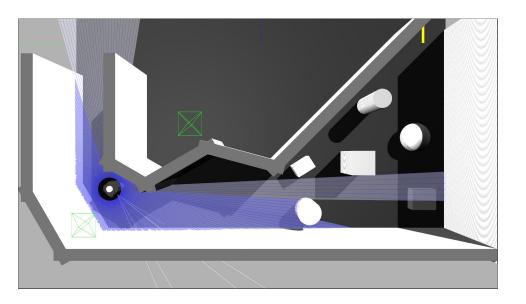






Task 1

Wall Following









Sensors: LIDAR

• Algorithm:

• Front laser scan ranging measurement [0]

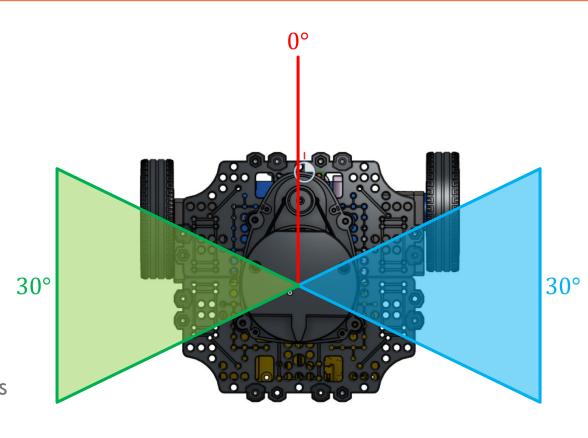
• Left [75:105] and right [255:285] laser scan sectors

De-coupled lat-lon PID controller architecture

- Adaptive cruise control based on frontal range
- Cross-track error based on mean of left and right sectors
- Safety (inf range, actuation limits)

• Alternate approaches:

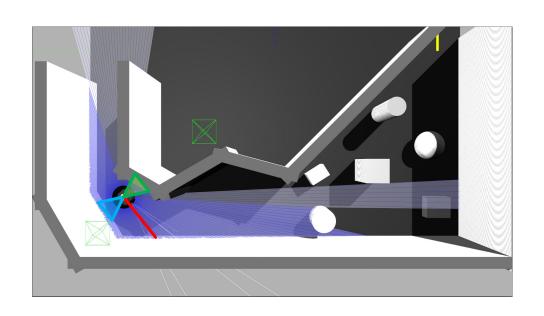
- Different FOV and orientation of laser scan sectors
- CTE based on min, max, mean, wt. mean of sectors







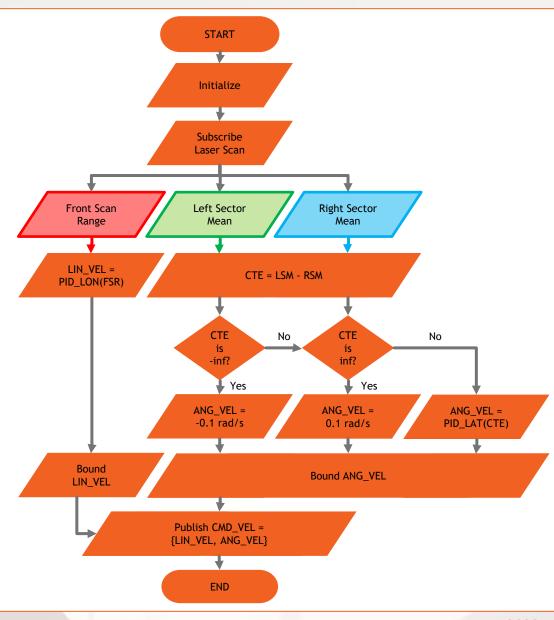
- Sensors: LIDAR
- Algorithm:
 - Front laser scan ranging measurement [0]
 - Left [75:105] and right [255:285] laser scan sectors
 - De-coupled lat-lon PID controller architecture
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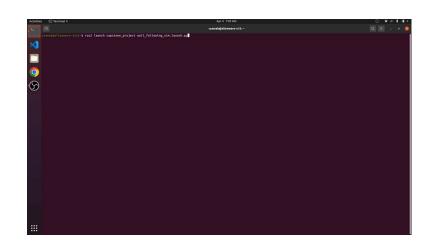
- Sensors: LIDAR
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 - Front laser scan ranging measurement [0]
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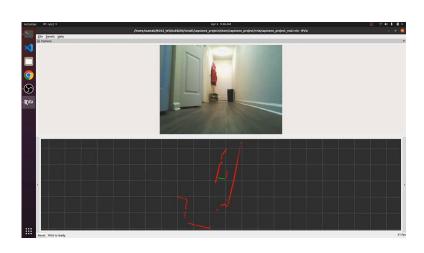




