Proposition Let (W, T, g) be a Stein mfd. Then  $(W, \alpha)$  with  $\alpha = -d(dg \circ T)$  is a Weinstein infd and for every regular value c of g the symplectic mfd  $(g^{-1}(-\infty, c)^{-1}, \alpha)$  is a Weinstein filling of it's boundary.

Proof w non degenerate:  $g(-,-)=\omega(-,J-)$  is Rimamian metric, so  $\omega(v,Jv)>0$  tv. V Hence  $\omega$  is a symplectic form.

whas Liouville form  $-dg\circ J$ , so there is a Liouville VI- Y given by  $i_{Y}\omega=-dg\circ J$ .

g is an exhausting function. Is Y gradient like for  $g^2$   $\mathcal{L}_{Y}g=dg(Y)=i_{Y}\omega\circ J(Y)=\omega(Y,JY)>0.V$ Is g Morse ? Writing things out in coordinates, one checks Hesse inestable in witical points.

Yh g'c since  $dg\neq 0$  on g'c and  $Y(g)>0. \Rightarrow Y$  outward pointing on  $g''(-\infty,C)$ .