SGN-41007 Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning

Exercise Set 1: January 11 - 12, 2017

Exercises consist of both pen&paper and computer assignments. Pen&paper questions are solved at home before exercises, while computer assignments are solved during exercise hours. The computer assignments are marked by text python

1. **python** Load CSV file into Python.

Download the following file and extract the contents:

http://www.cs.tut.fi/courses/SGN-41007/exercises/locationData.zip

- a) Read the file into numpy array using numpy.loadtxt function. Search for instructions using Google.
- b) When loaded, check the array shape using numpy.shape. It should be 600×3 .
- 2. **python** *Plot the contents of the loaded matrix.*
 - a) Create a 2D plot of the first two columns of the matrix. You need to import matplotlib.pyplot and state something like

```
plt.plot(<column 1>, <column 2>)
```

b) Create a 3D plot of all 3 columns. You will need to create a special subplot for this purpose with

```
ax = plt.subplot(1, 1, 1, projection = "3d")
```

After this, the plotting is done as

```
plt.plot(<column 1>, <column 2>, <column 3>)
```

- 3. **python** *Basic image manipulation routines in Python.*
 - a) Download the following file to your local folder:

```
http://www.cs.tut.fi/courses/SGN-41007/exercises/oulu.jpg
```

- b) Load the image into numpy array using the imread function of matplotlib.image. 1
- c) Show the image on screen (matplotlib.pyplot.imshow).
- d) Print the image shape.
- e) Compute the mean of the whole image.
- f) Compute the means of the three color channels (R, G, B).

¹Note: There are several other ways of doing this, such as: matplotlib.image.imread, scipy.ndimage.imread, PIL.Image.open or cv2.imread

- g) Apply the white tophat operator to the image (scipy.ndimage.morphology.white_tophat) and show the result on screen.
- 4. **python** Load Matlab data into Python.
 - a) Download the following file to your local folder:

```
http://www.cs.tut.fi/courses/SGN-41006/exercises/twoClassData.mat
```

b) Load the file contents into Python. This can be done as follows.

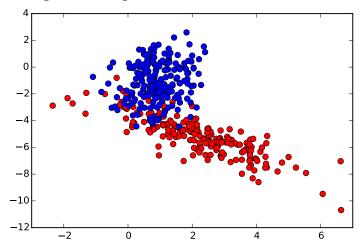
```
>>> from scipy.io import loadmat
>>> mat = loadmat("twoClassData.mat")
```

This generates a **dict** structure, whose elements can be accessed through their names.

```
>>> print(mat.keys()) # Which variables mat contains?
['y', 'X', '__version__', '__header__', '__globals__']
>>> X = mat["X"] # Collect the two variables.
>>> y = mat["y"].ravel()
```

The function ravel () transforms y from 400×1 matrix into a 400-length array. In Python these are different things unlike Matlab.

- c) The matrix X contains two-dimensional samples from two classes, as defined by y. Plot the data as a scatter plot like the picture below. Hints:
 - You can access all class 0 samples from X as: X[y == 0, :].
 - The samples can be plotted like: plt.plot(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], 'ro')



- 5. **python** Define a function.
 - a) Implement a function that normalizes the data of question 4 by subtracting the mean and dividing by the standard deviation for each column separately. The function call should be:

```
X_norm = normalize_data(X)
```

b) Test your code with the following lines

```
X_norm = normalize_data(X)
np.mean(X_norm, axis = 0) # Should be 0
np.std(X_norm, axis = 0) # Should be 1
```