Results







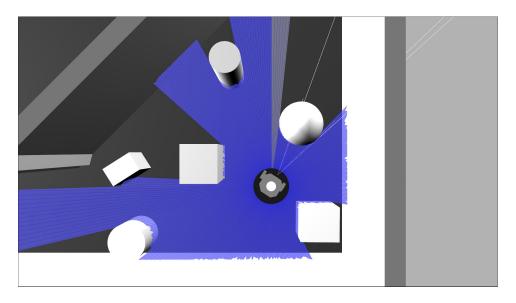
Simulation TurtleBot3 Remote PC







Obstacle Avoidance









Sensors: LIDAR

• Algorithm:

• Front laser scan sector [0:20]+[340:360]

• Oblique laser scan sectors [0:70] and [290:360]

Side laser scan sectors [30:85] and [275:330]

3-stage attention mechanism + pseudo potential field

De-coupled lat-lon PID controller architecture

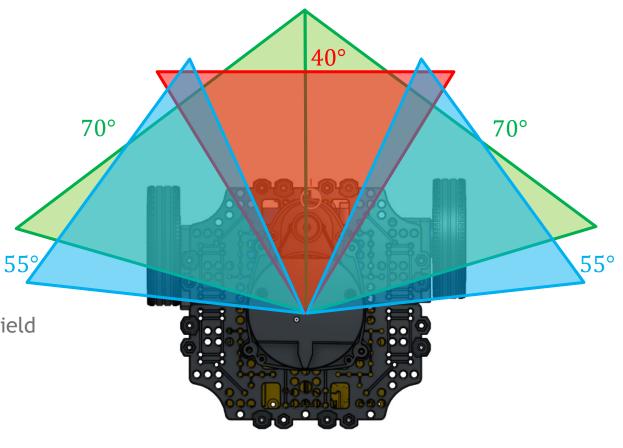
Safety (inf range, on-spot turn, actuation limits)

Alternate approaches:

Different FOV and orientation of laser scan sectors

• CTE based on min, max, mean, wt. mean of sectors

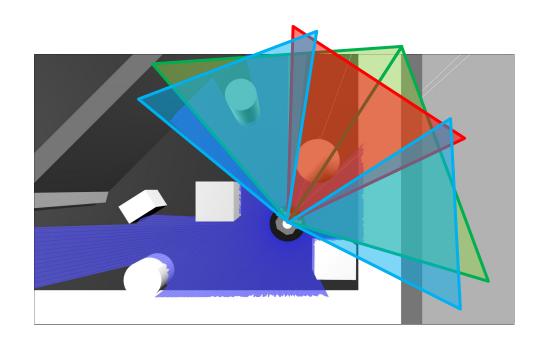
Safety vs. performance







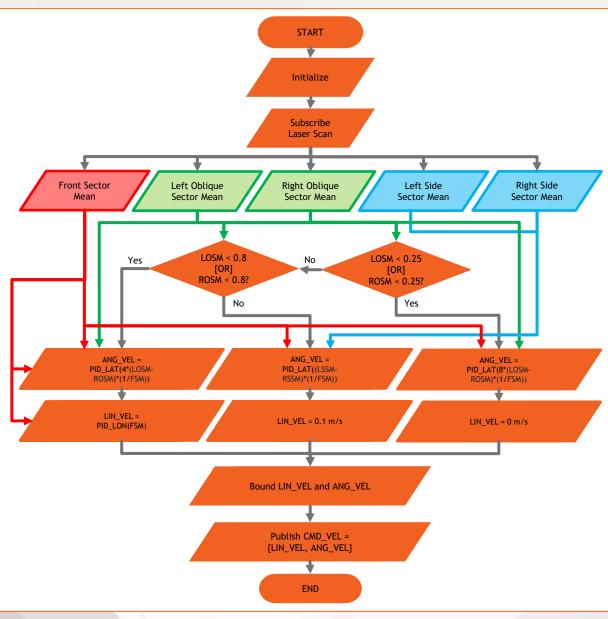
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 - 3-stage attention mechanism + pseudo potential field
 - De-coupled lat-lon PID controller architecture
 - Safety (inf range, on-spot turn, actuation limits)
- Alternate approaches:
 - Different FOV and orientation of laser scan sectors
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 - Safety vs. performance







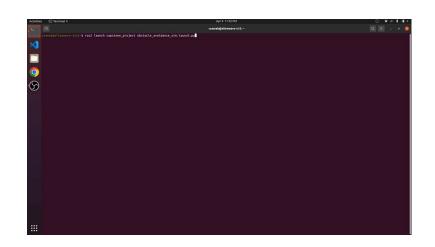
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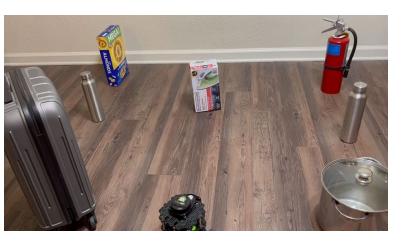


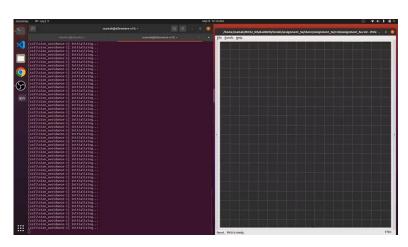




Results







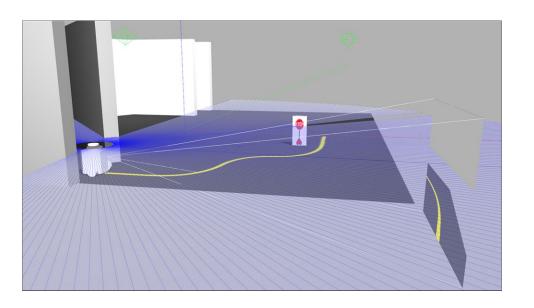
Simulation TurtleBot3 Remote PC







Line Following

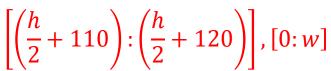


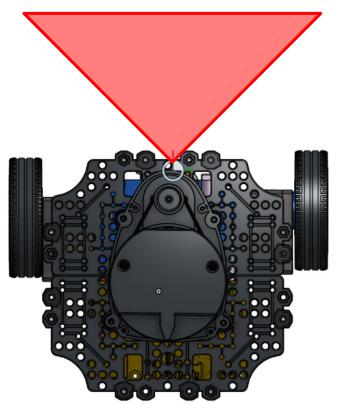






- Sensors: Camera (compressed/uncompressed | 320x240 px)
- O Algorithm:
 - Crop incoming image: $ROI = \left[\left(\frac{h}{2} + 110 \right) : \left(\frac{h}{2} + 120 \right) \right], [0:w]$
 - Convert from RGB to HSV color space and mask specific color
 - Calculate weighted average of pixel intensities (detect clusters)
 - Calculate centroid of cluster and thereby deviation from line
 - Constant lin_vel with PID controller for ang_vel
 - Safety mechanisms and bounds (actuation limits)
- Alternate approaches:
 - Different ROI and HSV thresholds
 - Tilting camera tight curves

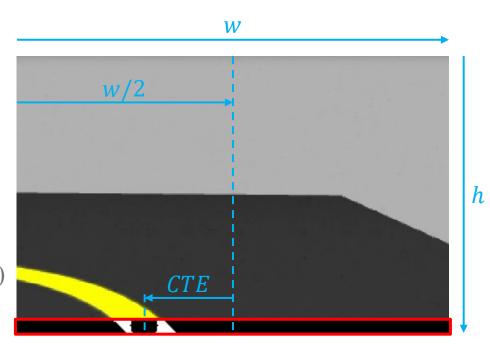


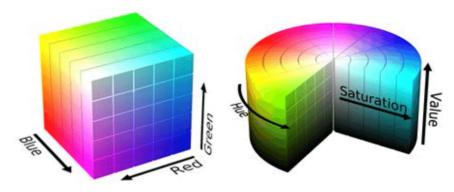






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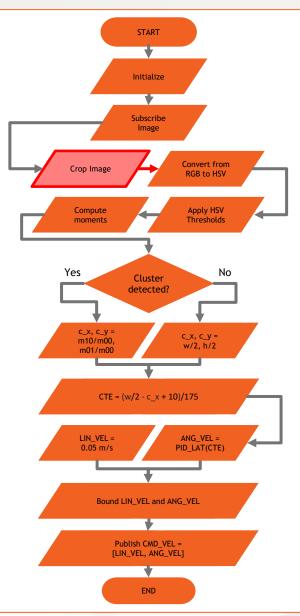








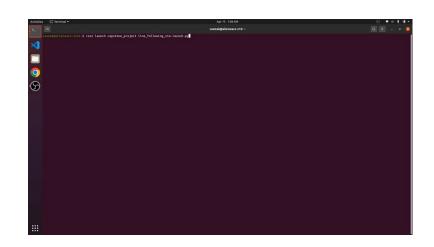
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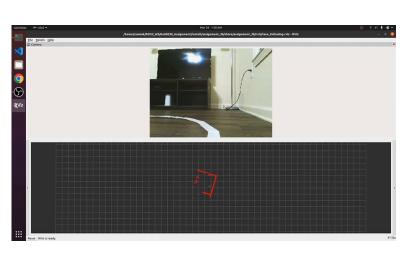




Results







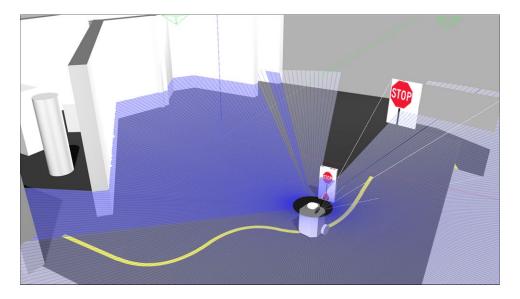
Simulation TurtleBot3 Remote PC







Stop Sign Detection

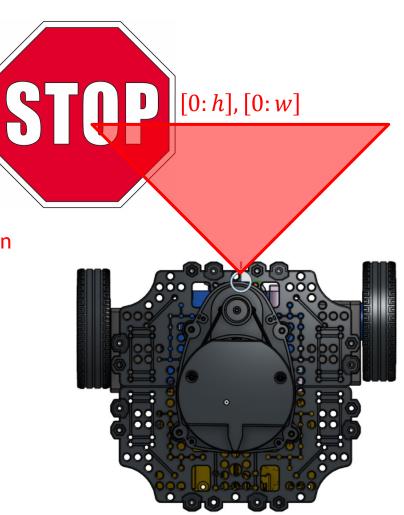








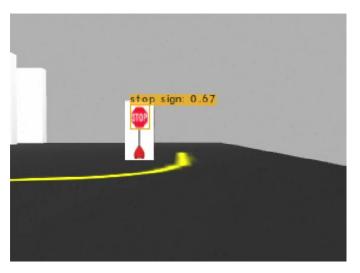
- Sensors: Camera (compressed/uncompressed | 320x240 px)
- Algorithm:
 - Configure & run Tiny-YOLO V7 inference on incoming image
 - Verify detection class, confidence & bounding box area of stop sign
 - Come to a complete stop for predefined time (4 seconds)
 - Constant lin_vel $\begin{cases} v; & \text{stop sign absent} \\ 0; & \text{stop sign present} \end{cases}$ and 0 ang_vel
 - Safety mechanisms and bounds (actuation limits)
- Alternate approaches:
 - Different versions of YOLO
 - Different detection class(es), confidence & bounding box area
 - CV vs. DL: shape/color thresholding

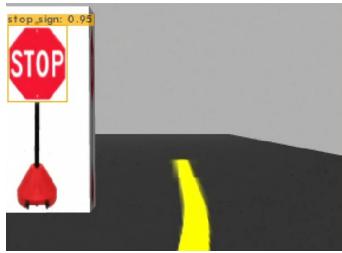






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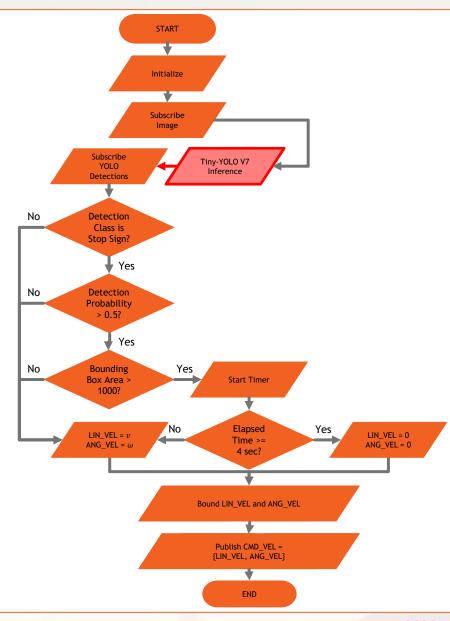








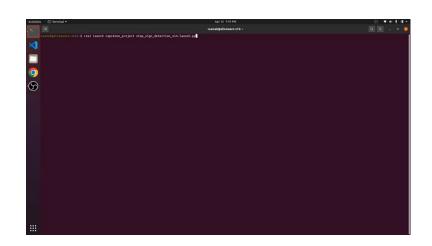
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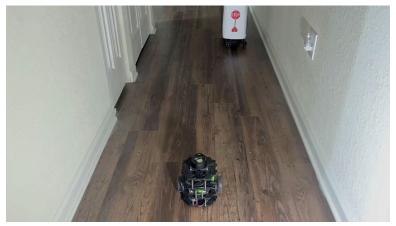


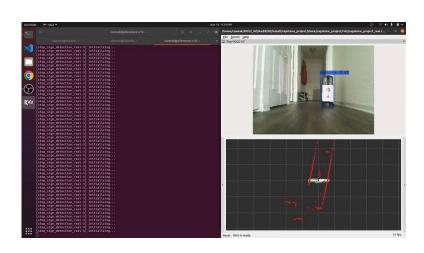




Results







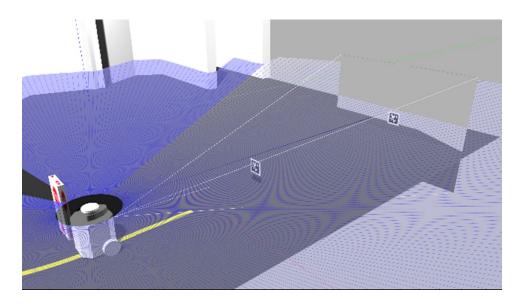
Simulation TurtleBot3 Remote PC







AprilTag Tracking

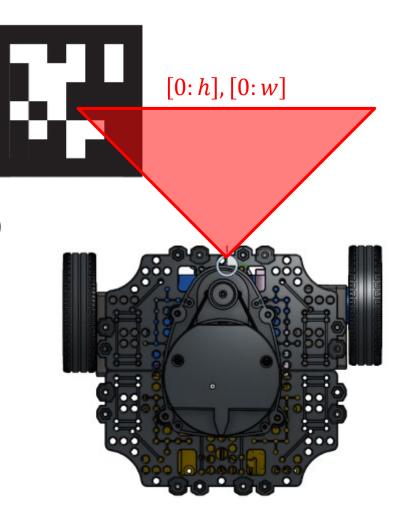








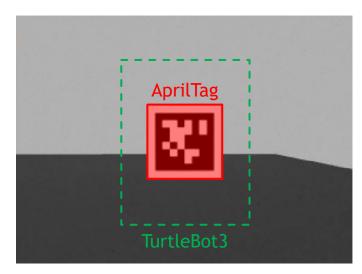
- Sensors: Camera (compressed/uncompressed | 320x240 px)
- Algorithm:
 - Configure & run AprilTag detection on incoming image
 - Estimate 6D metric pose of marker w.r.t. robot's camera (intrinsics)
 - Apply static transform from base_link to camera
 - Operate on lateral (-x) & longitudinal (z) deviation from marker
 - Stop if too close
 - De-coupled lat-lon PID controller architecture
 - Safety mechanisms and bounds (actuation limits)
- Alternate approaches:
 - Print quality
 - Tag size

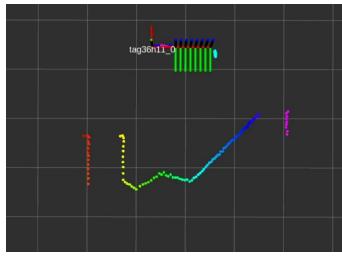






- Sensors: Camera (compressed/uncompressed | 320x240 px)
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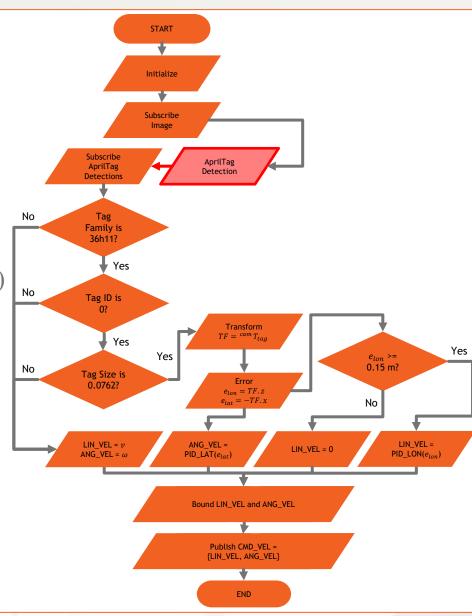








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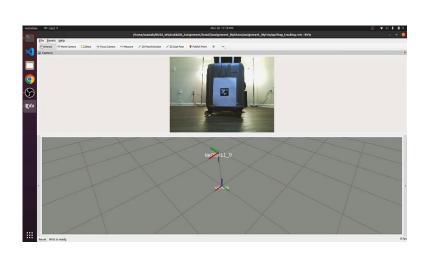




Results



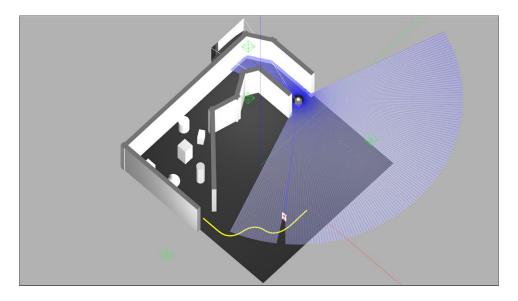




Simulation TurtleBot3 Remote PC







Integration

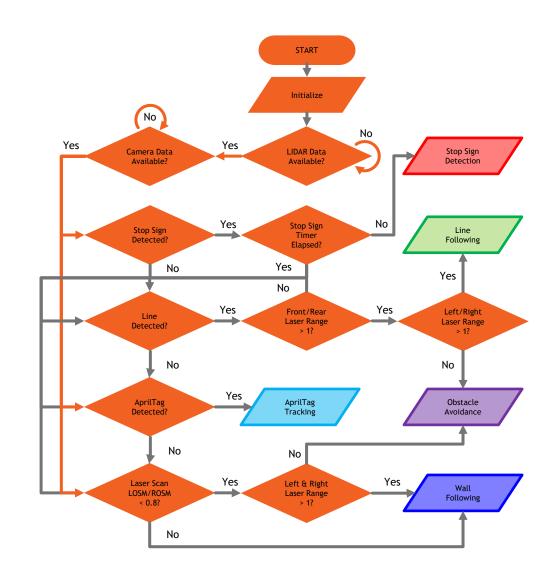
Finite State Automaton







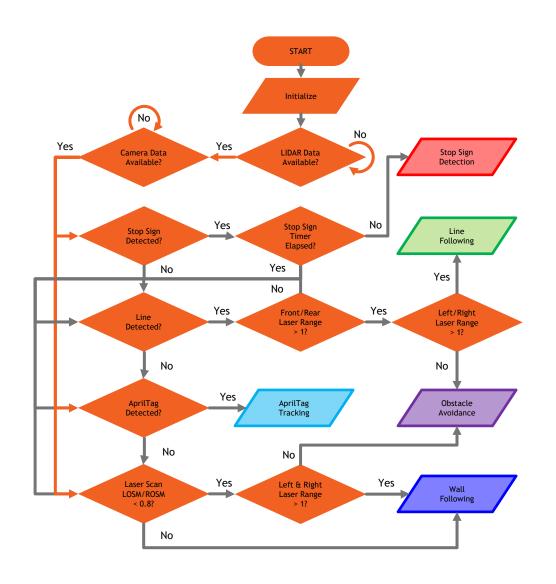
- Sensors: Camera + LIDAR
- o Priority:
 - Priority 1: Stop Sign Detection
 - Priority 2: Line Following
 - Priority 3: AprilTag Tracking
 - Priority 4: Obstacle Avoidance
 - Priority 5: Wall Following
- Alternate approaches:
 - Keyboard switching
 - Fiducial markers







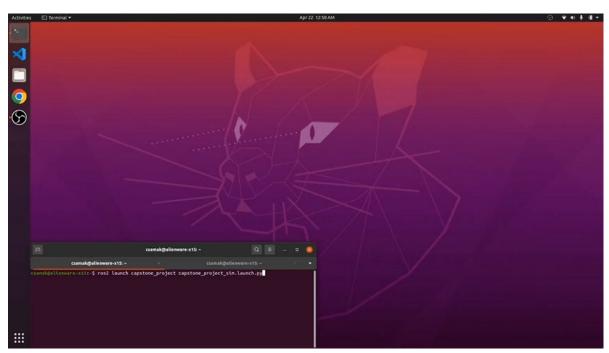
- Initialize and check if LIDAR and camera data is available
- Priority 1: Stop Sign Detection
 True if stop sign detected and timer not elapsed
- Priority 2: Line Following
 True if line detected, not stopped at stop sign and front/rear and left/right laser range > 1 m
- Priority 3: AprilTag Tracking
 True if tag detected, line not detected and not stopped at stop sign
- Priority 4: Obstacle Avoidance
 True if tag not detected, line not detected, not stopped at stop sign
 and laser scan LOSM or ROSM < 0.8
- Priority 5: Wall Following
 True if tag not detected, line not detected, not stopped at stop sign
 and laser scan LSOM or ROSM >= 0.8 or left and right laser range > 1 m







Results





Simulation Reality





Reality

Robustness Testing



Forward Direction; Start with Wall Following



Forward Direction; Start with Line Following



Forward Direction; Start with AprilTag Tracking



Inverse Direction; Start with Line Following



Day; Forward Direction; Start at Wall Following



Night; Forward Direction; Start with Line Following



Night; Forward Direction; Start with AprilTag Tracking



Night; Inverse Direction; Start with Line Following







Challenges Faced

- ROS 2 DDS communication framework
 - Domain ID not robust to network traffic fluctuations.
 - Topics/nodes not discoverable over network (<u>Ethernet</u>/<u>WiFi</u>)
 - Wireless overlap with limited available channels
 - Conflicting QoS profiles for sensors and actuators
 - Specific issues: Raspberry Pi + Remote PC + ROS 2 Foxy (reason unknown)
 - Open issues on community forums (ROS 2 Foxy EOL: May 2023)
 - Fast DDS to Cyclone DDS migration in future ROS 2 distros





Challenges Faced

- Unavailable ROS 2 drivers, packages and lack of resources
- ROS 2 TurtleBot3 URDF -- larger in size as compared to ROS 1 URDF and real-world robot
- Gazebo world and texture setup for ROS 2 -- fixed the "wobbly obstacle" bug
- Gazebo residual errors and crashes -- added troubleshooting tips to <u>README.md</u>
- Practical considerations for sim2real transition -- tips added to <u>README.md</u>
- Automatic mode switching leaves very less room for fail-safe mechanisms
- Avoid access to privileged information (e.g. map) or equipment (e.g. flashlights) -- personal choice





Thank you!

...open to questions and suggestions